2

2

# A DICTIONARY
# OF
# WORLD CHRONOLOGY

क्र. सं. २

भा ए डिक्नेरी अफ
चौरंगवोलोजी

# A DICTIONARY OF WORLD CHRONOLOGY

## (ANCIENT PERIOD)
## B.C. 8,300 to 1 B.C.

VOLUME I

पूर्व आरक्षित

**Raghunath Singh**
*M.A., L.L.B., Ph. D., D. Litt.*
*F.R.A.S. (London)*

WITH
*A Foreword by*
**MORARJI DESAI**
*Prime Minister of India*

BHARATIYA VIDYA PRAKASHAN
*DELHI* *VARANASI*
(INDIA)

*Published by* :
**Bharatiya Vidya Prakashan**
1. U. B. Jawahar Nagar,
Bungalow Road, DELHI-110007
2. P.B. No. 108, Kachauri Gali,
VARANASI-221001

*First Edition : November*, **1977**
*Price* : **Rs. 100.00**

५६६१

*Printed by* :
**Pioneer Fine Art Press,**
Gali Shahtara, Inside Ajmeri Gate,
DELHI-110006

सत्यमेव जयते
PRIME MINISTER

## FOREWORD

For a person of serious intellectual interests, the study of history right from the dawn of civilisation is a subject of great fascination. The birth and evolution of man and the development of various civilisations, progress of accomplishments of the human intellect not only deepen our understanding but also enlarge our awareness that all mankind is one family.

Dr. Raghunath Singh, who has been a keen student of history, has done yeoman service by compiling a chronology of major events of early history. I have no doubt that it will help all students of history to have a comprehensive view of an integrated picture of the story of man.

Morarji Desai

(Morarji Desai)

New Delhi,
September 9, 1977.

# PREFACE

The aim of this work is to present chronologically the important events in the history of the ancient world. The field covered in these pages is by no means untrodden, but the approach adopted is somewhat different. I have tried to present world events in a chronological order, period by period and, where possible, year by year, putting contemporary events at one place, so as to make this book serve as a work of reference for the general reader as well as for research students and scholars.

The idea of writing this book occurred to me in 1968 when, in connection with my own studies, I felt the lack of a book of this type in the family of reference books of the world. I took up the work immediately and the present dictionary in four volumes is the outcome of my sustained labour over the last eight years.

The manuscript of the first volume, covering the period from 8,300 B.C. to 1 B.C., was ready in 1972 but could not be published due to certain unforeseen difficulties. I am happy that in spite of hurdles I am now able to place the first volume of this work before the public. The manuscripts of the other three volumes, covering the periods from 1 A.D. to 1000 A.D , from 1000 A.D. to 1500 A.D., and from 1500 A.D. to 1978 are also expected to go to press shortly.

There is some controversy among learned scholars about the placing of various events in a chronological sequence. A number of dates have been suggested for the same event. The difference in the suggested dates is sometimes one of centuries. This difference is most evident in the case of dates concerning events in Egypt. They are often conflicting and contradictory. In these circumstances I have tried my best to present the different opinions along with the one which seemed most appropriate aad acceptable to me. In the beginning I had planned to include the name of each scholar along with his viewpoint but I had to drop this idea for fear of increasing the bulk of the volume. However, within these limitations I have tried to make this work as exhaustive as I could. The bibliography and index wlll be given in the last volume.

In spelling proper names, I have maintained the forms recognised by eminent scholars with very few compelling changes. Diacritical marks have been used wherever necessary. It may be noted that the term India in the present work denotes the Indian subcontinent in the geographical sense comprising the territories of the Republics of India, Pakistan and Bangladesh.

I am fully conscious of the lapses and omissions which have occurred in this work. Some of them have crept in because of the vast size of the work I have undertaken single-handed without even the usual clerical assistance. The manuscript was written in my own hand. No financial grant or any other pecuniary assistance was sought or received from any institution or individual. The entire responsibility for whatever is presented here is my own. I do not claim to have said the last word on the subject. I admit the possibility of improvement and further change, especially as new evidence unfolds itself. I have done my work sincerely ; I will be satisfied if this book proves useful to the reader.

Sri Morarji Desai, the Prime Minister of India, has very kindly written the Foreword of the book. He has always been a source of inspiration to me. I cannot express how much I owe to him. This dictionary is the result of his constant and continuous personal interest in me and my studies.

I have great pleasure in acknowledging here the help which I received from several people. In the course of preparation of this work I have consulted different libraries. A special mention may be made of the Sayaji Rao Gaekwad Library, B.H.U., the Library of the Sanskrit University, and the Library of the American Institute of Indian Studies, Varanasi. I am extremely grateful to the authorities of the above libraries—Shri Hari Dev Sharma, Shri M. S. Raghav, Shri Laxmi Narain Tewari and Sri V. R. Nambiar for granting me the facilities necessary to carry on my work. The staff of these libraries also extended their willing assistance. I further express my indebtedness to the scholars whose works I have used in preparing this panoramic volume on world events.

I personally feel that this work could never have been completed, if I had not received constant inspiration and encouragement from Prof. Dr. Lallanji Gopal, Head of the Department of Ancient Indian History, Culture and Archaeology, Banaras Hindu

University, Varanasi. He always gave me the benefit of his wide experience and deep scholarship. I am also indebted to Rev. R. N. Hooker, M. A. (Oxon.), who with unfailing kindness and great patience went through some portions of the manuscript and suggested corrections and alterations.

I am obliged to my publisher Shri Kishore Chandra Jain of the Bharatiya Vidya Prakashan, Varanasi and Delhi for his personal supervision of the printing of this volume. In spite of various difficulties he has published the book as well as possible in the scheduled time. My thanks are also due to the Manager, Pioneer Fine Art Press, and his staff for their hard labour and efficient work.

I cannot find words to express my deep sense of gratitude to the Late Srimati Lilawati Devi my wife for her constant encouragement which enabled me to complete the work under the most difficult situations. I am sorry not to have had the satisfaction of offering the book in print during her life time.

I am painfully aware that a few misprints have evaded my best efforts and care. For this I crave the indulgence of the readers.

VARANASI
*1 August, 1977*

**—Raghunath Singh**

# ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE DICTIONARY

| | |
|---|---|
| *A. B.* | After Buddha |
| *A. D.* | After the death of Christ |
| *B. C.* | Before Christ |
| *B.* | Born |
| *c.* | Calculated date |
| *c. d.* | Conjectural date |
| *D.* | Death |
| *d. d.* | Different dates |
| *d. v.* | Different version |
| *fl.* | Flourished |
| *K.* | Kali Era |
| *L.* | Laukik Era |
| *p. t.* | Probable Time |
| *Year* | Accepted by the author, is mentioned in the first column. The second column contains the names of the country, Kingdom, etc. arranged alphabetically. The alphabetical sequence has been disturbed in a few cases where exact dates are available. Events are recorded according to the year in which they occurred. Month and day are only added when they are definitely known. In the case of rulers their regnal years have been noted. |

# A DICTIONARY
# of
# WORLD CHRONOLOGY
## (ANCIENT PERIOD)

| *Year* (*B.C.*) | *Place etc.* | *Events* |
|---|---|---|
| 8300-5000 | CANAAN | *MESOLITHIC* culture ; evidence is found to the north-west of Jerusalem. |
| 8000-5000 | JERICHO | *NEOLITHIC AGE*, 7 miles north of the Dead Sea—d.d. 7000. |
| 7000-4000 | CANAAN | *NEOLITHIC AGE.* |
| 6000 | IRELAND | *MESOLITHIC* culture. |
| 6000 | SAHARA | *TASSILI*, the rock painting, earliest period. |
| 6000-3200 | EGYPT | *NEOLITHIC*, pre-dynastic culture. d.d. 5000 B.C. |
| 5774 | INDIA | *DAKṢA PRAJĀPATI,* supposed time according to the *PURĀṆAS*. |
| 5694 | INDIA | *KAŚYAPA*, Conjectural period. |
| 5509 | ERA | *BYZANTINE*, Creation Era began on 21st March 5508 and later on 1st September 5509. |
| 5502 | ERA | *ALEXANDRIA*, Era or Mundane Era 29 Aug. |
| 5493 | ABYSSINIA | *ABYSSINIAN ERA*, predates Christian era by 2492 years 125 days reckoned from 29th August, 5493 B.C. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 5493 | ERA | *ALEXANDRIAN*, Creation Era, starts from 25th March 5493. |
| 5188 | INDIA | *VARĀHAMIHIRA* born, 5492 Sept. 1. |
| 5000 | GREECE | *NEOLITHIC* villages were established throughout Thessaly and Central Greece. |
| 5000 | JARMO | *WHEAT* found at Jarmo (IRAQ) is of very irregular type. Some are coarse and loose, while others are compact. d.v. Jarmo culture—north Mesopotamia 7000. B.C. |
| 5000 | JERICHO | *PRIMITIVE POTTERY* has been found dating from as early as 5000 B.C. |
| 5000 | SUMER | *SUMERIANS*, a non-Semitic race established themselves in this period. |
| 5000 | SUMER | *SUMERIANS* were the first people who evolved a proper system of writing. |
| 5000-3500 | SWEDEN | *FOOD* gathering culture spread throughout southern Sweden. |
| 4713 | ERA | *JULIAN*, starts from 1st Jan. |
| 4700 | EGYPT | *PYRAMIDS*, beginning of construction. |
| 4500-3700 | JAPAN | *SO'KE* (earliest Prota Jomon period). |
| 4300 | EGYPT | Two *TRIBES* of Egypt absorbed all the other tribes and the Nile Valley was divided into Upper and Lower Kingdoms. |
| 4300 | MESOPOTAMIA | *SPOUTED VESSELS*, found in Mesopotamia as early as c4300. |
| 4241 | EGYPT | *EGYPTIAN CALENDAR*, divided the year into twelve months and the month into 30 days, five days were holidays, thus making 365 days in a year. d.d. 2781. |
| 4004 | ERA | *COMMON ERA.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 4004-2349 | GREECE | *FIRST AGE*, from creation to deluge. Hesiod (735 B.C.) divided the age as Golden Age, Silver Age, Bronze Age, Iron Age and Heroic Age. d.v. Ovid (43-18 A.D.) does not accept the Heroic Age. |
| 4004-1935 | BIBLE | *GENESIS*, the first Book of the Bible contains the history of this period. |
| 4000-3000 | CANAAN | *CHALCOLITHIC AGE.* |
| 4000 | BABYLON | *CIVILIZATION* began about this period. |
| 4000 | BABYLON | *BABYLONIANS*, established their colonies on the estuary of rivers. |
| 4000 | CANAAN | *TOWNS*, of Canaan (Palestine) were built towards the end of this period. |
| 4000 | CHINA | *FIRE BRIGADE*, reference of a kind is found. |
| 4000 | CHINA | *CHINESE HISTORY*, traditional beginning, but without mentioning the names of the kings. |
| 4000 | CRETE | *KNOSSES* (*CNOSSUS*), city of Crete existed before this time where urban civilization developed like that of Egypt. Their title was Mino. The earliest Minoan evidence dates to about 2500. |
| 4000 | EGYPT | *STONE AND COPPER AGE.* |
| 4000 | EGYPT | *UNION*, the first period according to some historians. |
| 4000 | MESOPOTAMIA | *CITY STATES*—rise in Mesopotamia, a country between the Tigris and the Euphrates, (a country south of the mountain with the desert on either side). |
| 4000 | SUMER | *CUNEIFORM*, the oldest form of writing orginated in Sumer. d.d. 3500. |
| 4000 | SUMER | *SUMERIANS*, settled in Babylon and Southern Mesopotamia. |
| 4000 | SUSA | *FOUNDED.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 4000 | UR | *UR* of the Chaldees was founded about this time. |
| 4000-1000 | INDIA | *ŚATAPATHA BRĀHMAṆA*, d.d. 2350, 2588, 1422, 1122. |
| 4000-1000 | INDIA | *TAITTIRĪYA SŪTRA*. d.d. 2350 |
| 3761 | ERA | *JEWISH CHRONOLOGY*—(Era) beginning October 7 or 3760 years and 3 months B.C. d.d. 6th Oct. |
| 3750 | MESOPOTAMIA | *UBAID CULTURE PERIOD*. (south Mesopotamia). d.d. 3900, before 4000. |
| 3700 | SUMER | *SUMERIAN ESSAY*, on seventeen clay tablets and fragments have been found. |
| 3700-3200 | EGYPT | *AMRATINN* Culture. |
| 3700-300 | JAPAN | *ZEN'KI*, (early) period. |
| 3500 | SUMER | *CLAY TABLETS*, suggest the presence of agriculture and technology. |
| 3500 | EGYPT | *GERZEAN*, the fourth Predynastic culture d.d. 3200-3000. |
| 3500 | URUK | *SIGNS*, about two thousand were in use. |
| 3500 | EUROPE | *NEOLITHIC AGE*, in France, Ireland and Britain. |
| 3500-3000 | BRITANY | *TWO PASSAGE GRAVES*, of the ILEy CARN and LFS SEPT, LES in Britan, were built about this period. |
| 3500-3000 | IRAQ | *URUK-JAMDAT NASR*, period. |
| 3500-2700 | SPAIN | *IBERIA*, Early colonies were established. |
| 3500-2700 | EGYPT | *OLD KINGDOM*, period of. |
| 3500-2500 | EGYPT | *THE NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN* Kingdoms of Egypt were united. d.v. The period of the SECOND UNION according to some historians. |
| 3500-1100 | CRETE | *MINOAN* Civilisation. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3500-1000 | WEST EUROPE | *MEGALITHIC TOMBS*, were being built. |
| 3400-2200 | EGYPT | *ANCIENT EGYPTIAN LANGUAGE*, was in use. |
| 3500-200A.D. | EGYPT | *INSCRIPTIONS* are found. |
| 3300 | SUMER | *TABLETS*, found at Jamdat Nasr on the Tigris north of Babylon, show pictorial signs and the personal name EN-1il-ti (Sumerian God Enlil). |
| 3300-3000 | EGYPT | *PRE-THINITE* period. d.d. 3000-2778 B.C. |
| 3300-3000 | URUK | *URUK* (*WARKA*) *CULTURE*, period (South Mesopotamia) and home of GILGAMESA—a Sumerian city. d.d. 3600, 3500-3000, 3300-3100 |
| 3200-2900 | EGYPT | *MENES* was the legendary founder of First Dynasty. His capital was THINIS. d.d. 3400-2980, 3100-3000 or 2900, 3000, 3100-2899, 3000—? |
| 3250 | EGYPT | *SCOROPIN* King's mace head found at Hiercopolis. |
| 3250 | UR | *TABLETS*, from Ur of about 3250 B.C. shows a few signs sparingly used as syllables to indicate the case of nouns and verbal inflexion. This is supposed to be the beginning of true writing. |
| 3200 | CHINA | *WRITING*, Legendary invention in China by Fu-he. |
| 3200 | EGYPT | *UNION* of Upper and Lower Egypt into one. |
| 3200 | FARA | *TABLETS*, the Signs of Fara show inflexion as well as phonetic spellings of difficult words. |
| 3200 | LACHIS | *LACHIS* was occupied by towns from 3200 B.C. |
| 3200-2900 | PALESTINE | *EARLY BRONZE* Age, I period. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3188 | HELIOPOLIS | *ANCIENT EGYPTIAN*, City 7 miles north-east of Cairo was the chief centre of SOLAR CULT in the pre-dynastic age of Egypt. According to Egyptian mythology, Sun God Ra first manifested himself here. |
| 3102 | INDIA | *ERA*; *KALIYUGA* begins on Friday, February 18—588466th day of the Julian period—3044 years before the Vikrama Saṁvat, Caitra Śukla first day. |
| 3102 | INDIA | *MAHĀBHĀRATA AGE.* d.d. 2449, 1400, 1397, 950 B.C. |
| 3102 | INDIA | *NĀMMĀLWĀR OR SĀTĀGOPĀ* a South Indian Saint appeared 43 days after the dawn of Kaliyuga (Kali Era). |
| 3100 | EGYPT | *BULL*, great celestial being in human form was worshipped, according to the tradition, at Memphis in association with the cult of Ptah. |
| 3100 | EGYPT | *HIEROGLYPHIC* writing was in use before this period. d.d. It is said that Hieroglyphic writing was invented by Athotes in 2122. |
| 3100 | EGYPT | *MENES* King of United Egypt. |
| 3100 | INDIA | *VAIVASVATA MANU.* d.d. 2550, 2150. |
| 3100-2900 | MESOPOTAMIA | *JAMDAT NASR* period. (South Mesopotamia) d.d. 3300, 3190. |
| 3100-A.D.50 | MESOPOTAMIA | *SUMERIAN* language was in use in the basin of Tigris and Euphrates in cuneiform. |
| 3100-2700 | EGYPT | *THINITE* period I & II dynasty. |
| 3076 | INDIA | *KALI YUGA* 26, Caitra Śudi 1. It is also called SAPTARṢI ERA in Kashmir. This era is current in Kashmir and North-West India. It is reckoned by the cycle of 100 years and |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | | the first year of each coincides with the 27th current year of the Kali Yuga Century or the 17th of the Śakakāla, that is, nearly with the 25th year of an A.D. Century. |
| 3050-2850 | BYBLUS | *URBAN* settlement is dated from this time. |
| 3000-2100 | CANAAN | *EARLY BRONZE AGE.* |
| 3000 | SUMER, ETC. | *METALLURGY*—Sumer, Egypt and Cyprus had their individual system of metallurgy. Egypt exploited the mine of Sinai and Sumer imported metal from Omen. |
| 3000 | ASSYRIA | *ASSYRIANS OR ASSURS* established City States. Present Assyria is a part of Northern Iraq. |
| 3000 | ASSYRIA | *SEMITIC* tribes settled in Assyria. |
| 3000 | FRANCE ETC. | *FRANCE AND BRITAIN* were settled before 3000 B.C. |
| 3000 | GREECE | *MYCENAE*=Mukenai. It is nine miles from Tiryans and is the oldest city of Greece in Argolis. In legends it is described as the royal city of Agamemnon. It was one of the most important centres of Bronze Age civilization in the mainland of Greece. |
| 3000 | HARP | Bow-shape harp was invented about this time. |
| 3000 | HITTITE | *HITTITES* entered into Asia Minor. |
| 3000 | IRAQ | *THE KING OF ASUR*, Ishtar built (INANNA) temple but the statue in the temple was Sumerian. |
| 3000 | LACHIS | *GRAPES*, in the beginning of the Bronze Age grapes were dried and retained as raisins and were also used for wine making in Lachis, one of the most important towns of ancient Judah. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3000 | LACHIS | *OLIVE*, cultivation and extraction of oil from olive began before 3000 B.C. at Lachis in Palestine. |
| 3000 | MARINE | *MERCANTILE MARINE* was used by the Egyptians. |
| 3000 | MESOPOTAMIA | *SHEEP BREEDING* for wool was prevalent in Mesopotamia. |
| 3000 | PHOENICIA | *THE COASTAL AREA OF SYRIA*, between Mediterranean Sea and the Libanus range; the word Phoenicia is derived from the Egyptian word Fanekhth. The people of the area were also called Sidonians. They were traders and the greatest navigators of their age. |
| 3000 | AEGINA | *A GREEK ISLAND*, in the Saronic gulf—the modern town has been occupied continuously since 3000 B.C. |
| 3000 | BRITAIN | *NEOLITHIC* people arrived from north-western Europe. |
| 3000 | CANAAN | *BRONZE AGE*. |
| 3000 | CENTRAL ASIA | *SKIN BELLOWS*, the oldest form was evolved in Central Asia. Goat skin bags with their nozzle fitted into one leg and slit which could be opened and closed, came into use. In India it is still used in villages and towns. |
| 3000 | CENTRAL ASIA | *TWO-HUMPED CAMEL* is a native of Central Asia ranging from Iran to Gobi Desert. Camel's bone of this period is found at Shah-Tape in domestic level and at Anau. |
| 3000 | CRETE | *COPPER AGE*, copper was mined in Crete. |
| 3000 | EGYPT | *SCRIPT* was used. |
| 3000 | ELAM | *PROTO ELAMITE PICTOGRAPH*, in ELAM, Biblical name given to a country in south-western Iran (Khuzistan). |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3000 | ERECH | *URUK*=Occhoe=Warka. Huge columns 2.5 metres in diameter built of specially moulded radial mud brick and overlaid with elaborate mosaic were found at Erech. This proves that mosaic work and construction of pillars were current about 3000 B.C. |
| c3000 | JAPAN | *JOMAN*, culture, pt. |
| 3000 | IRAN | *TEPEYAHYA*, south of Kirman site of a civilisation with written records. |
| 3000 | SUDAN | *FIRST* came under the influence of Egypt. |
| 3000 | SUMER | *EARLY SUMERIAN* civilisation. |
| 3000 | SUMER | *FIRST POLITICAL CONGRESS* in man's recorded history met in Sumer. |
| 3000 | URUK | *GLAGMESH* (Gilgamesh), the king, of Urek, descendant of Shamash Nepishtim. His adventures are described in the Epic of Gilgamesh. |
| 3000-2800 | MINOAN | *MINOAN I PERIOD*. d.d. 3000-2000 2500. |
| 3000-2560 | TROY | *THE EARLIEST KING*, according to legend, was Teuovri or Teuceians after whom the Trojans are called. |
| 3000-2500 | NORWAY | *NEW MIGRANTS* settled in eastern Norway. |
| 3000-2500 | TROY | *TROY*—the period of the First City. |
| 3000-2350 | IRAQ | *THE EARLY DYNASTIC* period in Iraq. |
| 3000-2200 | CRETE | *BRONZE AGE*, in Crete. Early MINOAN period or its beginning. |
| 3000-2200 | ELAM | *PROTO*, Elamite was in use in Susa, the capital of Elam. |
| 3000-2000 | GREECE | *GREECE OCCUPIED*, by Greek speaking people. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3000-2000 | GREECE | *BEGINNING*, of the spread of Greek language southward from north-west of Balkans. |
| 3000-2000 | JAPAN | *CHUKI*, (Middle) period. |
| 3000-2000 | OPEN LIVING | *THE PEOPLE OF THIS* age lived in the open without any defensive constructions such as forts, fortified cities or cities with surrounding walls. |
| 3000-2000 | SYRIA | *MARI*, by the site of modern Tall Harir was situated on the right bank of the river Euphrates about 7 miles north and north-east of Abukameh, has a series of buildings continuously re-erected. |
| 3000-1800 | ISRAEL | *EARLY PRE-ISRAELITE* period. |
| 3000-650 | ASSYRIA | *BRONZE AGE*, *ASSYRIAN LANGUAGE*, was in use. d.d. 2000-1 A.D. |
| 3000-100 | AKKAD | *AKKADIAN LANGUAGE*, now a dead language, was in use in Mesopotamia. |
| 3000-1000 | CRETE | *MINOAN* Civilization. |
| 3000-A.D.400 | EGYPT | *EGYPTIAN LANGUAGE*, and hierography was in use. |
| 2980 | MEMPHIS | *CAPITAL OF EGYPT*, 14 miles south of Cairo on the west bank of the Nile river. |
| 2980-2900 | EGYPT | *IMNHOTEP THE VAZIR*, of the King Joser is first-known physician d.d. 2700. |
| 2900 | UR | *FIRST DYNASTY OF UR*, was inaugurated by the King Messanipadad. Ur was the prosperous capital of Mesopotamia. |
| 2900 | MESOPOTAMIA | *URUK I*, signs were employed as syllables for phonetic complement and for plural ending. |
| 2900-2700 | EGYPT | *SECOND DYNASTY*, capital Thinis. d.d. 3200-2900, 3200-2660, 3000-2778, 2900—?, 2980—?, 2890-2686. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2900-2600 | PALESTINE | *EARLY BRONZE AGE*, II Period.<br>d.d. 2890-2686. ?—2700. |
| 2879-258 | VIETNAM | *HANG-BANG*, The legendary dynasty. |
| 2870 | TROY | *THE FIRST SETTLEMENT*. |
| 2850 | CHINA | *GOLDEN AGE*, of China began. |
| c2850-2450 | UR | *THE FIRST DYNASTY*, of Ur. |
| 2850-2150 | ELAM | *AWAN*, dynasty ruled at Elam. |
| 2838 | CHINA | *EMPEROR*, Shen Nung. |
| 2800 | AKKAD | *AKKADIAN PEOPLE*, of Semitic origin were living in the north of Babylon and left bank of the river Euphrates. |
| 2800 | CANAAN | *CANAANITES*, who are mentioned in the Bible, probably came from the coast of the Red Sea and founded fortified cities of Tyre, Sidon, Byblos, etc. Canaan is the ancient name of Palestine. |
| 2800-2500 | MINOAN | *THE EARLY MINOAN* Second Period in Crete.<br>d.d. 2800-2400, 2300—? |
| 2800-2400 | SUMER | *EARLY DYNASTIC* period. |
| 2800-2200 | EGYPT | *THE GOLDEN AGE*, of Egyptian literature. |
| 2800-2200 | HOLLAND | *MEGALITHIC*, tombs in Holland. |
| 2800-2100 | TIRYNS | *EARLY BRONZE AGE*, Tirynas occupied a rocky hill in Argives plain. |
| 2785 | EGYPT | *CANICULAR*, period of the Egyptian and Ethiopians began when Sirus or the dog-star emerged from the rays of the sun on 29.7.2785 B.C. and extended to 1325 B.C. The year comprised 12 months 30 days and 5 supplementary days. |
| 2780 | EGYPT | *KHASEKHEMUI* King, probable time. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2780-2280 | EGYPT | *THE OLD KINGDOM OF EGYPT.*<br>d.d. 2423-2280, 2700-2300,<br>2700-2200, 2700-2160,<br>2680-2181, 2670-2135.<br>2613-2040. |
| 2750 | AKKAD | *SARAGON* I, king 2700-2200 ; in Akkad. d.d. 2800? |
| c2750 | UR | *HARP*, from the royal tomb of Ur is discovered. |
| 2750-2700 | KISH | *FIRST DYNASTY* of Kish, 21 Kings from Flood ruled. |
| 2723-2663 | EGYPT | *A PALACE EYE-DOCTOR* is mentioned. |
| 2720-2663 | EGYPT | *THE GREAT PYRAMID*, was built up by Cheops (Kheops) at the beginning of the fourth dynasty. The 481 ft. high and 755 ft. long Pyramid was built in 20 years with 350,000 black stones, each weighing two and a half tons. The Pyramid covers 31 acres of land.<br>d.d. 2500-2200 and 2590.—?<br>d.v. 2,300,000 blocks of stone.<br>d.v. 490 ft. |
| c2700 | BYBLUS | *A PEACEFUL TOWN*, exporting Cedar wood from Lebanon. |
| 2700 | EGYPT | *GEOMETRY*, The Egyptians had Mathematics as the basis of Geometry as early as Pyramid age. |
| c2700 | EGYPT | *IMHOTEP*, the first physician. |
| 2700 | INDIA | *INDUS VALLEY* seals, date found at Kish. |
| 2700 | N.EUROPE | *PASSAGE GRAVES*, in North Europe existed in this period. |
| 2700 | RED SEA | *MERCANTILE*, marine sailing in the Red Sea mentioned. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2700 | SUMER | *LULU*, a physician was practising in Sumer at Ur. |
| 2700 | UR | *DOMES*, were built with stones. |
| c2700 | CHINA | *HUANG TI*, The traditional date of d.d. 2697. |
| c2700 | CHINA | *CHINA'S FIRST CYCLE.* |
| 2700 | MALTA | *MEGALITHIC TEMPLE*, at Malta (probable time), d.v. Neolithic temples and allied structures are dated between 2700-2000 B.C. |
| c2700-2650 | EGYPT | *JOSER*, King, the founder of the III dynasty in Egypt. |
| 2700-2600 | UR | *EARLY DYNASTIC*, I period. d.d. 2500, 3000. |
| 2700-2400 | LAGASH | *A CITY IN IRAQ*, was the centre of one of the oldest cultures of Sumerian Civilization and was prosperous in the later part of the early dynastic period. |
| 2698-2598 | CHINA | *HUANG, TI*, author of the internal medicine called Nei-Ching. d.d. 2700 |
| 2697-2205 | CHINA | *FIVE LEGENDARY KINGS*, in China. |
| 2676-2298 | SUMER | *SUMERIC CIVILISATION.* |
| 2670 | SUMER | *THE IMPORTANT CITY*, of Sumer in this period was Awan, and not Susa. |
| 2670-2666 | INDIA | *SVĀYAMBHUVA MANU*, d.d. 3112, 2670-2150. |
| 2666-825 | BURMA | *FIFTYFOUR KINGS*, of Dinngawadi first dynasty (mythical). |
| 2660-2180 | AKKAD | *AKKAD DYNASTY* of Semitic origin was ruling in Mesopotamia. |
| 2650 | EGYPT | *PYRAMIDS*, of King Zosar (DJOSER) at Saqqar. (probable time). |
| 2650-2620 | EGYPT | *SENFRU* King d.d. 2620-2596 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2639 | CHINA | *COMPASS*, was invented in China according to the Chinese historians.<br>d.d. 2634 |
| 2622-2422 | INDIA | *RAIVATA MANU.* |
| 2600 | ASIA MINOR | *CHALCOLITHIC PERIOD*, before 2600 B.C. |
| 2600 | EGYPT | *MENRAURE*, one of the last big Pyramid builders. His pyramid is third of the group at Gizeh. |
| 2620 | EGYPT | *PYRAMIDS*, of SENFRU at Meodum. |
| 2600 | UR | *THE KINGS OF UR*, subdued other states and set up themselves as the rulers of whole Sumer. |
| 2600-2500 | EGYPT | *FOURTH DYNASTY.*<br>d.d. 2900-2758, 2900-2750, 2700, 2620-2480, 2615-2500, 2510—? 2613-2494, 2686—? 2600-2488, 2600-2400, 2590-2470.<br>d.v. IV & V 2613-2345. |
| 2600-2400 | UR | *EARLY DYNASTIC*, II period.<br>d.d. 2600-2350, 2800. |
| 2600-2300 | PALESTINE | *EARLY BRONZE AGE*, III Period. |
| 2570 | EGYPT | *GREAT PYRAMID* of Chepo's (Khurfu) at Giza built. d.d. 2590 |
| 2550 | EGYPT | *SEKHET*, ear, nose, throat doctor. |
| 2530 | EGYPT | *PYRAMID*, of Chepos. |
| 2530 | EGYPT | *SPHINX OF GIZA*—probable time.<br>d.d. 2550-2500. |
| 2500 | AKKAD | *CUNEIFORM SCRIPT.* |
| 2500 | ASIA MINOR ETC | *MAN-MADE IRON*, appeared in the first half of the millennium in Asia Minor, Akkad, Hoyuk and in Northern Mesopotamia, Tellchagar Bagar, Tellasmar and Mari. |
| 2500 | BYBLOS | *THE EGYPTIAN RELIEF* of the Fifth Dynasty shows 8 ships of Byblos. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2500 | CHINA | *ACUPUNCTURE*, system of medicine was known to Chinese before this period. |
| 2500 | CHINA | *NEOLITHIC CULTURE.* |
| 2500 | CRETE | *OLIVE*, cultivation and extraction of olive oil began about this period. |
| 2500 | EUROPE | *SWISS LAKE*, villages flourished about this time. |
| 2500 | EGYPT | *MEPHITE DRAMA*, in Egypt. |
| 2500 | EGYPT | *PRECEPTS*, of PTAH-HOTEP is included in ancient Egyptian collection. |
| 2500 | EGYPT | *COTTON CLOTH, THE EGYPTIANS* prepared before they made woollen ones. Afterwards they manufactured linen cloth. |
| 2500 | EGYPT | *PYRAMID*, of Mycerinus built. |
| 2500 | INDONESIA | *IMMIGRATION*, of Indonesian tribes from Yunun (South China). |
| 2500 | INDIA | *SADDLES* were used in the Indus Valley before this time. |
| 2500 | IRAN | *INDO-IRANIAN* separation may be dated about this period. |
| 2500 | IRELAND | *NEOLITHIC CULTURE*, is dated before this period. |
| 2500 | LAGASH | *KING ENNATUMES*, clay tablets. |
| 2500 | SPAIN | *CYCLADIC*, preceptors reached Spain. |
| 2500 | SUMER | *SCHOOL TEXT* books on tablets. |
| 2500 | SUMER | *ACCOUNTING*, detailed daily, monthly and yearly, was practised. |
| 2500 | SWEDEN | *NEW TRIBES*, practising agriculture and cattle rearing made their appearance. |
| 2500 | UR | *LYRE*, was in use. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2500-2350 | EGYPT | *FIFTH DYNASTY*—Capital Memphis.<br>d.d. 2750-2700, 2480-2350, 2480-2340, 2470, 2560-? 2470-2320. |
| 2500-5350 | INDIA | *INDIAN SEALS*, have been found at Ur, Kish and Tall-al-Asmar dateable from about 2500-2350. |
| 2500-2300 | EGYPT | *END*, of the Pyramid Age. |
| 2500-2300 | SUMER | *OLD*, classical age in Sumer. |
| 2500-2300 | SUMER-AKKAD | *THE SPOKEN LANGUAGE*, of Akkad was replaced by the Sumerian language. |
| 2500-2000 | AEGINA | *EARLY BRONZE AGE.* |
| 2500-2000 | ASIA MINOR | *COPPER AGE.* |
| 2500-2000 | HITTITE | *EARLY BRONZE AGE.* |
| 2500-2200 | MINOAN | *EARLY MINOAN* III period. |
| 2500-2200 | TROY | *THE SECOND CITY OF TROY*, was an important trading centre, specially a bronze-manufacturing centre. |
| 2500-1900 | GREECE | *EARLY HELLADIC PERIOD* |
| 2500-1700 | CORSICA | *EARLY BRONZE AGE.* |
| 2500-1500 | INDIA | *INDUS-VALLEY*, civilisation age, d.d. 5000, 3000-2500. |
| 2500-1200 | AEGEAN | *CIVILISATION* period. |
| 2500-1000 | CHINA | *SHANG*, culture. |
| 2470-2285 | AKKAD | *AKKAD EMPIRE.* |
| 2469-2414 | AKKAD | *SHARRUKIN* (Sargon I) of Akkad (Agade) dynasty.<br>d.d. 2371-2316, 2350-? 2331-2276. |
| 2450 | IRAN | *ELAMITES*, (Khujistan) attemped to write their own language in pictographic symbols. |
| 2450 | ITALY | *SATURN*, was ruling the land. According to Italian tradition it was the golden age of Italy. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2449 | INDIA | *ACCORDING TO KALHAṆA (KASHMIR) YUDHIṢTHIRA*, the Pāṇḍava king of Mahābhārata epic was ruling 2526 years before Śaka Era when the Great Bear stood in the Maghā (R : 1 : 56). |
| 2448 | INDIA | *GONANDA I*, the King of Kashmir. Kali Saṁvat 653=Laukika 628 Supposed time of accession . (R : 1 : 51). |
| 2224-2070/60 | EGYPT | *EGYPTIAN* civilisation. M. & N. Empire (TOYNBEE). |
| 2422 | INDIA | *CĀKṢUṢA MANU*. d.d. 2206-2150, 2422-2150 |
| 2420-2270 | EGYPT | *PYRAMID* at Abusir between Giza and Saguara near the monument of the fourth dynasty, supposed time d.d. 2390, 2294 ? |
| 2415 | LAGASH | *URUKGINA* the King of Lagash. |
| 2413-2405 | AKKAD | *RIMUSH* the King of Akkad. d.d. 2313-2307, 2315-2307, 2275-2267. |
| 2404-2390 | AKKAD | *MANISHTUSHU* the King of Akkad, d.d. 2306-2292, 2266-2252. |
| 2400 | CHINA | *THE OLD RECORDS* of China do not mention the name of any king before 2400 B.C. |
| 2400 | IRAN | *KASSITES*=Kashahu=Kashish=Kossaioi. The earliest reference to the Kassites is found in the texts of 24th century B.C. of the period of Puzur-Mshushinak and were known to Assyrians as Kassi. |
| 2400 | IRAQ | *WHEAT* yield in Southern Iraq can be compared with the best modern wheat. |
| 2400 | SUMMER | *CALENDAR* was formulated before 2400 B.C. |
| 2400-2371 | UR | *LUGAL*=(Lugalzaggesi=Lagge-si) the King of the Third Dynasty of Uruk. d.d. 2370—9,2340-2331, 2089-2064. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2400-2350 | KISH | *SIMU-DER* the King of the Fourth Dynasty of Kish. |
| 2400-1900 | GREECE | *AEGEAN* people settled in Paestum=Poseidonia=Pesto. |
| 2400-1800 | EGYPT | *THE MIDDLE KINGDOM*, d.d. 2133-1786, 2133-1786, 2100-1788, 2080-1640, 2050-1775,—1720. |
| 2389-2353 | AKKAD | *NARANAMSUEN*, the King of Akkad. d.d. 2291-2255, 2251-2215. |
| 2374 | BIBLE | *VINE* was planted by Noah. (Bible Gen. IX : 20). |
| 2360 | AKKAD | *SARGON* the King of Akkad captured Susa. d.d. 2385, 1380, 2334-2279. |
| 2350 | AKKAD | *SARGON*=Shruien, a former Vizir of the King of Kish. |
| 2352-2328 | AKKAD | *SHARKALISHARRI*, King of Akkad. d.d. 2254-2230, 2214-2190. |
| 2350 | MESOPOTAMIA | *ANSHAN*, an enemy of Mesopotamian dynasty of Akkad. |
| 2350 | MESOPOTAMIA | *SEMITIC CUNEIFORM* called Old Akkadian and inscriptions of Sargon, are found. |
| 2550-2230 | ELAM | *DOMINATION* of Mesopotamian dynasty of AKKAD |
| 2350-2230 | ELAM | |
| 2350-2180 | EGYPT | *SIXTH DYNASTY*. d. d. 2625-2475, 2420—? 2350-2000, 2350-2200, 2345-2181,2320- 2160, 2340-2000, 2340-2200 |
| 2348-1922 | CANAAN | *SECOND AGE* (to the coming of Abraham into Canaan). |
| 2332-2333 | KOREA | *TAN-GUN*, King of Korea, it is said that he descended from heaven. |
| 2327-2325 | AKKAD | *ILLULMESH* (Elulu), King of Akkad. |
| 2324-2304 | AKKAD | *DUDU*, King of Akkad. d.d. 2186-2166., 2184-2169. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2303-2283 | AKKAD | *SHUNRAN* (Shundrul), King of Akkad. |
| 2300 | AKKAD | *SARAGON* I founded the city of Akkad, or AGADE. |
| 2300 | CRETE | *HIEROGLYPHIC* writing came into use. |
| 2300 | HITTITE | *HITTITES* invaded Asia Minor. |
| 2300 | TROY | *BURNT DOWN.* |
| 2300-2100 | CYPRUS | *EARLY BRONZE AGE.* Egyptian name of Cyprus in ancient records is Asi. |
| 2300-2100 | MINOAN | *EARLY MINOAN* III period, d.d. 2200—?, 2300-2100. |
| 2300-2050 | EGYPT | *FIRST INTERMEDIATE PERIOD.* d.d. 2280-2050. |
| 2300-2000 | SUMER | *NEW SUMERIAN PERIOD.* |
| 2300-1200 | HURRI | *HURRIANS* were the mountaineering people of the area east of the Tigris and mountain region of Zagros, who migrated to the plains of northern Mesopotamia and were the principal intermediary between the Sumer and Akkadian cultures of Mesopotamia and the rest. |
| 2294-2132 | EGYPT | *DARK AGE* of Egyptian history. |
| 2291-2255 | AKKAD | *NARAMSIN KING.* d.d. 2300, 2197—2150. |
| 2289-2276 | LAGASH | *URBABA*, the King of Lagash (Ur. Umma). |
| 2288-2259 | URUK | *URNIGINA=URGIGIRA=USUTU*, the Kings of the fourth dynasty of Uruk. d.d. 2258-2251. |
| 2258-2257 | URUK | *UTUKHENGAL*, King of the fifth dynasty of Uruk. d.d. 2259. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2285-2132 | GUTI | *GUTI* people destroyed the Akkadian empire and established their own dynasty. Gutium conquered Babylonia and ruled for 125 years. Zagros mountain chain was inhabited by the Guti. The territory was north of the Sulaymaniah the Lullibi in the Shehrizor district. d.d. 2270-2145, 2250-2120, 2230-2130,2000. |
| 2278-2170 | AKKAD | *RIMUS* the successor of SARAGON. |
| 2975-2260 | LAGASH | *GUDIA*, King of Lagash, (Ur-umma), flourished. d.d. 2250 |
| 2270 | EGYPT | *PEPI I*=Phifose I. King d.d. 2150. |
| 2269-2255 | AKKAD | *MANIST SCE* King, d.d. 2257-2204 |
| 2269-2258 | AKKAD | *MANISHTUSU* King d.d. 2306-2292 2257-2204 |
| 2260-2230 | CHINA | *FOURTH* Dynasty Shings. |
| 2259-2255 | LAGASH | *KING URNINGRSU* of Lagash-ur—umma. |
| 2255-2040 | URUK | *ZIGGURAT* of *U*r III/Isin period. |
| 2254 | NIMRUD | *WAS THE FIRST FOUNDER* of the Kingdom, Nimrud or Calah is on the east bank of Tigris about 22 miles south of ancient Nineveh and of modern Mosul. Ancient name is CALAH=KALHA=KALAKH. |
| 2254-2218 | AKKAD | Naran Sin King |
| 2254-2230 | AKKAD | *KING SHAR-KALI-SH ARRI* |
| 2253 | LAGASH | *UGME*, the King of Lagash-ur Umma. |
| 2252 | LAGASH | *URGAR*, the King of Lagash-ur-umma. |
| 2251-2249 | LAGASH | *NAMMAKHANI*, the King of Lagash-ur-umma. |
| 2250 | SUSA | *STELE* of *KING* Naramsin. |
| 2250-2233 | UR | *URNAMUMU*, the King of III dynasty of Ur. d. d. 2213-2096, 2113-2096. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2250-2233 | UR | *THE ZAGGURAT* of the Moon God Nanna built at Ur. |
| 2247 | BABEL | *TOWER* said to have been built ; d. V. the tower was erected in the plain of Shinar. |
| 2245 | BABYLON | *BELUS* son of Shus and grandson of Hem, founded Babylon. |
| 2245 | NINEVEH | *NINEVEH* (Ninua) was founded by Ashur as the capital of Assyria and the King Ninus named it Nineveh in 2069 B.C. |
| 2234 | BABYLON | *ASTRONOMY*—the earliest astronomical observations were made at Babylon. |
| 2232-2185 | UR | *SHULGIR KING* of the III Dynasty of Ur. d. d. 2100—? 2095-2049, 2095-2048. |
| 2217-2193 | AKKAD | *SHAR*-Kali-sharri. |
| 2211-2120 | GUTIUM | *DYNASTY*, 21 Kings ruled for 91 years. d.d. 2190-2120, |
| 2205 | CHINA | *YU* reigns d.d. 1989. 2025-1765. |
| 2205-1766 | CHINA | *HISA DYNASTY* in China. d.d. 1557. |
| 2200 | BABYLON | *SEMITIC AMORITES* came down from Euphrates river and settled down near Babylon. |
| 2200 | BABYLON | *BECAME CAPITAL* of the Kingdom. |
| 2200 | EGYPT | *GYNAECOLOGY* text book is discovered. |
| c2200 | ITALY | *ISCHIA* volcano first erupted. |
| 2200 | LAGASH | *TEMPLES* were built of precious metals also specially copper and lead as Gudia of Lagash mentioned. It is also mentioned that for building of temple, timber was brought from cedar forest, from Magar and Meuhha and marble from marble mountain, copper from Kemash and gold and silver from Madga. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2200-1700 | CHINA | *PANSHAN* stage |
| 2200-2100 | LAGASH | *THE SECOND DYNASTY* of Lagash. |
| 2200-2050 | TROY | *THIRD CITY.* |
| 2200-2000 | CRETE | *CNOSSUS* (Knossos) and Phaestus, palaces were constructed in Crete. |
| 200-2000 | MINOAN | *MIDDLE MINOAN AGE* First period. d.d. 2150—? 2100-1900 : 2000-1850, 1900—? |
| 2200-1600 | CRETE | *MIDDLE BRONZE AGE* or middle Minoan age I to late Minoan age I d.d. 2200-1450. |
| 2200-1400 | CRETE | *CRETE* became powerful in the Aegean Sea, and flourishing period of Minoan civilisation. |
| 2200-1375 | EGYPT | *MIDDLE EGYPTIAN LANGUAGE* was in use. |
| 2192-2190 | AKKAD | *IGGI NANIJUN, IMI & ELLU* Kings. |
| 2189-2169 | AKKAD | *DUDU KING.* |
| 2188 | MEMPHIS | *MIZREM* constructed the city of Memphis in Egypt. According to some historians, Mizrem was the son of Sham. |
| 2187-2100 | INDIA | *ĀYU.* d.d. 2102 |
| 2184-2176 | UR | *AMARSUE'NA*, the King of the Third Dynasty. d.d. 2047-2039. |
| 2180 | EGYPT | *PHIPOS* II, Pharaoh or Egypt. |
| 2180-2080 | EGYPT | *SEVENTH DYNASTY.* d.d. 2445-2180, 2425—? 2200—? 2181—? d. v. Seventh and Eighth Dynasties Memphis 2160-2135 |
| 2175-2167 | UR | *SHUSU'EN*, the King of the Third dynasty of Ur. d.d. 2038-2030. |
| 2170 | INDIA | *YUVANĀŚVA* |
| 2170 | UR | *SACKED* by ELAMITE |
| 2168-2154 | AKKAD | Seu-Turnul King. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2166-2143 | UR | *IBBISU'EN* (Ibbisin), the King of the Third Dynasty of Ur. d.d. 2029-2006. |
| 2164-2144 | LARSA | *NABLANUM*, the Governor of Zarasa. d.d. 2357-2336, 2250-2005. |
| 2160-2000 | EGYPT | *ELEVENTH DYNASTY*, Capital at Thebes. d.d. 2100-2000, 2130, 2075, 2070-2019, 2040-1991, 2133-1991. 2134-1991 d. v. IX X XI 2135-2048 or the first Intermediate Period. Ninth or Tenth Dynasty (Herar Leopolis) and eleventh dynasty (Thebes). |
| 2160-2000 | EGYPT | *NIBHEPTRE*=Mentuhotep—IV, the King of Egypt. d.d. 2050 (Menthuhotep). |
| 2150 | BYBLUS | *DESTROYED* by fire probably by invading Amorites. |
| 2150-1518 | SUDAN | *EGYPT* occupied a part of Sudan. |
| 2150-1950 | SUMER | *NEO-SUMERIAN* Period. |
| 2156-2114 | IRAQ<br>ISIN | *ISCHBI ERRA* (Ishbi-irra) the first dynasty of Isin d.d. 2357-2325, 2917-1985, c2030. |
| 2155-2136 | IRAQ<br>ASHUR | *KIKIA KING OF ASHUR*, the old kingdom was Isin. |
| 2155-2151 | IRAQ | *IISHULIA*, the King of Warum-Eshnunna. |
| c2150 | ELAM | *KING KUDUR*—nauhunti plundered the temples of Akkad. |
| 2150 | UR | *BRICKS* were used for the construction of domes as appears from the construction of cistern surmounted by brick dome. Bricks were also used for building of columns in the temple. |
| 2154-2093 | ELAM | *RIM SIN King* |
| 2150-2136 | W. ESHNUNNA | *NURACHUM*, the King of Warum-Eshnunna. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2150-1750 | INDIA | *INDUS VALLEY* civilisation, probable period. |
| 2143-2116 | LARSA | *EMISUM* (Emisu), the Governor of Larsa. d.d. 2336-2308, 2004-1977. |
| 2140-2030 | SYRIA | *UNDER THE THIRD DYNASTY* of Ur. |
| 2135-2121 | W. ESHNUNNA | *KIRIKIRI*, the king of Warum Eshnunna |
| 2135-2131 | ASHUR | *AKIA KING* |
| 2134 | EGYPT | *THEBES* capital. |
| 2134-1786 | EGYPT | *KARANAK* on the right bank of Nile-temple of Amun built. |
| 2131-2125 | URUK | *THE FIFTH DYNASTY* |
| 2130-2117 | ASHUR | *PUZUR-ASSUR I. King* |
| 2124-2106 | UR | *THIRD DYNASTY*, the empire of Ur. d.d. 2113-2005, 2140-2030. |
| 2123-2114 | ISIN | *SHUILISHU*, the king of 1 Dynasty of Isin. d.d. 1984-1975. |
| 2120-2114 | ERECH | *UTU-HENGAL King*. Erech is Sumerian Uruk and modern Wark, an ancient Mesopotamian city about 35 miles of north-west of Ur. |
| 2120-2111 | W. ESHNUNNA | *BILALAMA King* |
| 2120-2114 | URUK | *UTU-HEGAL*—King V dynasty. |
| 2115-2081 | LARSA | *SHAMIUM* (Samum) King d.d. 2308-2273, 1976-1942. |
| 2113-2109 | ISIN | *IDDINDAGAN* the King of the First Dynasty of Isin. d.d. 2315-229, 1974-1954. |
| 2113-2096 | UR | *UR-NAMMU King*—Dynasty III. d.d.2112-2095. |
| 2113-2004 | MAR | *UNDER THE THIRD* dynasty of Ur, and a provincial City. |
| 2110-2096 | W. ESHNUNNA | *ISHARRAMASHU*, King |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2102 | INDIA | *NIMI.* (cont.) |
| 2102 | INDIA | *PṚIṢDAŚVA* pt. |
| 2102 | INDIA | *YAYĀTI.* pt. |
| 2100 | IRELAND | *PASSAGE GRAVE* in the mound of the Hostagis at Tara in Ireland was built about this time. |
| c2100 | EGYPT | *THE DIVISION OF THE DAY* into hours was known to Egyptians as early as 2100 B.C. The day light was divided into 10 hours and night into 12 hours and two twilight hours, making one day and night into 24 hours. |
| 2100 | SUMER | *SKIN-BELLOWS* were in use in Sumer. Nozzles were found at Tello in southern Sumer near surface dated to about 2100 B.C. |
| 2100 | SUMER | *THE SUMER ARCHITECT* knew something of optics which appear from the well-prepared building such as Ziggurat of Ur set up by Ur-Nammu. |
| 2100 | UR | *UR NAMMU* claims as a result of the building of the temple to Mannar ; he saved the vegetables in garden plot. It shows that onions, leeks, cucumbers and melons of many varieties were used. d.d. 2112-2095. |
| 2100 | UR | *BRICKS* were also used for building of columns in temple as appears from the temple built by Ur-Nammu. |
| 2100 | UR | *LYRE*—Use of this instrument is proved. In Ur bull-shaped Lyre was prevalent. The Minoans used a Lyre made of Idex-horn. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2100 | UR | *ONWARD* 2100 *B.C. THE OMEN TEXTS* which combine astrological forecasts with astronomical phenomena were carefully observed. |
| 2100-1900 | MINOAN | *MIDDLE MINOAN* First period. |
| 2100-1850 | ASIA MINOR | *EARLY BRONZE OR CAPPADOCIAN* painted ware period. |
| 2100-1350 | PALESTINE | *MIDDLE BRONZE* Age I period. |
| 2100-1750 | CHINA | *EARLY SHANG* period or Culture. |
| 2100-1732 | SEALAND | *DYNASTY*. Eleven Kings ruled, dates are not certain. |
| 2100-1500 | CANAAN | *MIDDLE BRONZE AGE*. d.d. 2000-1600 |
| 2095-2259 | UR | *SHULGI KING*, Dynasty III. d.d. 2094-2047 |
| 2092-2074 | ISIN | *ISHMEDAGAN*, the King of I dynasty of Isin.<br>d.d. 2294-2274, 1953-1935, 1966-1946. |
| 2090-2056 | ASHUR | *ILLUSHUMA*, the King of Ashur. |
| 2089 | GREECE | *DORIAN SETTLEMENT* in the north of river Asopur, Sciyon on its lower and Philus on its upper bank. |
| 2080-2072 | LARSA | *ZABAYA* (Zbaia) *King* d.d. 2273-2264, 1941-1933. |
| 2080-2066 | W. ESHNUNNA | *AZUZUM King*. |
| 2071-2045 | LARSA | *GUNGUNUM*. *King* d.d. 2264-2237, 1932-1906. |
| 2070 | HITTI | *HITTITE* made alliance with the Kassites who came from the east and brought with them horses. |
| 2073-2063 | ISIN | *LIPITESNNAR* (Libit-Ishtar, Lipitishtar), King of First Dynasty of Isin. d.d. 2274-2263, 1934-1924. 1946-1936. |
| 2062-2035 | ISIN | *URNINURATA* (Urenruta), King of I dynasty of Isin. d.d. 2263-2235, 1923-1896, 1923-1874. |
| 2058-2050 | UR | *BUR-SIN* (Amarsin), King of Ur. d.d. 2047-2039, 2047-2038. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2055-2015 | ASHUR | *ERISUM I. King.* |
| 2050 | ASSYRIA | *ZARIQUM* King of Assyria. |
| 2059 | INDIA | *ŚAUNAKA* pt. |
| 2050 | UR | *NAMMU* and his successor of Ur controlled area between the Persian hills and the Mediterranean. |
| 2050 | UR | *THIRD DYNASTY of UR.* |
| 2050-2041 | W. ESHNUNNA | *URNINGISHZIDA King.* |
| 2050-1900 | TROY | *THE FOURTH CITY of TROY.* |
| 2050-1600 | BABYLON | *THE OLD BABYLONIAN* or the first dynasty of Babylon. |
| 2049-2041 | UR | *GIMILSIN King* (or Shu-Sin). d.d. 2038-2029. |
| 2044-2034 | LARSA | *ABISARE* King of Larsa. d. d. 2237-2226, 1965-1895, 1905-1895. |
| 2040-2026 | W. ESHNUNNA | *IBIQADAD I King.* |
| 2040-2016 | UR | *IBI-SIN King.* |
| 2038-2030 | UR | *SHU-SIN King* of I III Dynasty |
| 203J | BABYLON· | *ELAMITES* were driven away. |
| 2034-2013 | ISIN | *BUR-SIN* the king of I Dynasty of Isin. d.d. 1895-1874, 2235-2214. |
| 2033-2005 | LARSA | *SAMUEL* (Sumu-IIu=Sumuel) King of Larsa. d.d. 2226-2197, 1894-1865, 1194-1866. |
| 2032-2019 | BABYLON | *SUMUA-BUM*, the King of the Amorite I dynasty (Amurru) of Babylon. d.d. 1894-1881. |
| 2030 | ELAM | *DESTROYED* and one of the last Kings of Ur was carried off. |
| 2030 | MESOPOTAMIA | *AMORITES* an ancient Semitic people settled. |
| 2030 | W. ESHNUNNA | *IISHU-ELIA King*. Probable time. |
| 2029-2006 | UR | *IBBI-SIN (SIN) King* III Dynasty. |
| 2025 | ASSYRIA | *PUZUR-ASHUR*,King of Assyria, pt. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2025-2021 | W. ESHNUNNA | *ABDI-ERACH*, the King of Warum Eshnunna. |
| 2023-1761 | LARSA | *NAPLANUM King* was inaugurated. Independent dynasty. |
| 2022-1797 | ISIN | *ISIN DYNASTY.* |
| 2020-2016 | W. ESHNUNNA | *SHIQLANUM, KING*, pt. |
| 2020-1790 | LARSA. | *BUILDING* with burnt bricks laid in mud mortar became so general that under the Larsa Kings the outer walls of private house were constructed with burnt bricks. |
| 2018-1983 | BABYLON | *SUMULA'EL* the King of I dynasty d.d. 1880-1845. |
| 2016 | ERA ABRAHAM | Began on I October 2018 B.C. To reduce this era to the Christian era subtract 2015 years and three months. |
| 2015-2001 | W. ESHNUNNA | *SHARRIYA* King. |
| 2015-1911 | ASHUR | *EKUNUM, King*. |
| 2012-2008 | ISIN | *LIPITELLIL*, King of the I Dynasty of Isin. d.d. 1873-1869. |
| 2006 | UR | *OVERTHROWN* by the Elamites and Amorites. |
| 2004-1989 | LARSA | *NUR-DAD* (*NURADAD*) *King*. d.d. 2197-2181, 2004-1977, 1885-1850. |
| 2000 | AKKAD | *AKKAD* was the centre of Middle and Northern Iraq and Babylonian culture. The Kings were called as Akkad and Sumer. |
| 2000 | AKKAD | *LANGUAGE* was divided into two parts. In Babylonia the language was known as Babylonian and in Assyria it was called Assyrian. |
| 2000 | ALEPPO | *ALEPPO*=Halab=Halpa in Syria dates prior to 2000 B.C., and was enlarged later on by Seleucus Nicator (358-380 B C.). |
| 2000 | ANATOLIA | *IN WESTERN ANATOLIA* at Beycesultan a royal city possibly of the Kingdom Arazawa was familiar with the use of hierographic writing. Struggle between the South Semitic race and Aryans. The Aryans, after victory inhabited Iran. This is the beginning of the Median Age. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| c2000 | PALESTINE | *AMORITE* invasion. |
| 2000 | ASIA MINOR | *ASSYRIAN* trade colonies in Asia Minor sprang up. |
| 2000 | ASSYRIA | *SHALIM-ACHUM King*. |
| 2000 | ASSYRIA | *URLUGALEDINA*'s Clay visiting card is discovered. |
| 2000 | BABYLON | *RECTANGULAR* cities with square streets existed by 2000 B.C. and survived in the 8th century. |
| 2000 | CAPPADICIA | *REFINED SILVER* distinct from crude silver is mentioned in the Cappodician texts. Ancient name of the eastern district of Asia Minor from Taurus mountain in the south to the Black Sea in the north was known as Cappodicia. |
| 2000 | CENTRAL ASIA | *TAJ*-a-bagy culture of Central Asia. |
| 2000 | CHINA | *YANG-SHAO* culture in Western China and Kansu etc, especially in the mountain region. |
| 2000 | CHINA | *CLAIMS* invention of clock. |
| 2000 | CRETE | *PICTOGRAPHY* script was in use. |
| 2000 | CRETE | *PALACE* period in Crete, beginning. |
| 2000 | DENMARK | *NEOLITHIC AGE*. d.d. 2500-1500. d.v. Megalithic culture. |
| 2000 | EGYPT | *FIREBRIGADE*, reference is found in Egypt. |
| 2000 | GREECE | *DORINS* settled in north Greece. |
| 2000 | HURRI | *CUNEIFORM*, old Akkadian script was adopted by Hurrians. |
| 2000 | IRELAND | *BRONZE AGE* begun before. |
| 2000 | ISIN | *TABBAYA*, the King of the I Dynasty of Isin. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2000 | ITALY | *THE ITALIAN* tribes crossed the Alps and settled round the northern lake. |
| 2000 | ITALY | *AEGEAN* settlers in Italy built collective tombs about this period. |
| 2000 | KANES | *CALENDAR ETC* in Kanesh, Anatolia and Summer lunar months with six weeks and five lunar days each was adopted for calculation etc. |
| 2000 | KIEV | *CAMEL'S* remains found in Kiev area would imply that it was domesticated in the steppe zone. |
| 2000 | LUTE | *LONG* necked lute was in use. |
| 2000 | NIPUR | *SUMERIAN* religious centre invaded by Amorites. |
| 2000 | PALYMYRA | *A CITY* on the oasis of the great Syrian desert; existed about this time. |
| 2000 | PHOENICIA | *PHOENICIANS* were carrying on trade in Mediterranean area. From the contents of their tombs it appears that they used gold and bronze. |
| 2000 | QATNA | *FROM THE TEMPLE* of Qatana on the upper Arontas tablets dated 2000 B.C. are found. Katana (Qatana) is an ancient Syrian city lying east of the Orontes river, 17 miles north-east of modern city Homs. |
| 2000 | SARDINIA | *SETTLED* by the Minoans according to some historians. |
| 2000 | SPARTA | *SPARTA OR LACEDAEMON,* a Greek city and capital of Laconia was an important centre of Aegean civilisation. It is situated 20 miles from the sea on the right bank of the river Eurotes. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2000 | SUMER | *FIVE HUNDRED SCRIBES* enlisted themselves as scribes. |
| 2000 | SUMER | *THE END OF NEO-SUMERIAN* Age. |
| 2000 | SWEDEN | *BOAT AXE* culture. |
| 2000 | SYRIA | *HORSE* breeding became important in Syria. |
| 2000 | S.W. RUSSIA | *TRIPOLJE* pottery period. |
| 2000 | TROY | *BRONZE AGE* terminated about this time. |
| 2000-1986 | W. ESHNUNNA | *BELACUM King.* |
| 2000-1970 | EGYPT | *AMENEMHET I* founder of XII Dynasty rules for 30 years. d.d. 2061—? 2000-1970, 1991-1962. |
| 2000-1924 | ISIN | *AMORITE'S* kingdom. |
| 2009-1900 | HITTITE | *THE HITTITE* traders founded colonies in Mediterranean. |
| 2000-1850 | CRETE | *MIDDLE MINOAN AGE* Period II or early. d.d. 1900-1700, 1850-1750. middle Minoan I B-2000-1900 early palace period 2000-1700. |
| 2000-1788 | EGYPT | *TWELFTH DYNASTY* (*MEMPHIS*), Capital Lish. d.d. 1991 or 1990-1790, 2000-1788, 2000—1785, 1990-1790, 2080, 1900-1940, 1982—? 1991-1785. 1991-1785 |
| 2000-1777 | EGYPT | *PYRAMID* building started again during the period of the 11th dynasty. |
| 2000-1750 | AEGEAM | *ARRIVAL OF ACHAEANS.* |
| 2000-1777 | GREECE | *INVASION* Large Scale. |
| 2000-1700 | HITTITE | *EARLY HISTORICAL* period. |
| 2000-1700 | MARI | *PALACE* on the Euphrates. |
| 2000-1500 | MALAYSIA | *YUNNAN* (China) people reached the Malaya peninsula. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2000-1550 | CRETE | *MIDDLE MINOAN* period. d.d. 2100-1500. |
| 2000-1500 | HITTITE | *HITTITE* language was in use. |
| 2000-1500 | IRAN | *OLD ELAMITE* period. |
| 2000-1500 | KARMA | *NUBIAN* Culture Centre. |
| 2000-1500 | SPAIN | *ALMERIAN* culture, the richest phase. |
| 2000-1500 | CHINA | *YANG SHANG* culture on the west and Shan culture in the east. |
| 2000-1500 | CHINA | *YANG SHAO*, (neolithic cite) on the south bank (of yellow river. |
| 2000-1300 | HITTITE | *THE HITTITES* became powerful in Asia Minor. d.d. 2008-1200 (1900-1200 ? |
| 2000-1700 | GREECE | *GREECE* Experienced large scale invasion. |
| 2000-1000 | JAPAN | *KO-KI* (later) period. |
| 2000-1000 | GREECE | *MIDDLE* Hellenic period. |
| 1999-1976 | ISIN | *ELLIBANI* (Enlil-bani), the king of I Dynasty. d.d., 1862-1839, 1860-1837. |
| 1991-525 | EGYPT | *PHARAOH'S* Rule. |
| 1988-1982 | LARSA | *SINIDINAM* King of Larsa. d.d. 1849-1843. |
| 1985-1971 | WARUM ESHNONNA | *WARASSA* King. |
| 1982-1969 | BABYLON | *SABIUM—I* King Dynasty (Amurru) of Babylon. d.d. 1844-1831, 1894. |
| 1981-1980 | LARSA | *SINERIBAM* King d.d. 1842-1841. |
| 1980-1956 | ASHUR | *SHARRUMKIN I* King of Ashur. |
| 1980-1935 | EGYPT | *SESOSTRIS I*. King d.d. 1971-1928, 1950—? |
| 1379-1975 | LARSA | *SINIQISHAM*. King d.d. 1940-1830. |
| 1975-1973 | ISIN | *ZAMBIEYA* (*ZAMBIA*) King of I dynasty. d. d 1836-1834. |
| 1974 | LARSA | *SILLI-ADAD*. King d.d. 1835. |
| 1973 | GREECE | *SACRIFICE* was introduced by the Phoenicians. |
| 1973-62 | LARSA | *WARADSIN* King d.d. 1834-1823. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1972-1970 | ISIN | *INTERPISHA KING* of I Dynasty. d.d. 1833-1831. |
| 1970-1956 | WARUM-ESHNUNNA | *IBALPI'EL I KING.* |
| 1969-1967 | ISIN | *UR DULKUGA* (*URDUKUGA*) *KING* of the I dynasty. d.d. 1930-1928. |
| 1968-1951 | BABYLON | *APILSIN* (*AMURRU*) *KING* of the I dynasty of Babylon. d.d. 1830-1813. |
| 1966-1956 | ISIN | *SINMAGIR KING* of the I dynasty of Isin. |
| 1961-1901 | LARSA | *RIMSIN I KING* d.d. 1822-1763. |
| 1960 | ASSYRIA | *ILUSHUMA KING.* |
| 1955-1946 | WARUM-ESHNUNNA | *IBIQADAD II KING* |
| 1955-1937 | ASHUR | *PUZAUR ASSUR II KING.* |
| 1955-1932 | ISIN | *DAMIQULISHU KING* of I dynasty. d.d. 1816-1794. |
| 1950 | ANATOLIA | *LEAD* was used and was exported from eastern Anatolia. It was pure as well as loose and the price was onequarter of that of silver. |
| 1950-1931 | BABYLON | *SIMMUBALLIT KING* of I Dynasty, (Amurru) of Babylon. |
| 1950-1750 | ASSYRIA | *OLD ASSYRIAN* language was in use. |
| 1950-1530 | BABYLON | *OLD BABYLONIAN* language was in use. |
| 1945-1938 | KHAN-MARI | *YACHDULLIM KING.* |
| 1945-1930 | WARUM-ESHNUNNA | *NARAMSIN KING.* |
| 1938-1903 | EGYPT | *AMENEMHET II KING* ruled for 35 years. d.d. 1929-1895. |
| 1937-1936 | KHAN-MARI | *SUMMUYAMAM KING,* |
| 1936-1933 | ASHUR | *NARAMSIN KING.* |
| 1935-1917 | KHAN-MARI | *SHAMSHIADAD KING.* |
| 1934-1924 | ISIN | *LIPIT-ISHTAR KING.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1932-1930 | ASHUR | *ERISHUM KING II.* |
| 1930-1888 | BABYLON | *HAMMURABI KING* of I Dynasty, (Amuri) of Babylon. d.d. 1792-1750, 1900, 1800-1783, 1728-1686, 1968-1951. |
| 1929-1925 | WARUM-ESHNUNNA | *DADUSHA KING.* |
| 1929-1921 | ASHUR | *SHAMSHIADAD I KING.* |
| 1925 | LARSA | *DURING THE REIGN* of Sumuilum of Larsa goods, gold, precious woods and ivory were imported by sea from India and East African coast. |
| 1924-1909 | WARUM ESHNUNNA | *IBALPI'EL II KING.* |
| 1921-1491 | AGE | *THE THIRD AGE* (to the exodus from Egypt. |
| 1920-1916 | ASHUR | *MUTATASHKUR KING.* |
| 1920-1893 | ASSYRIA | *ISHMEDAGAN I. KING.* |
| 1920-1800 | UR | *ABRAHAM'S* supposed residence at Ur. |
| 1916-1897 | KHAN MARI | *ZIMRILIM KING.* |
| 1915-1902 | ASHUR | *RIMUSH KING.* |
| 1913 | ARGOS | *INACHUS,* a son of Oceanus and Tethys, father of Io, mythical king of the Argivs and Argos. He reigned for 60 years and founded the kingdom of Argos. |
| 1913 | ARAB | *ISMAEL* the eldest son of Abraham. The Arabs claim to be his descendants. |
| 1913 | CANAAN | *ABRAHAM* defeated the king of Canaan. |
| 1909-1900 | W. ESHNUNNA | *SILLISIN KING.* |
| 1906-1887 | EGYPT | *SESOTRISH II (SEMUSTRET) KING* ruled for 19 years. d.d. 1878-1843. |
| 1905-1895 | LARSA | *ABISARE KING.* |
| 1901-1895 | ASHUR | *PUZURSIN KING.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1900 | AMURI | *AMURI* civilization arose between the Euphrates and Tigris rivers. |
| 1900 | BRITAIN | *IMMIGRANTS* called Bell-Breakers came to Britain from Brittany and the lower Rhine river, and the beginning of the Bronze Age in Britain. |
| 1900 | CAPPADOCIA | *THE COLONY* of Mesopotamian merchants established outside the city walls of Kanish-Cappadocia, was destroyed by King Annittas, son of Pithhans of the city of Kussura. |
| 1800 | GREECE | *GREEK-SPEAKING* people entered Greece. |
| 1900 | HITTITE | *ENTERED* Anatolia. |
| 1900 | MESOPOTAMIA | *HORSE* was used for riding. |
| 1900 | SYRIA | *HURRIAN INVASION*—beginning. |
| 1900 | ASIA MINOR | *CUNEIFORM HITTITE*, an Indo-European language appeared in Central Asia Minor. |
| 1900-1800 | MARI | *CAPITAL* of an Amorite kingdom. |
| 1900-1800 | TROY | *FIFTH CITY* of *TROY* (modern Hissarlik). |
| 1900-1700 | MINOAN | *MIDDLE MINOAN AGE* second period or first-palace period. |
| 1900-1660 | HELLADIC | MIDDLE PERIOD. |
| 1900-1400 | ASSYRIA | *RISE OF ASSYRIA*. |
| 1899—? | W. ESHNUNNA | *IBNI'ERA KING* d.d. 1894 & 1890. |
| 1898 | BIBLE | *COVENANT* between Abraham and God. |
| c1898 | SODOM | *SODOM AND GOMOROH*, two of five cities of the plain in the Dead Sea region, were burnt. |
| 1895 | ANATOLIA | *PITKHANAS KING*. |
| 1894 | BIBLE | *BIRTH OF ISAAC*, son of Abraham. |
| 1894 | W. ESHNUNNA | *IQUSHTISHPAK KING*. |
| 1894-1881 | BABYLON | *SUMU-ABUM KING* d.d. 2400-2375. 2032-2019. 1894-1881. |
| 1894-1865 | LARSA | *SUMU-EL KING* d.d. 1866. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1894-1595 | BABYLON | *FIRST BABYLONIAN* dynasty founded by Amorite Sumuabum. |
| 1894-1594 | BABYLON | *FIRST DYNASTY* and the first Assyrian Empire. |
| 1893-1865 | W. ESHNUNNA | *ANNI KING.* |
| 1890 | ANATOLIA | *ANITTAS KING.* |
| 1887-1849 | EGYPT | *SESOSTRIS III KING* ruled for 38 years. d.d. 1890, 1878-1842, 1870? |
| 1887-1850 | BABYLON | *SHAMSUILUNA KING* of the I dynasty (Amuri) of Babylon. |
| 1883 | NEPAL | *GASTEE KIRAT KING* was overthrown. Kali 1118 t. d. |
| 1879 | CHINA | *IRON SWORD* was taken from a mountain by Chinese. |
| 1879-1869 | LARSA | *REMSIN II KING.* |
| 1874-? | URUBUGA | *ILIMAN KING.* |
| 1873-1969 | ISIN | *LIPIT-ENLIL KING.* |
| 1868-1961 | ISIN | *IRRA-IMMITTI KING.* |
| 1865 | ASSYRIA | *SARGON I KING.* |
| 1865-1850 | LARSA | *NURADAD KING.* |
| 1862 | NEPAL | *PASUPRESVERMA* was succeeded by his son Shanker Verma. Kali 1239 t. d. |
| 1860-1839 | ISIN | *ENLIL-BANI KING* d.d. 1862-1837 ? 1860-1837. |
| 1860 | HEBRON | *ABRAHAM* lived at Hebron (Alkhalil) d. d. 1850. |
| 1860 | MACHPELAH | *ABRAHAM* purchased land for the grave of his wife Sarah at Machpelah from Hittalus who was descendant of Hethak. |
| 1856 | ARGOS | *ARGOS* Kingdom. |
| 1850 | HARRAN | *SIN* temple at Harran is mentioned in the letter of Mari. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1850 | SUMER | *THE JUDICIAL TRIAL* was highly developed in Sumer. A man was murdered. The widow and other persons tried to protect the criminal. Assembly at Nippur met and punished the criminal. |
| 1850-1600 | MINOAN | *MIDDLE MINOAN AGE III* period. d.d. 1790-1375, 1700-1580, 1660-1550 |
| 1850-1750 | CAPPADOCIA | *CAPPADOCIAN TABLETS* period. |
| 1850-1500 | PALESTINE | *MIDDLE BRONZE AGE SECOND* period. |
| 1850-1200 | ASIA MINOR | *IMPERIAL HITTITE* period. |
| 1849-1843 | LARSA | *SIN-IDINNAM KING.* |
| 1849-1822 | BABYLON | *ABI'ESHU* (*ABIESHU*) *KING* of the I dynasty (Amurri) of Babylon. d.d. 1711-1684. |
| 1849-1801 | EGYPT | *AMENEMHET II KING* ruled for 48 years. d.d. 1842-1797. |
| 1845 | W. ESHNUNNA | *IPIQ-ADAD II KING* probable time. |
| 1845 | MARI | *IGGID-LIM KING* probable time. |
| 1842-1835 | LARSA | *THREE* unknown kings. |
| c1837 | BIBLE | *ISAU AND JACOB*, sons of Isaac and Revekah and grandsons of Abraham, born. d.d. 1750. |
| 1836-1828 | ISIN | *THREE* unknown Kings of Isin, dynasty. |
| 1834-1923 | LARSA | *WARAD-SIN*, the King of Larsa dynasty. |
| 1830 | W. ESHNUNNA | *NARAM-SIN KING.* |
| 1827-1817 | ISIN | *SIN-MAGIR KING.* |
| 1822 | BIBLE | *ABRAHAM'S DEATH*: |
| 1822-1763 | LARSA | *RIM-SIN KING* d.d. 1790. |
| 1821 | EGYPT | *AMANPHIS I KING.* |
| 1821-1785 | BABYLON | *AMMI-DITANA KING* of the first dynasty (Amurru) of Babylon. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1820 | MARI | *ISHDUN-LIM KING.* |
| 1816-1794 | ISIN | *DAMIA-ILISHU KING.* |
| 1814-1782 | ASSYRIA | *SHAMSHI-ADAD I KING* d.d. 1953-1921, 1813-1781. |
| 1812-1814 | W. ESHNUNNA | *DADUSHA KIDG.* p. t. |
| 1810 | ASCALON | *A CITY ON* the coast of Syria is known from this time. Later on, it was captured by Alexander and was the birth place of Herod the Great. |
| 1807 | ARGOS | *PHORONEUS KING* succeeded his father Inachus. d.d. 1750. |
| 1807 | ARGOS | *THE LAWS* of Phoroneus were the first Attic Laws. d.v. The city is said to have been founded by Phoroneus in 1750. |
| 1801-1792 | EGYPT | *AMENEMHET IV KING* ruled for 9 years. d.d. 1798-1790. |
| 1800 | BRITAIN | *BEAKER THE RHINELAND* folk introduced gold and copper and exported the metal to western Britain. |
| 1800 | EGYPT | *STAR CLOCK* was used by Egyptian priests who worked in the night. |
| 1800 | BOHEMIA | *AUNJOTITZ* culture of Bohemia was fully developed. |
| 1800 | CARCHEMISH | *WRITTEN RECORDS* first appear in the Mari letters. |
| 1800 | CRETE | *PALACE* of Crete destroyed, |
| 1800 | EGYPT | *HYKSOS* swept over Syria and Palestine and imposed foreign dynasty on Egypt. |
| 1800 | MARI | *THE TWO ROOMS* containing rows of brick benches found at Mari in the Royal Palace might have been school rooms. |
| 1800 | MESOPOTAMIA | *OMEN* Text of Mesopotamia which goes back to the I dynasty of Babylon mentions lunar eclipse according to the day and month of its occurrence. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1800 | ALALAKH | *WAS CONSIDERABLY HURRIANISED* in the 18th century B.C. |
| 1800 | WARDSIN | *MOULDED BRICKS* which reproduce the scale pattern of palm trunk in relief were prevalent in this period. |
| 1800-1500 | CHINA | *HSIA* dynasty mainly in the state of Shanssi is still legendary. |
| 1800-1300 | TROY | *THE PERIOD OF SIXTH CITY OF TROY.* People of a new stock who brought the horses, took over the citadel and were great builders. |
| 1800-1000c | ISRAEL | *LATE PRE-ISRAELITE* period. |
| 1796-1780 | MARI | *YASMAH-ADAD KING.* |
| 1794 | ISIN | *ISIN* dynasty overthrown. d.d. 1790. |
| 1792-1788 | EGYPT | *SEVEKNOFRU KING* ruled for four years. d.d. 1789-1786. |
| 1700-1761 | W. ESHNUNNA | *IBAL-PI-EL II KING.* d.d. 1780. |
| 1790-1375 | CRETE | *LATE OF SECOND PALACE* period of Late Minoan III A of Minoan civilisation. |
| 1788-1680 | EGYPT | *THIRTEENTH* (*THEBAN*) capital Thebes, *FOURTEENTH* (Xoite), *FIFTEENTH*, *SIXTEENTH* and *SEVENTEENTH* (Theban dynasties in Egypt including the Hyksos rule for 208 years. d.d. 1788-1600, 1788-1580, 1788-1570, 1785-1650. 1786-1575, 1777-1573, 1885-1640. 1720-1570, |
| 1784-1764 | BABYLON | *AMMISADUQA KING* of the first dynasty (Amurru) of Babylon. |
| 1783 | LARASA | *HAMMURABI* turned his attention to the South when a fresh Elamite invasion had installed an Elamite Waradsin upon the throne of Larsa. |
| 1781-1742 | ASSYRIA | *ISHME-DAGAN KING.* |
| 1780 | LARSA | *SCHOOL*, the best example is found in a private house of Larsa period at Ur. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| c1780 | ALALAKH | *YARIMLIM'S* palace, a contemporary of Hammurabi is found. Alalakh is the ancient city on the Orontes valley on an old, trade route connecting Aleppo with the Mediterranean. |
| 1779-1761 | MARI | *ZIMRI-LIM KING.* |
| 1775-1575 | EGYPT | *SECOND INTERMEDIATE* period. d.d. 1720-1570. |
| 1766 | CHINA | *HISA* dynasty overthrown. d.d. 1557 |
| 1766-1122 | CHINA | *T'ANG FOUNDED* Shang dynasty. d.d. 1760-1122, 1600-1027, 1557. |
| 1766-1028 | CHINA | *DISEASE* description of, on the oracle bones of Shang period. |
| 1765 | EGYPT | *HYKSOS* invaded Egypt. d.d. 1730. |
| 1764 | GREECE | *DELUGE.* In the reign of Ogyges the King (Thebes) of Attica, a deluge so inundated Attica and Boeotia that it lay waste for nearly 200 years. |
| 1753-1733 | BABYLON | *SAMSUDITANA KING* of I dynasty (Ammurri) of Babylon. d.d. 1625-1595. |
| 1761 | W. ESHNUNNA | *ESHNUNNA* overthrown. |
| 1760 | LARSA | *LARSA* conquered by Babylon. d.d. 1763. |
| 1560 | MARI | *MARI* conquered by Babylon. d.d. 1761. |
| 1759 | URUKUGA | *ITTILINIBE KING* of the dynasty of Urukuga. |
| 1750 | GREECE | *HERAEUM* (Temple of Hera) five miles from Argos and three miles from Mycenae, founded at this time. The temple was burnt down in 423 B.C. |
| 1750 | WEST ASIA | *IRON WEAPONS* were used in Western Asia. |
| 1750-1580 | MINOAN | *LATE MIDDLE MINOAN III* period. d.d. 1750-1550. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1750-1400 | CHINA | *MIDDLE SHANG* early dynasty period. |
| 1749-1712 | BABYLON | *SAMSU-ILIUNA KING.* |
| 1746-1731 | KASSITE | *GANḌASH KING.* d.d. 1700. The Kassites are also called the Third Dynasty of Babylon ; 36 kings ruled from 1700-1130 or 1732-1130. The periods differ. d.v. Kassites conquered Babylon in 1743. |
| 1745 | ASSYRIA | *ASHUR-DUGUL KING,* probable time. |
| 1742 | SEA-LAND | *ILUMA-ILU KING* independent. |
| 1740-1150 | SEA-LAND | *DYNASTY* arose in the Sea Land from the Persian Gulf. |
| 1740-1710 | HITTITE | *TUDHALIYAS I KING.* |
| 1740-1460 | HITTITE | *OLD HITTITE* Kingdom. d.d. 1700-1450. |
| 1737 | UR | *UR DESTROYED.* |
| 1736-1721 | URUKUGA | *DAMIQILISHU KING.* |
| 1730-1580 | EGYPT | *THE INTERMEDIARY PERIOD* between middle and new empire. d.d. 1775-1575. |
| 1730 | KASSITE | *KASSITES AND ELAMITES* in Babylon. |
| 1728-1686 | ASSYRIA | *HAMMURABI KING* fixed scale of medical fee. |
| 1729 | BIBLE | *JOSEPH* was sold in Egypt. c.t. |
| 1725 | EGYPT | *HYKSO* conquest of Egypt. |
| 1720-1570 | EGYPT | *HYKSOS* ruled over Egypt, from the capital at Avaris. From contemporary writings it appears that six foreign rulers were ruling in Egypt. This period is assigned to Hyksos. Hyksos are not mentioned afterwards. d.d. 1700-1550 ? 1730-1580 ? 1660-1580, 1680-1580. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1716-1695 | KASSITE | *AGUM I KING* (Makharu Rabu). d.d. 1730 ? |
| 1716-1687 | ASSYRIA | *ADASI KING*. d.d. 1711, 1700 ? |
| 1715-1650 | EGYPT | *FOURTEENTH DYNASTY*. |
| 1712 | NEPAL | *BHUMIVERMA KING* ascended the throne. Kali 1389 t.d. |
| 1711-1684 | BABYLON | *ABI-ESHUH KING*. |
| 1710-1680 | HITTITE | *PU-SARRUMAS'* king of Old Hittite Kingdom. |
| 1708 | EGYPT | *BEGINNING* of seven years' famine. |
| 1700 | CRETE | *HELLADIC* Linear Script. |
| 1700 | HURRY | *HURRIAN* Cuneiform Script. |
| 1700 | AKKAD | *AKKADIAN* Library was founded. |
| 1700 | CHALDAEA | *CHALDAEAN* library is said to have existed about this time. |
| 1700 | CHINA | *LUNG-SHAN* culture existed mainly in Shantung, Kingsu, Chekiang and Anhui and lasted until 17th century. |
| c1700 | CRETE | *EARTH QUAKE*. |
| 2700 | EGYPT | *CONSTRUCTION* of Pyramid was virtually at an end. |
| 1700 | HURRI | *HURRIANS*, a people living east of the Tigris and mountain region of Zagros who migrated westward between Lake Van and Zagros. |
| 1700 | HAZOR | *HAZOR*, an ancient ruined city lying on the age of Hule plain below the upper Galilea, is mentioned in the Mari letters. |
| 1700 | SEA-LAND | *DAMIQI-ILLISHU KING*. d.d. 1650. |
| 1700-1550 | LACHISH | *LACHISH SHECHAM AND GEZER* inscriptions between 1700-1500 B.C. These show that the Semitic people had evolved a writing system of their own. |
| 1700-1500 | CHINA | *CH'ANG* stage period. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1700-1400 | WESSEX | *EARLY BRONZE AGE*, culture of Southern Britain. |
| 1694-1673 | KASSITE | *KASHTILI-ASHU I KING* (Makearu). d.d. 1705. |
| 1693 | SICILY | *ETNA* eruption. |
| 1690 | HURRI | *HURRIAN* migration to Mitanni. |
| 1686-1677 | ASSYRIA | *BELUBANI KING*. d.d. 1692-1683. |
| 1683-1647 | BABYLON | *AMMI-DITANA*. d.d. 2164-2151. |
| 1680-1650 | HITTITE | *LABARNAS KING* (Tabarnash) I of old Hittite Kingdom. |
| 1677 | BABYLONIA | *INVADED* by Kassites. d.d. Kassites ruled for 450 years, 1600-1150. |
| 1676-1660 | ASSYRIA | *LIBAYYU KING* (Libaiju). d.d. 1682-1666. |
| 1672-1665 | KASSITE | *USHSHI KING* (ashu). d.d. 1690 |
| 1670 | SEA-LAND | *GULKISHAR KING*. d.d. 1595. |
| 1664-1647 | KASSITE | *ABIRATTA KING*. d.d. 1655. |
| 1659-1648 | ASSYRIA | *SARM' ADAD I KING*. d.d. 1665-1654. |
| 1650 | EGYPT | *HYKSOS* introduced chariots in Egypt. d.d. 1580. |
| 1650 | MALTA | *MEGALITHIC* culture disappeared. |
| 1650-1620 | HITTITE | *HATTU-SILIS I KING* (Labarnas I) of old Hittite Kingdom. The capital was at Kushshar. d.d. 1650-1621. |
| 1650-1545 | EGYPT | *FIFTEENTH DYNASTY* (Hykso in lower and middle Egypt). |
| 1650-1550 | EGYPT | *SIXTEENTH DYNASTY* (Vassal of Hyksos). |
| 1650-1100 | ACHAEAN | This word was used for Greek-speaking people of Mycenaean period. |
| 1647-1636 | ASSYRIA | *IPTARSIN KING* (En-Tar-Sin). d.d. 1653-1642. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1646 ? | KASSITE | *KASHTILIASHU KING II.* |
| 1609 | KASSITE | *KHARBASHIKHU KING.* |
| 1646-1626 | BABYLON | *AMMI-SADUQA KING* (Ammizaduga). |
| 1640 | HITTITE | *HITTITES* who were an Indo-European people appeared in Asia Minor probably from beyond the Black Sea. |
| 1640 | HITTITE | *HITTITE* dominion extended to Labarnash in Anatolia with Hattusas (Boghazkoy) as its capital. Hattusil I controlled northern Assyria. |
| 1640-? | KASSITE | *HARBASHIEK KING.* |
| 1635-1608 | ASSYRIA | *BAZAYYU KING* (Bazaiju). d.d. 1641-1614. |
| 1632 | BIBLE | Possible date of Exodus. d.d. 1635 1490 ? |
| 1625-1595 | BABYLON | *SAMSU-DITANA KING*. d.d. 2115-2101, 1763-1733. |
| 1620-1590 | HITTITE | *MURSILIS I*, King of old Hittite Kingdom. He moved the capital to Hattushash (Boghaz Koy ). |
| 1615 | ETHIOPIA | *THE ETHIOPIANS* settled near Egypt. |
| 1610 | SEA-LAND | *AIDAR KALAM*, King of Sea-Land dynasty. |
| 1609 | KASSITE | *KHARBAS-SHIKHU*, King of Kassites, Babylon. |
| 1608-? | KASSITE | *TIPATKAZI KING*. d.d. 1610, 1608 |
| 1607-1602 | ASSYRIA | *LILLAYYU KING* (Lullaiju). d.d. 1613-1608. |
| 1602-1585 | KASSITE | *AGUM II KING* (Third dynasty). d.d. 1595-1585, 1590-1530. |
| 1601-1588 | ASSYRIA | *KIDINNINUA KING* (Shuniua) ? d.d. 1607-1594. |
| 1600 | ALEPPO | *MURSHILISH I* conquered Aleppo. |
| 1600 | CHINA | *BRONZE AGE* civilization according to the Chinese historical tradition. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1600 | CRETE | *THE PALACES* of Cnossus and Phaestus were destroyed and rebuilt between 1900-1700, 1500, 1400. |
| c1600 | EGYPT | *WATER CLOCK*, earliest preserved is found in Egypt. |
| 1600 | W. ASIA | *HYKSO'S* monarchy fell. |
| 1600 | KASSITES | *WORSHIPPED MARUTTAS*, i.e. Marut of Vedas. Marduk, the God of Babylonia, is also Marut of Vedas. |
| 1600 | MALTA | *PHOENICIANS* colonised Malta. |
| 1600 | METALLURGY | *METALLURGISTS* discovered how to melt sulfidic ores and succeeded in reducing cassitent cassiterite separately obtaining tin which could be mixed with copper to form bronze. |
| 1600 | PHOENICIA | *EGYPT* conquered Phoenicia. |
| 1600-1580 | HITTITE | *HITTITES* of Boghazkoy under their King Mursilis marched down the Euphrates and stormed and sacked Babylon and carried away the image of Marduk. |
| 1600-1555 | EGYPT | *SEVENTEENTH DYNASTY* (Theban) d.d. 1645-1567, 1600-1580. |
| 1600-1500 | CRETE | *BRONZE AGE*, the first phase. |
| 1600-1500 | MINOAN | *LATE MINOAN AGE*, first period. d.d. 1600—? 1500—? |
| 1600-1400 | GREECE | *LATE HELLADIC*, first and second periods. |
| 1600-1400 | TIRYNS | *LATE BRONZE AGE.* |
| 1600-1250 | ASIA MINOR ETC. | *CUNEIFORM* tablets with Aryan Vedic names were discovered from Mesopotamia, Asia Minor, Syria and Palestine. |
| 1600-1100 | GREECE | *MYCENEAN AGE* in Greece (Bronze Age). d.d. 1550-1100. |
| 1600-1100 | EGYPT | *THEBES*, capital of upper Egypt. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1600-1000 | EGYPT | *IMPERIAL RULE*, the Beginning of the New Empire. d.d. 1567-1085, 1580-1090. |
| 1600-1050 | CYPRUS | *LATE BRONZE AGE.* |
| 1595 | HITTITE | *HITTITES* raided Babylon. |
| 1590-1560 | HITTITE | *HANTILIS I,* King of old Hittite Kingdom. |
| 1587-1585 | ASSYRIA | *SARAM' ADAD II KING.* d.d. 1593-1591. |
| 1585 | BABYLON | *THE KING MUVSILIS* overthrew Babylon and put an end to the first dynasty. d.d. 1590, 1595. |
| 1584-1572 | ASSYRIA | *ERISU III KING* (Irishum). d.d. 1590-1578. |
| 1580 | EGYPT | *HYKSOS DYNASTY* ousted by the Egyptians. |
| 1580 | GREECE | *MYCENAEAN* civilisation, the first period. |
| 1580-1405 | MINOAN | *LATE MINOAN AGE* first period. d.d. 1600, 1550-1400, 1500-1450. |
| 1580-1375 | SYRIA | *SUBJECT* to Pharaohs of 18th dynasty. |
| 1580-1350 | EGYPT | 18*TH DYNASTY* (Disopolete). Capital Thebes. d.d. 1570-1545, 1570-1303, 1567-1320, 1555-1350. |
| 1580-1090 | EGYPT | *NEW KINGDOM.* d.d. 1580-1350, 1580-1090, 1573-1090, 1570-1075, 1567-1080. |
| 1580-263 | PAROS | *PARIAN MARBLE* inscription discovered at Paros island contains 93 lines according to events from legendary first king Cecrops of Athens to 263 B. C. |
| 1575 | LACHIS | *THE CAPITAL OF* a vassal Canaanite state. |
| 1573-1350 | EGYPT | *PHARAOH* gave up the building of Pyramid during the rule of 18th dynasty in Egypt. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1571 | EGYPT | *MALE CHILDREN* of the Israelites were thrown into the Nile. |
| 1571—? | KASSITE | *KASHITILIASHU III KING* (Kashtiliash III). d.d. 1490-1470. |
| c1571 | EGYPT | *PROPHET MOSES* born in Egypt. |
| 1571-1566 | ASSYRIA | *SHAMSHIADAD II KING*. d.d. 1577-1572. |
| 1570 | EGYPT | *MEMPHIS* remained the capital of Egypt and was the largest city until the New Empire, when the worship of Anun replaced that of Ptah. d.d. 1580. |
| 1570-1545 | EGYPT | *AHMOSE I KING* (Amosis) ruled for 25 years. d.d. 1580-1557, 1580-1550, 1575-1550, 1370-1546, c1567-? |
| 1567 | EGYPT | *HYKSOS* rulers were driven out of Egypt by Pharaoh Ahmos I. |
| 1565-1550 | ASSYRIA | *ISMEDAGAN II KING*. d.d. 1571-1556. |
| 1560-1550 | HITTITE | *ZIDANTAS I*, King of old Hittite Kingdom. |
| 1556 | GREECE | *OLIVE* cultivation was brought to Athens by Cicrops. |
| 1550 | EGYPT | *A MEDICAL* treatise discovered. |
| 1550-1530 | HITTITE | *KING AMMUNS*. |
| 1550-1521 | KASSITE | *THE CHRONOLOGY* of about nine rulers of Kassite dynasty of Babylon is uncertain. |
| 1549-1534 | ASSYRIA | *KING SHAMSHIADAD* III. d.d. 1555-1540. |
| 1546-1522 | BABYLON | *RULERS* of Babylon are not known. |
| 1546-1522 | KASSITE | *KING AGUM III*. |
| 1545-1525 | EGYPT | *KING AMENHOTEP I* (Amenophis) son of Ahmos. d.d. 1557-1507. 1557-1536. 1550-1528. 1540-1525. 1546-1525. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1533-1508 | ASSYRIA | *KING ASHUR NIRARI I.* d.d. 1539-1514-1535-1507. |
| 1530-1000 | BABYLONIA | *MIDDLE* Babylonian language. |
| 1530-1525 | HITTITE | *KING HUZZIYAS I.* |
| 1530-1000 | ASSYRIA | *MIDDLE* Assyrian language in use. |
| 1525-1500 | HITTITE | *TELIPINUS*, the King of Hittite Kingdom. He introduced hereditary succession. |
| 1525-1508 | EGYPT | *KING THUTMOSE* I (Thutmosis 1=Thotmes I) ruled for 17 years. d.v. 19 years. d.d. 1525-1512. |
| 1523-1020 | CHINA | *SHAN* dynasty. d.d. 1600-1027. |
| 1521 | EGYPT | *THOTH* is supposed to have introduced mythology among the Egyptians. |
| 1521-1497 | KASSITE | *RULERS* are not known. |
| 1520 | MEXICO | *LATE PAST CLASSICAL AGE.* d.v. (Lower period 1500-1000). |
| 1520 | BIBLE | *JOB BOOK* was composed about this time. d.d. 1546. 1900-1400. 1546-? |
| 1508-1486 | EGYPT | *KING THUTMATE II* (Thutmosis). d.d. 1510-1490, 1510, 1508-1504, 1501-1447. |
| 1506 | ATHENS | *KING CRANAUS* succeeded king Cicrops, a legendary mythological King. |
| 1507-1484 | ASSYRIA | *KING PUZUR ASHUR III.* d.d 1513-1500. |
| 1507 | AREOPAGUS | *HOMICIDE* was tried at Athens by Areopagus. The name is assigned to the council which met to try the cases of homicide. |
| 1506 | PHRYGIA | *THE FLUTE* and harmony or Concord in music are said to have been invented by Hyagnis, a Phrygian the father of Marsyas. |
| 1503 | THESSALY | *THE DELUGE* of Deucalion in Thessaly. d v. the deluge was produced by inundation of the water of the river Peneus. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1500 | CHINA | *CAPITAL* Ao Cheng-chow. |
| 1500 | CRETE | *CNOSSUS* was the first great city in Europe. Its population in this period was eighty thousand. People lived in houses and were famous for their cleanliness like any modern city. |
| 1500 | HITTITE | *HITTITES* controlled the steel trade and were the only people from whom Pharaoh of Egypt could obtain it. They had monopoly of this trade in eastern Mediterranian. |
| c 1500 | INDONESIA | *NEOLITHIC* culture. |
| c 1500 | ITALY | *TERRAMARA* culture which was confined to PO Valley. |
| c 1500 | ITALY | *ITALIAN TRIBES* pushed southward towards Umbria and Latuim etc. |
| 1500 | LYDIA | *LYDIAN*, now a dead language, was used in western Asia Minor about this time. |
| 1500 | EGYPT | *OLIVE CULTIVATION* and extraction of olive oil is dated after 1500 B.C. when the use of olive oil became common in Egypt. |
| 1500 | TYRE | *TUROS* 1=1 Tyrus=Sur the ancient city of Syria became the centre of the Phoenicians. d.v. said to have been founded in the fifteenth century. |
| 1500 | NORWAY | *BRONZE* was gradually introduced in Norway. |
| 1500 | PHOENICIA | *ALPHABETICAL* writing appeared among Phoenicians and is the origin of all Western alphabets. |
| 1500 | SWEDEN | *EARLY BRONZE* age |
| 1500 | THERA | *VOLCANIC* eruption destroyed the island of Thera in the Aegean sea. |
| 1500 | TROY | *FOUNDATION* of the 6th city of Troy. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1500 | MITANNI | *THE ARYAN KINGDOM* of Mitanni established itself in Hurri country. The Aryan Gods Indra (Mitra), Varuṇa, Nasitya (Nāsatya) formed the Hurro-Hittite-Pantheon. |
| 1500 | WEST ASIA ETC. | *CUNEIFORM* writing and language became the medium of diplomatic correspondence between West Asia and Egypt. |
| 1500-1490 | HITTITE | *ALLUWAMANS KING* |
| 1500-1400 | GREECE | *MYCENAEAN* civilisation—the second period. |
| 1500-1400 | PALESTINE | *LATE* Bronze Age, first period. |
| 1500-1300 | CHINA | *SHANG* I early period. |
| 1500-1250 | MITANNI | *KINGDOM* arose in northern Mesopotamia. d.d. 1500-1360, 1475-1275. |
| 1500-1200 | CANAAN | *LATE* Bronze Age. |
| 1500-1000 | MEXICO | *LOWER* period. |
| 1500-1000 | SPAIN | *ALMERIAN* culture the fourth phase. |
| 1500-1000 | IRAN | *MIDDLE* Elamite period. |
| 1500- 700 | SYRIA | *HITTITE* language was used in hierographic writing. |
| 1500- 600 | HITTITE | *HIEROGRYPHIC* characters were in use. |
| 1500- 500 | PERU | *POST-CLASSIC* period. |
| 1500- 400 | DENMARK | *BRONZE* age. |
| 1497 | ATHENS | *KING AMPHICTYON*, a legendary King. |
| 1496-1472 | KASSITE | *KING PURNPURIASH II.* |
| 1495 | GREECE | *PYTHIAN*, the legendary beginning of games. |
| 1493 | CADMEA | *THE LEGENDARY FOUNDATION* of Cadmea, Citadel of Thebes. Cadmius was the son of Agnore and the King of Phoenicia who brought the Phoenician scripts also when settled in Boeotia. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1493 | GREEK | *CADMUS* introduced the worship of Egyptian and Phoenician Deities among the Greeks. |
| 1491 | EGYPT | *AMENOPHIS* II died at sea. d.d. 1436-1413. |
| 1491 | EGYPT | *EXODUS* of Jews from Egypt. d.d. 1648, 1614, 1495, 1320, 1314, 1260, 1200. |
| 1491 | JUBILEE | *JEWS* are commended to celebrate (Yobel) Jubilee every 50 years. |
| 1490 | SPARTA | *FOUNDATION* of Sparta. |
| 1490 | BIBLE | *FEAST* of the Lord was instituted. (Lebiticus XXIII). |
| 1490 | MITANNI | *BOGHAZ-KOI* inscriptions of Mitanni. |
| c 1490-1491 | BIBLE | '*NUMBER*' Book was composed. These books contain material from different periods of Jewish history. The books reached their present form much later, though much of their material is very old. |
| c 1490-1491 | BIBLE | *DEUTERONOMY* Book was composed. d.d. 1451. The Book was found in the Jerusalem Temple in the 18th year of King Josiah (623/-622 B.C.) |
| 1490-1480 | HITTITE | *HANTILIS II KING* ? |
| 1490-1014 | AGE | *THE FOURTH AGE* (upto the founding of Solomon Temple). |
| 1487 | ATHENS | *ERICHTHONIUS*, a legendary King. |
| 1486-1465 | EGYPT | *HATSHEPSUT QUEEN* ruled for 21 years. d.d. 1504-1482, 1503-1482. 1486-1468 ?—1479—1480. |
| 1485 | EGYPT | *AEGYPTUS* ruled Egypt and it was then called Mizren. Afterwards it was named Egypt after the name of the King. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1485 | EGYPT | *OBELISK* was Egyptian symbol of the Supreme God. The first mention in the history was the Ramses, King of Egypt, about 1485 B.C. |
| 1485 | GREECE | *THE FIRST SHIP* was brought from Egypt to Greece by Danaus. |
| 1483-1471 | ASSYRIA | *ELLIL NASIR I.* (Enlinasir I). *KING* d.d. 1499-1487. |
| 1480 | DARDANIA | *FOUNDED* in Asia Minor by Dardenus. |
| 1480 | EGYPT | *FUNERY* temple of Hatshepsut, Egyptian Queen (Hatasu). d.d. Construction between 1503-1482. |
| 1480-1470 | HITTITE | *ZIDANTAS II KING* |
| 1475-1400 | MINOAN | *LATE MINOAN* Age II period. |
| 1471-1445 | KASSITE | *KARAINDH I KING* |
| 1470 | CARCHEMISH | *INDEPENDENT* State. |
| 1470-1466 | HITTITE | *HUZZIYAS II KING* |
| 1470-1459 | ASSYRIA | (*NURILI*). d.d. 1486-1475. |
| 1470-1445 | KASSITE | *KASTHILIAS II KING* |
| 1468 | MEGIDDO | *THUTMOSE* defeated at Megiddo, an alliance of Kings of Canaan. d.d. 1490-1436, 1479. |
| 1468-1436 | EGYPT | *THUTMOSE III* ruled for 32 years. d.d. 54 years ; 1504-1450, 1501-1447, 1500-1447, 1490-1436. He defeated an alliance of the Kings of Canaan and Megiddo. d.d. 1490-1436, 1479. |
| 1462 | SYRIA | *THUTMOSE III* King of Egypt, captured Kadesh the strongest city of Syria. d.d. 1471. |
| 1460 | ELEPPO | *CONQUERED* by Egypt. |
| c1460 | MINOAN | *MYCENAEANS* occupied Cnossus and eventually overthrew the Minoan kingdom possibly as early as this period. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1460-1440 | HITTITE | *TUDHALIYAS II KING* |
| 1460-1190 | HITTITE | *HITTITE EMPIRE* d.d. 1450-1190 1450-1200, 1430-1200, 1400-1200, 1350, 1250. |
| 1459 | ASSYRIA | *ASHURSADUNI KING* |
| 1459 | GREECE | *HELLENS RULE.* |
| 1458-1439 | ASSYRIA | *ASHURRABI I KING* d.d. 1473-1453. |
| 1457 | *HURRI* | *THUTMOSE* III conquered Assyria and broke the power of Hurrian. |
| 1457 | EGYPT | *DEFEAT* of Hanigalbat (Mitanny) by III. Tuthmosis. |
| 1453 | GREECE | *THE FIRST OLYMPIC* games were introduced in honour of Jupiter by the Edaielaetyle (or by Pelpos in 1307 B.C.) and was revived by Iphitus in 884 B.C. |
| 1451 | CANAAN | *KING* of Canaan combined against Israelites. |
| 1451 | CANAAN | *JOSHUAH* subdued five kings of Canaan. |
| 1451 | CANAAN | *JOSHUAH* leads Israelites into Canaan. |
| 1951 | BIBLE | *DIVORCE* Permitted by the law of Moses. |
| 1451 | HITTITES | *OPPOSED* Joshuah. |
| 1451-1420 | BIBLE | *JOSHUAH* Book was composed.? d.d. 1451-1400. |
| c1450 | ALALAKH | *IDRIMI KING* |
| c1550 | EGYPT | *SHADOW-CLOCK* found in Egypt is said to be the earliest. |
| 1450 | MITANNI | *MITANNIAN* domination over Assyria. |
| 1450 | MITANNI | *EGYPT* became an ally of Mitanni and the King of Egypt married the daughter of the King of Mitanni. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1450-1400 | MINOAN | *LATE* II period. |
| 1450-1350 | DAMUSCUS | *EGYPTIAN* rule. |
| 1450-1195 | SYRIA | *UGRIT'S* (Ram Sharma) Golden Age. |
| c1450-1050 | CHINA | *SHUNG* dynasty. d.d. 1577. |
| 1444 | SHILOH | *A TOWN* in Canaan where the tabernacle and ark were installed after the Israelite conquest and is situated 25 miles north of Jerusalem. It was set up by Joshua at Shiloh, and was replaced by the temple erected by Solomon in 1004 B.C. |
| 1444-1418 | KASSITE | *KADASH-AMAN KHARABE* I, King of Kassite dynasty of Babylon. d.d. 1450-1435. |
| 1440-1420 | HITTITE | *ARNUWANDAS I KING* |
| 1438-1429 | ASSYRIA | *ASHURNADINAKHKHEI I KING* d.d. 1452-1433. |
| 1437 | ATHENS | *PANDION*, a legendary King of Athens. |
| 1436-1410 | EGYPT | *AMENHOTEP II KING* (Amenophis II) ruled for 25 or 26 years. d.d. 1450-1425, 1448-1420, 1447-1421, 1436-1413. |
| 1432 | IDA | *IRON* was found on Ida mountain range of Mysia by the Doctyles owing to the forest being burnt by lightning. |
| 1428-1423 | ASSYRIA | *ILLILNASIR II KING* d.d. 1432-1427. |
| 1425-1120 | BIBLE | *THE BOOK* of Judges was composed about this time. |
| 1422-1416 | ASSYRIA | *ASHUR-NIRARI II KING* d.d. 1425 1420. |
| 1420-1400 | HITTITE | *HATTUSILIS II KING* |
| 1417-1391 | KASSITE | *KARAINDA II* King of Kassite dynasty of Babylon. d.d. 1420-1418. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1415-1407 | ASSYRIA | *ASHURBELNISESU* (Ashurbelnisheshu). *KING* d.d. 1419-1411. |
| 1412 | EGYPT | *A HYMN* to the sun God composed is found. |
| 1410-1420 | EGYPT | *THUTMOSE* IV (Touthmosis-Thothmes) *KING* d.d. 1561-?, 1425-1412, 1425-1408, 1421-1412, 1420-1411, 1413-1405. |
| 1406 | CORINTH | *ISTHMIAN* games instituted by Sysyphus, the King of Corinth Melicertes d.v. Athenians preferred the story that they were established by Theseus. |
| 1406-1399 | ASSYRIA | *ASHUR-RIMNISESU KING.* |
| 1405 | EGYPT | *SYRIAN WEAVERS* brought Asiatic design of cloth to Egypt. |
| 1402-1364 | EGYPT | *AMENOTEP III* (Amnophis III=Horos). d.d. 1414-1383, 1412-1376, 1412-1375, 1411-1375, 1411-1364, 1408-1372, 1408-1371, 1405-1367, 1400-? |
| 1401-1374 | CHINA | *P'N KING* removed the capital to Aayang. |
| 1400 | ANATOLIA | *IRON METALLURGY* developed about this period. |
| 1400 | ASSYRIA | *CALENDAR*—365 days year was in use. |
| 1400 | UGRIR | *A CANAANITE CITY* on Syrian coast, adopted cuneiform script. |
| 1400 | CNOSSUS | *THE FALL* of Cnossus and Phaestus. Cnossus was destroyed by fire which was followed by an earthquake. Another version is that the sea raiders destroyed these cities. |
| 1400 | CYPRUS | *MYCEAEN* traders appeared in Cyprus. |
| 1400 | GREECE | *LATE HELLADIC* phases, beginning. |
| 1400 | MITTANNI | *TUSHYATTA KING'S* accession. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| c 1400 | EGYPT | *PAPIRUS*, a kind of writing paper, was in use in Egypt. For the preparation of this paper, water of the Nile was used. |
| 1400 | WESSEX | *BRONZE AGE* |
| 1400 | GOURNIA | *A TOWN* of Crete like Cnossus was destroyed about this time. It lies on a small hill in a valley near the sea. |
| 1400-1380 | HITTITE | *TUDHALIYAS III KING*. d.d. 1400-1385. |
| 1400-1350 | SYRIA | *EL AMARNA* period in Syria and Hittite conquest of Syria. |
| 1400-1200 | CRETE | *LATE MINOAN AGE* III period. d.d. 1400-1180. |
| 1400-1200 | PALESTINE | *HABEKU* race migrated to Palestine. According to a view, they were Hebrews. |
| 1400-1200 | PALESTINE | *LATE BRONZE AGE*—second period. |
| 1400-1120 | GREECE | *MYCEMAEAN* Civilisation the third period. |
| 1400-1100 | CHINA | Late Shang period. d.d. 1400-1122. |
| 1400-1100 | CRETE | *LATE BRONZE AGE*—last phase. |
| 1400-1100 | MINOAN | *LATE MINOAN* III, a period of Achaean principalities in Peloponnesus and Crete. d.d. 1400-1180, 1400—? |
| 1400-100 | BIBLE | *OLD TESTAMENT* Composition completed. |
| 1398-1389 | ASSYRIA | *ASHUR NADIN-AKHKHE II KING* (Ashur nadinahhe II). d.d. 1402-1393. |
| 1397 | EGYPT | *ERECHTHEUS*, legendary King. |
| 1390 | EGYPT | *TEMPLE* of Amen-Mut-Khonsu, Luxor-on the right bank of Nile, probable time. |
| 1390 | HURRI | Aratama I King. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1390 | ZENTA | *ISLAND* populated by Achaeans. |
| 1390-1379 | KASSITE | *KURIGALZU I* Lashahan Kassite dynasty of Babylon. d.d. 1417-1400, 1390-1375. |
| c1388 | LACEDAEMON | *LEDA*—King Tyndareus married Leda who was the mother of Dioscuri, Helen and Clytaemnestra. |
| 1388-1362 | ASSYRIA | *ERIBADAD I KING*. d.d. 1392-1366. |
| 1385 | HITTITE | *BECAME GREAT* power. |
| 1384 | CORINTH | *RECONSTRUCTED.* |
| 1380-1340 | HITTITE | *SUPILULIUMAS I* (Shuppiliumash). *KING* d.d. 1385-1345, 1375-1335. |
| 1379 | EGYPT | *COLLAPSE* of Egypt-Mitanni alliance. d.d. 1410-1390, 1390-1372. |
| 1378-1374 | KASSITE | *KADASHMANELLIL* I, King of Kassite dynasty of Babylon, d.d. 1399-1381. |
| 1375 | JERUSALEM | *LETTER* signed by the ruler of Urusalim and written in c1375 B.C. is extant. |
| 1375-1350 | SYRIA | *END* of Egyptian domination. |
| 1375-700 | EGYPT | *LATE* Egyptian language was in use. |
| 1373-1347 | KASSITE | *PURNAPURIASH III* Lashanan, King of Kassite dynasty. |
| 1370 | HITTITE | *SUPPILULIUMAS KING* conquered Aleppo (Haleb=Halpa) and Alalakh. |
| 1370 | MITANNI | *WESTERN ASIA*—until this period Mitanni was the principal power. |
| 1365 | HITTITE | *HITTITE*—conquered the Mitanni state established in northern Syria by the Hurries. |
| 1365 | MITANNI | *SIN* and *SHAMASH* of Harran are mentioned in the treaty of Mitanni. |
| 1364-1346 | EGYPT | *AMENHOTEP* IV (Akhenaten=Ikhnaton=Amenophis (IV) *KING* d. d. 1387-1366, 1380-1362, 1379-1362, 1375-1358, 1370-1348, 1371-1356, 1367-1350. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1361-1327 | ASSYRIA | *ASHUR-UBALLIT* I (Ashurballi I). *KING* d.d. 1375-1340, 1365-1330, 1356-1330. |
| 1360 | UGARIT | *CITY* destroyed by earthquake. |
| 1350 | CORINTH | *SISYPHUS* founded Corinth-legendary time. |
| 1350 | HURRI | *SHUTTARANA KING.* |
| 1350 | EGYPT | *ASIATIC* empire of Egypt ceased to exist. |
| 1350 | HITTITE | *HITTITE* power at its highest. |
| 1350 | MITANNI | *BECAME A VASSAL* of Hittite Kingdom. |
| 1350-1303 | PHOENICIA | *EGYPT* re-conquered Phoenicia. |
| 1350-1325 | ACHAEAN | *ACHAEAN GREEKS* seized the sea coast from Kariq to Cilicia and interrupted Hittite communication with Cyprus. They interrupted the ancient trade relation between Mycenean Greece and Egypt. |
| 1350-1205 | EGYPT | *19TH DYNASTY.* Capital Thebes d.d. 1350-1200, 1333-1303, 1321-1205, 1320-1200, 1304—?, 1305-1196, 1303-1213. |
| 1350-1200 | DAMASCUS | *UNDER HITTITE* rule. |
| 1350-1200 | SYRIA | *UNDER HITTITE* rule. |
| 1350-1150 | IRAN | *ELAMITES* inhabited the Iranian plateau. |
| 1347 | ATHENS | *CECROPS II*, a legendary King of Athens. |
| 1346 | KASSITE | *KARCHARDA KING* of Kassite dynasty of Babylon. |
| 1346-1333 | EGYPT | *TUTANKHAMUN*=Tutenkhamen) King of Egypt. d.d. 1366-1357, 1360-1350, 1355-1346, 1346-1331, 1339—? |
| 1345-1323 | KASITE | *KURIGALEZU* II Sekhru, King of kassite dynasty of Babylon. d.d. 1348-1327, 1345-1324, 1323—? |
| 1340 | HITTITE | *OPPOSED* Egypt. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1340-1339 | HITTITE | *ARUWANDAS*=Arnuanda II *KING*. d.d. 1345-1340. |
| 1339-1306 | HITTITE | *MURSILIS I* (Mursil II) *KING* d.d. 1340-1295, 1334-1306. |
| 1335 | HITTITE | *PLAGUE* spread to the Hittite Kingdom from Egypt. |
| 1333-1303 | EGYPT | *HOREMHAB*=Haremheb *KING* d.d. 1350-1315, 1345-1321, 1344-1314, 1335-1308. |
| 1326-1317 | ASSYRIA | *ENLILNARARI KING* d.d. 1340-1335, 1340-1325, 1329-1320. |
| 1322-1297 | KASSITE | *NAZIM-ARUTTASH II*, King of Babylon. d.d. 1322-1297, 1322-1298. |
| 1322 | BIBLE | *RUTH*, *BOOK* of the Ruth composed |
| 1322-1297 | BABYLON | *NAZIMABRUTTUS* (Nazi Maratta) *KING* d.d. 1322-1298, 1321-1295, 1319-1294. |
| 1321-1205 | EGYPT | *AMMON*—Hymn in praise of the great God of Thebes. |
| 1316-1305 | ASSYRIA | *ARIKDENILU* (Arik-din-ilu—Arik-denili.) *KING* d.d. 1335-1330, 1319-1308. |
| 1316 | NEPAL | *VASANT DEV* ascended the throne of his father. Kali 2785 d.d. |
| 1315-1314 | EGYPT | *RAMSES I* (Manophres) ruled for 2 years. d.d. 1321-1320, 1303-1302. |
| 1315-1279 | HITTITE | *WAR* between Hitti and Egypt. |
| 1314 | TROY | *ILLUS-E-ELAS*, son of Tros, founded the city of Troy=Tros 1 Troy, after his father's name. |
| 1313 | BEISAN | (*BETH-SHAN*), *A STATE* of Seti. It is a town in the yizre'el subdistrict of Northern Israel. |
| 1311 | CHINA | *ECLIPSE*, In the 29th year of the reign of Wu-ting, 23rd November 1311 B.C. a lunar eclipse is said to have taken place in China. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1313 | MYCENAE | *A CITY* of Argolis founded. It was the capital of Agemamnon. In 146 B.C. it became a Roman province. |
| 1307 | ATHENS | *PANDBON II*, a legendary king of Athens. |
| 1306-1282 | HITTITE | *MUWATALIS* (Muwatallish) *KING* d.d. 1315-1282, 1320-1287. |
| 1306 | ALEPPO | *RIM SHARMA KING* |
| 1304-1272 | ASSYRIA | *ADAD-NIRARI* I. *KING* d.d. 1330-1295, 1307-1275, 1304-1275, 1305-1273. |
| 1303-1290 | EGYPT | *SETI I*=(Sethos I) King of Egypt. d.d. (1320-1301, 1320-1300, 1318-1299, 1313-1292, 1312-1298, 1308-1291, 1302—? |
| c1300 | ACHAEA | *ACHAEANS*=(Akhioi=Achaei) entered Greece and brought with them cremation system and spread it. |
| 1300 | ASSYRIA | *BECAME POWERFUL* under Shalmanezer I. |
| 1300 | CHINA | *CHINESE LANGUAGE* was in use. Science in the Sana Period was limited to 2500, now number is 50,000. |
| c1300 | CHINA | *CAPITAL* Yin/Anyang. |
| 1300 | ELAM | *NEW DYNASTIES*, about the beginning of the 13th century B.C., established themselves in Elam. Shutruk, Nahhunte Kurir, Nahhunte, Shilhak and Inshushinak were the famous kings of these dynasties. This period is the golden age of Elam. |
| 1300 | EGYPT | *KARNAK AND LUKSOR* temple time in Egypt. |
| 1300 | ENGLAND | *MIDDLE BRONZE AGE* in South-west of England. |
| 1300 | GREECE | *ARCADIANS* settled in the central Peloponnese. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| c1300 | MITANNI | *SHATTURA* I (Tusharta) Hurrian prince. |
| 1300 | MINOAN | *LATE MINOAN* age. Period III of GI. |
| 1300 | TROY | *DEMOLISHED* by a violent earthquake. |
| 1300-1250 | MYCENAE | *ATRAEUS* tyranny. |
| 1300-1200 | UGRIT | *MYCENAEN* culture at Ugrit. |
| 1300-1150 | CHINA | *SHANG* period IV. |
| 1296-1279 | KASSITE | *KADASHMAN-DURGU* of durgu, king of Babylon of kassite dynasty. d.d. 1300-1284, 1297-1265, 1297-1280. |
| 1295 | HURRI | *WA-SHA-SHTTA KING.* |
| 1290-1223 | EGYPT | *RAMSES II*=Ramesses II King ruled for 69 years. d.d. 1318, 1312-1246, 1301-1234, 1304-1237, 1301-1234, 1300-1234, 1299-1232, 1298-1232, 1292-1225, 1290-1224, 1289-1233. |
| 1288 | HITTITE | *MUTTALISH* defeated Ramses II King of Egypt and entered into a treaty with him. |
| 1287 | CADESH | *BATTLE* of Cadesh (Kadesh=Qadesh) between the Hittite King Muwatallis and Ramses II of Egypt. d d. 1300, 1299, 1295, 1291, 1286, 1286/1285, 1279. |
| 1286 | ALEPPO | *THE HITTITE KING* Halpa opposed Egypt. d.d. 1255. |
| 1283 | ATHENS | *AEGEUS*, a legendary king of Athens. |
| 1282-1275 | HITTITE | *URKHI*-Teshub=(Mursilis III)=Urmhi teshub.) King d.d. 1287-1281, 1285-1280, 1281-1275. |
| 1278-1263 | KASSITE | *KADASHAMAN*-Enllil II King d.d. 1284-1278, 1279-1265, 1278-1270. |
| 1275 | HURRI | *WASHASHTTU KING* probable date. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1275 | HURRI | *OVERTHROWN.* |
| 1275-1250 | HITTITE | *HATTUSILIS* III=(Khattusil III) *KING* d.d. 1281-1260, 1280-1255, 1273-?, 1260-? |
| 1273-1241 | CHINA | *REFORM* in the calendar was introduced by the Shang ruler Tsu-chia. The inter-calculation was made immediately after the differences between solar and lunar years were seen to amount to a substantial number of days. |
| 1272 | HITTITE | *TREATY* between Hittite King Hattushilish and Egyptian King Ramses II. This treaty is inscribed on silver plate and contains 18 paragraphs. It was sent from Hitti to Egypt. The Kings of both countries congratulated each other. d.d. 1271, 1269, 1284. |
| 1271-1242 | ASSYRIA | *SULAMANUASARED* I=(Shalamunaser.) King d.d. 1265, 1235, 1214-1245. |
| 1270 | ETHIOPIA | *ZAGUE DYNASTY* was overthrown, and Solomonid dynasty began. |
| 1265-1245 | SUSA | *REIGN* of Untash-Huban. |
| 1262—? | KASSITE | *KUDURRIELLIL*=Kudur-Enlil. d.d. 1278-1269, 1264-1256. |
| 1260 | EGYPT | *COURT* and Pylon of Ramses II. |
| 1260 | EGYPT | *EXODUS, ISRAELITIES* possible date of their departure from Egypt. |
| 1260-1190 | TROY | *THE PERIOD* of the 7th City of Troy. d.d. 1300-1260. |
| 1253-1235 | BABYLON | *SHAGARAKTISHURIASHU* King d.d. 1264-1256, 1255-1243. |
| 1250 | IRAN | *PERIOD OF ZUGGURAT*=Dur-untash. |
| 1250 | MIDDLE EAST | *THE PEOPLE* of civilized countries of the Middle-East were citizens or subjects of one or a number of recognised national states. |
| 1250 | MYCENAE | *PERIOD* of Lion Gate. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1250 | PHRYGIA | *PHRYGIANS*=(*KARAMANIANS*) and other kindred people who came from the Balkans formed an anti-Hittite coalition. |
| 1250-1220 | HITTITE | *TUDHALIYA IV* King d.d. 1260-1230, 1255-1230, 1240—? |
| 1250-850 | PERU | *FORMATIVE* period of history ? |
| 1249 | MEDIA | *MEDIANS* (Arzmadian) of North-west Arabia invaded Canaan but were defeated. |
| 1248-1240 | BABYLON | *KASTILIASH III*=Kashtiliashu. King d.d. 1256-1248, 1255—? |
| 1244 | GREECE | *DICE* is said to have been invented by Palamedes of Greece. |
| 1244-1208 | ASSYRIA | *TUKULTI NINURTA I* King of Enurta. d.d. 1260-1232, 1244-1208, 1241-1205, 1243-1206. |
| 1240 | GREECE | *INVENTION* of the latter is ascribed to Talus a grandson of Daedalus. |
| 1235 | AEGEAN | *AEGEUS* a legendary King of Athens, died when he plunged into the sea which henceforth was named as the Aegean sea. |
| 1234 | ATHENS | *THESEUS*, son of Aegeus, founded Athens as capital of his state and became king. d d. 1235. |
| 1234-1227 | KASSITE | *KASHTILIASHU IV KING* d.d. 1242-1235. |
| 1234-1210 | CARCHMISH | *ASSYRIANS* under Tukulti Nimurta confronted the Hittites at Carchmish and Naire near lake Van-gut, and in the south defeated the Babylonians and the Kassites. |
| 1230 | CANAAN, ETC. | *PHARAO-MERNPATH* conquered Canaan, Ascalon, Gezer, Israel, Yanuam, etc. |
| 1230 | HITTITE | *DECLINE* of the Hittite empire. |
| 1228 | GREECE | *HELEN*=(Helena,) daughter of Zeu by Leda was abducted in her early youth by Theseus, the king of Athens. She was seduced by Paris and carried off to Troy. She again became the wife of Menelaus and returned to Sparta, probable time. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1226 | GRFECE | *NEMEAN* games are said to have been instituted by Adkastus of Argus in honour of Archemoeus who died of a serpent bite. The games were revived by Hercules. In 573 they became Panhellenic. |
| 1226-1220 | KASSITE | *KADASHMANKHARBE II* king of Kassite dynasty, Babylon. |
| 1225 | ACHAEA | *ACHAEANS* (Akhaioi=Achaci) mentioned in Egyptian inscription as northerners, introduced the practice of cremation among Greek-speaking people. |
| 1225 | GREECE-ROME | *BURNING OF DEAD BODIES* was practised among the Greeks and Romans and was very wide-spread about this time. |
| 1223 | CANAAN | *MERNPTAH* attacked tribes of Israel in Canaan. |
| 1223 | EGYPT | *ACHAEANS* join in raid on Egypt. |
| 1223-1213 | EGYPT | *MERNEPTAH KING* d.d. 1236-1223, 1232-1222, 1230—?, 1225-1215, 1224-1214. 1219—? |
| 1222-1210 | CHINA | *REIGN* of Wen-wu-ting. |
| 1220 | LACHIS | *LACHIS* twenty miles south-west of Jerusalem, a Biblical city. The temple of the city was destroyed about this time. |
| 1220-1190 | HITTITE | *ARNUWANDAO KING III.* d.d. 1230-1200, 1235-1215. |
| 1219-1190 | KASSITE | *ADAD-SHUMAUSUR KING* d.d. 1241-1211, 1218-1189. |
| 1216 | ATHENS | *HELENA* demanded by Athens. |
| 1215 | SYRIA-TAURUS | *NEO HITTITES* on the fall of Hittiti empire they moved from Asia Minor to Syria Taurus. |
| 1215-1209 | EGYPT | *RAMSES SIPTAH* King ruled for six years. d.d. 1223-1215. |
| 1209 | BIBLE | *JOTHAM'S* fables of trees are supposed to have been written about this time. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1209-1205 | EGYPT | *SETI II. KING* d.d. 1215-1205. |
| 1207 | ASSYRIA | *THE DEATH* of King Tukulti-Nimurta. |
| 1207-1171 | ELAM | *ELAM* during the rule of Shutruknahhunte I achieved the highest place in history. The king built temples in all important towns in his realm. |
| 1207-1112 | ASSYRIA | *THE FIRST* Assyrian stagnation. |
| 1205 | ATHENS | *MENESTHEUS*, a legendary king. |
| 1204-1202 | ASSYRIA | *ASHUR-NADIN-APLI* (Ashurnadinpali) King d.d. 1240-1230, 1207-1204. |
| 1202 | ASSYRIA | *USURPER SAGGAL-APLI-EKUR*, King son of Ebra-adad. |
| 1202-1188 | BABYLON | *MELIONHIPAK II. KING* d.d. 1211-1196. |
| 1201-1196 | ASSYRIA | *ASHURENERARI III. KING* d.d. 1213-1207. 1203-1198. |
| 1200 | AMMON | *SEMETIC STATE* N-E. of Dead Sea-established. |
| 1200 | CARCHMISH | *HITTITE CITY* on the Euphrateas. |
| 1200 | CHINA | *YIH-KING* or the book of change, which was really a Chinese effort at cosmology. |
| 1200 | CRETE | *THE FALL* of the empire of Crete. It is said that after the fall, one of the branches of these people migrated to the west coast of Italy and were called Etruscans. |
| 1200 | CYPRUS | *THE GREEK* colonisation of Cyprus began before this period. |
| 1200 | DELPHI | *THE TEMPLE* of Apollo at Delphi, first a College with boughs was built with stone by Trophonius and Agamedes about this time. |
| 1200 | EDOM | *ESTABLISHMENT* of the Semetic Kingdom. |
| 1200 | EUROPE | *IRON AGE*—beginning in Greece and iron age proper in Europe cannot be dated much earlier than this period. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1200 | GREECE | *OLIVE TREE* after 1200 B.C. was acclimatised on mainland of Greece. |
| 1200 | HITTITE | *CUNEIFORM* was limited to the area of BOGAZKOY the capital of the Empire and died soon after 1200 B.C. |
| c1200 | JORDAN | *THE TRIBE* of Gad was living in the east of Jordan and the tribe of Reuben also settled there about this time. |
| 1200 | MESOPOTAMIA | *OLD CUNEIFORM* script was still in use in Mesopotamia. The script was used by the Assyrians and the Babylonians alike. |
| 1200 | MINOAN | *LATE MINOAN* period d.d. 1375. |
| 1200 | MEXICO | *EARLY* Post-Classic Age. |
| 1200 | MOROCCO | *BERBERS* occupied Morocco. |
| 1200 | MOROCCO | *PHOENICIANS* from Tyre founded the town of Lixus (Larchae) in north Morocco. |
| 1200 | MYCENAE | *COLLAPSE* of Mycenaean power. After 1200 B.C. the Mycenaean empire ceased to exist and their script disappeared together with their art. |
| 1200 | PALESTINE | *NEISRE TANNAILIC* period. |
| 1200 | PHOENICIA | *ARADUS* (Arvad)& Byblos destroyed by sea people. |
| 1200 | PYLOS | *NESTO*, legendary Greek king. |
| 1200 | SYRIA | *AEGEANS* migrated to Syria. |
| 1200 | SYRIA | *THE CITIES* of the Syrian coast prospered on trade. They exported timber from Lebanon to Egypt, also olive oil, olive, cloth etc. Their main trade was with Egypt. |
| 1200 | UGRIT | *UGRATIAN* language of Ugant was in use or was written in alphabetical cuneiform. |
| 1200 | URUK | *SIN-LEQEUNINI*, Akkadian version of Tradition concerning Gilgmesn. |
| 1200-1198 | EGYPT | *SETHAKHAT*, King d.d. 1205-1204. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1200-1180 | TROY | *THE PERIOD* of Trojan war. |
| 1200-1090 | EGYPT | *TWENTIETH DYNASTY*, capital : Thebes. d.d. 1205-1100, 1200-1065, 1200-1090, 1200-1085, 1184-1087, 1181-? 1190-1070. |
| 1200-1000 | SYRIA | *HITTITE* principalities still existed in Syria in spite of the fall of the Hittite power. |
| 1200-1000 | PHOENICIA | *CITY STATES* flourished. |
| 1200-900 | INDIA | *UPAVARṢA*, grammarian. |
| 1200-900 | PALESTINE | *EARLY* Iron Age—first period. |
| 1200-800 | GREECE | *NON-ETHICAL* religion, rise. |
| 1200-700 | HITTITE | *LATE* Hittite period. |
| 1200-700 | SIBERIA | *KARASUK* period in Siberia. The civilisation of Karasuk was at its zenith in this period. |
| 1200-700 | ASIA MINOR | *PHRYGIAN* period, mushki famous as horse-breeder formed a powerful kingdom |
| 1200-650 | ARABIA | *MINAEAN* kingdom in Jauf. |
| 1200-600 | ARABIA | *MINAEAN* king. |
| 1200-600 | INDIA | *AGE OF PĀṆINI* d.d. 500, 480 to 410, 450 to 350. |
| 1200-580 | PALESTINE | *HEBREW* pre-exilic period. |
| 1200-200 | ADZOO | *HEBREW* was the spoken language of Palestine. |
| 1200 | PALESTINE | *HEBREW* Tannaailic period. |
| 1196-1167 | DAMASCUS | *RAMSES III* ruled. |
| 1198-1167 | EGYPT | *RAMSES III KING* ruled for 31 years. d.d. 1204-1172, 1198-1167, 1198-1166, 1195-1165, 1195-1164, 1182-1151, 1175-1144. |
| 1196 | EGYPT | *WAR* of Ramses III with the Philistines. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1195-1191 | ASSYRIA | *ELLIL-KUDUR-USUR* King. d.d. 1197-1193. |
| 1194 | LIBYA | *ATTACKED* Egypt but was defeated. |
| 1193-1194 | TROY | *TROJAN WAR* begins. |
| 1190 | HITTITE | *SUPPILULIUMAS II KING.* |
| 1190 | HITTITE | *END OF EMPIRE.* Phrygian invasion. d.d. 1200, 1170. Late Hittite period. d.d. 1200-1170. |
| 1190-1178 | ASSYRIA | *ṆINURAT-APAL-EKURI* King. d.d. 1213-1210, 1197-1193, 1192-1180. |
| 1190-1100 | TROY | *THE PERIOD* of Seventh b 2 city of Troy. |
| 1189-1175 | KASSITE | *MELISHIKHU KING.* d.d. 1188-1174. |
| 1184 | GREECE | *BRASS COINAGE* was in circulation according to Homer. |
| 1184 | TROY | *ACHILLES* (Akhilleus) son of Peleus and Thetis hero of Illiad, killed the principal Trojan hero Hector, who was son of Priam and Hecuba, husband of Andromache, and father of Astyanax. He died in front of the second gate of Troy. Troy was destroyed on the night of 27th May or 11th June. After the destruction of Troy a new city was founded but it never attained its former glory. During the time of Strabo (65 B.C.—21 A D.) Troy was in ruins. d.d. 1180, 1183. d.v. modern date assigned to destruction is 1250 B.C. |
| 1182 | ATHENS | *DEMOPHOON*, a legendary king. |
| 1182 | INDIA | *GONANDA III*, king of Kashmir. Kali 1919, Lok. 1894 before Śaka era 1260. He ruled for 35 years. |
| c1182 | LATIUM | *AENEAS* (Aineias) son of Anchises by Aphrodite, wandering for seven years after the fall of Troy, landed in Italy at the mouth of the river Tiber. Latinus, the king of Latium married his daughter Lavinia to him. He ruled for a few years over Latium. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1180-1000 | TROY | *EARLY POEMS* on Trojan war were composed. |
| 1180-700 | PHOENICIA | *INFLUENCE* on Aegean trade and commerce. |
| 1177-1132 | ASSYRIA | *ASHURDAN I KING*. d.d. 1183-1140, 1179-1134, 1179-1135, 1175-1140, |
| 1175 | EGYPT | *DECLINE* begins. |
| 1174-1162 | KASSITE | *MARDUKPLAIDDINA I* (Marduk-apal-iddina) *KING* of the Kassite dynasty of Babylon. d.d. 1196-1183. 1173-1161. |
| 1173 | URUK | *KUTIR NAKHUNTE KING* carried off the Goddess Nana from the Eanna temple in Uruk. |
| 1171 | ELAM | *KUTIR NAKHUNATE KING.* |
| 1171 | ELAM | *ELAMITE INVASION* of Babylon and defeat of Kassites. |
| 1171-1017 | BIBLE | *FIRST AND SECOND BOOKS OF SAMUEL* were composed. d.d. 1120. |
| 1171-640 | ELAM | *ELAMITES* had previously used a linear or geometric script of their own, called Palace Elamite which may be derived from Pictographic symbols, but when they became the lords of Babylonia, they also adopted the cuneiform system of writing of the Sumerians. They simplified it and used about 113 characters of which more than eighty were syllabic. |
| 1170 | CANAAN | *PHILISTINES* first came to Canaan. |
| 1170 | HITTITE | *FALL* of Hittite Power. |
| 1170-1152 | BABYLON | *MARDUK-KABIT-AHESHU*, the king of the IV dynasty. d.d. 1157-1140, 1156-1139. |
| 1170-1139 | ISIN | *SECOND DYNASTY OF ISIN*. d.d. 1157. |
| 1167-1161 | EGYPT | *RAMSES IV KING* ruled for six years. d.d. 1172-1166, 1164-1157 ?-1144. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1165 | CHINA | *CALENDAR* : in the tenth year of Ti-shinanan intercalary month of 29 days was inserted at the end of nine months, named ninth in China. |
| 1165-1185 | EGYPT | *UNDER LAST RAMSIDS*, social life degenerated. |
| 1165-1151 | SUSA | *ZENITH* of her greatness. |
| 1161 | BABYLON | *ZABAD-SHUMAIDDINA* (Ilbab-shum-iddina) *KING* of Kassite dynasty Babylon. d.d. 1160. |
| 1161-1157 | EGYPT | *RAMSES V KING*. d.d. 1166-1162, 1157-1153. |
| 1161-1151 | ELAM | *SHILHAK-INSHUSHINAK KING*, son of Shutruk-Nakhunte. His name is inscribed on a bronze-axe, found in 1957 in a Luristan tomb. |
| 1160-1158 | KASSITE | *ELLILNADINKHKHE KING* of Kassite dynasty, Babylon. d.d. 1182-1180, 1159-1157. |
| 1157-1142 | EGYPT | *RAMSES VI KING*. d.d. 1162-1159, 1153-1149. |
| 1157-1140 | ISIN | *MARDUKBITAKHAKHESHU KING* second dynasty of Isin. |
| 1153-? | EGYPT | *RAMSES VII KING*. d.d. 1159-1157, 1142. |
| c1152 | ITALY | *ALBA LONGA*, the oldest city of Latium founded by Ascanius on the western edge of the Alban lake. |
| 1151-1143 | BABYLON | *ITTI-MARDUK-ALATU KING* of the fourth dynasty. d.d. 1138-1131. |
| 1150 | MACEDONIA | *INVADED* by a northern people. |
| 1150-1027 | CHINA | *SHANG* period V. |
| 1150-700 | PERSIA | *EARLY* iron Age. |
| 1149 | ATHENS | *OXYNTES* a legendary king. |
| 1147 | INDIA | *VIBHĪṢAṆA I KING* of Kashmir ruled for 53 years six months, (according to Rājataraṅgiṇī). Kali 1954, Lok- 1929. d.v. ruled for 53 years. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1146-1123 | ISIN | *NEBUCHADNEZZAR I* (Nebukudurriusu I) *KING* second dynasty of Isin. d.d. 1140-1123, 1125-1104, 1124-1103. |
| 1142-? | EGYPT | *RAMSES VIII KING*. d.d. 1157-1156. |
| 1142-1121 | EGYPT | *RAMSES IX KING*. d.d. 1156-1130, 1090-? |
| 1140-1101 | N. AFRICA | *UTICA* in north Africa, 30 miles north-west of Carthage, was colonised by Phoenicians from Tyre. |
| 1139-1132 | ISIN | *ITTIMARDUKBALALU*, king of Isin. Second dynasty. |
| 1137 | ATHENS | *APHIDAS*, a legendary king. |
| 1137 | CHINA | *SACRIFICE* in the 38th year of the reign of Shang Emperor Ti-hsin the Chou ruler. Chou-wen-wang ordered a sacrifice to be offered because an eclipse happened on the wrong day; it occurred on the 16th day of the month according to the Chinese calendar, instead of fifteenth. |
| 1136 | ATHENS | *THYMOETES*, a legendary king. |
| 1132 | ASSYRIA | *NINURATUKULTIASHUR KING*. |
| 1132 | ASSYRIA | *MUTAKKILNUSU KING*. d.d. 1140-1130. |
| 1131-1126 | ISIN | *NINURATANADINSHUMI KING*. Second dynasty. |
| 1131-1114 | ASSYRIA | *ASHURREHAISI I KING*. |
| 1130-1100 | ASIA MINOR | *BEGINNING* of Achaean migration to Asia Minor. d.d. 1133-1116. |
| 1130-1000 | BABYLON | *PASHE* or Pa-she dynasty ended. |
| 1128 | ATHENS | *MELANTHUS*, A legendary king. |
| 1125 | BIBLE | *THE AGE* of the Song of Deborah. |
| 1125-1104 | ISIN | *NABUKUDURRISUR I* (Nebuchadnezzar I) *KING*. Second dynasty. d.d. 1124-1103. |
| 1125-1025 | GREECE | *DORUS* entered Greece. d.d. 1100-1000. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1123-1121 | EGYPT | *RAMSES X KING*. d.d. 1136-1130, 1119-1116. |
| 1122 | CHINA | *END* of Shang dynasty. d.d. 1050. |
| 1122 | KOREA | *KI-JA KING*. |
| 1112 | CHINA | *U-WANG* founded Chou dynasty. d.d. 1050. |
| 1122-253 | CHINA | *CHOU DYNASTY*. d.d. 1050, 1125-221, 1122-480. |
| 1122-193 | KOREA | *ANCIENT CHOSUM*. |
| 1121-1118 | EGYPT | *RAMSES XI KING*. d.d. 1130-1100, 1116-1085. |
| 1120 | MYCENAE | *DORIAN* invasion of Argolis. |
| 1120 | MESSENA | *MESSENIA* and Laconia under legendary leader Heracleadae. |
| 1120 | THEBES | *BOEOTIAN* conquest and end of monarchy. d.d. 1100. |
| 1118-1117 | EGYPT | *KING OF EGYPT* sent mission under Unamon to Byblos to obtain wood. d.d. 1117. |
| 1118-1090 | EGYPT | *RAMSES XII KING*. |
| 1116-1076 | ARAPAD | *A CITY* paid tribute to Tiglath-Pilser I in this period. |
| 1113-1075 | ASSYRIA | *TUKULRIAPILSARAI I* (Tiglathpileser I=Tiglath) *KING*, d.d. 1116-1077, 1115-1077, 1113-1073, 1115-1077, 1114-1074, 1112-1074, 1100-? |
| 1110-1101 | ISIN | *MARDUK-NADIN-AKHE KING* of the second dynasty. d d. 1100, 1099-1082. |
| c1106 | INDIA | *DIVĀKARA'S TIME*. |
| 1104 | DORIS | *DORIANS* descent form Dorus son of Hellen and their return of the Hiraclidasis dated 1104. |
| 1104 | BOEOTIA | *AEOLIANS* were displaced from Boeotia and Thessaly. |
| 1104 | EGYPT | *INVASION* of sea people. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1103-1100 | ISIN | *ELLILLAD-INAPLI*, king of the second dynasty. d.d. 1102-1099. |
| 1100 | ASIA MINOR | *DORIAN COLONISATION* beginning. |
| c1100 | AEGINA | *AN ISLAND* in the Saronic Gulf was conquered by the Dorians under Deiphontes, son-in-Law of Temenus of Argos. |
| 1100 | AFRICA | *BANTU* people began to move south from the north-east about this time. |
| 1100 | ARMEAN | *NAME* is used for the first time about this period. |
| 1100 | ARPAD | *PHOENICIAN CITY ISLAND*, two miles off the Syrian coast was visited by Tilgath Pileser. |
| 1100 | ASSYRIA | *ASSYRIAN* empire spread westward and reached its climax. |
| 1100 | ASSYRIA | *TREATY* of friendship and peace between the king of Assyria and his neighbour. |
| c1100 | ASSYRIA | *LUNISOLAR CALENDAR* of Babylon was adopted by Assyrians. |
| 1100 | CHINA | *THE SITE* of Yin-hsu destroyed by flood. |
| 1100 | CHINA | *YIN*-hsu (Bamboo Books Chronology) destroyed. |
| 1100 | CORINTH | *OCCUPIED* by Dorian Greeks. |
| 1100 | MYCENE | *COLLAPSE* of Mycenaean civilisation. |
| 1100 | SAMOS | *A GREEK ISLAND* in Aegaen sea was colonised by the Ionian Greeks. |
| 1100 | SUMER | *LION GATE.* |
| 1100 | SYRIA | *TIGLATH-PILESER* I invaded Media and conquered Babylon. d.d. 1105. |
| 1100 | SPARTA | *SPARTANS* entered Melos. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1100 | THEBES | *THEBS* (Thebai=Thivai) a great city, was first mentioned in connection with Boeotia and was its capital. |
| 1100 | UTICA | *UTICA* (Utique) Founded by Phoenicians, a city of North Africa, 25 miles north-west of Carthage. It is located near the mouth of the Medserda (Majardah) ancient Bagaradas seven miles from the Mediterannean sea. d.d. 1101 or 1140. |
| 1100-1000 | CHINA | *POST SHANG* culture. |
| 1100-1000 | CYPRUS | *GREEK COLONISATION* of Cyprus. |
| 1100-1000 | GREECE | *DORIAN* conquest of Peloponnessus and Crete. |
| 1100-1000 | IONIA | *IONIAN COLONISATION* of Asia Minor. |
| 1100-1000 | IRAN | *ARYANS'* new settlement in north and west Iran. |
| 1100-900 | BABYLONIA | *INVADED* by Aramaic tribe. |
| 1100-800 | GREECE | *DARK AGE.* |
| 1100-750 | GREECE | *DARK AGE* following the arrival of Dorians. |
| 1100-750 | HITTITE | *NEO HITTITE* period. |
| 1099-1082 | ISIN | *MARDUK NADINAKHKHE KING*, of second dynasty. d.d. 1110-1101, 1100-?, 1098-1081. |
| 1098-1068 | ASSYRIA | *CAMEL* during the reign of Tiglath-pileser I, sculpture shows that Assyrian army had Camel transport. Even archers riding on camels are depicted in a relief from Carchmis. |
| 1095 | ISRAEL | *SAUL KING* son of Kishabentamite, the first king of Israel. d.d. 1050, 1095, 1015-1000, 1028-1013, 1020-1000. |
| 1095 | BIBLE | *BIRTH OF SAMUEL* who was the last of the Israelite judges. Supposed to be the writer of the Book of Judges and Ruth. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1093 | INDIA | *INDRAJIT* the king of Kashmir ruled for 35 years, Kali-2007, 6m. Lok. 1982 : 6m. (Raj.) d.d. Kali 2007 Lok. 2082, B.C. 1094 |
| 1093 | ISRAEL | *GUARDS*. the custom of having a personal body-guard is said to have been introduced by Saul. |
| 1091 | ATHENS | *CODRUS* the legendary seventeenth and last king of Athens. d.v. Codrus was defeated in a battle and was killed by Dorians. The kingship remained in his family until 8th century. |
| 1090-945 | EGYPT | *TWENTYFIRST DYNASTY*. d.d. 1100-950. 1085-945, 1085-935, 1065-935, 1075-? |
| 1090-1085 | EGYPT | *NESUBENEBDED* (Tanites) *KING*. d.d. 1100-1095, 1060. |
| 1085-1067 | EGYPT | *PSIBKHENNO I*=(Psusennes I= Paebkhanu) (Tanites) *KING*. d.d. 1095-1055, 1090-1070, 1054-?, 1080-?, 950-? |
| 1085-1054 | EGYPT | *KING HARIHOR* (Theban). d.d. 1100 1100-1094. |
| 1085-950 | EGYPT | *AMEN* high priests ruled southern Egypt independently. |
| 1085-330 | EGYPT | *LATE* dynastic period. |
| 1082 | KOREA | *KING KI-SONG*. |
| 1081-1069 | ISIN | *MARDUK-SHAPIK-ZERI* (Zer-Mati) *KING*—Second dynasty. d.d. 1100-1068, 1080-1068. |
| 1080 | ISRAEL | *DOMINATION* of Philistines. |
| 1080-664 | EGYPT | *LATE* New Kingdom. |
| 1077-911 | MESOPOTAMIA | *ARMEANS*, a confederacy of tribes, speaking a north Semitic language, living in Aram a region of north Syria, invaded Mesopotamia. |
| 1074-1073 | ASSYRIA | *ASAREDAPILEKURI* (Asharidapalekur) *KING*. d.d. 1075-1074. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1072-1055 | ASSYRIA | *ASHUR-BEL-KALA KING.* d.d. 1100-1080, 1074-1052, 1073-1056, 1070-? 1050-? |
| 1075-975 | BIBLE | *THE BOOK OF SAMUEL* covers this period. |
| 1068-1047 | ISIN | *ADAD-APALU-IDDINA* or Iddiu king. Second dynasty. d.d. 1068-1056, 1068-1045, 1067-1046. |
| 1067-1026 | EGYPT | *PAYNOZEM* I or Painozem (Theban) or Pinetjem I king. d.d. 1070-? 1030-? |
| 1058-6m. | INDIA | *RĀVAṆA* of Kashmir, *KING* ruled for 30 years 6 months. Kali 2042-6m. Lok. 2017-6m. |
| 1057 | KOREA | *KI-SUN KING.* |
| 1056 | BIBLE | *AMALEKITES.* An ancient tribe living in south Judah extending probably into northern Arabia. |
| 1055 | DAVID | *DAVID* became king. |
| 1054-1053 | ASSYRIA | *ERIBADAD II KING.* d.d. 1055-1054. |
| 1052-1049 | ASSYRIA | *SHAMSHI-DAD IV KING.* d.d. 1039, 1053-1050. |
| 1050 | CHINA | *CHOU* ruler named Wu Wang extended the boundaries of his kingdom upto Central Honan. |
| 1050 | CUMAE | *A GREEK COLONY* in south Italy was founded. d.d. 750. |
| 1050 | GREECE | *DORIANS* occupied Megra (Megaris). |
| 1050 | JERUSALEM | *DAVID* occupied. d.d. 995. |
| 1050 | PALESTINE | *SHILOH*—a town in Canaan 25 miles north of Jerusalem-destroyed. |
| c1050-247 | CHINA | *CHOU* period. d.d. 1027, 1100-221, 1000. |
| 1048-1030 | ASSYRIA | *ASHUR NASIRPALI I KING.* d.d. 1049-1031, 1338-? |
| 1048 | BIBLE | *PROPHET NATHAN.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1048 | JERUSALEM | *DAVID* made it capital of his state. d.d. 995. |
| 1046 | ISIN | *MARDUKAK-AKHEERIBE KING* of the second dynasty. d.d. 1045. |
| 1045-1034 | ISIN | *MARDUK-ZERA*. Second dynasty. |
| 1044 | ATHENS | *MONARCHY*—end of and the beginning of the rule of Archons (Arkhon). |
| 1040 | ASIA MINOR | *IONES*, a Pelasgian an ancient people of Aegean race emigrated from Greece and settled in Asia Minor and adjoining islands. |
| 1040 | EDOM | *EDOMITES*, the descendants of Easu son of Issac Rebekah were subjugated by David. |
| 1040 | SYRIA | *DAMUSCUS* taken by David. d.d. 990. |
| 1038-1022 | BABYLON | *SHIMMASH-SHIPAK* King of V Dynasty. d.d. 1048-1030 |
| 1034 | BIBLE | *NATHAN'S* fable of the poor man. |
| 1033 | ISRAEL | *ARMEANS* led by Hadadezer king of Zobah pressed hard on Israel but were defeated by David. |
| 1030 | KOREA | *KI-BUK KING*. |
| 1030 | SICILY | *GREEK COLONISATION* of Sicily. Opicians the ancient inhabitants of Campania drove the Sikans (a people of Spain) toward the south and west of the Island of Sicily. |
| 1033-1026 | ISIN | *NABU-SHUMALIBUN KING* of second dynasty. d.d. 1056-? 1048-? 1032-1025. |
| 1030-1020 | EGYPT | *MENKHEPERRE* (Theban) *KING*. d.d. 1050-1000. |
| 1029-1018 | ASSYRIA | *SHALMANASER II* (Sulmanaser II) *KING*. d.d. 1030-1019, 1030-1018, 1019-? |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1028 | INDIA | *VIBHIṢAṆA KING* of Kashmir ruled for 35 years 6 months=Kali 2073=Lok. 2048 (Raj). d.d. Kali. 2048. Lok. 2018, A.D. 1018. |
| 1027-1020 | CHINA | *MU-WANG.* |
| 1027-771 | CHINA | *WESTERN CHOU* period—capital at Hao. d.d. 1077-771, 1027-256. |
| 1026-976 | EGYPT | *KING AMENEMAPET* (Amen-em-ipet) (Tanite). d.d. 1043-1033, 1020-970, 1009-1000. |
| 1025 | BABYLON | *SEA LAND* second dynasty ruled for 21 years. |
| c1025 | ISRAEL | *SAUL KING.* d.d. 1022-1000. |
| 1025-1008 | BABYLON | *SIMBAR SHIKKHU* (Simmashilu) *KING* of second Sealand dynasty. d.d. 1024-1007. |
| 1020 | BETSHE'AN | *PHILISTINES* of Beth-shan (Beisan) defeated the Israelites and the bodies of Saul and his sons were exposed on the walls of Bet-She'an. d.d. 1002, 1000. |
| 1020-1000 | CHINA | *CHENG WANG.* |
| 1017-1012 | ASSYRIA | *ASHURNARAI IV KING.* d.d. 1018-1012, 1018-1013, 1007-? |
| 1015-997 | BABYLON | *THREE* kings of VI dynasty. |
| 1014-586 | BIBLE | *KINGS*, the events occurred which were later recorded in the first and second books of kings. d.d. 1015-562. |
| 1014-588 | AGE | *THE FIFTH AGE* (upto the capture of Jerusalem). d.d. 1010-970, 1010-955, 1000-975. |
| 1011-971 | ASSYRIA | *ASHUR-RABI II KING.* d.d. 1013-973, 1012-995, 1011-971, 1010-970, 1001-? |
| 1008 | BABYLON | *EAMUKINZERI KING*—Second Sealand dynasty. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1007-1005 | BABYLON | *ILUKASHSHUMADINAKHI KING* second Sealand dynasty. d.d. 1006-1004. |
| 1006 | JUDAH | *DAVID* was anointed king of Judah at Hebron. d.d. 1013, 1010, 1003, 100-961, 1000-960. |
| 1004 | BABYLON | *BAZU* dynasty ruled for 20 years. |
| 1004 | JERUSALEM | *FEAST* of Tabernacles celebrated at the dedication of the temple of Solomon. |
| 1004-988 | BABYLON | *EULMASHSHAKINSHUNAI* or Shum king of Bazu dynasty. d.d. 1027-1010, 1003-987. |
| 1004-536 | BIBLE | *CHRONICLES* first and second d.v. The book was finally composed about between 3000-300 B.C. |
| 1000 | AMMON | Conquered by Hebrews. |
| 1000 | ARABIA | *YEMENE* people were settled even before this period in Arabia. |
| 1000 | ASIA MINOR | *SMYRNA* (Smurna) founded by the Greeks. |
| 1000-960 | BABYLON | *ELAMITE RULE.* |
| 1000 | BALKANS | *INDO-EUROPEAN* people arrived in the Balkans and in the Upper Danube valley from where one section crossed into Italy, they were Italici, Illyrians and Celts. |
| 1000 | BETHELHEM | *VILLAGE* in Israel dates from before 1000 B.C. situated 5 miles south of Jerusalem. |
| 1000 | BIBLE | *THE SONG OF DEBORAH* (Debbora) was composed about 1000 B.C. It is supposed to be the oldest section of the Bible. |
| 1000 | CADIZ | *A CITY* of southern Spain is situated at Cadiz bay, founded as Gadir by Phoenician merchants from Tyre. d.d. 1100. |
| 1000 | CRETE | *EARLY* Iron Age. |
| 1000 | DENMARK | *EARLY* Bronze Age. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| c1000 | EGYPT | *AMEN-EM-AFTS*, teachings are included in the collection of proverbs and precepts of Egypt. |
| 1000 | ELIS | *A TERRITORY* bounded on the north by Achaea, on the east by Arcadia, on the south by Messenia and on the west by Ionian Sea. At the time of Dorian invasion Elis fell to the share of Oxylus and the Aetolians. |
| 1000 | EPHESUS | *FOUNDED* in Asia Minor near the mouth of the river Cayster by Ionian colonists under the leadership of Androclus, son of Codrus. |
| 1000 | GREECE | *CONSTRUCTION* of the Temple of Hera at Olympia in Greece. p. t. |
| 1000 | GREECE | *GREEK MIGRATION* began long before this period. |
| c1000 | INDIA | *BHAGADATTA*, legendary king of Prāgjyotisha. |
| 1000 | INDIA | *UṆĀDI* Sūtrapāṭha by Sākaṭāyana. |
| 1000 | ILLYRIA | *ILLYRIAN* speaking people migrated in the middle of the tenth century B.C. to the area round the head of the Adriatic Sea. They were called Veneti ; when the Huns attacked them in 452 A.D. they took refuge in the island of Venice. |
| 1000 | IRAN | *MEDES* penetrated into Iran. |
| 1000 | IRAN | *NEO-ELAMITE* period. |
| 1000 | IRAN | *IRON AGE* begins. |
| 1000 | ITALY | *IRON AGE*, after 2000 B.C., was influenced by Villanovan culture. |
| 1000 | ITALY FRANCE | *OLIVE* cultivation is supposed to have started in Italy and France. |
| 1000 | KOREA | *KICH'UN KING*. |
| 1000 | MESOPOTAMIA | *GLAZED* pottery appeared. |
| 1000 | MINOAN | *EARLY* Iron Age. |
| 1000 | PHOENICIA | *SYLLABIC* writing was in use. |
| 1000 | SAMOS | *SETTLED* by Greeks. Aegean island, off Asia Minor. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1000-980 | CHINA | *K'ANG-WANG.* |
| 1000-960 | BABYLON | *ELAMITE* rule. |
| 1000-900 | ASSOS | *GREEK CITY* and seaport of the Troad, founded by Aeolic colonists from Methymn in Lesbos ruins of Doric temple of Athena—can be seen even today. |
| 1000-800 | CYPRUS | *PHOENICIAN* migration to Cyprus. |
| 1000-800 | ARM | *ARMEANS* occupied Arm region comprising a large area of northern Syria. |
| 1000-800 | ITALY | *ETRUSCANS* lived in the area north of the river Tiber between the Apennines in the east and the coast of Italy in the west as early as 1000 B.C. |
| 1000 800 | ITALY | *ETRURIA* was settled by a northern people whose civilization is known as Southern Villanovan. |
| 1000-774 | PHOENICIA | *HEGEMONY* of Tyre. |
| 1000-750 | MANNA | *HASANTU* was an important Mannai centre. Manna was a hilly region east of Sulaimaniyan on the south and east of Lake Urmia. Metal working was highly developed and horse-breeding was important. |
| 1000-732 | DAMASCUS | *ARMEAN* kingdom. |
| 1000-700 | ASSYRIA | *NEW-ASSYRIAN* period. |
| 1000-700 | BIBLE | *THE BOOK OF PROVERBS* was composed about this period. The book is Solomon. (Mishle/Shelomoh). d.v. In its present form, it was probably completed in 6th Century B.C. |
| 1000-700 | PHRYGIA | *THE KINGDOM OF PHRYGIA.* |
| 1000-700 | SYRIA | *ARMEAN* kingdom in Syria. |
| 1000-625 | BABYLON | *NEO-BABYLONIAN* language was in use. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1000-600 | ASSYRIA | *NEO-ASSYRIAN* language was in use. |
| 1000-587 | PALESTINE | *PERIOD* of Hebrew kingdoms. |
| 1000-500 | PHONICIA | *WORLD TRADE* developed. |
| 1000-250 | JAPAN | *BAN'KI* (latest or final) period. |
| 999-954 | EGYPT | *PAINOZEM* (Theban) King. d.d. 999-945, 995-979. |
| 995 | JERUSALEM | *DAVID* captured Jerusalem and founded his kingdom. |
| 992-6m. | INDIA | *NARA I* (Kinnar) King of Kashmir ruled for 40 years 9 months. Kali 2108. 6m. Lok. 2803-6m. (Raj). d.d. Kali 2078, Lok. 2053, B.C. 1030. Ruled for 39 years 9 months. |
| 990-980 | ISRAEL | *CONQUERED* by David. |
| 990-955 | BABYLON | *NABU-MUKIN-APLI* King. d.d. 1001-965, 997-942. |
| 987-985 | BABYLON | *NINURATAKUDURRIUSUS I* of the Bazu dynasty. d.d. 941-986. |
| 985 | BABYLON | *SHIRKITISHUQAMUNA* King of Bazu dynasty. d.d. 984. |
| 985-960 | BABYLON | *DYNASTY* of Bazu ruled for 20 years. |
| 984-979 | BABYLON | *MARBITIAPL 'USUR* King of Babylon. d.d. 1007-1001, 983. |
| 980 | PHOENICIA | *ABI BAAL* King. |
| 980-967 | CHINA | *CHAO-WANG.* |
| 980-936 | TYRE | *HIRAM KING I.* d.d. 969-936, 968-? |
| 978-943 | BABYLON | *NABUMUKINAPALI* King. d.d. 977-942. |
| 977 | BIBLE | *ECCLESIASTES* was composed about this time. (composed much later) |
| 976-958 | EGYPT | *SIAMON* King = (Sa Amen (Tinite). King. d.d. 1000-984, 995-979, 994-947, 970— |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 973-936 | ISRAEL | *SOLOMON* King son of David. d.d. 975-935, 974-934, 970-930, 968-928, 968-?, 992-922, 961-933, 960-025. |
| c 970 | BIBLE | *SIMON*, father-in-law of Solomon and brother-in-law of Hadad of Edom. |
| 970 | DAMASCUS | *ARAMEAN* dominion was founded by Rezon, son of Eliada. |
| 970-966 | ASSYRIA | *ASHURRESAISI II*. King. d.d. 957. 971-967. |
| 969-936 | JERUSALEM | *TEMPLE* ; probable time of construction. |
| 968-935 | PHOENICIA | *HIRAM* King. |
| 968 | KOREA | *KI-CHANG* King |
| 966 | KOREA | *KING KI-GONG*. |
| 965-933 | ASSYRIA | *TILGATH-PILESER II KING* (Tukulgipilesavra II). d.d. 966-935. 956—? |
| 964-927 | CHINA | *MU-WANG*. |
| c 962-915 | GREECE | *ILLIAD AND ODYSSEY* were composed. d.v. Earliest date assigned to composition is 900-800 or 900-700 d. d. 524. |
| 954-947 | EGYPT | *PESIBKHANNU II*=King (Bsusennes II=Pasebkhanu.) King (Theban) d.d. 984-950, 979-950, 879-950, 958-845, 954-942. |
| 957 | KOREA | *KI-CH'AK KING*. |
| 953 | JERUSALEM | *TEMPLE* on mount Zion was dedicated. |
| 953 | JERUSALEM | *BECAME POLITICAL AND RELIGIOUS* capital of Israel. |
| 953-942 | BABYLON | *MAR-BITI-AHHE-IDDIN KING* of eighth dynasty. |
| 951-9 m. | INDIA | *SIDDHA*, *KING* of Kashmir ruled for 60 years. Kali. 2149-3m. L. 2124-3m. d.d. Kali 2118, L. 2093, B.C. 283. (Raj). |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 950 | EGYPT | *HOR-PSIBKHANNU* |
| 950 | INDIA | *JEWS* arrival on the east coast of Malabar on the trading ships of Solomon. |
| 950 | ITALY | *VENGTI* tribe immigrated north of Italy or achieved Roman citizenship. |
| 950 | SYRIA | *REZON KING.* |
| 950-771 | CHINA | *MIDDLE* and later part of Western Chou period. |
| 950-500 | SARDINIA | *MIDDLE* Nuragic period. |
| c 945-924 | EGYPT | *KING SHESHONIK I*=(Shishak=Sheshonq=Sheshnek) Bubastites), the capital of the country and succeeded in reuniting Egypt. d.d. 950-929, 947.925, 945-920, 935-918, 935-914, 947— |
| c945-745 | EGYPT | *TWENTYSECOND* dynasty (Bubastites) d.d. 958-730, 947-720, 945-715, 940·730, 935-725, |
| 943 | KOREA | *KI-JO* King. |
| 943 | BABYLON | *NINUR TAKUDDURRIUSUR II* King |
| 942 | BABYLON | *MARBITIAKHKEIDDINA* King. |
| 941 | ETHIOPIA | *ASA* defeats Ethiopians. |
| 941-901 | BABYLON | *SHAMASH-MUDAMMIC* King. |
| 935 | ISRAEL | *SECESSION* of ten tribes. |
| 935 | ISRAEL | *KING SOLOMON* died. |
| 936-722 | ISRAEL | *KINGDOM* |
| 935-586 | JUDAH | *KINGDOM* |
| 934 | PHOENICIA | *BAAL AZZAR I* (Taklit II or Suspak III). |
| 932-910 | ASSYRIA | *KING ASHURDAN II.* d.d. 934-912. 933-911. |
| 928 | PHOENICIA | *BECAME INDEPENDENT.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 928-911 | JUDAH | *REHOBOAM* succeeds his father Solomon. d.d. 935-917, 931-915. |
| 928-907 | ISRAEL | *JEROBOAM KING* I. d.d. 975-954, 936—?, 933-887, 031-910, 929-909, 907— |
| 927-912 | CHINA | *WANG KING.* |
| 926 | PALESTINE | *TELL ATA ABU HAWAN* destroyed. |
| 226 | BET SHELAN | *LUNDERED* by king Sheshnok of Egypt. |
| 924-895 | EGYPT | *KING GSORKON* I (Bubastites). d.d. 929-893, 925-889. |
| 918 | PHOENICIA | *BAAL*, Phoenician deity, was worshipped also by Israelites specially by Ahab. |
| 918-909 | TYRE | *ABD-ASHTART KING.* |
| 917 | PHOENICIA | *ABD-ASTART KING.* |
| c916 | DAMASCUS | *TABRIMMON KING.* |
| 916 | RHODES | *AN ISLAND* on the coast of Asia Minor, populated by people from Crete. |
| 916 | RHODES | *NAVIGATION*—the first law originated with Rhodians. |
| 911-908 | JUDAN | *ABIJAH KING.* d.d. 917. |
| 909-889 | ASSYRIA | *ADADNIRARI II KING.* d.d. 912-891, 911-891, 911-890. |
| 909-858 | ASSYRIA | *RECOVERED* her power. d.d. 909-889, 911— |
| 908 | PHOENICIA | *METHU-ASTART KING.* d.d. 915. |
| 908-867 | JUDAH | *ASA KING..* |
| 907-906 | ISRAEL | *NADAB KING.* d.d. 912. |
| 906-883 | ISRAEL | *BAASH KING.* d.d. 911. |
| 900 | ARAMAIC | *BEGINNING* of a Syllabary script. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 900 | ASIA MINOR | *TARSU WAS FOUNDED* by the Ionian Greeks before mid-ninth century, and was birthplace of St. Paul Apostle (on the river Cyndus in Asia Minor. |
| 900 | ASSYRIA | *TREATIES* of peace and friendship between Assyria and her neighbour. d.d. 860-853. |
| c900 | DAMASCUS | *BENHADAD* I King. |
| 900 | ITALY | *ETRUSCANS* migrated to Etruria and western Umbria. |
| 900 | MEXICO | *LATE* Classical age. |
| 900 | PALESTINE | *OLD HEBREW* language was in use. |
| 900 | SOUTH ARABIA | *BEGINNING* of a syllabary script. |
| 900 | SPARTA | *YLCURGUS*, the founder of Sparta. d.d., 1200-800. |
| 900-612 | ASSYRIA | *EMPIRE* at its zenith. |
| 900-600 | GREECE | *MONARCHIES* were replaced by aristocracy throughout Greece. |
| 900-500 | SPAIN | *IRON AGE* in Spain. |
| 900-200 | ARAMAIC | *SCRIPT* was in use. It used Phoenician alphabets. The earliest example is founded on an altar from Tall Halaf. Aramaic is a Semitic language. |
| 900-100 | BIBLE | *OLD TESTAMENT*, composed. p.t. |
| 896 | KOREA | *KI-SA KING.* |
| 895-874 | EGYPT | *TAKELOTI I KING.* (Bubastites) d.d. 893-870. 889-865. |
| 894-892 | BABYLON | *NABUSHUMISHKUN KING.* d.d. ?-885. |
| 991-9m. | INDIA | *UTPALĀKṢA KING* of Kashmir ruled for 30 years 3 months. Kali-2209-3m. L. 2184-3m. (Raj). d.d. Kali. 2178. L. 2193. B.C. 930 (Raj.) |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 888-884 | ASSYRIA | *TUKULTI-URTA II* or Ninurta or Enurta II King. d.d. 890-885. 890-884. 890-883. 889-884. 889—? |
| 887-876 | SAMARIA | *OMARI KING* founded the city of Samarialu Central Palestine. d.d. 890-884. 885-874. 925—? 870—? |
| 887-856 | PHOENICIA | *ITHABAAL* (Ethbaal) *I* founded a new dynasty in Phoenicia. His power extended to Beirut and part of Cyprus. |
| 885 | ASSYRIA | *CAVALARY* was not used in Assyrian army before this time. |
| 885-852 | BABYLON | *NABU-APAL-IDDINA KING.* d.d. 881-851. |
| 884-850 | GREECE | *LYCURGUS* established Senate and codified the laws. d.d. 775. |
| 883-859 | ASSYRIA | *ASHUR-NASIRAPALI II.* d.d. 885-859 884-860. 884-859. 883-859. 883-853. 884-859 ?—851. |
| 883-882 | ISRAEL | *ELAH KING.* d.d. 888. |
| 882 | ISRAEL | *ZIMRI KING.* d.d. 887. |
| 882-871 | ISRAEL | *KING OMRI* founder of III dynasty. He made a new capital at Samaria. d.d. 887-876. 885-874. 887-843. |
| 881-221 | CHINA | *FEUDAL AGE.* |
| 880 | KALAH | *CAPITAL* moved from Nineveh to Kalah (Nimrud) situated on the east bank of Tigris about 22 miles south of ancient Nineveh. |
| 879 | KALAH | *INSCRIPTION* describing the rebuilding of the city *KALAH* (NIMRUD) and founding of its new capital by Ashur Nasirpal. |
| 876 | SAMARIA | *BAAL WORSHIP* and human sacrifice were introduced. |
| 876-853 | SAMARIA | *KING AHAB* extended the city. d.d. 879. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 875 | ASSYRIA | *SYRIA AND PHOENICIA* submitted to Assyria. d.d. 884. |
| 875 | PHOENICIA | *BAAL-AZZAR II KING.* |
| 874-853 | EGYPT | *KING OSORKON II* (Bubastites). d.d. 880-850. |
| 873-841 | CHINA | *LI-WANG.* |
| 872-772 | INDIA | *PĀRŚVANĀTHA,* Jain Tīrthaṅkara flourished. d.d. 817. |
| 871-851 | ISRAEL | *AHAB KING.* d.d. 876-853. 874-853. 874-852. |
| 867-851 | JUDAH | *JEHOSHAPHAT KING.* d.d. 875-851? —850. |
| 862 | BIBLE | *JONAH* Book was written. d.d. 500-350. 400-250. |
| 862 | ARGOS | *COINS*—gold and silver were in use. |
| 861-7m. | INDIA | *HIRAṆYĀKṢA* King of Kashmir ruled for 37 years, 7 m. Kali—2239-9m. L. 2214-9m. (Raj). d.d. Kali—2208, L. 2183. B.C. 893. |
| 860 | EGYPT | *HARSIESI* (Theban) *KING*. d.d. 850-836. |
| 860-843 | URARTU | *ARME KING* of Urartu. |
| 860-834 | EGYPT | *TAKELETI II* = (Takeloti) (Theban) King. d.d. 847-823,—825, 815, 812-778. (Osokorn IV 725-720). |
| 859 | ASSYRIA | *ARMA* of Arme Urartin King defeated by Shalmaneser III. |
| 859-824 | MEDIAL | *MEDES'* name first appeared in the history in the records of Shalamaneser III. |
| 858-824 | ASSYRIA | *SULMANUSAREY III* (Shalmneser) *KING*. d.d. 859-824, 857—? |
| c858 | SAM'AL | *HAIAN KING,* son of Gabbar of Sam'al in south Turkey. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 854 | ASSYRIA | *COALITION* of the kings of Damascus, Hamath, Hittite, Anmorites, Israel, Egypt and Phoenicia against Shalamaneser. |
| 853 | ALEPPO | *ASSYRIANS* conquered Aleppo = (Halpa). |
| 853 | ARABIA | *ARAB* is mentioned for the first time on the inscription of Shalamaneser III. d.v. Assyrian record also mentions certain queens of the Aribi in northern Arabia. |
| 853 | CARTHAGE | *CARTHAGE* was founded by Dido Elissa, the daughter of Tyrian King, Beluo. The language of Carthage was Punic, a Phoenician dialect. d.d. 814. d.v. The other view is that Carthage was founded in 814 by Pygmalion (820-774). |
| 853 | DAMASCUS | *ASSYRIANS* captured Damascus. |
| 853 | KARKAR | *AHAB* of Israel allied with Irhuleni of Hamath and Bar-Hadad I of Damascus, fought the battle at Karkar against king Shalmaneser III of Assyria. d.d. 854. |
| 852-828 | BABYLON | *MARDUK-ZAKIR-SHUMI I.* King d.d. 852-822, 850-840, 850-822. |
| 851-850 | ISRAEL | *AHAZIHA KING.* d.d. 853-852. |
| 851-843 | JUDAH | *JEHORAM KING.* d.d. 852. |
| 850 | BIBLE | *ELIJAH*—prophet, probable time. d.d. 800. |
| 850 | DAMASCUS | *BENNADAD KING.* |
| 850 | EGYPT | *SHESHONK II* (Bubastites King). d.d. 821. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 850 | HARRAN | *SHALAMANESER* restores the temple of (Nanna) Sin at Harran. |
| 850 | TARSUS | *AN ANCIENT CITY* of Cilicia, was captured by Assyrians in 850. It was reduced to an Assyrian colony. |
| 850-842 | ISRAEL | *JORAM KING*. d.d. 852. |
| 849 | CARCHEMISH | *SUBJUGATED* in Syria near modern JERBLUS, 63 miles north east of Aleppo. |
| 849 | MOAB | *MOBITE* stela was erected by king Mesha of Moab. |
| 848 | ASHTAMAKU | *BATTLE* of the city of Ashtamaku. d.d. 857. |
| 847 | TYRE | *PYGMALION*, legendary king and brother of Elissa (Dido). |
| 843 | IRAN | *ELLIPI* : It is mentioned by name in the annals of campaign carried out in the sixteenth year of the reign of Shalmaneser III (c843), an area extending southward from Nihawand valley and the northern Luristan mountain and crossing on the north present day road from Kermnasha to HAMADAN |
| 843 | KOREA | *KIEYUM KING* (R). |
| 843-842 | JUDAH | *AHZIAH KING*. d.d. 844. |
| 842-814 | ISRAEL | *JEHU KING*. d.d. 843, 841-814. |
| 842/841 | HARMON | *BATTLE* of mount Harmon in Israel Jehu paid tribute to Assyria. d.d. 841. |
| 842-836 | JUDAH | *QUEEN ATHALIAH*, daughter of Jezebel ruled. d.d. 843. |
| 841 | CHINA | *CHRONOLOGY*, historical begins. |
| 841 | SYRIA | *HAZAEL KING*. |
| 840 | URARTU | *SARDURIS I KING* son of Lutipri. His capital was at Tushpa (Turushpa). d.d. 832-825 ? 832-820. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 818 | EGYPT | *PEDUBASTE KING* (Theban). |
| 836-799 | JUDAH | *JEHOASH KING.* d.d. 800-785, 837—? |
| 835 | MEDIA | *SHALMANESER III KING* entered Medes and fought near Hamdan. d.d. 836. |
| 834 | IRAN | *PARSUA* a tribe settled in the area west and south-west of Urmia (Reza'iyeh) |
| 834 | PERSIA | *PERSIANS* in the Parsa (Persipolis) region (Takhte-E-Jamshed) situated 32 miles N. E. of Shiraj. |
| 834-784 | EGYPT | *SHESHONK III KING* (Bubastites King). d.d. 821, 818-766. |
| 829 | URARTU | *WINS CONTROL* of Mannai an Iranian folk of Median stock and Mad from Shams'adad. |
| 825 | BIBLE | *PROPHET JONAH.* |
| 825 | BURMA | *KAN RAJAGYI KING* of Arakan. |
| 825 | KOREA | *WOVEN* silk is found in the tomb at lo-land belonging to this period. |
| 825 | URMIA | *MEDES* in the region of lake Urmia (Daryachehye Reza'iyeh) north-west of Iran. |
| 825-756 | BURMA | *FIFTY* three kings of the second dynasty. |
| 824-809 | ASSYRIB | *THE THIRD* period of Assyrian stagnation. |
| 824-746 | ASSYRIA | *CIVIL WAR* in Assyria and establishment of second Assyrian Empire by Pul (Tiglath-yileser III in 745. |
| 823-8m. | INDIA | *HIRAṆYAKULA KING* of Kashmir ruled for 60 years. Kali-2277-4m. L. 2252-m (Raj). d.d. Kali-2246. L. 2121. B.C. 795. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 823-810 | ASSYRIA | *SHAMSHIADAD V. KING*. d.d. 825-812, 824-811, 824-810, 823-811. |
| 820 | MEDIA | *MEDUS KING* son of Medea gave the kingdom the name of Media. Media became independent of Assyrian rule. |
| 820-800 | URARTU | *ISHPUINIS KING* (Ispuini). d.d. 829-805? 828-785. |
| 820 | BABYLON | *MARDU-BALASTU-IQBI* King of VII dynasty. d.d. 850—? 823, 822-794, 821-814. |
| 818-811 | ASSYRIA | *WAR* with Babylon. |
| 814-800 | ISRAEL | *ZCHOAHAZ KING*. d.d. 816. |
| 814-786 | MACEDONIA | *CARANUS*, a descendant of Hercules, founded Macedonia. |
| 814 | CARTHAGE | *COLONISED* by the Phoenicians. d. d. 814/813. |
| 812-782 | ASSYRIA | *ADADNIRAE III KING* claims subjugation of Madai and Parsua. d.d. 811-783, 811-782, 810-783, 810-782. |
| 811-808 | ASSYRIA | *SAMU-RAMAT* (Semiramis) queen. d.d. 809-806, 811-807. |
| ?—811 | BABYLON | *MARDUK-BALASSU-IQBE KING*. |
| ?—811 | BABYLON | *BABRAKHAKKH-AIDLENE KING* d.d. 814-813. |
| 810 | ASSYRIA | *UMBRELLA* was used before this date as is proved by a bas relief found there. |
| 810-799 | BABYLON | *PERIODS* of the rule are not exactly known. |
| 810-781 | URARTU | *MENUSES* (Menuas) King son of King Shpuinia. d.d. 810-778, 805—? 800-775, 815-790. |
| 810-730 | CHIOS | *HOMER* Greek Historian and writer of Odyssey and Iliad. His place of birth is not certain, but CHIOS & SMYAN are best supported. d d. 800. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 809 | ASSYRIA | *ADADNARARI III KING* his motqer was SEMIRMIS. d.d. 810-783. |
| 809-782 | BIBLE | *AMOS* prophet born in the Judaean town of Tekoa, south of Bethelhem, kingdom of Samaria. |
| 806 | SYRIA | *ADDNIRAI III* forced the city of Arpad to pay tribute in arrears. |
| 805 | ASSYRIA | *CAMPAIGN* in the west. d.d. 765. |
| 805-782 | ASSYRIA | *ADAD NERARI III KING.* d.d. 810-783. |
| 802 | DAMASCUS | *ASSYRIANS* renewed attack on Aram-Damascus. |
| 800 | AMORITE | *ARAMAIC* language became the international language of near-east and official language of Persia. |
| 800 | ARAB | *MA'RIB* temple was dedicated to moon. The building was oval, 984 ft. in circumference. |
| 800 | BIBLE | *JOEL* was written about this time. d.v. Joel prophecy can be dated 400. |
| 800 | CYPRUS | *PHOENICIANS* penetrated into Cyprus. |
| 800 | GREECE | *FORMATION OF CITY STATES* and the age of Iliad & Odyssey. |
| 800 | GREECE | *POSSESSION* of Ionic coastline from Asia Minor was completed by the Greeks. |
| 800 | IBERIA | *CELTS* A people living north of Alps on the Iberian Peninsula. |
| 800 | INDIA | *MALWA* (Ujjain) painted glassware culture is dated about 800 B.C. |
| 800 | ISRAEL | *JOASH KING.* d.d. 801-787. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 800 | NUBIA | *CIVILISATION* arose about 800 B.C. |
| c800 | SAMAL | *KALAMU KING* of Samal. |
| 800 | SICILY | *ELYMIANS* before eighth century entered Sicily and occupied the western corner of the land. |
| 800-700 | GREECE | *RISE OF 'ARISTOCRACY'* throughout the country. |
| 800-600 | GREECE | *COLONISATION* due to food shortage and class struggle began. |
| 800-600 | PALESTINE | *PROPHETIC* revolution. |
| 800-500 | GREECE | *ARCHAIC* period. |
| 800-500 | INDIA | *THE NIRUKTA* of Yāska. Probable time). d.d. 1420, 708, 561/562. |
| 800-400 | INDIA | *THE SŪTRAS* of Āśvalāyana, Āpastamba, Baudhāyana, Kātyāyana and Satyāṣāḍha. Probable time. d.d. 562. |
| 800-400 | INDIA | *VEDĀNGA* Jyotish of Lagadh. Probable time. |
| 800-400 | MAYA | *OLEMIC* civilisation. |
| 800-250 | CHINA | *FEUDALISM* |
| 799-786 | JUDAH | *AMZIAH KING*. d.d. 799-782. 798-786. |
| 797 | LYDIA | *KINGDOM* began under ARDYSI. |
| 796 | ASSYRIA | *ASSYRIAN* campaign to the Orontes valley. |
| 793 | KOREA | *KI-WUL KING.* |
| 789-766 | URARTU | *ARGISHTI I KING.* |
| 787 | BIBLE | *AMOS BOOK* was written. d.v. during the period of king Uzziah (783-742) of Judah and Jeroboam II (768-745 B.C.). d.d. 763. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 786 | SYRIA | *DOUBLE DECK SHIP* was first built by Tyrians. |
| 786-774 | MACEDONIA | *COENUS KING.* |
| 786-758 | JUDAH | *AZRIAH* (Uzziah) *KING*. d.d. 782-751, 780. |
| 785-749 | ISRAEL | *JEROBOAM II KING.* d.d. 784-744, 783-743. |
| 785-725 | BIBLE | *HOSE A BOOK* was written. During the period of Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah, kings of Judah). |
| 784-782 | EGYPT | *PEMOW*=(Pimai=Pami=Piami) (Bubastites) *KING*. d.d. 772-767, 769-?, 766-763. |
| 782 | CHINA | *HSUAN KING* died. |
| 782-763 | BABYLON | *ERIBA-MARDUK KING*. d.d. 800-760? 800-763. |
| 782-745 | ASSYRIA | *STAGNATION*—the fourth period. |
| 782-745 | EGYPT | *SHESHONK IV KING*. d.d. 767-730, 763-725. |
| 781-773 | URARTU | *ARGISTIS I* (Arghisti) *KING*. d.d. 785-760, 785-755, 784-766 ? 781-760, 778-750. |
| 781-772 | ASSYRIA | *SULMANUSARED* IV (Sulmanus-assared=Shalmanaser) King. d.d. 783-773, 782-773, 781-772. |
| 781-772 | CHINA | *YU-WANG.* |
| 780-1644A.D. | CHINA | *EARTHQUAKES*—the longest list numbering 908 is recorded. |
| 774 | CORINTH | *MONARCHY*—fell. |
| 778 | KOREA | *KI-JIK KING.* |
| 776 | KOREA | *KING KI-U.* |
| 776 | ERA | *OLYMPIAD*—the era of Greeks dating from the first July, 776 and traditional date of first Olympiad. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 775 | CHINA | *SOLAR ECLIPSE* of Sept. 6th, first recorded date. |
| 775 | SYRIY | *STEEL* was discovered near Aleppo relating to Zakir, king of Hamath (Ham), Syria. |
| 774-729 | MACEDONIA | *THURIMS* King. |
| 774-625 | PHOENICIA | *ASSYRIAN* period. |
| 773-772 | ARAPAD | *A CITY* fifteen miles north and north-west of Aleppo attacked. |
| 771 | CHINA | *BARBARIAN* invasion. |
| 771 | CHINA | *LOYANG* (Lo-i) became capital. d.d. 770. |
| 771 | CHINA | *ALLIANCE* of northern feudal states. |
| 771-754 | ASSYRIA | *ASHURDAN III KING.* d.d. 773-755. 772-754. |
| 771-250 | CHINA | *LATER CHOU* period (eastern Chou dynasty). d.d. 771-222, 770-256. |
| 767 | ECLIPSE | *SOLAR ECLIPSE*, 15th June 767. |
| 767 | WORLD | *PLAGUE* In all parts of the known world. |
| 765 | HATAARIK | *ATTACKED.* A town on the eastern side of the river Orontes and south of Antioch. d.d. 773-772. |
| 765 | SAMARIA | *AMOS* of Tekoa appeared at a feast at the shrine of Beth-el in the kingdom of Samaria. d.d. 763. |
| 764-8m. | INDIA | *VASUKULA* ruled Kashmir for 60 years. Kali 2378-4m. Lo. 2312-4m. d. d. Kali-2306, Lo. 2281, B.C. 795. |
| 763 | ECLIPSE | *TOTAL* solar eclipse. |
| 763-758 | ASSYRIA | *CIVIL WAR.* |
| 763-757 | EGYPT | *SHESHONK V KING.* |
| 760-748 | BABYLONIA | *NABU-SHUM-ISKUNT* King d.d. 762-761-748. 762-748. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 761 | KOREA | *KI-MOK* King. |
| 761 | LYDIA | *ALYTTES I* reigns. |
| 760-743 | URARTU | *SARDURIS* II King. |
| 760-698 | BIBLE | *ISAIAH, PROPHET.* The book Isaiah of Bible was composed during this period. (Jotham Ahaz and Hezekiah). d.d. 763-698. |
| 758-742 | JUDAH | *JOTHAM KING.* d.d. 740. |
| 757-748 | EGYPT | *OSORKON* III (Theban) King. d.d. 780-750. 778-748. |
| 756 | ABYDOS | *COLONISED* from Miletus on the Euxine, a town of Mysia in Asia Minor. |
| c756 | CYZICUS | *A CITY IN MYSIA* was founded by Miletus and refounded in 675. d.d. 757 and 757/756. |
| 754 | ARAPAD | *ATTACKED.* |
| 753 | ERA | *ROMAN*, began with the foundation of Rome. |
| 753 | ROME | *FOUNDATION* of Rome, t.d. d.d. 754. 750. |
| 753-716 | ROME | *ROMULUS* the legendary founder of Rome. Amulious, the uncle of Romulus, and Remus ordered them to be drowned but they were saved and reared by a sea-wolf. Romulus killed his younger brother. d.d. 753-717. |
| 753-745 | ASSYRIA | *ASHURNIRARI V* King. d.d. 755-746, 755-745, 754-746, 753-746, 753-745. |
| 753-510 | ROME | *MONARCHICAL* Rule. |
| 752 | ATHENS | *INTRODUCTION* of decennial archonship at Athens, t.d. |
| 752 | ROME | *FLOARALIA*, annual games in honour of flora, was celebrated. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 751-730 | EGYPT | *PIANKHI* Napatan Kushite king. d.d. 742. |
| 750 | ALMINA | *GREEK TRADING FACTORY* was established. |
| 750 | ASSYRIA | *SLAVERY* |
| 750 | BIBLE | *MICAH BOOK* of Bible was composed. (during the period of Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah). |
| 750 | EPHESUS | *THE TEMPLE* of Artemisium was founded. It is one of the seven wonders of the world. |
| 750 | CIMMERIL | *THE TRIBE* was living on the border of Bosphorus or south Russia according to Herodotus. d.v. a tribe living far north or west of Europe. |
| 750 | CUMAE | *A CITY*, on the west coast of Campinia was founded by Euboean Greeks from Chalcis and Eitria. |
| 750 | EGYPT | *CONQUERED* by Assyria. |
| 750 | ETRURIA | *CREMATION*, upto this time. Villanovams cremated their dead. |
| 750 | GREECE | *HELLAS AND HELLEN*, the beginning of the terms of Hellen for Greece and Greek-speaking people. |
| 750 | HARRAN | *SIN* of Harran is mentioned in treaty of Arapad. |
| 750 | HARRAN | *ISCHIA COLONISED* by Greeks. An island 16 miles south-west of Naples. It was known to the Greeks as an island of Pithekousa and to the Romans as Aenaria. |
| c750 | ROME | *ROMANS* married Sabine women. |
| 750-670 | EGYPT | *KUSHITE* dynasty. |
| 750-650 | CORINTH | *BACCHIADS* a Dorian family dominance. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 750-650 | ELAM | *PARTIALLY* independent of the capital. |
| 750-650 | SPARTA | *CONQUERED* all Laconia. |
| 750-650 | GREECE | *COLONISATION* period, rise of middle class. |
| 750-612 | ASSYRIA | *EMPIRE.* |
| 750-590 | NAPATA | *THE CAPITAL OF* ancient kingdom of Cushdu Nubia. |
| 749-748 | ISRAEL | *ZECHARIAH* King. d.d. 744. |
| 749-667 | EGYPT | *NUBIAN* king dominated Egypt. |
| 748 | ISRAEL | *SHALLUM* King. d.d. 744. |
| 748 | ISRAEL | *MENAHEM* King. |
| 748 | Rome | *SABINES* conquered by Rome. The two were unified and became one nation. |
| 748 | KOREA | *KING KI-P'YUNG.* |
| 748-730 | EGYPT | *TAKELOTI III* (Theban), Rudamen and Osorkon King IV. d.d. 757-745. 755-745 750-740. 750-720. 745-735. |
| 747 | BABYLON | *SECOND EMPIRE*, beginning. |
| 747 | ERA | *THE OLD EGYPTIAN* era begins with the accession of Nabonassar from 26th Eebruary 747 and consisted of 365 days only. d.d. 27th Feb. |
| 747 | LYDIA | *MYRSUS* rule beginning. |
| 747-734 | BABYLON | *NABONASAR* (Nabu Nasir) King, dynasty IX. d.d. 748-734, 747-733, 746-734, 747-733. |
| 745-727 | ASSYRIA | *TIGLATH-PILESER III.* (*PULLU*) *KING.* He extended his empire upto Arachosia Kandhar. Nineveh became the capital of the empire. d.d. 746-728, 746-727, 745-727, 744-727. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 745-720 | HITTITE | *TIGLATH-PILESER III KING* attacked and conquered neo-Hittite kingdom of North Syria. |
| 745 | CORINTH | *OLIGARCHY* replaces kingship. |
| 745 | URARTU | *SARDUR II* (Sarduris) King. d.d. 760, 765-733 ? |
| 743-724 | MESSENIA | *THE FIRST WAR* said to have lasted for about 20 years in enslavement of Messenians by Spartans. d.d. 740-720 736-716, 735.—? |
| 742 | ARAPAD | *SIEGE* of. |
| 742-740 | ASSYRIA | *TIGLATH-PILESER III* pacifies Babylon. |
| 742-726 | JUDAH | *AHAZ KING.* d.d. 735. |
| 742-706 | ASSYRIA | *CITADEL* of Sargon II at Dur Sharukin. |
| 741 | LOYANG | *FEAR OF INVASION* from the west led to establishment of the capital at Loyang in China. |
| 740 | ARAPAD | *TIGLATH-PILESER III* captured it after 3 years of siege. |
| 740 | ASSYRIA | *ALL THE SYRIAN STATES* had returned to their Assyrian allegiance. |
| 740 | SAM'AL | *AZARIHA KING DIED.* |
| 740 | TYRE | *KING OF TYRE* was still called king of Sidonians about 740 B.C. |
| 740-732 | SAM'AL | *PANMMU II KING.* |
| 738 | HELIPOLIS | *SEAT OF THE WORSHIP OF BAAL,* was captured by Assyrians. |
| 738 | TYRE | *HIRAM II RULER OF TYRE.* |
| 738-696 | PHRYGIA | *MIDAS KING* was the first barbarian to make present to Delphi. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 737 | MALTA | *PHOENICIANS* dispossessed by the Greeks. d.d. 736. |
| 737 | ASSYRIA | *TIGLATH-PILESER* in Teheran region. |
| 737-735 | ISRAEL | *PEKHAHIAH KING.* |
| 737-735 | ASSYRIA | *ASSYRIAN* campaign in Media and Armenia. |
| 736 | URARTU | *LOSES* control of Syria. |
| 735 | JUDAH | *HEZKIAH'S* father placed Judah under Assyrian suzerainty. |
| 735 | LYDIA | *CANDAULES* (Myrsillus) ruler. |
| 735-731 | ISRAEL | *PEKAH KING.* d.d. 737. |
| 735 | NAXOS | *FOUNDATION* of Naxos by Chalcis, a Greek colony city of Sicily. Traditional date. c734. |
| 735 | SICILY | *THE PHOENICIANS* founded colonies. |
| 734 | ASSYRIA | *ASSYRIANS* conquered Galilee. |
| 734 | ASSYRIA | *ASSYRIANS* marched on Haneen of Gaza who fled to Egypt. |
| 734 | RAFAH | *ASSYRIAN* army reached the frontier of Egypt at Rafah. |
| 734 | CORCYRA | *GREEK COLONY* founded in Corcyra, an island in Ionian sea. d.d. 736. |
| 734 | ETNA | *ERUPTION* of Etna volcano in Sicily. |
| 734 | GALILEE | *PART* of Assyrian empire, the north region of Palestine. |
| 734 | SAMARIA | *TIGLATH-PILESER* overthrew Samaria. |
| 734 | SICILY | *SYRACUSE* founded as Corinthian colony. d.d. 735, 734, c733. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 734 | URARTU | *SARDURIS III KING*. d.d. 750-733, 760-733, 749-734. |
| 734-732 | ISRAEL | *TIGLATH-PILESER III* of Assyria against Israel. |
| 733 | MEGIDDO | *TROOPS* of Tiglath-Pileser III were destroyed at Megiddo. d.d. 734. |
| 733 | SYRACUSE | *COLONISED BY CORINTHIAN* colonist. |
| 733-732 | BABYLON | *NABUNADIN ZERI* (Nabu—Nadin-Sar) *KING*. d.d. 734-733, 734-732. |
| 733-714 | URARTU | *UEDIPRIS RUSUS I KING*. d.d. 730, 732-714. |
| 732 | BABYLON | *NABUSHUMA'UHIN II KING*. d.d. 747. |
| 732 | DAMASCUS | *SIEGE AND FALL* of Damascus and Assyrian conquest. d.d. 733. |
| 732-538 | DAMASCUS | *UNDER* the kings of Assyria. |
| 732 | HAZOR | *DESTROYED BY* Tiglath-Pileser III. It was ten miles north of the Sea of Galilee and five miles south-west of lake Huleh. |
| 732 | ISRAEL | *THE FIRST DIASPORA*, i.e., dispersal of Jews and transplanting of conquered Jews into countries of conquerer.<br>d.v. term generally applied to Jewish community living outside Palestine. |
| 731 | ISRAEL | *PEKAH KING* assassinated. |
| 731-729 | BABYLON | *MUKIN ZERI* (U Kin Sar) *KING* of X dynasty. d.d. 732-730. |
| 731-722 | ISRAEL | *HOSHEA* the last king of Israel. d.d. 732-723. |
| 730 | BABYLON | *LUNAR* eclipses were systematically observed and recorded from 730. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 730 | CORCYRA | *COLONISED* by Corinthian colonists. |
| 730 | MENDE | An Eretrian colony founded. |
| 730 | METHON | *A TOWN* of Macedonia on the Thermaic gulf. |
| 730 | PARSUA | *TIGLATH-PILESER III KING* conquered Parsua. |
| 730 | REHGIUM | *GREEK COLONY* was founded from Chalcis in Italy. d.d. 743, 723, 720. |
| 730 | EGYPT | *MEMPHIS* was captured by Piankhi (Napatan). |
| 730-720 | EGYPT | *KING TEF-NE-KHT* (Tafinket=Tefakht) (Memphite). d.d. 720-718. |
| 730-710 | MESSENIA | *WAR AND VICTORY* of Sparta. |
| 730-663 | NUBIA | *NUBIAN KING* Piankhi conquered Egypt and founded the 25th dynasty. d.d. 730-660, 721-? |
| 729 | ASSYRIA | *MERODACH-BALADAN KING* of Babylon submitted to Tiglath-Pileser. |
| c729 | CATANA | *FOUNDED* by the Greeks on the east coast of Sicily. d.d. 728. |
| 729 | LEONTINI | *FOUNDATION OF A TOWN* 12 miles north-west of Syracuse. d.d. 730, 728. |
| 729 | PHOENICIA | *MATTAN* (Metenna=Metina) ruler of Tyre. |
| 729-678 | MACEDONIA | *PERDICCAS KING.* |
| 728-727 | BABYLON | *PULU* (Tukultapilesara *III*) *KING*. d.d. 729-727). |
| 728-675 | MEDES | *DEIOCES KING* and founding of Ecbatana. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 726 | BIBLE | *PROPHET NAHUM.* |
| 726 | MEGRA. H. | *MEGARA HYBLEA*, a town 12 miles north-west of Syracuse was founded by Megara. d.d. 728. |
| 726-722 | ASSYRIA | *SHALMNSER V* (Sulmanuasare d V) *KING*. d.d. 727-722, 725-? |
| 726-697 | JUDAH | *HEZEKIAH* (Heb. Hizqiya, Gk. Elekias) *KING.* |
| 725 | INDIA | *VAJJIAN* Republic beginning, p. t. |
| 725 | MESSAN . | *FOUNDED* from Cumae a city in north eastern Sicily. |
| c725 | SAM'AL | *BARREKEB KING DIED.* |
| 725-690 | TYRE | *ELULAIOS* (Lule) of Tyre reconquered Cyprus. |
| 724 | ASSYRIA | *SAM'AL AND QUE* were probably annexed. |
| 724 | MESSENIA | *SHALMNSER V KING* marched on Samaria and King Hoshea was forced to capitulate. |
| 725 | GREECE | *ARISTODEMUS*, king of Messenia; for the safety of his country he sacrificed his own daughter in fulfilment of a vow. He was unsuccessful and put an end to his own life upon the daughter's tomb. |
| 722 | SAMARIA | *SARGON KING* conquers Samaria after a siege of 3 years and turned the remainder of the kingdom of Israel into an Assyrian province. |
| 722 | ISRAEL | *SECOND DIASPORA* and the end of northern kingdom of Israel. |
| 722 | KOREA | *KI-GWUL KING.* |
| 722-710 | ASSYRIA | *MAROBACHBALADAN* leads revolt against Assyria. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 722-705 | ASSYRIA | *SARGON II KING*, builder of Khorsbad. d.d. 706, 721-705. Capital Dur Sharrukin. |
| 722-481 | CHINA | *CH'UN-KH'IU* period (Annals period of loose confederation). |
| 721 | ASSYRIA | *CONQUERED* the kingdom of Israel. d.d. 722. |
| 721 | DER | *ELAMITES* defeated Sargon of Assyria at the city of Der. |
| 721 | SAMARIA | *RAZED TO THE* ground by Sargon, the successor of Shalmaneser and is the oldest Greek colony in the region. d.d. 721-710, 721-711. |
| 721-705 | ASSYRIA | *SARRU'UKIN II* (Sargon) *KING*. d.d. 722-705. |
| 720 | ARAPAD | *REVOLTED* against Sargon II. |
| 720 | BABYLONIA | *LUNAR ECLIPSE* was seen at Babylonia and recorded. |
| 720 | HAMATH | *ANNEXED* by Assyria. |
| 720 | MEGARA | *CORINTH* loses the control of Megara, a city of Achaia. |
| c720 | MESSENIA | *CONQUERED* by Sparta. |
| 720 | RAPHIA | *SARGON* defeated Egyptians and Philistines under the leadership of Hanun and Sibu at Raphia. |
| 720 | SYBARIS | *GREEK COLONY* in southern Italy. |
| 719 | PARSUASH | *SARGON III KING* established control over Parsuash (Kiramanaih). |
| 719 | SYRIA | *UNDER* Assyrian possession. d.d. 720. |
| 718-712 | EGYPT | *TWENTYFOURTH DYNASTY*. d.d. 730-715, 725-710. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 718-712 | EGYPT | *BEKHERANEF* (Bochoris Memphites) d.d. 720-715, 720-716, 718-712. d.v. 720-715 King Tefnakhet and Bochoris. |
| 717 | CARCHMISH | *CAPITULATED* to Sargon II. |
| 717 | ELAM | *SHUTRUK NAKHKHUNTE II KING.* |
| 717 | MYLAE | *A GREEK COLONY*, was founded on the north coast of Sicily. |
| 717 | SYRIA | *PISRIS KING.* |
| 716 | LYDIA | *CONQUERED* by Guges who became king. |
| 715 | ASHDOD | *UNSUCCESSFUL REVOLT* under the leadership of Yavani, at Ashdod, now a post 18 miles from Tel Aviv. |
| c715 | MEDIA | *DEIOCES* (Diaukku=Dayakku) a Menean or Median Chieftain joins Urartu in anti-Assyrian alliance. He was captured by Sargon II and deported to Hamath. d d. 710. |
| 715 | MEDIA | *DICES* united the Medians of western and northern Iran and founded the kingdom of Media. |
| 715 | NIMRUD | *OLDEST CODEX* was found at Nimrud. |
| 715 | SABA | *ITIAMARA KING* of Saba, a kingdom in south west of Arabia, sent tribute to Assyrian king. |
| 715 | SAMARIA | *REORGANISED* as a province of Assyria. |
| 715 | ZANKLE | *THE CITY* was founded by colonists from Cumae and Chalsis. d.d. 730. |
| 715-677 | ROME | *NUMA POMPILIUS*, son-in-law of Tatius Sabine became the second legendary elected king of Rome. d.d. 715-673 or 572, 714-? |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 715 | ROME | *VESTA* : the establishment of the cult of Roman Goddess of Hearth. The cult was introduced in Rome by Numa. Her fire was kept burning by six priestesses who were called Vestals. The festival was celebrated on June 8th. |
| 714 | ASSYRIA | *SACKED* some of the Urartian cities. |
| 714 | CEMMCIAN | *ASSAULTED* Urartu. |
| 714 | MANNAI | *URARTIAN* domination on Mannai, on the north-west of Iran and south of lake Urmia, i e. modern Azerbaijan and Kurdistan. |
| 714 | ROME | *JANUS TEMPLE* : Romulus erected the temple and it was closed during the time of war only. It was closed by Numa in 714, during Punic War in 235 under Augustus 29-25 and 5 B.C. The Chief festival of Junes was new year's day. |
| 714 | URARTU | *SAKAGON* defeated by Saragon. |
| 713 | JAN. FEB. | *NUMA* introduced the months of January and February before March. Thus December became the twelfth month of a year, whereas earlier it was the tenth month of the year. January was named after Janus a Roman God and February after Februss, an Italian Divinity. d.d. 710. |
| 713 | MEDIA | *SARGON* subdued fortytwo Median chiefs. |
| 713 | ASSYRIA | *TABAL* (Tubal) was annexed by Assyria. |
| 713-685 | URARTU | *ARGISTIS II* (Argishti) *KING*. d.d. 714-680, 714-685, 713-679. |
| 712 | ASHDOD | *SARGON KING II* at Ashadod and siege of Ashdod. |
| 712 | ASTACUS | *A GREEK COLONY* founded from Megra in Bithynia on the sea coast. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 712 | JUDAH | *MERODOCH BALADAN* sent an embassy to Hezekiah, the king of Judah. |
| 712 | ZAGROS | *UKSHATRA* (Cyaxares I), a rebellious Chieftain of north Zagros paid tribute to Sargon. |
| 712-700 | EGYPT | *SHABAK* (Shabako) (Ethiopian) *KING.* d.d. 716-701, 716-595, 710-696, 615-? |
| 712-663 | EGYPT | *THE TWENTYFIFTH DYNASTY* (Ethiopian); King Shabak of Napata founded it. d.d. 751-656, 750, 751-?, 745-650, 730-656, 715-656. |
| 711 | ASHDOD | *GREEK RULER* was defeated by the Assyrians, after 3 years of siege. |
| 711 | ASSYRIA | *GURGUM* was annexed by Assyria probably in this time. |
| 710 | ASSYRIA | *SARGON II* became king of Babylon. |
| 710 | CROTON | *ACHIANS* founded the town on the east coast of Bruttian Italy. d.d. 708. |
| 710 | ETHIOPIA | *TIRHAKAH KING* marches against Senacherib. |
| 710 | HITTITE | *END* of Hittite power. |
| 710 | PARIUM | *A CITY* on the European coast of Hellespont where a Greek colony was founded. |
| 710 | ROME | *NUMA* institutes the priesthood. |
| 710 | THASOS | *FOUNDED* from Paros island city state in northern Aegean. |
| 710 | TORONE | *A GREEK COLONY* founded in Macedonia. |
| 709 | ASSYRIA | *SARGON* at the shore of Assyria. |
| 709 | KUMMUKHI | *ANNEXED* by Assyria. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 709 | BABYLON | *SARGON* deposed Merodach-baladane of Babylon. |
| 709 | CYPRUS | *ASSYRIAN* domination. |
| 709-705 | BABYLON | *SARRUKH II* (Sargon) *KING* regent. d.d. 710-705. |
| 709-705 | CYPRUS | *SARGON II* sets up stele etc. and receives tribute from the king of Cyprus. |
| 709-668 | CITIUM | *A TOWN* on the north east coast of Cyprus became an Assyrian protectorate. |
| 708 | MEDIA | *BECAME INDEPENDENT* of Assyria. |
| 708 | TARENTUM | *FOUNDED* by the Spartans in Italy, d.d. 705, c706. |
| 708 | THASOS | A*N ISLAND* in the northern Aegean four miles off the coast of Thrace, was colonised by the Greeks from Paros. It had gold mines. d.d. 710, 680. |
| 708-655 | MEDIA | *DEJOCES KING* is mentioned by Herodotus. |
| 707 | URARTU | *OVERTHROWN* by Cimmerians (Cimirraya=Gomer). |
| 706 | TARENTUM | *FOUNDED* by the Partheniae and Sparta. d.d. 700. |
| 705 | SARGON | *DIED* fighting with Cimmerians. |
| 705 | PHRYGIA | *KING MIDAS OVERTHROWN* by Cimmerians. d.d. 707. |
| 605-703 | BABYLON | *REVOLT.* |
| ?04 | CHINA | *FEUDAL PRINCE OF WU* proclaimed himself "Wang", the title of the ruler of Chou dynasty.<br>d.v. Chu kingdom. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 604 | CORINTH | *AMEINOCLES* of Corinth builds warships for Samians. |
| 704-703 | BABYLON | *SINKHKHEERIBA* (Sennacherib) *KING.* |
| 704-681 | ASSYRIA | *SENACHCHEERIBA* (Sennacherib) son of Saragon II. d.d. 705-681, 703-681. |
| 704-681 | NINEVEH | *BECAME THE CAPITAL* of Assyria. |
| 703 | BABYLON | *REBELLION.* |
| 703 | BABYLON | *MARDUKAZA KIRSHUMI II KING.* |
| 703 | BABYLON | *MARDUKA-PLAIDDINA II KING.* |
| 703 | KOREA | *KI-WHE KING.* |
| 702 | CHARCHEMISH | *TABLETS*, p.t. |
| 702 | KHAR-KHAR | *KING CYAXARES* (Ukshatar) attacked Assyrian garrison at Kharakhar. |
| 702-700 | BABYLON | *BEL IBNI KING.* |
| 701 | ASHDOD | *HAD ITS OWN RULER.* |
| 701 | JERUSALEM | *BESIEGED BY* Sennacherib. |
| 701 | JUDAH | *SENNACHERIB* entered Judah and king Hezokiah was besieged and compelled to surrender. |
| 701 | LACHIS | *THE ASSYRIAN* siege of the Judean city of Lachis. |
| 701 | PHOENICIA | *TUBA'AL* (Ithobal II) *KING* of Sidon. |
| 701 | PHOENICIA | *CONQUERED BY* Sennacherib with the exception of Tyre. |
| 700 | ABDERA | *A TOWN* on the coast of Thrace near the mouth of the river Nestos was colonised by the people of Clazomenae. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 700 | ASCRA | *HESIOD* oldest known Greek poet. d.d. 850, 800. |
| 700 | PAROS | *ARCKILOCHUS* (Archilokhos) one of the earliest Greek lyric poets and the father of satire flourished. |
| 700 | BABYLON | *EGIBE'S* bank. |
| c700 | BABYLON | *PROVERBS* and Precepts from a tablet of Babylonian origin dateable some time before this time discovered. |
| 700 | BIBLE | *THE BOOK OF PROVERBS* dated about 1000 B.C. was collected by Hezkiah about this time. |
| 700 | CARTHAGE | *PHOENICIAN* colony of Carthage was founded by Dido, the daughter of the Tyrian king, Selus on the north coast of Africa, 20 miles east of modern Tunisia. d.d. 750. |
| 700 | CAULONIA | *A GREEK ACHAEAN COLONY* was founded on the 'sole' of the Italian 'boot'. |
| 700 | E. MEDITERANNEAN | *COINAGE* was invented in the eastern Mediterannean states but China and India developed their own coinage systems. |
| 700 | CORCYRA | *AN ISLAND* in the Ionian sea was colonised by the people of Corinth. d d. 735, 734. |
| c700 | CYPRUS | *SYLLABARY* script is also known as Classical Syllabary. |
| c700 | ECBATNA | *FOUNDED* on the site of modern Hamadan in Iran. |
| 700 | ERETREA | *DEFEATED* by Chalcis in the Lalentine war. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 700 | ELTEKEH | *BATTLE* of Eltekeh (Altaku) 25 miles south-east of Tel-Aviv in Israel near Ekron between Egypt and Assyria. |
| 700 | EGYPT-GREECE | *FRIENDSHIP* between Egypt aud Greece. |
| 700 | ELEUSIS | *ATHENS CONQUERED* Eleusis, a town of Attica about 14 miles north-west of Athens. |
| 700 | GREECE | *HESIOD*, one of the oldest known Greek poets. d.d. 800. |
| 700 | GREECE | *LELANTINE WAR*, between Chalcis and Eretria. |
| c700 | IONIA | *GREEK COLONISTS* began to arrive on Ionian coast. |
| 700 | INDIA | *AJIVIKA SECT*. p.t. |
| 700 | ITALY | *LOCRI* (Locri Epizephyrii) a Dorian city in the toe of Italy was founded apparently by Opuntit. d.d. 683, 673. d.v. A Greek colony was founded. |
| c700 | JEWS | *THE FIRST DEPORTATION.* |
| c700 | MEAPONTUM | *FOUNDED* by Achean colonists from Sybaine and Italy on the gulf of Tarentum near the mouth of Bradanus river. |
| 700 | MACEDONIA | *UNITED* under one government and the kingdom of Macedonia was founded by Perdiccas. d.d. 729. |
| c700 | MEDIA | *DICES* founded Median monarchy. |
| 700 | PERSIA | *MANNAI* culture. |
| c700 | PHRYGIA | *MIDAS*, the king of Phrygia, married a princess of Aeolic Cyme. |
| 700 | PAEETUM | *FOUNDED* by Greeks from Sybaris. d.d. 600. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 700 | SCION | *CITY STATE* founded by Achaeans. |
| c700 | SIRIS | *A TOWN AND COLONY*, was founded by the Greeks on the gulf of Tarentum. |
| c700 | TROY | *HELLENIC COLONISTS* reoccupied which remained deserted for some centuries. This period is called the period of the VIII city of Troy. |
| 700-750 | KARMIR BLUR | *CITADEL* was built by king Rusas son of Argisti, during this period. It was a Uratrian stronghold on the upper Araxes (Transcaucasia). |
| 700-691 | ELAM | *CONFLICT* between Elam and Assyria. |
| 700-688 | EGYPT | *SHABATAH* (Shebiktu) (Ethiopian). d.d. 700-689, 695-690. |
| 700-695 | PARSUMASH | *ACAEMENES KING.* |
| 700-650 | PURSUA | *FOLK* moved to south Parsumash. (Bakhiari hills). |
| 700-600 | GREECE | *ORPHISM*, a mystical cult the doctrines of which were contained in poems of Orpheus, a legendary poet, musician and founder of Orphism. The cult believed in immortality and following a cycle of transmigration. |
| 700-550 | LYDIA | *UNDER* the Mermnad dynasty. |
| 700-546 | ASIA MINOR | *LYDIA CARIA LYCIA* and Greek colonisation period. |
| 700:400 | SWEEDEN | *LATE* bronze age. |
| 700 A.D. 300 | EGYPT | *DEMOTIC*, a form of cursive script was used. |
| 700-300 | SIBERIA | *TAGAR* period. |
| 699-693 | ELAM | *RULER* Khullushu. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 699-694 | BABYLON | *ASHUR-NADIN-SHUMI KING.* |
| 697-643/642 | JUDAH | *MANASSEH KING.* d.d. 692. |
| 695-694 | PHRYGIA | *CIMMERIAM* defeated Midas and conquered Phrygia. |
| 694 | NINEVEH | *HUGE WALL* was complete. |
| 694 | PHOENICIA | *SENNACHERIB* marches with Phoenician ships. |
| 694-692 | BABYLON | *NERGAL-USHEZIB KING.* |
| 693 | NIPPUR | *THE BATTLE* of Nippur (Niffer=Nuffar). an ancient city of Mesopotamia situated on the Euphrates river about 45 miles south-east of Babylon and 160 miles south, south-east of Baghdad. |
| 693 | ELAM | *KUTIS NAHHUNTE KING.* |
| 693 | URATU | *RUSSA II* (Rusa) *KING.* d.d. 680-645?, 685-650, 678-654. |
| 692 | ANSHAN | *SENNACHERIB* lists Anshan, an ancient City in south-western Iran and Parsumash among his foes. |
| 692 | ASSYRIA | *ATTACKED* Elam. |
| 692-689 | BABYLON | *MUSHEZIB-MARDUK KING.* d.d. 693-689. |
| 692 | ELAM | *UMMAN MEHANU RULER.* d.d. 693-689. |
| c690 | SICILY | *GELA* (Terranova), a city on the south coast of Sicily was founded by colonists from Crete and Rhodes. d.d. 689, 688, 690. |
| 690 | ASIA MINOR | *SMYRNA* in Ionian confederation. |
| 689 | ASSYRIAN | *TOOK AWAY AFTER DESTROYING* Babylon their God Marduk. |
| 689 | BABYLON | *SACKED.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 689-681 | ELAM | *RULER KHUMMA KHALDASH* (Umman haldesh I). |
| 689 | PHASELIS | *A GREEK* colony founded on the southern coast of Asia Minor. |
| 689-681 | BABYLON | *ESSARDON, REGENT.* |
| 688-681 | BABYLON | *SINAKHKHEERIBA* (Sennacherib) *KING.* |
| 687 652 | LYDIA | *GYGFS KING* succeeded as king of Lydia after the murder of Candaules. d.d. 689-663, 688-652. 685-643, 680-650, 670-652, 660-? |
| 687/686 | JUDAH | *MANASSEH* became co-regent with his father and after him from 687/686 sole king d.d. 690-638. |
| 686 | EGYPT | *PELUSIUM* : Disaster of Sennacherib Tineh. |
| 685 | CALCHIDON | *TOWN* of Bithynia was founded by Greek colonists from Megara. |
| 685 | SABA | *KARIBAILU KING* of Saba in Arabia. |
| 685-652 | LYDIA | *GYGES KING* founded Mermand dynasty in Lydia and ruled for 38 years. d.d. 718, 682-652. |
| 685-668 | SPARTA | *TYRTAEUS* wrote military and elegiac poems. He was himself a Spartan general and reformer. |
| 685-666 | MESSENE | *MESSENIAN SECOND WAR.* d.d. 650-630. 565-? |
| 688-663 | EGYPT | *KING TAHARKA* (Tarqu) (Ethiopian). d.d. 689-664: 688-663. 685-663. 675-? |
| 685-643 | CHINA | *CH'I* hegemony. |
| 683 682 | ATHENS | *ARCHONSHIP* became an annual office. |
| 681-669 | ASSYRIA | *ESHRHADDON*=(Eshrdon= Ashur achuddina King d.d. 681-668. 681-669. 680-669. 680-668. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 680 | ARGOS | *PHEIDON*, king, who changed kingship into tyranny. |
| 680 | GELA | *GREEK COLONY* on south-east Coast of Sicily founded. |
| 680 | GREECE | *CHANGED THE COIN* and introduced Coined money into Greece. |
| 680-643 | CHINA | *KUAN OF* Chi. t.d. |
| 680 | ASIA MINOR | *CIMMERIAN* invasion. |
| 680 | MEDIA | *MAMITIARSU* King. |
| 680 | OLYMPIA | *CHARIOTS* were introduced in the Olympic games in Greece. |
| 680 | SIDON | *ESARHADDON* sacked Sidon. |
| 680-669 | SUMER | *KING ASHURAKUIDDINA* (Esarhddon) defeated Sumerians and their leader Teuspa. d.d. 681-679. |
| 680-669 | ASSYRIA | *PROVERBS AND PRECEPTS* from an Assyrian collection dateable to the reign of Eaarhaddon is discovered. |
| 678-640 | MACEDONIA | *ARGAEUS* King. |
| 678 | PHOENICIA | *ABDI-MILKUT* (Sidon), ruler. |
| 678 | KURDISTAN | *TEUSPA* break Assyrian hold. |
| 678 | PHOENICIA | *SIDON* rebelled against Assyria. |
| 678-654 | URARTU | *RUSAS III KING.* |
| 676 | MEDIA | *ASSYRIAN RAID* penetrated into Median territory as far as mount Bikani. |
| 676 | PHRYGIA | *CIMMERIANS* a people driven from Russia by Nomad Scyth Overthrew Phrygia under the last King Midas. |
| 676 | SYRIA | *HAZZEL*, ruler. |
| 676-664 | ELAM | *URTAKU*, ruler. d.d. 676-644. 674-664. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 675 | ABYDOS | *A GREEK COLONY*-founded. |
| 675 | ANSHAN | *ACHAENID* Control, a city in IRAN. |
| 675 | CHALCEDON | *FOUNDED* by MEGARA. an ancient Greek Colony |
| 675 | CYZICUS | *GREEK COLONY* founded from Miletus, d.d. 750 |
| 675 | EGYPT | *DEFEATED* Assyria. |
| 675 | KOREA | *KING KI-JON.* |
| 675 | NAUCRTIS | *A CITY* founded in the Delta of Egypt. |
| 675 | SIDON | *ESSARHDDON* defeated Abdimilkat and destroyed the city of Sidon. |
| 675-653 | MEDIA | *KING PHRAORTES* (Khshathirita) and rise of Media in Iran. d.d. 660-630. 650-625. 647-? |
| 675-640 | PARSUMASH | *TEISPES* (Chispish) son of Hakamannis of Parsumash, bore the title of the king of the city of Anshan. He was the founder of Achaemenid dynasty. |
| 675-640 | PERSIA | *TEISPUS KING.* |
| 675-625 | MANAE | *SCYTHIANS* ruled Manaean territory, south east of lake urenia. |
| 674 | EGYPT | *ASSYRIA* invaded Egypt. |
| 673 | LYRE | *HERMIS* an Egyptian invented lyre with three strings. Tarpandar made the lyre with seven strings in 673 B.C. Phrynis a Mitylene, added to more, making nine strings in 438 B.C. |
| 673-642 | ALBA-LONGA | *TULLIUS* Hostilius King of Rome destroyed Alba-Longa. d.d. 675-641. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 673 | TYRE | *SEIGE* of Tyre. d.d. 672-668. |
| 672c | EGYPT | *ASSYRIANS* conquered Egypt. d.d. 675, 671-669. |
| 672 | ASSYRIA | *ASHURBANIPAL* was declared crown prince of Assyria. |
| 672 | MEDIA | *TREATIES* between Eshardon and the Medes, a country south-west of the Caspian Sea. d.d. 673. |
| 672 | BABYLON | *SHAMSH-SHUN-UKE* was declared crown prince of Babylon. |
| 671-669 | EGYPT | *ASSYRIAN* invasion with contingents from Syria, Phoenicia, Palestine and Cyprus. |
| 671-663 | EGYPT | *ASSYRIANS* defeated Egypt and part of Egypt as far as Thebes became an Assyrian province. |
| 670 | LOCRI | *FOUNDED* by Locrians of Greece in southern Italy. |
| 670 | LYDIA | *GYGES KING SENDS* gift to Delphi. |
| 670 | MEMPHIS | *KING TAHARHA* (Tiharakh) of Egypt recovers Egypt but was defeated again and fall of Memphis in 670 |
| 670 | PERSIA | *PHRAORTES* united the people and subjugated the Persians in the south. |
| 670 | SCYTHIA | *ISHPAKAI* (Spaka) Chief allied himself with the Mannaians and was killed by the Assyrians. |
| 669 | CYPRUS | *ASSYRIAN* domination ended. |
| 669 | ASSYRIA | *ESARHADDON* died and his two sons divided the empire. |
| 669 | ROME | *HORATII* (Roman) vanquish Curiatti (Alban). |
| 669 | PHOENICIA | *ISHI*-melk king. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 668-627 | ASSYRIA | *ASHURBANIPAL.* King d.d. 669-626 669-623. 668-631. 668-626. 668-625. 669-627. |
| 667-648 | BABYLON | *AHAMASH-SHUMA-UKIN.* King d.d. 668-648. |
| c668 | HYSIAE | *ARGIVES* Defeated Sparta at the battle of Hysiae. T.D. d.d. 669, 669, 669/668. |
| 668 | LIBRARY | *ASHURBANIPAL* established one of the oldest library containing 30,000 tablets. |
| 667 | ALBA | *ALBA* united with Rome. |
| 667-663 | EGYPT | *CONQUERED* by Assyria. d.d. 672. |
| 666-611 | DAPHONAI | *PSAMMETICHUS I* established a camp of Carcian and Ionian Greeks at Daphoni (Tahpanhes=Defenneh), a fortress near the Syrian frontier of Egypt on Peninsulian arm of Nile. Here Jermiah, prophet, took refuge in the city after the destruction of Jerusalem with Jews in 588 B.C. |
| 665 | IONIA | *COLOPHON A CITY* of Ionia 15 miles north-west of Phesus, sacked by Gyges of Lydia. |
| 665 | SICYON | *A CITY* between Corinth & Achaea ; Tyranny was established here which lasted for 100 years. d.d. 660. |
| 664 | ACRAE | *A GREEK COLONY* was founded by Syracuse. |
| 664 | CORINTH | *THE FIRST SEA BATTLE* between Corinth and Corcyra. |
| 664-665 | ELAM | *TEUMMU KING.* |
| 664 | LOCRI | *WAS THE FIRST TOWN* of Greek settlement in the toe of Italy which had a written code of laws given by Zaleucus. d.d. 663. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 664 | AMORGOS | *SIMONIDES* of Amorgos, a Greek Iambic poet born at Samos and founded a Colony on the Island of Amorges of Cyclades, d.d. 556-468. |
| 664-653 | EGYPT | *TAUNTAMUN* King son of Shabak (Ethiopian) of south Egypt marched down the Nile as far as Memphis. d.d. 663-650. |
| 664-525 | EGYPT | *SAITE* dynasty or 26th dynasty period and Renaissance. d.d. 668-525. |
| 693 | ASSYRIA | *DEFEATED* Cimmerian people living in southern Russia. Assyrians Called them Cimirrae. |
| 663 | EGYPT | *REVOLT* of Tanutamon. |
| 663 | ASSYRIA | *SACKS* Thebes. |
| 663 | EGYPT | *DEATH* of king Necho. |
| 663 | EGYPT | *TAHARKA KING* appointed his coregent Tauntumon, son of Shabak for Upper Egypt. |
| 663-609 | EGYPT | *PSAMTIK I* (Saites) founded XXVI dynasty with capital at Hanes. d.d. 668-525, 664-610, 663-616, 663-609. 624-? |
| 661-525 | EGYPT | *TWENTY-SIXTH DYNASSY* d.d. 664-525. |
| 661 | EGYPT | *ASHURBANIPAL* drove out the Egyptian rulers out of Egypt and independence was gained by Egyptians d.d. 662. |
| 660 | AEGINA | *AN ISLAND* on the Saronic gulf was the first state of European Greeks to coin money. |
| 660 | CHALCEDON | *COLONISED* from Megra on the Asiatic side of Bosporus d.d. 685. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 660 | GREECE | *SEA BATTLE* between Corinth and Corcyra. |
| 660 | MANNAI | *ASHURBANIPAL KING* regained the territory. |
| c600 | SICYON | *TYRANNY* begun by Orthagoras, and lasted over 100 years d.d. 650. |
| 660-640 | GREECE | *MESSENIAN* war-second. |
| 660-620c. | ARGOS | *PHEIDON, KING.* |
| 650 | JAPAN | *ERA* begins on 11th February 660 B.C. |
| 660-585 | JAPAN | *KING JIMMU TENNO*, a great-grandson of Sungoddess Armtersu, the founder of the empire of Japan. The present Emperor Hirohito is his 124th successor. |
| 660-550 | ITALY | *ETRUSCAN* dominance in Italy. |
| 660-630 AD. | JAPAN | *LEGENDARY* period. |
| 659-621 | CHINA | *CH'* in hegemony. |
| 658 | KOREA | *KI-HYO KING.* |
| 658-651 | ASSYRIA | *ASSYRIAN* forces evacuate Egypt. d.d. 655, 651, 645. |
| 657-582 | CORINTH | *TYRANTS* ruled Corinth. |
| 657 | BYZANTIUM | *A CITY* founded by Meganans and Argives under Byzas on the Thracian Bosphorus. d.d. 668, 666, 667, 660. |
| 657 | LYDIA | *ARDYS KING.* |
| 657 | SARDIS | *CIMMERIANS* captured Sardis. |
| 657-627 | CORINTH | *CYPSELUS*, the tyrant, and his son Periander. d.d. 655-585. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 657-581 | CORINTH | *CONTROLLED* the Italian and Adriatic trade and routes. |
| 656 | ISTRIA | *A MILESION COLONY* situated on the promonotary south of Danube estuary on the western shore of Black Sea was founded. |
| 655 | ACANTHUS | *A GREEK COLONY* founded by Andros. |
| 655 | EGYPT | *ASSYRIANS* expelled. d.d. 645. |
| 655-651 | ELAM | *KHUMBANIGASH II* (Ummanigash) *KING* was attacked by Assyria. |
| 655 | STAGIRUS | *A GREEK COLONY* founded on the borders of Macedonia. d.d. 665. Aristotle was born here. |
| 655 | URATU | *SARDURIS IV KING.* d.d. 650-625, 645-620. |
| 655-633 | MEDIA | *PHRAORTES KING* mentioned by Herodotus.<br>d.d. 673-652, ?-647. |
| c654 | AVDIRA | *FOUNDED* by Clazomenae on the coast of Thrace near the mouth of Nestos. |
| 644 | LAMPSACUS | *A GREEK COLONY* from Miletus and Phocae, on the Hellespont in Mysia founded. |
| c654 | RUSSIA | *GREEK TRADING,* first in south Russia. |
| 654-653 | BABYLON | *REVOLT* of Shamsh Shumukin. |
| 653 | NINEVEH | *MEDIAN CHIEF KASHTARITI,* son of Deioces (Phraortes) was defeated at Nineveh and died. |
| 653 | ELAM | *DESTROYED.* |
| 653-625 | SCYTHIA | *SCYTHIAN* domination over Medes. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 652 | ASHURBANIPAL | *QUELLS* the revolt of Sham-ash-shum-ukim. |
| 652 | SARDIS | *CIMMERIANS* captured Sardis, the capital of Media. |
| 652-610 | PHRYGIA | *CRISIS AND END* of Phrygian kingdom. |
| 652-547 | LYDIA | *FALL* of dynasty of the Mermnadae. |
| 651 | ASSYRIA | *WITHDRAWAL* of garrison from Egypt. |
| 651 | SELINUS | *A CITY* on the south-west coast of Sicily was founded from Megra Hyblaea. d.d. 651, 628. |
| 651-649 | ELAM | *TAMMARITU*, ruler. |
| 650 | AEGEAN | *COINAGE, THE FIRST STATE* of the western Aegean to adopt coinage after 650 B.C. |
| 650 | BYZANTIUM | *FOUNDED* by the Greeks from Megra. d.d. 669, 658. |
| 650 | EPHESUS | *SACKED* by Cimmerii. |
| 660 | ETRUSCAN | *EARLIEST* inscriptions in the Etruscan language are found. |
| 650 | CALAURIA | *THE LEAGUE* formed. |
| 650 | CORINTH | *CYPSELUS* becomes tyrant of Corinth. |
| 650 | GALEPSUS | *A GREEK COLONY* founded in north east of Greece. |
| 660 | HARRAN | *ASHURBANIPAL* installs his brother as High Priest at Harran. |
| 650 | LYDIA | *KING ARDYS* ruled Lydia with Sadyattes. p.t. d.d. 678, 657-?, 652-?, 650-625. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 650 | LYDIA | *CIMMERIANS* driven away by king Ardys of Lydia. |
| 650 | PERSIA | *ACHAEENIDAE* (Akhaimendai=Hukhmash) dynasty. |
| 650 | SANE | *A GREEK COLONY*, founded east of Acanthus. |
| 650 | SPARTA | *TYRTAEUS* poet. |
| 650-648 | BABYLON | *SEIGE* of and king Ashurbanipal. |
| 650-637 | CHINA | *SUNG* Hegemony. |
| 650-600 | GREECE | *LAW-GIVERS' AGE.* |
| 650-670 | GREECE | *PITTACUS* of Mytilene, one of the seven sages of Greece. |
| 650-585 | CORINTH | *TYRANIS* of Cypselus and Periander. |
| 650-580 | GREECE | *TYRANIS* and age of Doric architecture. |
| 650-570 | MYTILENE | *PITTACUS* elected tyrant, statesman and sage. |
| 650-500 | IONIA | *RISE OF TYRANNIES* in Greece. |
| 649 | ELAM | *CIVIL* war. |
| 649 | ELAM | *RULER INDABIGASH* deposed Tammaritu of Elam about this time who took refuge in Nineveh. |
| 649-648 | BABYLON | *CIVIL WAR*, seige of Babylon. |
| 648 | ECLIPSE | *SUN ECLIPSE* on 6th April. |
| 648 | HIMERA | *A CITY ON* the north coast of sicily founded by Zanclaeans. d.d. 649. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 647 | ASSYRIA | *THE NABATAEANS*—first historical record is found in the list of the enemies of king Ashurbanipal. |
| 647-40 | ELAM | *KHUMMA KALDASH III* (Ummanaldash) ruler. d.d. 648-646. |
| 947-626 | BABYLON | *KING KANDALANU.* d.d. 648-625, 647-627, 647-620. |
| 646 | ELAM | *TAMMARITU KING* was taken prisoner by Assyrians. |
| 646-640 | ELAM | *KHUMMAN KHALDASH III KING* returned and ruled. |
| 645 | OLBIA | *A GREEK TOWN* was founded on the north shore of Black Sea. It was situated on the right bank of Dnieper-Bug estuary. Settlers came from Miletus. d.d. 644. |
| 645 | SUSA | *DESTROYED* by Ashurbanipal of Assyria. |
| 644 | CASMENAE | *A GREEK COLONY* founded in the south-east coast of Sicily. |
| 643 | CHINA | *DEATH* of Huan of Chi. |
| 642-640 | JUDAH | *AMON KING.* d.d. 639. |
| 642-639 | ELAM | *FALL OF ELAM.* |
| 642-617 | ROME | *KING ANCUS MARTIUS* who constructed a bridge on Tiber and founded Ostia at the mouth of the left arm of the Tiber. d.d. 641-616. |
| 641 | BIBLE | *ZEPHANIAH* the prophet of the Old Testament. The Book of Zephaniah reflects the condition of 640-630. |
| 640 | ANBRACIA | *A TOWN ON EPIRUS* was founded from Corinth. d.d. 650-625. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 640 | ASIA MINOR | *COINAGE* beginning. |
| c640 | GIBRALTAR | *KOLAIOS* of Samos reaches the strait of Gibraltar. |
| c640-630 | GREECE | *COINAGE*—beginning in Miletus and Ephesus. |
| 640 | NAUCARTIS | *GREEK* leading settlement in Egypt on the Nile river was founded from Miletus. d d. 635. |
| 640 | ARMENIA | *CHALDS* were a free Indo-European people of Armenia and Urartu of Assyrian sources. About 200 inscriptions are found from ninth century to 640 B.C. in cuneiform script. |
| c640 | MEGRA | *THEAGNES* who made himself master of Megra flourished. |
| 640 | OLYMPIA | *A SECRET PRECINCT* at Olympia called Altis was originally a grave.<br>The *H*eraneum is the added building and the oldest surviving Greek temple. |
| 640 | OLYMPIC | *CYLON* won Olympic victories in 640-632 and seized the Arcopolis and attempted to become a tyrant of Athens. |
| 640-630 | GREECE | *COINAGE*—beginning. |
| c640-c620 | MEGRA | *TYRANNY* of Theagenes. d.d. 650-600. |
| 640-615 | PARSA | *ARIARAMNES*, son of Teispes and grandson of Achaemenes, is described as great king Parsa (Persis=Fars) on a gold tablet found at Hamadan. |
| 640-602 | MACEDONIA | *KING PHILIP*. d.v. Perdiccasi the first king of Macedonia probably conquered Macedonian coast in 420 B.C. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 640-600 | PARSUMASH | *CYRUS I KING*, Achaemenids king of Parsumash (Parasa=Persia). d.d. 645-602. |
| 640-590 | PARSUMASH | *ARIARAMNES KING*. Parsumash is a region of south Eastern Iran on both banks of river Karun. d.d. 640-615. |
| 640-615 | ROME | *ANCUS MERTIUS*, legendary IV king of Rome and grandson of Numa. |
| 640-509 | JUDAH | *JOSIAH KING*. d.d. 641-640, 638-609, 638-608, 637-609. |
| 640-555 | HIMERA | *STESISCHORUS* Greek lyric poet born at Mataurus and lived at Himera. |
| c639 | ELAM | *UMMAN-HALDASH KING* of Elam. Overthrown by Ashurbanipal and was taken prisoner. d.d. 640. |
| 639-559 | ATHENS | *SOLON* an Athenian legislator, Archon statesman and one of the seven sages of the Greeks. d.d. 640-560. |
| 638 | CHINA | *DUKE OF SUNG* was at war with Chu. (B.B.), |
| 637 | LYDIA | *ALYATTES* of Lydia, defeated Gimirri. d.d. 626. |
| 636-628 | CHINA | *T'SIN* hegemony. |
| 636-546 | MILETUS | *THALES*, Ionian philosopher and one of the seven sages of the Greeks. born at Miletus in 636 and died in 546. He was the founder of abstract geometry. He invented how to calculate the distance of a ship at sea and height of object. He predicted an eclipse in 585 B.C. d.d. 640-546, 624. |
| 634 | KOREA | *KI-YAUG KING*. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 634-600 | COLOPHONE | *MIMNERMUS* A Greek elegiac poet who first used elegiac verse for mourning and erotic sentiments. d.d. 632-629. d.d. Colophone and Smyrna. |
| 633-8m. | INDIA | *VAKA KING* of Kashmir ruled for 63 years 13 days. Kali-2467-4m. Lok. 2442-4m. d.d. Kali-2436, Lok. 2411. B.C. 665 (Raj.) |
| 633-584 | MEDIA | *CYAXARES* (Kashtari II) *KING*. |
| 632 | ATHENS | *CYLON* attempts to seize tyranny at Athens but fails. |
| 632 | ATHENS | *MEGACLES*, son of Alcmaeon and son-in law of Christhnes became Archon of Athens. |
| 632-628 | CHINA | *WEN* of China. |
| 632 | CHINA | *DUKE WEN* defeated Ch'u. |
| 631 | ASSYRIA | *ASSUR-ETIL-ILUNI KING*. |
| 630 | CYRENE | *CYRENE* (Kurene) a city of Cyrenaica in North Africa was founded by colonists from Thera island led by Battus I who died in 590 B.C. C.D. It was the seat of a famous medical school. d.d. 633. |
| 630 | SMYRNA | *CAPTURED* by Lydians. |
| 530 | SPARTA | *ALCMAN* of Messos, chief lyric poet of Sparta. d.d. 654-611. |
| c630 | BIBLE | *ZEPHANIAH* Book was composed. |
| 630 | LYDIA | *SADYATTES KING*. d.d. 628, 625-615. |
| 630 | GREECE | *MESSENIAN* revolt. |
| 630 | SINOP | *A GREEK CITY* on Euxine north-east of Turkey 190 miles north east of Ankara was founded by colonists from Miletus. Later on, it was the capital of Pontic kingdom. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 630-627 | BABYLON | *ASHUR ETELI-ILENI* king. d d. 630-628. |
| 630-625 | SYRIA | *INVADED* by the Scythians. |
| 630-610 | MEGRA | *THEAGENES*, tyrant, made himself master of Megra. |
| 630-600 | MESSENIA | *CONQUERED* by Sparta. |
| 630-553 | ZOROASTER | *LIVED* for many years in the court of Hystaspes in Tazikistan and northern Baluchistan (Greater Chorasmia) d.d. 1086-1066, 660-583, 640-623, 628-551, 618-541, 660-?, 559-?.<br>d.v. He was born at Bactria or Lydia. |
| 627 | ASSYRIA | *SIN SHUMU-USHIR KING.* |
| 628 | CIUS | *A GREEK COLONY* founded in Asia Minor. |
| 627 | BABYLON | *SINSUMALISIR KING.* |
| 627 | ASSYRIA | *ASHURETELLILANI KING.*<br>d v. Illyria. |
| 627 | OSTIA | *TOWN WAS* founded at the mouth of the left arm of the Tiber river 15 miles from Tome. |
| 627-620 | CHINA | *MU OF CIN.* |
| 627-581 | CORINTH | *PERIANDER* (Periendross) son of Cypselus and one of the seven sages of Greece and tyrant of Corinth flourished. d.d. 600, 625—585. |
| 626 | BABYLON | *REVOLT* under Nabopolsar. |
| 626 | BIBLE | *HABAKKUK BOOK* of Bible was composed. d.d. c596. |
| 626 | BABYLON | *SINSARAISKUM KING.* d.d. 626-612.<br>d.v. Governor for a few years. |
| 626 | ISRAEL | *JERMIAH* was elected Prophet. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 626-532 | AKKAD | *AKKADIAN* language imposed as official language in the Neo-Babylonian or Chaldean empire and in the Persian domination became the language of priests. |
| 627 | TARTESSOS | *IONIC* voyages to Tartessos (Spain) a region of south Spain. |
| 627-612 | ASSYRIA | *SINSARISHKUN KING*. d.d. c627-612, 622-612. |
| 626-605 | BABYLON | *NABOPOLASSAR KING*. d.d. 626-606, 626-604, 625-605, 625-604, 624 Nov. 24-15 Aug. 605. |
| 626-605 | ISRAEL | *LATE BABYLONIAN* language was in use. |
| 626-539 | BABYLON | *CHALDEAN* dynasty was established by Nabopolassar. This race inhabited the area between the desert of Arab and Euphrates river. Assyrians called them Kalduor-kaddi. |
| 626-612 | BABYLON | *LATE DYNASTY* of Babylon ended 97 years. d.d. 87. |
| 625 | METHYMNA | *ARION* son of Cycleus of Methymna in Lesbos, a Greek lyric poet and player on the Cithara and the inventor of the dithyrambic poetry. d.d. 628-625 fl. 600. |
| 625 | ASSYRIA | *HOSTILITIES* between Babylonia and Assyria. |
| 625 | GREECE | *COALITION OF* Messenians, Argives, Arcadians and Pistans against Sparta and Elis. |
| c625 | LEUSAS | *AN ISLAND* of the Ionian Sea was colonised from Corinth. |
| 625 | MEDIA | *CONQUERED* by Scythians. |
| 625 | PHOENICIA | *REVOLT* against Assyria. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 625 | URATU | *ERIMANAS* (Erimenas) *KING*. d.d. 620-605, 624-606. |
| 625-623 | ASSYRIA | *ASHUR-ETLLU-ILLI KING*. d.d. 627, 611-608. |
| 625-605 | BABYLON | *NABU-APLU-ULSER* (Nabopolassar) *KING*. |
| 625-600 | AEGINA | *SILVER COINAGE*. |
| 625-586 | PHOENICIA | *REMAINED INDEPENDENT*. |
| 625-585 | ANACTORIUM | *A GREEK COLONY* on the south coast of the gulf of Ambracia was founded from Corinth. d.d. c625, 620. d.v. a joint Colony of Corinthian and Acarmanians. |
| 625-585 | APOLLONIA | *A GREEK COLONY* was founded in north Sicily. |
| 625-585 | CORINTH | *PERIANDER* tyrant. |
| 625-585 | EPIDAMNUS | *A GREEK COLONY* founded from Corcyra and Corinth in Illyria. |
| 625-585 | MEDIA | *CYAXARES II* (Kyaxares) Kuakhshatra *KING*. d.d. 653-585. He was the founder of Median empire. d.d. 625-484. |
| ā25-585 | MILETUS | *THALES* son of Exanyes of Miletus learned geometry from Egyptians and established some new general theorems. d.d. 636-546, 624 545. |
| 625-585 | SOLLIUM | *A GREEK COLONY* was founded. |
| 625-439 | BABYLON | *NEO-BABYLONIAN* dynasty. |
| 625-538 | DAMASCUS | *UNDER* Babylonia. |
| 625 | SCYTHIA | *SCYTHIANS* overran the town of Karmir Blur in Erivan. |
| 623 | INDIA | Birth of Buddha d.d. |
| 621c | ATHENS | *DRACON* (Dracon), author of the first written legal code. The code was written when he was Archon Eopnymous of Athens, and was published in 621 B.C. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 621 | JERUSALEM | *MOSES'* Code : during the reconstruction of Jerusalem in the reign of Joshiah, the Code was found. |
| 620 | AEGINA | *COINAGE* introduced in Aegina. |
| 620 | BIBLE. | *JERMIAH BOOK OF BIBLE* was composed. d.d. 629-588, 550. |
| 620 | GREECE | *SALAMIS*, an island on the west coast of Attica retained independence upto this time, when it was seized by the Megarians. Twenty years later it was wrested from them by Athens. |
| 620 | GREECE | *SILVER COINAGE* was struck in Ionia. |
| 620-580 | MYTILENE | *ALCAEUS*, a Greek lyric poet of Mytilene in Lesbos. d.v. He was born in 620. But the date of his death is not certain. |
| 625-550 | GREECE | *SEVEN SAGES* (The list of sages differ.) |
| 620-539 | BABYLON | *NEW EMPIRE* (Chaldean). d d. 625-538. |
| 620-320 | INDIA | *PRE-MAURYAN* dynasties of Magadha. |
| 617-560 | LYDIA | *ALYATTES KING* Son of Sadyattas the son of Ardys was the most successful of the five Mermand kings. |
| 616 | PERSIA | *MEDES* - Scythians driven out of Persia. |
| 616 | EGYPT | *ASSYRIAN* ally. |
| 616-578 | ROME | *KING TARQUINIUS* Priscus the Elder was the first Roman who wore a crown and ruled. d.d. 616-579 |
| 615 | MEDIA | *CYAXARES KING* attacks Arrapkha (Karikuk). |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 615 | KOREA | *KI-I KING.* |
| 615 | NINEVEH | *CYAXARES* marched against Nineveh. |
| 614 | ASHUR | *CYAXARES* captured Ashur the ancient capital of Ashuria. |
| 614 | ROME | *CAPITOL* Founded. |
| 614-612 | BABYLON | *NABOPOLASSAR* had made common cause with Medes and revolted. Ashur fell before them. d d. 614-609. |
| 613-591 | CHINA | *CH'U* hegemony. (Chuan of Chu). d.d. 613-550. |
| 612 | ASSYRIA | *NABOPOLASSAR KING* of Babylon and Cyaxares of Media conquered and divided Assyria and the last Assyrian king fled to Harran. d.d. 608. |
| 612 | BIBLE | *NAHUN BOOK* wrs written. |
| 612 | LESBOS | *SAPPHO* a Greek lyric poetess of Lesbian school, born. Saphic writing is named after her. d.d. 600. |
| 612 | MEDIA | *FREE* from Assyrian yoke. |
| 612 | NINEVEH | *DESTRUCTION* of Nineveh, Assyrian capital, by Cyaxares, the son of Phraortes, king of Media. d.d. 606. |
| 612-539 | CHALDAEA | *EMPIRE.* |
| 612-529 | ARMENIA | *UNDER* the king of Media. |
| 611-609 | ASSYRIA | *ASHUR- UBALLITE II.* d.d. 614-609. 612-610. 612-606. |
| 610 | ASSYRIA | *ASSYRIAN* power destroyed by the Babylonians and Medes. d.d. 609 |
| 610 | HARRAN | *SACKED* by Umman-Manda. |
| 610 | MILETUS | *THRACYBULBUS*, tyrant, took part in planting some of the colonies of the Black Sea. d.d. 634, 620. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 610 | SPARTA | *REORGANIZATION* and Militarization of Spartan States. |
| 610-595 | EGYPT | *RED SEA-NILE CANAL* ; Necho II, NEHAU, son of Psammetichus tried to connect the Red Sea with the Nile. According to Herodotus the project was given up after costing the life of 120,000 men. d.d. 906, 605. |
| 610-560 | LYDIA | *ALYTTES* king 615 565. 609-560 |
| 610-505 | MILETUS | *ANAXIMANDER* of Miletus, a philosopher of Ionian school, astronomer and geographer, speculated for the first time about the size and distance of the moon and the sun. He was born at Miletus in 610 and died in 546 B.C. d.d. 545, 610, 545 or 540 |
| 609 | APOLLONIA. P. | *A GREEK COLONY* founded on the western shore of Black Sea from Miletus. |
| 609 | HARRAN | *HARRAN* (Haran 1=1 Carrhae) : Unsuccessful attempt of Ashur Uvallit and Necho to recover Harran, a historic site on the Belikh river 24 miles south-east of Urfa (Edessa). |
| 609 | MEGIDDO | *DEFEAT* of Joshiah by Necho at the battle of Megiddo in Palestine 18 miles south 4 south-east of Haifa. d.d. 608. |
| 609 | POTIDAEA | *A COLONY* founded from Corinth at the northern end of Palestine in CHALCIDICE. |
| 609 | JERUSALEM | *JERMIAH'S ORATION* in the Temple. |
| 609-608 | JUDAH | *HEHOABAZ KING* d.d. 607-? 598-597. |
| 609-593 | EGYPT | *PHARAOH NECHO II.* (Niku II) (Saites). d.d. 610. 595. |
| 608 | EGYPT | *NECHO SE IZES* Palestine. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 608 | ISRAEL | *JERMIAH'S* trial. |
| 608-597 | JUDAH | *JEHOIAKIM KING* d.d. 607-? 597-587. |
| 607-534 | BIBLE | *DANIEL BOOK* of Bible was composed. d.v. The book in the present form was written between 167-164 B.C. |
| 606 | LESBOS | *ALCAEUS* (Alkaios) of Mytilene an earliest Aeolian lyric poet was present during the war between Mytilene and Athens in 606. |
| 605 | CARCHEMISH | *EGYPTIAN MILITARY* power was finally over-thrown in an attempt to cross the Euphrates by Nebuchadnezzar. |
| 605 | URATU | *RUSSA III KING* d.d. 625-612. 605-585. |
| 605-562 | BABYLON | *NABKUDURRIUSUR II* (Nab-kudurri-usur II = Nebuchadnezzar II) King builder of temple, increased the fame of Babylon. d.d. 605-562. 605-561. Died on ist Oct. 562. |
| 604 | EGYPT | *NEO-BABYLONIAN* empire. Egyptian power in Asia finished. |
| 604 | EGYPT | *VOYAGE ROUND AFRICA* : By the treaty of peace between Lydia and Media, under order of Pharaoh Nechosoome, Phoenicians sailed from Egypt down the Arabian gulf round the Cape of Good Hope, entered Gibralter and reached Egypt in three years. |
| 604 | INDIA | *JEWS* After the fall of Jerusalem, migrated to the Malabar coast. |
| 604 | JERUSALEM | *SACKED* by King Nabuchadnezzar. d.d. 597. |
| c604-562 | BABYLON | *WALLS AND HANGING GARDENS* of Babylon, one of the seven wonders of the world built by Nebuchadnezzar. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 604-517 | CHINA | *LAO-TZE*, Chinese sage and philosopher. He was born in HONAN Province in Central China. |
| 603 | BABYLON | *DANIEL'S* Prophecy. |
| 602-576 | MACEDONIA | *KING AEROPAS.* |
| 602-559 | PARSUMASH | *CAMBYSES* (Kambujia) Achaemendee d.d. 600-559. |
| 601 | PERINTHUS | *A GREEK COLONY*, founded from Samos on the shore of the Propontis. |
| 600 | ARTEMISTEMPLE | *ONE OF THE SEVEN WONDERS* of the world. The temple was built in Ephesus, one of the twelve Ionian cities of Asia Minor. d.d. Begun in 550. |
| 600 | BOEOTIA | *LEAGUE* formed by THEBES. |
| 600 | MASSALIA | *GREEKS* from Phocaea founded the colony of Massilia. (Marsciue). |
| 600 | GREECE | *GEOMETRY* was introduced in Greece by Thales, who was regarded as the founder of Abstract geometry. He also predicted total solar eclipse of 28th May, 585. |
| 600c | GREECE | *WAR* between Athens and Mytilene on the coast of Hellespont. Athens seized Sigeum from Mytilene. |
| c600 | GREECE | *BUTADES* of Sicyon, the first Greek moulder in clay, flourished. |
| 600 | GREECE | *PACT* of reciprocal military aid between Alyattes of Lidia and Asiatic Greek cities of Miletus Colophon and Priene, etc. |
| 600 | GREECE | *HERA'S* temple at Olympia. Probable time of construction. |
| 600 | INDIA | *SUSRUTA* - supposed period. He taught Śalya - Tantra (Surgery) at Varanasi (Benares). |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| c600 | INDIA | *VASISHTHA SMRITI.* |
| 600 | LATIUM | *SYLLABARY* script. |
| 600 | LEPICS | *PHOENICIAN* city on the LIBYAN coast founded before 600 B.C. d.d. fifth century. |
| 600 | MEXICO | *EARLY CLASSICAL* age. |
| 600 | NICE | *FOUNDED* by Phoenicians off Marseilles. |
| 600 | ODESSUS | *A GREEK COLONY* founded, a seaport town at the west of Euxine on the mouth of river Danube. |
| 600 | PAESTUM | *A CITE OF LUCANIA*, colonized by Sybalis Doric-speaking Colonist d.d. 700. |
| 600 | PANTICAPAEUM | *A GREEK COLONY* founded in Charsoneus Taurcia on the northern shore of Black Sea. |
| 600 | PERSIAN | *SYLLABARY SCRIPT.* |
| 600 | POTIDAEA | *COLONISED* by *CORINTHIAN* colonists. |
| 600 | SMYRNA | *DESTROYED* by Lydians. |
| 600 | TOMIS | *A TOWN* of Thrace on the western shore of Euxine was colonized from Miletus. |
| 600 | FEODOSIA | *A GREEK COLONY* founded from the northern shore of Black Sea. d.d. 756. |
| 600 | TRAPEZOS | *A CITY ON* the north-east coast of Asia Minor was colonized by the Greeks from Sinope. d.d. 756. |
| 600-570 | SICYON | *CLEISTHNES* the greatest tyrant of the age. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 600-500 | INDIA | *PARĀSARA GRHYA SUTRA*. d.d. 500-200. |
| 600-400 | HALLSTAL | derives its name from the famous prehistoric cemetery and salt mine in upper Austria. |
| 600-400 | EUROPE | *HALLSTATT* culture, generally designated an early Iron Age in Central and western Europe. |
| 600-400 | INDIA | *THE DHARMASUTRA OF GAUTAMA* Āpastamba Baudhāyana, Vasishṭha and Gṛhyasūtras of Parāśara and a few others d.d. 600-300. 350-200. 350,200. |
| 600-400 | SWEEDEN | *TRANSITION* period between Bronze and Iron Age. |
| 600-300 | ARABIA | *SIN* (Moon) temple at Huraydha in HADHARMAT |
| 600-300 | INDIA | *LICHHAVI REPUBLIC* Probable period |
| 599-527 | INDIA | *MAHAVIRA* Tirthankara at Kundagrama. d.d. 600-528. 548-477. 540-468. 540-467. |
| 598 | BABYLONIA | *BABYLONIAN* forces of Nebuchadrezzar destroyed Jerusalem and set the temples on fire. d.d. 597. |
| 598 | CAMÁRINA | *A CITY* on the south coast of Sicily was founded from Syracuse. d.d. 599. |
| 598 | C. CHINA | *KING OF CH'U* invaded Ch'en. |
| 598 | LACHIS | *PARTIALLY* destroyed by Nebuchadnezzar. |
| 597 | CHINA | *CH'U KING* besieged the court of Ching. |
| 597 | JUDAH | *JEHOIACHIN KING*. d.d. 598-597. |
| 597 | DIASPORA | *OF HEBREW* people. d.d. 586. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 597-587 | JUDAH | *ZEDEKIAH KING.* d.d. 550. |
| 597-687 | TELL BEIT | *JEWISH TOWN* was destroyed by Chaldaeans. |
| 597-586 | BABYLON | *JEWS - CAPTIVITY* - numbering 3023, in Babylon. |
| 596 | JERUSALEM | *NEBUCHADNEZZAR* captured Jerusalem. |
| 595 | GREECE | *AMPHICTYONIC* League declared war on Crisa and Cirrah towns of Phocis (Phokis) and destroyed them. d.v. CRISAR CIRRAH names were often interchangeable d.d. 590-589. |
| 595-574 | BIBLE | *EZEKIEL BOOK* period. d.d. 592-576. |
| 594 | KOREA | *KING KI-CH'AM.* |
| 594-593 | ATHENS | *SOKON* became Chief Archon. |
| 594 | ATHENS | *SOLON* repealed all the laws of Dracon, except those relating to bloodshed. d.d. 592. |
| 594-589 | EGYPT | *KING PSAMMETICHUS* II (Psmtik II Saites). d.d. 595-589 593-588. |
| 593-589 | ETHIOPIA | *INSCRIPTION* of Greek mercenaries at Abusimbel of Upper Egypt in expedition of Ethiopia is found. |
| 593 | PHOENICIA | *KING PSAMMETICHUS* in Phoenicia. |
| 593-570 | BIBLE | *PROPHESIES* of prophet Ezekiel. d.d. 580. |
| c591-c375 | CYRENE | *ARCESILAS* I king. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 590 | PHRYGIA | *KING ALLYATTES* drove out the Cimmerians and occupied the central zone of Phrygia, a district of Asia Minor centre of the worship of Cybele, (KUBELE) the great mother Goddess of Anatolia. |
| 590 | SUDAN | *CAPITAL* was transferred from Napata the ancient kingdom of Cush in Nubia to Meroe. |
| 590-584 | GREECE | *THE FIRST SACRED WAR.* |
| 590-584 | CICYON | *CLEISTHENES*, the tyrant of the house of Orthogoras. |
| 590-574 | CYRENE | *ARCESILAUS I KING*. d.d. 591-575. |
| 590-550 | PARSA | *ARSMES*, Achaemenid, king. On a gold tablet found at Hamadan he is described as the great king of Parsa. |
| 589 | LACHIS | *THE FINAL SACK* by Chaldians. |
| 589 | SCYTHIA | *SAULIUS*, Scythian ruler. |
| 588 | AGE | *THE SIXTH AGE* (to the birth of Christ). |
| 588 | TYRE | *FLEX* Manufacture was introduced in Tyre from Egypt. |
| 588-572 | GREECE | *HUNDRED YEARS* of alliance between Eleia or Elis and Heraea, a town of Arcadia. |
| 588-566 | EGYPT | *KING APRIES* (Hophra=Uahpra=Haab-Ra) (Saites). d.d. 595-570, 589-570. |
| 587 | BIBLE | *OBADIAH BOOK* was composed. |
| 587 | BIBLE | *NEBUZARDAN*, an envoy of Nebuchadnazzar, burnt the house of the Lord of the King house and all the houses of Jerusalem and every great man's house. (II Kings 25:9). |
| 587 | JERUSALEM | *FALL* of the city in summer to Nebuchadnazzar after a siege of 18 months. Jews numbering 832 were exiled. d.d. 588, 586. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 587 | JERUSALEM | *DESTRUCTION* of the temple. |
| 587 | JUDAH | *ZEDKIAH KING* made prisoner and end of the kingdom of Judah. d.d. 586. |
| 587 | GREECE | *PYTHIAN GAMES*, one of the four famous games of the Greeks. These games were held in August and September in the third year of each Olympiad. |
| 586 | LEBANON & RIBLAH | *NEBUCHADNEZZER* in Lebanon and Riblah. |
| 586 | PHOENICIA | *NEBUCHADNEZZAR* subjugated Phoenicia. |
| 586-538 | PHOENICIA | *CHALDEAN* period in Phoenicia. |
| 585 | ECLIPSE | *SOLAR ECLIPSE* May 28, as predicted by Thales |
| 585 | HALYS | *BATTLE* was fought on 28th March 585. Halys is a river in Asia Minor. It is called salt-river so called from the salt springs in its upper course. |
| 585 | JERUSALEM | *NEBUCHADNEZZER KING* attacked Jerusalem third time. |
| 585 | LYDIA-MEDIA | *SIX YEARS*' war between Lydia and Media. |
| 585 | LYDIA | *ALITTES KING* of Lydia fought agains Median king Cyazares and extendedt his power to Anatolia. |
| 585 | LYDIA-MEDIA | *PEACE* between Alyattes of Lydia and Cyaxres of Media and their boundary was fixed at Halys, a river in Asia Minor. |
| 585 | URARTU | *OVERTHROWN*. |
| 585-573 | TYRE | *THE SIEGE OF TYRE* by Nebuchadnezzar for 13 years. |
| 585-550 | MEDIA | *ASTYAGES* (Ishtuwigu) *KING* son of Cyaxares. d.d. 593-550. 584-550. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 585-528 | MILETUS | *ANAXIMENES* of Miletus expounded the theory that the primary element of all things is air. d.d. 586-524, 546-fl- |
| 583-581 | ATHENS | *DAMASIAS*, Archonship. |
| 582 | AGRIGENTUM | *A CITY* near Acragas (Agrigento), on south coast of Sicily was founded from Gela. d.d. 580. |
| c582 | CORINTH | *TYRANNY* terminated. |
| 582 | GREECE | *PYTHIAN GAMES* were reorganised. Ordering them was one of the duties of the Amphictions. |
| 582 | GREECE | *LAUREL WREATH* was awarded for the first time to the victor in Pythian Games. |
| 582 | JEWS | *THE THIRD EXILE* of the Jews numbering 745. |
| 581 | CHINA | *DUKE CHING* died. |
| 581 | CORINTH | *OLIGARCHY* restored. |
| 581 | GREECE | *ISIHAMIAN* - one of the four games of Greece, held on the Isthmus near Corinth in spring of the second and fourth years of each Olympiad. |
| 581-511 | JAPAN | *ANNEI KING.* |
| 580 | ACRAGAS | *FOUNDED BY* the Geloans in Sicon territory in south-west coast of Sicily. |
| 580 | ATTICA | *COMEDY* is said to have been introduced in Attica from Megara. |
| c580 | CRISA | *CLEISTHENES'* forces destroyed Crisa in the first sacred war. |
| 580 | LINDUS | *CLEOBULUS* son of Eugoras of Lindus in Rhodes, one of the seven sages of Greece, famous for his skill in propounding riddles died d.d. 564. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 580 | GREECE | *FUNERAL ORATION* - Solon was the first who pronounced a funeral oration in Greece. |
| 580 | LIPARA | *A GREEK COLONY*, was founded in the island of Lipara off the north coast of Sicily. Traces of collective property among Cnidian colonists who settled in Lipara about this period, are found. |
| 579 | ROME | *TARQUINIUS PRISCUS*, the fifth king of Rome died. |
| 578 | KOREA | *KI-GON KING.* |
| 578-535 | ROME | *SERVIUS TULLIUS KING.* d.d. 578-534. |
| 576-547 | MACEDONIA | *ALCETAS* or Alectas *KING.* |
| 575 | BABYLON | *ISHTAR GATE.* Probable time. |
| 574 | PHOENICIA | *KING ITHOBAAL III.* |
| 574 | PHOENICIA | *KING BAAL II.* |
| 574-567 | CYRENE | *KING BATTUS II* of Cyrene north Africa under whom Greek settlers came again. d.d. 574-560. Died 554 d.v. Cyrene was founded from there under the leadership of Battus in c630 B.C. |
| 573 | TYRE | *FALL* of Tyre under Ithobaal and was conquered by Nebuchadnezzar II. |
| 572 | GREECE | *OLYMPIAN GAMES* - Eleans win control of the Olympian Games. |
| 572 | PISATIS | *ELEANS* conquered and destroyed Pisatis east of Olympia. |
| 571 | TYRE | *CAPTURED* by Babylonia. |
| 570/65-<br>554/49 | ACRAGAS | *PHALARIS*, tyrant of Acragas, established his autocracy a decade or so after the city's foundation. |
| 570 | CYRENE | *ARCESILAS II KING* the CRUEL became king after 570. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 570c | ATHENS | *CONQUERS* Salamis. |
| 570 | BITHYNIA | *BECAME A PART* of the kingdom of Lydia. |
| 570 | LELANTINE | *WAR* between Corinth and Samos as allies of Chalcis and Megara and Miletus as allies of Eretria. |
| 570 | PRIENE | *BIAS* a native of Priene in Ionia and son of Teutamus, one of the seven sages of Greece. |
| 570-7m-7d. | INDIA | *KSHITINANDA KING* of Kashmir ruled for 30 years. Kali 2529-4m-13 days. Lok. 2504-4m. 13. (Raj). d.d. K. 2499. L. 2474. B.C. 602. |
| 570-560 | ALALIA | *A TOWN* (ALERIA) on the east coast of Corsica founded by Phocaeans from Asia Minor. d.d. c560. |
| 570-497 | SAMOS | *PYTHAGORUS* of Samos expounded that matter is measurable and countable and that every real thing and a mathematical relation exists as its basis. d.d. c 580. |
| 570-495 | TEOS | *ANACREON* son of Siythinus of Teos (in Ionia), a Greek lyric poet. |
| 569-525 | EGYPT | *KING AHMOSE II* (Amasis=Ahames-sa-Neith Khnum-il-ra =Amasis) (Saites). d.d. 570-526. 569-526. |
| 569 | EGYPT | *PACT* between Ahmose I (Amasis) of Egypt and Cyrene. |
| 568 | EGYPT | *INVASION* of Nebuchadrezzar. |
| 566 | ATHENS | *THE PANATHENAEA,* Athenian festival was established at Athens. |
| 566 | ROME | *FIRT CENSUS* of the Roman state taken. |
| 565 | SAMOS | *EASOPUS* (Aesop,) fable writer of Greece; was a slave of one Ladmon of Samos. Delphians threw him down from a rock in 561. He was in the court of Croesus king of Lydia. d.d. 570, 564. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 563-483 | INDIA | *BUDDHA* born at Lumbini in Nepal. in 563 and died in 483 at KUSINAGAR in India. d.d. 567-487. 566-485. 563-483. 560-480. Death : 488, 487, 486, 483, 477, 464. |
| 562 | ATHENS | *COMEDY* : The first comedy performed at Athens by Susrion. |
| 562 | BABYLON | *NEBUCHADNEZZER* - death of. d.d. 561. |
| c561 | ATHENS | *PISISTRATUS* seizes Athens and his first tyranny at Athens and was the leader of Migarian war. |
| 561-564 | BABYLON | *AMEL-MARDUK KING* Died between 7th and 13th August. d.d. 562-560. |
| 560 | AMISUS | *A GREEK COLONY* from PHOCAEA founded on the southern shore of Black Sea in Pontus. |
| 560 | KOREA | *KI-SAK KING.* |
| 560 | BABYLON | *FAMINE* and prices rose by upto 50% between 560 add 550 and 560 and 485 rose upto 200%. |
| 560 | BARCA | *A GREEK COLONY* founded from Cyrene; was a city of Cyrena'ca about 11 miles from the sea in North Africa. |
| 560 | CORSICA | *AN ISLAND IN* Mediterranean north of Sardinia was colonised by Phocaeans. |
| 560 | HERACLEA | (*PONTICA*) *A MIGRARIAN AND BOETIAN* colony founded on the southern shore of Black Sea. d.d. 559 546, 610. |
| 560 | LYDIA | *CROESUS KING* established supremacy on the coast of Asia Minor and ascended the throne of Lydia. d.d. 561-547 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 560 | MEDIA | *MERGED* in Persian empire. |
| 560-555 | ATHENS | *PISISTRATUS* (Peisistratids), the tyrant of Athens in power. d.d. 561, 551-554, 535-527. |
| 560-550 | ANSHAN | *ARCESILAUS II KING*, son of Battus II of Cyrene. Anshan is an ancient city in south-west of Iran. (ANZEN). |
| 560-550 | CYRENE | *ARCESILAUS II KING*. d.d. after 570. |
| 560-550c | SPARTA | *WAR* with Tegea a town of Arcadia, founded by legendary Tegeats. Temple of Athena Alea was there. |
| 560-546 | LYDIA-IONIA | *GOLD COINAGE* : earliest probably appeared in Lydia and Ionia under Croesus. |
| c560-520 | SPARTA | *ANAXANDRIDAS KING*. |
| 559 | EPHESUS | *ARTEMMISION* of Croesus at Ephesus. |
| 559 | MEDIA | *ASTHYAGES KING* was deposed by Cyrus. |
| 559 | PERINTHUS | *A THRACIAN TOWN*, was colonised from Samos. d.d. 601. |
| 559-556 | BABYLON | *NERIGLISSAR KING* (Nergalsharr-ausus=Nergal - shar - usur) d.d. 560-556. |
| 559-556 | THRACE | *MILTIADES* became tyrant of the Thracian Chersonnese. |
| 559-530 | PARSUMASH | *CYRUS II* (Kurush II=Cyrus the Great) son of Cambyses, became the head of Persian clan, Pasargadae and king of Anshan. He was the founder of the Persian empire. d.d. 559-529. 558-530. 550-529. |
| 559-520 | PERSIA | *CYRUS*'s three-language inscription is found at the city of Pasargadae the scene of his victory over Astyges in 549 B.C. |
| 559-330 | IRAN | *ACHAEMENID* dynasty |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 559-530 | IRAN | *ACHAEMENIDS* empire. |
| 558-530 | BACTRIA ETC. | *CYRUS* conquered Bactria, Kabul valley, Kapisa, Gandhar and north-west India. |
| 556 | GREECE | *CHORUS* introduced in Greek drama. |
| 556 | BABYLON | *KING LABSHI MARDUK* (May). |
| 556 | BABYLON | *KING NIBONIDUS* Reigns- May-29 Oct. 539. |
| 556 | SPARTA | *CHILON*, one of the seven sages of Greece, died while embracing his son who returned as a victor from Olympic game. |
| 556-468 | IULIS | *SIMONIDES*, Son of Leoprepes born at Iulis in CEOS. He was a Greek elegiac lyric poet. He died in 468 and was buried at Acragas. |
| 555 | ATHENS | *PISISTRATUS*, a tyrant of Athens and his agreement with Thessalians. |
| 555-539 | BABYLON | *NABUNAID KING* (Nabonidus). d.d. 557-544. 556, and 555-538. |
| 555-539 | BABYLON | *INDIAN TEAK* wood was used in the second storey of the temple of Moon God at Ur rebuilt by Nebuchadnezzer and Nabmondus, which show the contact between India and Babylon. |
| 553 | MEDES | *UNITED FRONT OF* Nabu-na'id and Cyrus against Medes. |
| 553-552 | HARRAN | *THE TEMPLE* of Sin at Harran restored by Nabonidus. |
| 553-321 | PERSIA | *ACHAEMENIDS* (Akhaimenidai = Achaemenids) a dynasty of Persian kings founded by Cyrus the Great. d. d. 550. |
| 551-531 | PHOENICIN | *HIRAM III KING.* |
| 551-479 | CONFUCIOS | *BORN* at *LU*, kingdom of Shantung. His classical books were prescribed to pass Government service examinations upto 1905 A. D. d.d. 551-478, 551-479. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 550 | ACRAGAS | *PHALARIS* tyrant. |
| c550 | ARMENIA | *PART OF ACHAEMENES* empire. |
| 550 | CARTHAGE | *CONQUERS* eastern Sicily. |
| 550 | ROME | *POLITICAL INSTITUTIONS* of Servius Tullius. |
| 550 | SPARTA | *CONQUERED* Thyreatis, a territory of Argos. |
| 550 | BIBLE | *SAMUEL, BOOK* finally composed. |
| 550 | SPARTA | *PELOPONNESIAN LEAGUE*-beginning. |
| 550 | MESSANA | *AGREEMENT* of Sparta and Tegeates against Messana. |
| 550 | ECBATANA | *CYRUS* the Great defeated Astyges and occupied Eabatana (Hamadan) and made it the capital and summer residence of Persian empire. |
| 550 | EPHESUS | *ARTEMIS TEMPLE*, one of the seven wonders of the world, was built at Ephesus in Asia Minor. |
| c550 | GREECE | *SUN-DIAL* was constructed in Greece; the Greeks learned to use the sun-dial from Babylon. |
| 550 | INDIA | *VATSARĀJA, SATANIKA*. |
| 550 | MEDIA | *CYRUS* rebelled against the king of Media who was his overlord and Media became a part of the Persian empire. |
| 550 | MEDIA | *THE END* of the kingdom of Media. |
| 550 | PERSIA | *ZOROASTRIANISM* became state religion of Persia. |
| 550 | ITALY | *TARQUINIA* (Corneto) Tomb of the Bulls. |
| 550-530 | CYRENE | *BATTUS III KING.* |
| 550-515 | SPARTA | *ARISTON* (Eurypontids)*KING.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 550-520 | CARTHAGE | *MAGO* fought in Sardinia to consolidate the power of Carthage and changed the basis of Carthagian army. |
| 550-500 | LA-TENE | *CULTURE* of the late Iron Age at the east end of the lake of Neuchatel. |
| 550-489 | ATHENS | *MILTIADES*, Athenian general and statesman. |
| 550-484 | KHWAREZM | *CAPITAL* of and peopled by Messagatae. |
| 550-480 | AFRICA | *HANNO* explored the Atlantic coast of Africa. |
| 550-480 | EUROPE | *HIMILCO*, Carthaginian navigator, explored the northern coast of Europe. d. d. probably before 480. |
| 549 | AFGHANISTAN | *CYRUS* attacked Afghanistan and India d. d. 550. |
| 549 | WEST ASIA | *CYRUS* the Great overthrew the empire of Medes and became the master of West Asia. |
| 549-331 | ARMENIA | *SATRAPY* of the Persian kings. |
| 548 | ECBATANA | *CYRUS* attacked and defeated Astyges and plundered Ecbatana. |
| 548-547 | GREECE | *DELPHI* temple burnt down d. d. 548. |
| 548-540 | MEGARA | *THEOGNIS* Greek elegiac poet of Megara, a Greek City State between Attica and Corinth. d. d. 544-541. |
| 547 | BABYLON | *CAPTURED.* |
| 547 | LYDIA | *OVERTHROWN* by king Cyruss. d. d. 549. |
| 547 | PANTICAPAEUM | *A COLONY OF MILETUS* founded on the west coast of Cimmerian Bosporus. |
| 547 | SPARTA | *WAR* with Argives. d. d. 546. |
| 547-597 | MACEDONIA | *AMYNTAS KING* . |
| 547-533 | LYDIA | *UNDER* Persian rule. d. d. 546 or 540. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 546 | CARIA | *CYRUS* subjugated Caria in Asia Minor. |
| 546 | CHIOS | *AN ISLAND* in the Aegean Sea and a powerful maritime state subjugated by Persia. It was famous for wine and school was known as Homeridae. |
| 546 | LYCIA | *A COASTAL DISTRICT* in Asia Minor between Cario and Pamphylia-was conquered by Persia |
| 546 | MILETUS | *A CITY*, of Asia Minor, became Persian territory. |
| 546 | PERSIA | *CAMELS* were used in the battle of Sardis by Persians. |
| 546 | SARDEIS | *A CITY* of Asia Minor and capital of the Lydian kingdom, fell to Cyrus. |
| 540 | XANTHUS | *XANTHUS*, a city of Lycia in Asia Minor on the west bank of river Xanthus. The Persians under Harpagus seized the city. People of the city resorted to self-destruction. |
| 546-545 | PERSIA | *CONQUERED* Asiatic Greeks. |
| 546-527 | ATHENS | *TYRANNY* of Pisistratus. |
| 546-133 | ASIA MINOR | *ACHAEMENIDS* and Seleucid period. |
| 545 | GUTIUM | *GOBRAYS* was appointed Governor of a region east of Tigris river. |
| 545 | IONIA | *SUBJUGATED* by Persia. It was a narrow strip of land with adjacent island on the west coast of Asia Minor, bounded on the north by Hermus, on the south by the Maeander and on the east by Lydia. |
| 545-540 | EGYPT | *ALLIANCE* between Amosis of Egypt and Polyarates of Samos. |
| 545-479 | LESBOS | *AN ISLAND* of northern Aegean Sea off the coast of Asia Minor. It was subject to Persia and was colonised by Aeolian Greeks. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 545-425 | EPHESUS | *REBUILT* in a form which was one of the seven wonders of the world. d.d 650. |
| 544 | CEYLON | Buddhavarṣa started. |
| 544 | TENOS | *RESIDENTS OF TENOS* Migrated to Abdera to escape Persian domination. It is a small island in the Aegean sea near Andros. |
| 544-538 | BABYLON | *BILSHASSAR KING*. |
| 544-493 | INDIA | *BIMBISĀRA*, king of Magadha. d.d. 603-551, 547-495, 582-540. 543-491. 542-490. |
| 544-364 | INDIA | *KINGDOM OF MAGADHA* under dynasties of Bimbisāra and Śiśunāga. |
| 543 | CEYLON | *VIJAYASIMHA* was sent to Ceylon by king Simhabāhu of Bengal with seven hundred followers in one ship from the Bay of Bengal. |
| 540 | BABYLON | *SIEGE* of Babylon by Cyrus. |
| 540 | CHINA | *MEDICAL* historical record appears in the year 450 under Tsochuan. |
| 540 | CARTHAGE | *CARTHAGIAN* and Etruscans united against Phocaeans and Corsica. |
| 540 | BACTRIA | *CYRUS* conquered Bactria. |
| 540 | ALALIA | *CARTHAGIANS* compelled the Phocaeans to relinquish Corsica at the battle of ALALIA an ancient city of Corsica. |
| 540 | CORINTH | *APOLLO* temple at Corinth constructed. |
| 540 | ELEA | *A PHOCAEAN* colony founded on the coast of southern Italy d. d. 535. |
| 540 | EPHESUS | *HERACLITUS*, son of Bolson born at Ephesus in Asia Minor. The earliest Greek philosopher and writer of prose. He surrendered his kingship to his brother. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 540-7m-17d | INDIA | *VASUNANDA KING* of Kashmir reigned for 52 years 2 months. (Raj). Kali-2560-4m. 13d.; Lok. 2535-4m-13 d. d.d. Kali-2529; L. 2504; B.C. 572. |
| 540 | ATHENS | *A LIBRARY* was founded at Athens by Pisistratus. |
| 540 | SAMOS | *POLYCRATES* created a small maritime empire in Samos. d.d. 538. |
| 540 | LACONIA | *NORTHERN FRONTIER* was fixed with Argos and Arcadia. |
| 540 | NAXOS | *LYGDAMIS*, tyrant, born. |
| 540 | SIRIS | *A GREEK* colony of the Gulf of Tarentum destroyed. |
| 540-530 | CROTON | *PYTHAGORAS* established himself here with three hundred disciples. d v. Croton was famous between 530-455 for its Pythagorian brotherhood. |
| 540-500 | ATHENS | *ANTENOR*, Athenian sculptor. |
| 540-500 | COLOPHON | *XENOPHANES* of Colophon in Ionia, Greek philosopher, poet and the founder of the Eleatic school, flourished. He settled in southern Italy. d. d. 570. |
| 540-452 | SICILY | *EPICHARMUS*, a Sicilian writer of comedy. His place of birth is not certain. Cos, Syracuse, Theoc & different places are named. d. d. 570. |
| 539 | BABYLON | *GOBRYS*, a general of Cyrus, conquered Babylon. d. d. 538. |
| 539 | EGYPT | *AMASIS* with Greeks and Cypriots etc. became the leader of anti-Persian activity. |
| 539 | OPIS | *BATTLE OF OPIS*, a lost city of Babylonia. Cyrus defeated the last King of Babylon, (Oct. Nov.) King Nabonidus. |
| 539 | PERSIA | *PERSIAN* invasion of Chaldea, a land and southern Babylonia or southern Iraq. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 539 | PERSIA | *BABYLONIAN CALENDAR* was adopted by Persian Kings. |
| 539-332 | ARAMAIC | *IMPERIAL* Aramaic was officially employed from Egypt to India. |
| 539-331 | BABYLON | *AECHAEMENIAN* period in Babylon 208 years. d. d. 538-332. |
| 539A.D. 70 | PALESTINE | *HEBREW* period of the second temple. |
| 538 | JERUSALEM | *CYRUS* ordered the reconstruction of Jerusalem. |
| 538 | BABYLON | *DEATH* of Nabonidus. |
| 538-332 | DAMASCUS | *UNDER* the Persian kings. |
| 538-332 | JEWS | *UNDER* Persian rule. |
| 538-332 | PHOENICIA | *PERSIAN PERIOD.* |
| 538-530 | BABYLON | *CYRUS II KING.* |
| 537 | BABYLON | *CYRUS* permitted the Jews to return from Babylon under the leadership of Sheshbazaar. More than 40 to 50 thousand left Babylon. According to the separate figure given in Ezra Nehmiah total of about 30,000 whole inclusive of the number given in both sources is 42,360. |
| 537 | JERUSALEM | *ROYAL* edict of the 437 urged the Jews to return at once to Jerusalem. |
| 537-527 | ATHENS | *PEISISTRATUS*, tyrant of Athens third time. |
| 536 | BIBLE | *THE DEATH* of Prophet Daniel. |
| 536-456 | BIBLE | *EZRA BOOK* - probable time. d. d. 444. |
| 536-220 | TALMUD | *THE ORAL LAW* - the part of Jewish lore that explains and supplements written law of Torah. Babylonian Talmud was composed probably in 500c, Jerusalem Talmud was written in Palestine in 400c and Mishnai about 200 B. C. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 535 | CARTHAGE | *MALCHUS*, Carthagian general, was executed about this time. d. d. 550. |
| 535-522 | SAMOS | *POLYCRATES*, tyrant of Samos, reigns d. d. 533. d. v. seized Samos in c540. |
| 535-510 | ROME | *TARQUINUEUS KING* Superbus, the last king of Rome, completed the temple on Capitole. d. d. 534-502. 534-510. |
| 534 | ATHENS | *THESPIS*, the father of Greek tragedy, was born at Icarius, one of the Attic demes. His tragedy for the first time was performed at the Dionysia at Athens in a wagon in 534. d. d. 536, 535-533. |
| 534 | CARTHAGE | *PLAGUE* in Carthage was so terrible that people sacrificed their children to appease the God. |
| 530 | GREECE | *REVERSE* type of coins were introduced in Greece. |
| 531-497 | SAMOS | *PYTHAGORUS*, a Greek philosopher born at Samos immigrated to Croton in 531 B. C. or 530 He established a religious society the aim of which was to liberate the soul from the corruption of the body. He was the combination of Asceticism and the investigation of Nature. His theory resembles the Indian theory of soul and body. He died in 497 B.C. d. v. between 460 -440. d.d. 485-479. |
| 530-522 | PARSUMASH | *CAMBYSES II* began ruling the empire with his father Cyrus from 530-528 and afterwards as sole monarch and committed suicide in c521c B.C. d.d. 529-522. 530-521. |
| 529 | C. ASIA | *CYRUS IN CENTRAL ASIA.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 529-523 | BABYLON | *CAMBYSES II KING.* |
| 528 | ATHENS | *RISE* of tyrannies. |
| 528 | THEBES | *BURNT* by Persians. |
| 528-527 | AIHENS | *PISISTRATUS*, an Athenian, son of Hippocrates, tyrant, who enjoyed power for 33 years, died. |
| 528-524 | MILETUS | *ANAXIMENES* of Miletus died sometime between 528-524 B. C. He maintained that the earth was flat and supported in air and that planets are to be distinguished from stars. He was a Greek philosopher of the Ionian school. He was born in 584 at Miletus. |
| 528-462 | ATHENS | *THEMESTOCLES*, an Athenian democratic statesman flourished d. d. 528-457 or 450. |
| 527 | INDIA | *MAHAVIRA ERA* beginning 15th Oct. 527 B.C. |
| 527 | INDIA | *MAHAVIRA* died 470 years before the Vikram era and according to Śvetāmbara 605 years before the Śaka era d.d. 528 B. C. and 468, 467. |
| 527-453 | INDIA | *UPALI*, Buddhist monk. (Buddha Era 1-30.) |
| 527-510 | ATHENS | *HIPPIAS*, son of Pisistratus, became tyrant of Athens after the death of his father. |
| 526 | EGYPT | *PSAMTIK III* (Psammetichus) *KING* (Saites). d.d. 526-525, 525. |
| 526 | SINAI | *PACT* between Cambyses and the Arabians of Sinai. |
| 525 | CYRENE | *ARCESIZAS III* KING before 525 and after 523. d.d. 530-519. |
| 525 | CYRENE | *CYRENE* in N. Africa submitted to Cambyses. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 525 | BRITAIN | *ALBION*, A Celtic or pre-Celtic ancient name of Great Britain was first recorded by a Massiliot seaman. |
| 525 | DELPHI | *TREASURY OF SIPHNIANS* at Delphi, was built. |
| 525 | EGYPT | *DEFEATED* at Palusiam by Persians when mercenaries endeavoured to heat themselves by a bloody sacrifice of the children of Phanes, the Halikarnassian who had deserted Egypt to Persia. |
| 525 | THEBES | *THEBES PARTIALLY* burnt by the Persians. |
| 525 | CROTON | *PYTHAGOREAN* sect founded. |
| 525 | SPARTA | *ATTACKED* Samos. |
| 525-456 | ATHENS | *AESCHYLUS*, a Greek tragic poet, dramatist, actor, author, fighter, wrote 92 tragedies. d.d. 525/524-456. |
| 525-404 | EGYPT | 27*TH DYNASTY IN EGYPT*. (First Persian domination) d.d. 525-332. |
| 524 | CUMAE | *ETRUSCANS* defeated by the tyrant Aristodemus of Cumae in Italy. |
| 522 | SAMOS | *POLYCRATES* of Samos died. d. d. 523. d.v. He began his rule in 535. |
| 522 | BABYLON | *SMERDIS KING* or Bardia or Bardya. |
| 522 | BABYLON | *NABUKUDURRIUSUR III KING* (Nidintubal.) |
| 522 | PERSIA | *CAMBYSES* committed suicide at Harran. |
| 522 | CROTON | *DEMOCEDES* of Croton, a Greek physician was at Susa in 522 and cured Darius and also the foot and breast of his queen. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| c522 | INDIA | *BUDDHA* was enlightened at Buddhagaya. d. d. 528 |
| 522 | PERSIA | *BARDYA KING* Smerdis (Gaumat) was killed by Darius on 29th Sept. |
| 522-521 | MESOPOTAMIA | *REVOLT* of Nebuchadnezzar. |
| 521 | BABYLON | *BABYLON* captured by Darius. d. d. 520. |
| 521 | BABYLON | *NABUKUDURRIUSSUR IV* (*ARAK*). |
| 521 | PARTHIA | *THE NAME OF PARTHIA* is mentioned neither in Zenda-Vesta nor in Old Testament. It is mentioned first by Nebuchadnezzar IV. |
| 521-486 | PERSIA | *DARIUS I KING* (Dariavaush), Emperor of Persia. He divided his empire into 20 Satrapies, invaded Scythia and in 513 B.C. and was defeated by the Greeks at Marathon in 490 B. C. He died in 485 B. C. d. d. 522-486. 521-485. |
| 521-495 | BIBLE | *ESTHER BOOK* was composed. |
| 521-485 | PERSIA | *DARIUS I* during his reign sent Scylax of Caryanda to explore the southern coast of Asia. d.d. 518-517, 517-375. |
| 520 | GREECE | *APOLLO* temple at Delphi. |
| 520 | ARGOS | *AGELADAS* (Hagelaids), Greek sculptor of Argos, made statues of athletes in Olympia in 520. |
| 520 | BISTUN | *INSCRIPTION OF* Darius I, in the province of Kurdistan of Kermanshah. d. d. 519. |
| 520 | BIBLE | *THE BOOK OF HAGGAI* was composed. |
| 520 | PARTHIA | *PARTHAVA*, The word occurs in Bisitun inscription of Darus. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 520 | INDIA | *DARIUS* conquered Sindh and Gandhar. d. d. 518. |
| 520-518 | BIBLE | *THE BOOK OF ZECHARIAH* was composed. |
| 520-515 | JERUSALEM | *JERUSALEM* temple was built. d. d. 520. 516. |
| 520-500 | SELE | *HERA TEMPLE* at Sele near Paestum, Probable time of construction. d. d. 519-490. |
| 520-496 | BABYLON | *DARIUS KING.* |
| c520-487 | SPARTA | *CLEOMENES I KING.* d.d. 420-490. |
| 520-423 | ATHENS | *CRATINUS*, a Greek poet of Old Comedy. d. d. 495-420. died 421. |
| 519 | ARMENIA | *FIRST MENTIONED* by Darius. |
| 519 | ATHENS | *PACT* between Athens and Platae as Plataea refused to join Boetian League. Athens secured the independence of Boetia. |
| 519 | BABYLON | *DARIUS* captured Babylon second time. |
| 519 | KOREA | *KI-YO KING.* |
| 519 | PLATAEA | *INDEPENDENCE* secured. |
| 518 | PERSIA | *PERSIPOLIS* inscription of Darius. |
| 518 | SUSA | *REVOLT* in Susa. |
| 518-438 | CYNOSCEPHALAE | *PINDAR* (Pindros), a Greek lyric poet of Cynoscephalae in Boetia, died at the age of 83. d. d. 518-442. |
| 517 | CARYANDA | *SCYLAX*, a Greek historian & navigator of Caryanda in Caria, by order of Darius I, is said to have sailed down the Indus to its mouth and thence in a voyage of thirty months to have reached the isthmus of Suez. d d. 517-515. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 517 | EGYPT | *REVOLT* in Egypt. |
| 516 | BABYLON | *DARIUS* quelled Babylonian insurrection. |
| 516 | INDIA | *DARIUS* Hystaspis sent Scylax to Indus. |
| 516 | NEMEA | *NEMEAN GAME* is one of the four athletic festivals of Greece started in honour of Zeus in Nemea biennially. |
| 516 | SAMOS | *SAMOS* was captured by the General of Darius. |
| 516 | SCYTHIA | *IDANTHYESUS*, Scythia's ruler opposed Darius. |
| 515 | ELEA | *PARMENIDES*, a Greek philosopher born at Elea in southern Italy. He mentioned that the world has developed from a single element and there is no change and multiplicity. |
| 515 | GREECE | *DORIC* coins minted. |
| 515 | JERUSALEM | *SECOND TEMPLE* was completed. |
| 515 | PERSIA | *NAUSH-I-RUSTAM* an ancient site some four miles north of Persipoles inscription of Darius. |
| c515-491 | SPARTA | *DEMARATUS KING* (Eurypontids). d. d. 510-491. |
| 514 | ATHENS | *HARMODIUS* and Aristogiton revolted against Athenian tyranny. d. d. 510. |
| 514 | BABYLON | *DESTROYED* by Darius. |
| 514-496 | CHINA | *HO-LU* of Wu ruler. |
| 513 | THEBES | *EXPEDITION* of Darius. |
| c513-490 | INDIA | *CHAṆDA PRADYOTA*, king of Avanti. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 512 | MACEDONIA | *CONQUERED* by Persia and king Amyntas became vassal of Persia. d.d. 513. |
| 512 | OLYNTHUS | *CITY NEAR* the peninsula of Potidaea submitted to Persia. |
| 512 | SCYTHIA | *DARIUS'* expedition in Scythia. |
| 512 | THRACE | *DARIUS* conquers Thrace. |
| 512 | PERSIA | *THE EMPIRE OF DARIUS* was in the north of Black Sea and Śaka land in the east, the Indus river in the west Egypt and Mediterranean and in the south Arabia and Sahara. |
| 511 | ATHENS | *PHRYNICHUS* an Athenian tragic poet his first play was produced. d. d. 511-508- |
| 514 | ATHENS | *HIPPARCHUS*, son of Pisistratus murdered by Haremodius and Aristogiton. |
| 510 | CEOS | *BACCHYLIDES*, son of Midylus, a Greek lyric poet, was born at Iulis in the island of Ceos, 14 miles from the coast of Attica. d. d. b. 524-521, fl. 467, 460, 431. |
| 510 | SPARTA | *EXPEDITION* against Athens and fall of tyranny. |
| 510 | ATHENS | *JOINS* Peloponnesian League. |
| 510 | SPARTA | *CLEOMENESE* leads second Spartan expedition against Athens. |
| 510 | BARCA | *A CITY OF* Syrenaica in N. Africa populated by the Persians was captured by the Persians who removed most of the inhabitants to Bactria. |
| 510 | ROME | *EXPULSION* of Taraquin dynasty. |
| 510 | ROME | *END OF MONARCHY.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 510 | SYBARIS | *THE WAR* between Sybaris and Crotoniats and destruction of Sybaris, an Achaean-Troezenian foundation near the gulf of Torentum. d. d. 509. |
| 510 | SPARTA | *SPARTANS ENTERED* into Attica. |
| 510-491 | SPARTA | *DEMARATUS KING.* |
| 510-480 | METAPONTUM | *TWO TEMPLES* at Metapontum an Achaean Colony just west of Tarentum are dated from 510-480. |
| 510-477 | JAPAN | *ETOKU KING.* |
| 509 | ANXUR | R*OMANS CAPTURED* the city of Anxur, in Volsci. |
| 509 | ROME | *CAPITOLIUM* dedicated. |
| 509 | ROME | *COMMERCIAL TREATY* with Carthage. |
| 509 | ROME | *PATRICIANS* established Oligarchy. |
| 509 | ROME | *ROME BECAME A REPUBLIC.* Institution of two annual (Praetor) Consuls established. d. d. 510. |
| 509 | ROME | *SENATE* consisted of 300 Patrician members. |
| 509 | ROME | *LUCIUS IUNIUS BRUTUS* and Tarquinius Collatinus became first consuls. |
| 508 | ATHENS | *VICTORY* of Cleisthenes and his party and beginning of his reform. He introduced Ostracism and was the father of democracy in Athens. d. d. 508-507. |
| 508 | DANUBE | *DARIUS* crossed Danube and launched attack against Sythians. |
| 508 | ROME | *ETRUSCAN* invasion under Larsi Porsenna d. d. 509. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 508 | ROME | *NAVAL* treaty between Carthage and Rome. The treaty recognised Carthage's exclusive interests in Africa and Rome's in Latium. |
| 508-507 | SPARTA | *INVADED* Attica under Cleomenes=(Kleomenes) and expelled Cleisthenes, but Athenians rose, expelled Spartans and recalled Cleisthenes. |
| 508-504 | ATHENS | *ESTABLISHMENT* of Cleisthenian democracy. |
| 508-287 | ROME | *COMITIA CENTURIATA*, principal Roman Assembly. |
| 507 | ROME | *CAPITOL* dedicated to Jupiter. |
| 506 | ATHENS | *DEFEATS* Boeotia and Chalcidians. |
| 506 | ATHENS | *ACQUIRES* Cropus, a coastal town on the border of Attica and Boeotia. |
| 506 | ATHENS | *STRUGGLE* with Aegina began. |
| 506 | ATHENS | *BATTLE* between Athens and Sparta. |
| 506 | ATTICA | *PELOPONNESIANS* invaded Attica. |
| 506 | CHINA | *ARMY OF WU* captured the capital of Ch'u. |
| 505-450 | MACEDONIA | *ALEXANDER KING*, son of Amuntas I. d.d. 492-450. |
| 503 | KOREA | *KI-GANG KING*. |
| 503-502 | GREECE | *THE FIRST CIVIL WAR* in Cleisthenic system. |
| 502-480 | BOSPORUS | *ARCHAEANACTID* from Mytylene rules. |
| 501 | CARTHAGE | *MALTA* occupied by Carthage. |
| 501 | INDIA | *BIMBISĀRA* defeated Brahmadatta, king of Anga and established his capital at Champā (Modern Bhagalpur). |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| c501 | INDIA | *KAPILA*, author of Samkhya Darśana. |
| 501 | ROME | *TITUS LARTIUS*, the first dictator of Rome. |
| 501 | ROME | *LATINS AND THE TARQUINS* declared war against Roman republic. |
| 501 | ROME | *SATURN* temple at Rome |
| 500 | GREECE | *GREEK ALPHABETS* after this period continued to spread from Hellenic colonial area to the neighbouring countries of foreign speech. |
| 500 | INDIA | *ŚĀKYA GAṆA RĀJYA* period. |
| 500c | INDIA | *UDAYANA*, king of Vatsa. |
| 500 | MALTA | *CARTHAGINIANS* drive out Greeks from Malta. |
| c500 | NEPAL | *JETDASTI KIRAT*, king of central Nepal was overthrown by Bhaiphutta, Kirat king of Eastern Nepal. |
| c500 | ARABIA | *QATABAN* kingdom flourished. |
| c500 | INDIA | *BIMBISĀRA* conquered Magadha. |
| 500 | INDIA | *JATAKA* depicted the Society of this period. |
| 500c | CATANA | *CHARONDAS* of Catana in Sicily was law-giver and the first who introduced prosecution for perjury. |
| 500c | ATHENS | *ONOMACRITUS*, Phocian commander in the third Sacred War, who collected oracle responses. |
| c500 | TANGARA | *CORINNA*, lyric poetess, a native of Tangara in Boeotia, flourished. |
| 500 | IRAN | *USE OF ARMS*. According to Herodotus certain people of eastern Iran such as Messagetae were unacquainted with the use of arms. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 500 | PERSIPOLIS | *CONSTRUCTION* of audience hall of Darius. |
| 500 | ATHENS | *TREASURY* of Athenians at Delphi. |
| 500c | MILETUS | *ARISTAGORAS*, a tyrant of the city of Miletus, according to Herodotus, possessed a bronze tablet on which land and seas were depicted. |
| 500 | ACRAGAS | *CONSTRUCTION* of Zeus temple at Acragas began. |
| 500c | GREECE | *PELOPONNESIAN LEAGUE*; before this period, this was the largest federal organisation known to the known world. |
| 500 | TARTESSOS | *TARTESSOS CITY* was destroyed by *CARTHAGINIANS*. The city was situated at the mouth of Gaudalquivir, aregion of South Spain. |
| 500-494 | MILETUS | *IONIAN REVOLT* in Asia Minor ended with the fall of Miletus in 494 and success of Persians. d.d. 493. |
| 500-480 | CHINA | *TSE-KUNG*. |
| 500-470 | SICILY | *MILITARY TYRANNY* in Sicily. |
| 500-420 | CHINA | *MO-TZU* founder of Mohist school of philosophy and law. d d. 470-391. |
| 500 428 | CLAZOMENAE | *ANAXAGORUS*, a Greek of Clazomenae, a city situated on the south shore of the gulf of Smyrna, astronomer, who believed in dualism. He was the first man to explain eclipses and the nature of stars etc. He is the first philosopher to reside in Athens. d. d. 500-425. |
| 500-400 | INDIA | *BHARATA NĀṬYA ŚĀSTRA* con. t. |
| 500-400 | INDIA | *BṚHADDEVATĀ*. con. t. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 500-400 | GREECE | *SOPHIST* philosophers' age. |
| 500-300 | INDIA | *VĀSIṢṬHA DHARMA SŪTRA* con. t. |
| 500-300 | PERU | *EXPERIMENTAL AND CLASSICAL* period. |
| 500-238 | SARDINIA | *LATE NURAGIC* period. |
| 500-200 | INDIA | *JAIMINI'S PŪRVA - MĪMĀṀSĀ - SŪTRA* con. t. |
| 500-200 | INDIA | *BAUDHĀYANA DHARMA SŪTRA* con. t. |
| 500-31 | ROME | *REPUBLICAN* period. |
| 500-A.D.500 | IRELAND | *BRONZE AGE.* |
| 500-A.D.1050 | NORWAY | *IRON AGE.* |
| 499 | INDIA | *PŪRṆA-KAŚYAPA*, disciple of Buddha died. |
| 499-498 | GREECE | *ARISTAGORAS* at Sparta and Athens. |
| 499 | PERSIA | *PEACE*, treaty with Athens. |
| 499-493 | IONIA | *IONIC REVOLT* against Persia. |
| 499-493 | CARIA | *JOINED* in Ionic revolt. d.d. 499-494. |
| 499-449 | GREECE | *PERSIAN WARS*, period. |
| 498 | ATHENS | *WAR BETWEEN* Aegina and Athens. |
| 498 | ROME | *FLAVIUS* was the first dictator chosen in Rome. d.d. 501. |
| 498-491 | GELA | *HIPPOCRATES*, tyrant of Gela succeeded his brother Cleander and fell in battle. d.d. c491/490. |
| 497 | METAPONTUM | *PYTHAGORUS* died and was buried at Metapontum. |
| 497 | MYCAL | *THE GREEK NAVAL* force defeated the Persians at Mycale. |
| 497 | SARDIS | *IONIANS* and allied at Sardis. d.d. 498. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 497 | SARDIS | *TOWN* was burnt to the ground by fire d.d. 498. |
| 496 | ATHENS | *HIPPARCHUS* was elected Archon. |
| 496 | LATIN LEAGUE | *CONFEDERATION* of cities of Latium under Roman hegemony. |
| 496 | REGILLUS | *LATINS AND TARQUINS* were defeated by Romans at Regillus, a lake Latium. d.d. 499. |
| 496 | ROME | *CERES*, an ancient Italian corn-goddess, the cult at Rome, is dated from 496. She was very early identified with Demeter. Her temple was built on the Awentine. |
| 496-473 | CHINA | *FU-CH'AL OF WU RULER.* |
| 496-406 | COLONUS | *SOPHOCLES*, son of Sophilus, born at Colonus deuce of Attica; tragic poet of Athens. d.d. 495-405. |
| 495 | SCYTHIA | *ARISTOGORUS*, Scythian ruler. |
| 495 | SIGNIA | *A CITY OF* Latium on east angle side of the Volscian mountains. Fresh colonists were sent there from Rome. |
| 495-450 | MACEDONIA | *ALEXANDER I KING* d. d. 497-454. 495-430. |
| 495-435 | ELEA | *ZENO OF ELEA*, a Greek philosopher. Aristotle called him the founder of dialectic. d.d. 490. |
| 494 | DIDYAM | *THE TEMPLE* was destroyed by Persians. It was oracular sanctuary of Apollo, 10 miles South of Miletus. |
| 494 | LADE | *PERSIAN* fleet defeats the Greeks at Lade. |
| 494 | MILETUS | *CAPTURED* by Persians. |
| 494 | ROME | *THE FIRST SECESSION* of the Plebeians. |
| 494 | ROME | *TWO PLEBEIAN* tribunes instituted. d.d. 493. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 494 | ROME | *AEDILES*, minor Roman Magistrates were appointed to look after finance etc. |
| 494 | SEPEIA | *THE SPARTANS* defeated Argives in the battle of Sepeia. |
| 493 | ROME | *ALLIANCE* with Latin League. |
| 493-492 | ATHENS | *THEMISTOCLES* was elected Archon of Athens by anti-Persian party in Athens. |
| 493c-462 | INDIA | *REIGN OF AJĀTAŚATRU.* 500 - ? 494 - ? 551-519. 491-459. 490-460 490-470. 484 - ? Ajākaśatru born 529. |
| 492 | HELORUS | *HIPPOCRATES*, tyrant of Gela, defeated the Syracusans on the bank of Helorus river. |
| 492 | NORBA | *A LATIN* colony was established, southeast of Rome. |
| 492 | *THRACE* | *MARDONIUS*, son-in-law of Darius I, conquered Thrace and Macedonia. d.d. 490. |
| 491 | GELA | *GELON* Son of Drinomeues became the tyrant of Gela in Sicily. d.d. 490. |
| 491-469 | SPARTA | *LEOTYCHIDAS KING* (Burypontids). |
| 490 | ATHENS | *PHIDIAS* an Athenian sculptor born. d.d. 500-c417, 500-432. |
| 490 | CARYSTUS | *PERSIANS*, subjugated Carystus, a maritime town in the south of Euboea. |
| 490 | ERETRIA | *DESTRUCTION* of Eretria, a coastal town of Euboea by Persians. |
| 490 | INDIA | *BIḌUḌABHA* massacred Sakyas. |
| 490 | MARATHON | *PERSIAN EXPEDITION*; about 40 thousand soldiers crossed Aegean and the battle was fought between Athens and Persians at Marathon on or about 28th or 29th Sept. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 490 | NAXOS | *SACKED* by Persians; the largest island of the Cyclades east of Paros, famous for wine and centre of the worship of Dionysus. |
| 490 | PERSIA | *THE FIRST PERSIAN WAR* in Greece. |
| 490 | ATHENS | *PHEIPPIDES*, the Athenian courier, covered the distance of 150 miles between Athens and Marathon starting the first day and reaching there the second day d.v. 135 miles. |
| 490-480 | SPARTA | *LEONIDAS I KING*. d.d. 489-480. |
| 490-430 | ACRAGAS | *EMPEDOCLES*, son of Meton, born at Acragas advanced the theory that the elements (fire, air, water and. earth) are roots of the material world These are the four ultimate elements eternally united and eternally parted by two active corporeal forces, love and strife. He also propounded the theory of birth and death. He declined the offer of kingship of Acragas d.d. c493-433. |
| 490-429 | ATHENS | *PERICLES*, Athenian statesman and leader of democratic party. His funeral oration is famous. Athens attained the zenith of its glory during his time. d.d. 495-429. |
| 489 | ATHENS | *MILTIADES*, general and statesman, his expedition to Paros, where he was wounded and returned to Athens, and soon afterwards died. |
| 488 | INDIA | *NARA II KING* of Kashmir, reigned for sixty years. Kali-2612, 6 months, 13 days. 1=1. L. 2587, 6 months, 13 days (Raj). d. d. Kali-2581, 1=1 L. 2556, 1=1 B.C. 520. |
| 488 | OLYMPIA | *GELON* victorious in Chariot race at Olympia in Greece. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 488-487 | ATHENS | *CONSTITUTIONAL REFORM*. The nine Archons were to be chosen by lot from 500 candidates elected by demes. |
| 488-481 | ATHENS | *WAR* with Athens terminates in favour of Aeginetans. |
| 488-472 | ACRAGAS | *ATTAINED THE* zenith of its prosperity during the period of Theron. |
| 487 | ATHENS | *ARCHONS* were elected by lot for the first time. |
| 486 | ATHENS | *OSTRACISM* of Megacles. |
| 486 | PONTUS | *ARTBAZJUS KING* was appointed king of Pontus by Darius, Hystaspes. Pontus was a part of Cappadocia in the vicinity of the Pontus Euxinus. |
| 486 | ITALY | *WAR* between Acqui and Volsci people, intermittently, for fifty years. |
| 486 | ITALY | *HERNICI*, an ancient people of Latium between Volsci on the south and Acqui in the north, and Maris and alliance with Rome. |
| 486 | KOREA | *KI-HON KING*. |
| 486 | ROME | *THE FIRST AGRARIAN LAW* passed by Spurius Cassius. |
| 486-485 | EGYPT | *REVOLT AGAINST PERSIANS* under Khabas, was suppressed. d. d. 485, 484. |
| 486-465 | PERSIA | *XERXES I KING*, son of Darius I. d. d. 486-466. 486-469 ? 486-464, 485-465. |
| 485 | AEGINA | *CONQUERED* by Themistocles. |
| 485 | PERSIA | *DARIUS I* died. d.d. 486. |
| 485 | SYRACUSE | *GELON* becomes tyrant of Gela and Syracuse. |
| 485-482 | BABYLON | *XERXES I KING*. d.d. 485-482. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 485-415 | ABDERA | *PROTAGORAS* of Abdera, Greek Sophist philosopher, started the correct use of words and grammar. His well known dictum is "Man is the measure of all things". d.d. 480-410. |
| 485-407 | PHLYA | *EURIPIDES*, the last of the great Attic tragedians, was born at Phlya, east of HYMETTUS. He died in the court of the king of Macedonia. d.d. 485-406. 484-407. 480-408. 480-406. |
| 484 | ATHENS | *XANTHIPPUS*, son of Arriphoan and father of Pericles of Athens, was ostracized. |
| 484 | BABYLON | *BELSHIMANNI KING*. |
| c484 | INDIA | *GOSALA*'s death. |
| 484-483 | EGYPT | *PERSIANS* again recovered control of Egypt. |
| 484c-468 | INDIA | *WAR* between king Ajātaśatru and Lichhavis d. d. 530. |
| c484-425 | HELICARNASSUS | *HERODOTUS*, son of Lyxes, born at Halicarnassus, a city of Asia Minor Greek historian and is called father of history ; died before 430 in Thurii. d.d. 484-428. |
| 484-421 | ERETRIA | *ACHAEUS* of Eretria was an Athenian Tragic poet who won a Lenaean victory in c333 B.C. |
| 483 | INDIA | *BUDDHA* - Death at the age of 80 at Kushi Nagar (Kasia-India). on 13th Oct. 483. d.d. 447, 486, 487. |
| 483 | BURMA | *MAHA THAMBAWA KING* established monarchy at Prome. |
| 483 | BURMA | *THARKHETRA* Kingdom established. |
| 483 | ATHENS | *CANAL* digging across the isthmus of mount Athos about a mile and half long. |
| 483 | INDIA | *BUDDHIST SANGITI FIRST* or council or Parishad at Rajagriha under Kaśyapa. d.d. 487. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 483-482 | LAURIUM | *SILVER MINE* : discovery of a new vein at Laurium, a hilly district in south Attica near cape SUNIUM. |
| 483-467 | INDIA | *UDAYA KING*, grandson of Ajātaśatru of Magadha. |
| 483-445 | CEYLON | *VIJAYA* conquered Ceylon and ruled for 38 years. Buddha Era 1-38. d.d. 543. B.C. |
| 483-376 | LEOTINI | *GORGIAS* of Leotini, a Greek Sophist philosopher and rhetorician, settled at Athens. |
| 482 | ATHENS | *ARISTIDES* (ARISTEIDES), Athenian statesman and soldier, son of Lysimachus, fought in the battle of Marathon in 482 and became the Archon of Athens in 489; a rival of Themistocles; suffered ostracism between 485-482. He was recalled and appointed general in 479 and commanded Athenian force in Plataea. He died in 468. |
| 482 | ATHENS | *FLEET* increased its strength. d.d. 483. |
| 482 | BABYLON | *SHAMASHERIBA KING.* |
| 482 | BABYLON | *PARTLY DESTROYED* by Xerxes. |
| 482 | CHINA | *ATTEMPT* of Wu to become leading power in China. |
| 482 | CORINTH | *GREEK CONGRESS* at Isthmus of Corinth. |
| 482 | GREECE | *UNITED* against Persia. |
| 482 | MESOPOTAMIA | *REVOLT* of Bel-shimanni and Shamsheriba, Achaemenid ruler. |
| 481 | China | *DISSOLUTION* of feudal system. |
| 481 | SARDIS | *XERXES* comes down to Sardis in Syria. |
| 481-465 | BABYLON | *XERXES I KING*. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 481-221 | CHINA | *PERIOD OF CHAN-KUO*, warring states. d.d. 481-205. |
| 480 | ABYDOS | *XERXES* crossed Hellespont by bridge. Abydos was on the Asiatic side of Hellespont. |
| 480 | ACRAGS | Joined Syracuse. |
| 480 | ACTE | *CANAL* : Acte, one of the three most easterly peninsulas projecting into the Aegean sea. A canal was cut in Acte by Xerxes. The traces of this canal can be seen even now. |
| 480 | AEGINA | *SECOND PERSIAN* invasion on Aegina. |
| 480 | ARTEMISIUM | *CONCENTRATION OF GREEK FLEET* at Artemisium, on the north coast of Euboea, the largest island of Aegean and the battle of Artemisium. |
| 480 | ATHENS | *ACROPOLIS* was destroyed during Persian invasion of Greece. |
| 480 | ATHENS | *RECALLS* ostracize citizens. |
| 480 | ATHENS | *CAPTURED* BY PERSIANS and Acropolis was burnt and destroyed (17th Sept.). |
| 480 | DIDYMA | *BRANCHIDAE*, the priest of the temple, was removed to Sogdania by Xerxes. |
| 480 | ECLIPSE | *SOLAR* eclipse. |
| 480 | GREECE | *XERXES* enters Greece. |
| 480 | THERMOPYLAE | *BATTLE* (August). |
| 480 | MELOS | *NAVAL FLEET* took part in the battle of Himera. |
| 480 | SALAMIS | *NAVAL BATTLE* (Sept.) Athens defeated Persians. |
| 480 | OLYNTHUS | *BECAME A GREEK TOWN.* |
| 480 | OLYNTHUS | *GIVEN* to Chalcidians. |
| 480 | HIMERA | *IBERIAN* mercenaries in Himera. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 480 | HIMERA | *CARTHAGE INVADED* Sicily but was defeated, by Zelon at HIMERA d.d. 480-479. |
| 480 | ROME | *VOLSINII*, one of the cities of Etruscan confederacy at war. |
| 480 | TRACHIS | *EPHIALTES* of Trachis called Malian trader, who, while Leonidas was defending the pass of Thermopylae, guided Persians through the defiles of Anopaea and thus enabled them to fall upon his rear. The Delphic amphictyions set a price on his head. d.d. 479 or 478. |
| c480-460 | ATHENS | *CRITIUS*, a Greek sculptor, flourished. |
| 480-459 | SPARTA | *PLEISTARCHUS KING*. |
| 480-445 | ELEUTHERAE | *MYRON*, a Greek sculptor of Eleutherae on the boundary of Boeotia and Attica. |
| 480-438 | PANTICAPAEUM | *ARCHAEANACID* dynasty ruled Panticapaeum on the west side of the Cimmerians. |
| 480-411 | RHAMNUS | *ANTIPHON*, an Attica orator and writer born at Rhamnus, one of the remotest Attic demes between Attica and Euboea. |
| 479-474 | CYRENE | *REGAINED* freedom during this period. d.d. 479-474. |
| 479 | PLATAEA | *MARDONIUS*, Persian general and son-in-law of Darius was defeated and killed by the Greeks near Plataea, a city in southern Boeotia between Cithaeron and the river Asopos. |
| 479 | CHINA | *CONFUCIUS* died. d.d, 478. |
| 479 | CHINA | *CH'U* annexed CH'EN. |
| 479 | ROME | *THE TEMPLES* of Heracles and of the Dioscuri were built, to celebrate the victory over Carthagians by Romans. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 479 | MACEDONIA | *RECOVERED* her independence. |
| 479 | MYCALE | *THE BATTLE* of Mycale in Asia Minor between the Greek fleet under Leotychids and Persians resulting in defeat of Persians. Mycale is opposite to the island of Samos. |
| 479-478 | ATHENS | '*DRACHMA'S* was struck simultaneously in Athens and Syracuse. |
| 479-381 | CHINA | *MO-TI*, philosopher. d.d. 480-400. |
| 478 | INDIA | *VIḌUḌABHA*, son of Prasenajit, king of Kośala, deposed his father and destroyed Kapilavastu. d.d. c490. |
| 478-467 | SYRACUSE | *HIERON I*, tyrant of Syracuse d.d. 467-466. |
| 478-476 | ATHENS | *THEMISTOCLES* reconstructed and fortified Athens. d.d. 479. |
| 478 | ATHENS | *CAPTURE* of Sestos (Sestus) a town of Thrace by Athenians. d.d. 479. |
| 478 | PERSIA | *HELLESPONT* lost to the Greeks. |
| 478 | GELA | *DEFEAT* of Gelon the tyrant of Gela and Syracuse and his death. |
| 478-477 | PERSIA | *LOST* Byzantium and the Bosporus. |
| 478-477 | CHIOS | *JOINED* Delian League. |
| 478-404 | GREECE | *THE FIRST DELIAN LEAGUE* under the Leadership of Athens with its headquarters at Delos was founded in winter 478-477 and was dissolved in 404 and reorganised in 338. It is also named as Confederacy of Delos. |
| 477 | CREMERA | *WAR* against Veii. The battle of Cremera in Italy is famous for the annihilation of three hundred Fabbi. Traditionally only one escaped. Peace was made in 474. (According to Diodorus - 471 B.C.). |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 476 | RHEGIUM | *ANATILAS* the tyrant of Rhegium died. |
| 476-475 | EION | *CONQUERED* by Cimon, it was a village of Peloponnesus on the sea coast. |
| 476-452 | SAMOS | *PYTHAGORAS* born at Samos and migrated to Rhegium, famous for his sculptures of athletes. |
| 476-427 | SPARTA | *ARCHIDAMUS II KING*. |
| 475 | AETNA | *A CITY* of north Sicily, was founded by Hieron I, with 10,000 new Settlers. |
| 475 | ETNA | *ERUPTION* of Etna; also in 425, 396, 125, 122 and 43. |
| 475-447 | ATHENS | *POLYGNOTUS* of Thasos, later an Athenian citizen. a Greek historical and portrait painter, flourished. d.d. c450. |
| 475 | ROME | *CONCILIUM PLEBIS*, Plebeian assembly, was formed in Rome exclusively for Plebeians. |
| 475 | CUMAE | *ETRUSCAN* fleet was defeated by Heiron I of Syracuse at Cumae. |
| 475-393 | JAPAN | *KOSHO KING*. |
| 473 | CHINA | *THE FALL* of Wu state. |
| 472 | ACRAGAS | *THRASYDAEUS* succeeded his father Theron. d.d. 472-471. |
| 472 | GREECE | *AESCHYLUS*' tragedy 'The Parsae' was first performed in 472. |
| 472-471 | ATHENS | *THEMISTOCLES*, an Athenian soldier and statesman, ostracized. He settled at Argos. d.d. 471-469. |
| 471 | ACRAGAS | *WAR* of Hieron with Thrasydaeus of Acragas. d.d. 471-472. |
| 471 | ATHENS | *FLIGHT* of Themistocles. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 471 | DIPAEA | *ARCADIAN* league sustained crushing defeat at Dipaea by Sparta. |
| 471 | SPARTA | *PAUSANIS*, Spartan general, starved to death in the temple of Athena of the Brazen House, but before his death he was carried outside to avoid pollution of the Sanctuary and he died immediately. d.d. 470. |
| 471 | ROME | *NUMBER* of *TRIBUNES* was raised. |
| 470 | ACRAGAS | *TYRANNY* replaced by a democracy. |
| 470 | ARGOS | *POLYCLEITUS*, a Greek sculptor, who worked chiefly in bronze but also in marble, gold and ivory and embossed metal work. |
| 470 | ATHENS | *CRATES*, an Athenian comic poetof old comedy, flourished. He was the first to represent a drunkard on the stage. According to Aristotle, he was the first to substitute more general subjects and well-developed plot for mere political lampoons on individuals. |
| 470-469 | NAXOS | *REVOLTED* against Delian League and was captured by Athens. d.d. 467, c468/467. |
| c470-460 | OLYMPIA | *ZEUS*, temple at Olympia. p. t. |
| 470-413 | ATHENS | *NICIAS*, Athenian politician and general. |
| 470-400 | CEOS | *PRODICUS* of Ceos, an island of Cyclades, studied synonymous words and he compared dialect with phonetics. He was a sophist philosopher and a contemporary of Socrates. |
| 470-399 | ATHENS | *SOCRATES*, a great Athenian philosopher. |
| 469-427 | SPARTA | *KING ARCHIDAMUS II* (Euryontids). d.d. 469-399. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 468 | ANTIUM | *CONQUERED* by Romans. d.d. 467. |
| c468 | ARGOLIS | *A HILL TOWN* of Argolis, five and half miles north-east of Argos was destroyed. |
| 468 | EURYMEDON | *ATHENIAN ADMIRAL CIMON* defeated the Persian fleet in the battle of Eurymedon, a river of the south coast of Asia minor. d.d. 467 or 466, 470. |
| 468 | MYCENAE | *DESTRUCTION* of Mycenae by Argives. |
| 468-456 | GREECE | *TEMPLE OF ZEUS* was built at OLYMPIA and destroyed in 6 A.D. |
| 467 | ATHENS | *THEMISTOCLES* was outlawed by Athens. |
| 467 | CATANA | *A TOWN* in Sicily. The population was removed by Heiron I to Leontini who renamed the city as Aetna, repeopling it with Dorian mercenaries. In 461 they were expelled and the old name restored. |
| 467 | INDIA | *DARŚAKA*, son of Ajātaśatru, king of Magadha. Probable time of accession. d.d. 458-435. |
| 467-466 | ITALY | *RHEGIUM* and Taras defeated by Italian Iapyges. |
| 465 | BACTRIA | *ARTABANUS* satrap of Bactria. |
| 465 | KOREA | *KING KI-PYUK*. |
| 466 | PERSIA | *XERXES* assassinated in the palace by his VIZIER ARTABANUS. |
| 466 | SPARTA | *EARTH - QUAKE*. 30,000 people died. |
| 466 | SYRACUSE | *THRASYBULUS* succeeded his brother Heiron at Syracuse. |
| 466 | SYRACUSE | *THRASYBULUS* defeated and democracy was set up in Syracuse. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 465 | PERSIA | *ARTAXERXEX I* discovered during the first seven months of his reign the truth about the death of his father and put ARTA BANUS and his son to death. |
| 465-463 | THASOS | *AN ISLAND* off the coast of Thrace revolted and was crushed by Cimon. |
| 465-424 | PERSIA | *ARTAXERXES I* Longimanus succeeded his father in 465 as king of Iran and Egypt ; his right hand was longer than the left, so he was called Long Manus. d.d. 464-424. |
| 465-395 | HALIMUS | *THUCYDIDES* Son of OLORUS and HEGESIPYLE a Greek historian, born at Halimus in Attica. d.d. c471-400, 464-401, 460-400, 455-400. |
| 464 | ITHOME | *HELOTS* in Laconia revolted and siege of Ithome, a prominent and easily fortified mountain rising isolated in the Messenean plain. |
| 464 | SPARTA | *EARTHQUAKE* and Helots revolt. |
| 463-456 | MESSENIA | *THE THIRD MESSENIAN WAR.* d.d. 465-464. |
| 462 | ATHENS | *ANAXAGORAS*, the first philosopher who came to reside in Athens and remained there for 30 years. d.d. 480. |
| 462-461 | ATHENS | *EPHIALTES*, Athenian statesman and supporter of Pericles against Cimon. His democratic reforms limited the power of the Areopagus. He was murdered and buried in the Reramicus. |
| 462 | EGYPT | *REVOLT* in Egypt under Inaros. |
| 462-461 | ATHENS | *ADVANCED* democracy was established. |
| 462-460 | ATHENS | *PAY* was introduced at Athens for the judges of the Heliaea. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 462-440 | CYRENE | *ARESILAS IV* King before 462-c440. |
| 462-430 | INDIA | *FOUR SUCCESSORS* of Ajātaśatru, king of Magadha. |
| 461 | ATHENS | *AREOPAGUS* deprived of all political power except the trial of homicides and some religious purposes. It was to the west of Acropolis in Athens. |
| 461 | ATHENS | *CIMON* was ostracized by the popular party of Athens but was recalled in office. |
| 461 | GREECE | *SPARTA* and Athens ; differences began. |
| 461 | MESSENIA | *ITHOME*, fortress town of Messenia, captured by Sparta in the first Messenian war. |
| 461-460 | GREECE | *TREATY* between Athens and Argos. |
| 460 | ATHENS | *THEMISTOCLES* residence in Magnesia where he died in 457 B.C. d.d. 462. |
| 460 | ATHENS | *BREACH* with Sparta. |
| 460 | ATHENS | *FLEET* sails up the Nile. |
| 460 | ATHENS | *MICON* (Mikon), painter and sculptor of Athens, flourished. |
| 460c | CLEONAE | *CIMON* of Cleonae the first Greek painter who used perspective, flourished. |
| 460 | EPIDAURUS | *ASCLEPIUS* temple in the city of Epidaurus on the east coast of Argolis dates from about 460 B.C. which contained the gold and ivory statue of god by Thrasymedes of Paros. d.v. An inscription records the contract of building this temple about 380 B.C. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 460c | MILETUS | *LEUCIPPUS* a native of Miletus, founder of atomic theory of universe, flourished. d.v. Born in Elea Abdera or Miletus. |
| 460 | PAESTUM | *TEMPLE* of Hera, probable time. |
| 460 | ROME | *CINCINNATUS LUCIUS QUINTIUS*, one of the ideal personalities of the world, and a model of old Roman frugality and integrity. Served as a Consul in 460. He returned to his farm. He cultivated field with his own hand. He was called in 456 from the plough, to dictatorship for serving his country and he fulfilled his duty and again returned to the plough. |
| 460 | ROME | *WAR* against Aequi, an ancient Italian people. |
| 460-420 | SYRACUSE | *SOPHRON*, a Syracusan writer of Greek mime flourished. |
| 460-403 | ATHENS | *CRITIASONE*, one of the thirty tyrants of Athens. |
| 460-400 | MESOPOTAMIA | *MURUSHU BANKERS* at Nippur, 45 miles southeast of Babylon. |
| 460-371 | COS | *HIPPOCRATES*, a Greek physician of the island of Cos, whose famous words are - 'Life is short and the art of medicine is long, the occasion fleeting, experience deceitful and judgment difficult'. |
| 460-370 | ABDERA | *DEMOCRITUS* of Abdera developed the atomic theory of Leucippus. d.d. 470. |
| 460-168 | MACEDONIA | *A THRACIAN PEOPLE* was living on the fertile territory on the lower Strymon. The country was called Bisaltae and had silver mines. They remained under Macedonian subjugation during this period. d.v. Some say that they were Scythians. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 459 | AEGINA | *WAR* between Athens and Aegina broke out. d.d. 58 |
| 459 | ATHENS | *CAPTURES* Ithome a fortress town of Messenia and Memphis. |
| 459 | CORINTH | *WAR* with Athens. |
| 459 | EGYPT | *ATHENIAN* expedition. |
| 459 | MEGRA | *ATTACKED* by Corinth. |
| 459 | PERSIA | *CYRUS KING* founded the city of Pasagrade at the place of victory over Astyages in Persia. |
| 459-458 | CECRAYPHALEA | *NAVAL BATTLE* between Athens and Peloponnesian fleet was fought, resulting in victory of Athens. |
| 459-458 | HALIEIS | *BATTLE* between Athenians and Corinthians. Athenians were defeated at Halieis, a town of Argolis, an ancient district of Greece. |
| 459-458 | PALICE | *SICELS* (Siculisikeloi) united under Ducetius and founded a capital at Palice. d.d. 459. |
| 459-380 | SYRACUSE | *LYSIAS*, son of Cephalus of Syracuse, Pericles permitted him to settle in Athens. He is famous for his Olympic speeches. d. 458-380, 445-380, 440-380. |
| 458 | AEGINA | *SURRENDERED* to Athens. d.d. 456. |
| 457 | ATHENS | *ARCHONSHIP* opened to small holders. d.d. 457. |
| 458 | ATHENS | *BUILDING* of the long walls in Athens. |
| 458 | MEGRA | *ATTACKED* by Corinth and a battle between Athens and Corinth. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 458 | ROME | *QUINTIUS CINCINNATUS* called from field to assume the dictatorship, who defeated the Aequi. |
| 458-424 | CHINA | *PARTITION* of China among the vassals Han, Chao and Wei. |
| 457 | ATHENS | *JURORS' PAY* was instituted in Athens. |
| 457 | ATHENS | *WAR* with Peloponnesians and domination of central Greece. |
| 457 | BIBLE | *REPATRIATION OF EZRA.* |
| 457 | CENOPHYTA | *BATTLE*, Athens conquers Boeotia in autumn. |
| 457 | DORIS | *A DISTRICT* of central Greece, traditional home of Dorians, was assisted by a Spartan army in 457 B.C. |
| 457 | LACEDAEMON | *LACEDAEMONIAN* expedition to Phocis and Boeotia. |
| 457 | MAGNESIA | *THEMISTOCLES* died in Magnesia-ad-Macandrum, a city of Ionia in Asia Minor where king Artaxerxes I made him Governor. d.d. 451. |
| 457 | TANGARA | *BATTLE*, a town of Boeotia close to Attic border. In the battle Athenians were defeated by Spartans. |
| 457-456 | ATHENS | *ARCHONSHIP* was thrown open to the Zeugitae, (citizens of moderate substance of farmers. |
| 456 | GELA | *AESCHYLUS*, death at Gela. |
| 456 | EGYPT | *PERSIAN* army reached Egypt under Megabyxus. |
| 456 | NAUPACTUS | *ATHENIANS SETTLED* the Messenians who were exiled after Messenian war of 456, in Naupactus (Lepunto). |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 456 | OLYMPIA | *ZEUS TEMPLE* at the Altis of Olympia of Doric style was completed. |
| 455 | AETOLIA | *JOINS* Sparta against Athens. |
| 455 | EGYPT | *ATHENIAN EXPEDITION* to Egypt, ends in disaster. |
| 455 | GYTHEUN | *TOLMIDES*, an Athenian officer burnt the Spartan shipyard and arsonal at Gytheum harbour in Sparta on the Laconian gulf. |
| 455 | JERUSALEM | *REBUILT* by Nehemiah. |
| 554 | ATHENS | *HERODOTUS AT ATHENS.* |
| 454-413 | MACEDONIA | *KING PERDICCAS II.* |
| 453 | ACHAEA | *INCLUDED* in Athenian empire. |
| 453 | CHINA | *TSIN STATE* was partitioned in three parts. They were known as Han, Wei, and Chao. |
| 453 | ETRURIA | *SYRACUSAN FLEET* raids Etruria, a district of Italy. |
| 453 | ROME | *PLAGUE* in Rome, t.d.. |
| 452 | GREECE | *THIRTY YEARS' PEACE* between Argos and Lacedaemon. |
| 452 | GREECE | *FIVE YEARS' TRUCE* between Athenians and Peloponnesians. d.d. 451. |
| 451 | ROME | *DECEMVIRI LEGIBUS SCRIBUNDIS* took office in Rome. They were all Patricians. (according to Diodorus. d.d. 443 B.C.) |
| 451 | SICYON | *PRAXILLA, POETESS*, wrote dithyrambs, drinking songs, etc. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 451-450 | ATHENS | *CITIZENSHIP LAW* was passed at Athens. Athens recognised the principle of limiting citizenship to children born of citizen parents. Romans also acted similarly. |
| 450 | ATHENS | *WEIGHTS* and measures : uniform system was introduced at Athens. Owl became the recognised coin. |
| 450 | CHINA | *MO-TI*, sage, preached the doctrine of universal brotherhood. He flourished about this time. |
| 450 | CYRENE | *ARCESILAUS V KING* died. d. d. Before c462-440. |
| 450 | INDIA | *DIGHANIKAYA* was composed during this period. |
| 450 | INDIA | *JĀTAKAS* : time of compilation. |
| 450 | LUCANIA | *A DISTRICT* of southern Italy, conquered by Sabelline tribe from the Oenotri. |
| 450 | NOAE | *SYRACUSE* and Acragas defeated Ducetius at Noae. |
| 450 | OLYMPIA | *STATUE OF ZEUS* Olympian at Olympia, was one of the seven wonders of the world. |
| 450 | ROME | *TWELVE TABLES* (Lex Duodeciam Tabularum) legal history of the Roman Republic, begins with this Roman Code. The law was published in c450 B.C. and was engraved in bronze tablets. d.d. 451-450, 451-449. |
| 450 | SYRIA | *MEGABYXUS* in rebellion. |
| 450 | W. AFRICA | *HARWO*: Carthaginian explored the coast of west Africa for the purpose of exploration and colonisation. |
| 450-449 | CYPRUS | *CIMON* in Cyprus and his death. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 450-430 | CYDONIA | *CRESILAS* born at Cydonia, was a Cretan sculptor but mostly worked at Athens. |
| 450-413 | MACEDONIA | *PERDICCAS II*. King d.d. 440. 413. |
| 450-404 | ATHENS | *ALCIBIADES*, son of Clinias and Dinomache, was born at Athens. He was a commander, statesman and politician and was murdered at Phrygia. |
| 450-400 | GREECE | *COIN* uses began in daily life. |
| 450-380 | MEGRA | *EUCLEIDES* of Megra, founder of Megarian school of Greek philosophy, born. |
| 450-425 | GREECE | *BRONZE* coinage introduced. |
| 449 | PERSIA | *PEACE WITH GREECE*. The Greeks' right to Aegean water and coast of Asia Minor was acknowledged on condition that the Greeks would not attack Persian empire. d.d. 448, 450-449. |
| 449 | ROME | *SECOND SECESSION OF PLEBS* (Diodorus - d.d. 441 B C.) |
| 449 | ROME | *COMITIA TRIBUTA* established. |
| 449 | ROME | *LEX VALERIAE* Horatian, PLEBISCITIA were given force of law only by the LEX HORTENSIA. |
| 449 | ROME | *ROMAN TRIBUNE*'s number was raised to ten. Previously only two tribunes were appointed. |
| 449-444 | ATHENS | *HEPHISTOS* (Hephaestus Greek God of fire) temple built. Probable or earlier than this time. |
| 448 | ATHENS | *INVITES* the Greeks to restore the temple. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 448 | ATHENS | *PRAXIAS*, Athenian sculptor. He worked on the pediments of the temple of Apollo at Delphi. |
| 448 | GREECE | *HELLENIC CONGRESS* plan failed. |
| 448 | GREECE | *SACRED WAR*. The name is given to several conflicts between two or more Greek states, caused by some violation of the sanctity of Delphi. The sacred war was fought, because Phocians had taken possession of Delphi. Spartans had sent an army to rescue the shrine from their hands and they made it independent. d.d. 449-448. |
| 448 | SPARTA | *EXPEDITION TO DELPHI.* |
| 448-400 | ATHENS | *AGATHON*, son of Tisamenus of Athens. He was an Athenian tragic poet and was the first to invent original plot. |
| 447 | CORONEIA | *A TOWN* of Boeotia. Thebians defended Athenians at Coroneia. |
| 447-446 | ATHENS | *LOST MEGRA*, Argos and Corinth. |
| 447-432 | ATHENS | *PARTHENON*, the temple of Athena Parthenos at Athens, work commenced in 447, and the temple was dedicated in 438 and the sculptures were completed in 432 d.d. 448-432. |
| 446-445 | ATHENS | *THIRTY YEARS' PEACE* between Athens and Peloponnesians. d.d. 445. |
| 446-445 | NEW SYBARIS | *FOUNDED* on the river TRAEIS d.d. 445. |
| 446-434 | BIBLE | *THE BOOK OF NEHEMIA* was composed not long after 432. It contains Jewish history between 520-175 B.C. |
| 446-411 | ATHENS | *EUPOLIS*, one of the greatest poets of the old Attic comedy. He died in Hellespont during the Peloponnesian War. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 446-385 | ATHENS | *ARISTOPHANES*, son of Philippus, Athenian poet and master author of old Attic comedy. He has written 42 dramas, eleven of which are extant. d.d. 457-385, 450-388, 450-386, 448-385, 445-380. |
| 446-357 | MILETUS | *TIMOTHEUS OF MILETUS*, Athenian poet and musician. His writings containing 250 lines of a nome was found in Egypt in 1902. d.d. 450-360. |
| 455 | ATHENS | *HERODOTUS* : tradition is that he read his story in the assembly of Athens. |
| 445 | ERETRIA | *ATHENS PLANTED A COLONY.* |
| 445 | JERUSALEM | *THE TEMPLE* and walls of Jerusalem were rebuilt and the high priest was proclaimed ruler of Jerusalem and Judaea. |
| 445-444 | CEYLON | *INTERREGNUM* for one year. Buddha Era 38-39. d.d. 505, 445 One year. |
| 445-430 | ATHENS | *THIRTY YEARS' PEACE* - breakdown. |
| 445-360 | ATHENS | *ANTISTHENES*, son of Antisthenes and a Thracian woman of Athens was a philosopher and the founder of Cynic school d.d. 445-365, 444-365, 440-360. |
| c444 | COLOPHON | *ANTIMACHUS OF COLOPHON*, a Greek epic and elegiac poet was born. His time of death in not yet fixed. Plato collected his works. He edited the work of Homer. |
| 444 | JUDAEA | *NEHMIAH BECAME* prophet of Judaea. |
| 444 | ROME | *LEX CANULEIA*, allowed intermarriage between Patricians and Plebeians. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 444 | ROME | *ELECTION* of Praietors suspended. |
| 444-440 | ATHENS | *ALCAMENES*, Athenian sculptor, was called a pupil and rival of Phidias. |
| 444-414 | CEYLON | *PANDU VASUDEVA KING* ruled for 30 years. Buddha Era 39.69. d.d. 504. |
| 444-392 | ATHENS | *CONON*, Athenian Admiral. |
| 444-360 | SPARTA | *AGESILAUS*, king of Sparta, ascended the throne of Sparta in 399. |
| 443 | ATHENS | *THUCYDIDES*, statesman and leader of Aristocratic party, opposed to Pericles, was ostracized. |
| 443 | ROME | *CENSORSHIP* was instituted and it was the duty of censors to supervise the quinquennial census. |
| 443 | THURII | *A GREEK CITY* of Lucania, was founded by the colonists from various parts of Greece. It is Pericles panhellenic foundation. |
| 443-442 | ATHENS | *CONFEDERACY* was divided into five districts. |
| 443-429 | GREECE | *AGE* of Pericles in Greece. |
| 443-418 | INDIA | *UDAYANA KING*, the grandson of Ajātaśatru, who founded Pāṭaliputra (Patna). |
| 446 | EUBOEA | *REVOLT* against Athens but it was suppressed. |
| 440 | CAPUA | *CAPTURED* by Samnites. |
| c440 | CYRENE | *BATTIAD* monarchy ended. |
| 440 | INDIA | *DEATH* of Pakudha Kachayana. |
| 440 | ATHENS | *ODEUM*. Pericles constructed a covered theatre called Odeum in Athens. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 442 | ARDEA | *CHIEF TOWN* of Rutuli in Latium was established. |
| 442 | ATHENS | *PERICLES* at height of his power and fame (cx c450) |
| 441-339 | SAMOS | *REVOLTED* against Athens. |
| 440 | SUNIUM | *POSEIDON* temple, at Sunium, a bold promonotory at the south apex of Attica, built on the foundations of a temple destroyed by persians. |
| 440c-390 | GREECE | *ANDOCIDES*, one of the ten famous Attic orators, was born in 440c. d.d. 440-391. |
| 440-439 | BYZANTIUM | *REVOLT* against Athens. |
| 440-439 | SICILY | *SICAL FEDERATION* was restored by Ducetius. d.d. 440-439. |
| 440-424 | THRACE | *SITALKES* King. |
| 439 | BABYLON | *FELL* to Cyrus. |
| 439 | ROME | *MAELIUS* Spurius was put to death for his attempt at a tyranny. d.d. 440-439 |
| 439 | SAMOS | *ATHENIANS*, after a long siege took the city of Samos. |
| 439 | SICILY | *DUCETIUS* died. d.d. 440 |
| 438 | ATHENS | *MNESICLES*, the architect of the great Propylaea of the Athenian acropolis set up by Pericles about 437. |
| 438 | AMPHIPOLIS | *AN ATHENIAN* colony was founded on the east bank of the Strymon to exploit the gold deposits of mount Pangaeus in eastern Macedonia. d.d. 437, 436. |
| 438-437- | PANTICAPAEM | *SPARTACUS OF SPARTOCID KING* dynasty of Bosphorus, established at Panticapaem and ruled most of Cuemia and Tawaee peninsula until 110 B.C. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 438-433 | BOSPHORUS | *SPARTACUS* I deposed the king and he himself declared king of Bosphorus and founded a dynasty d.d. 438, 437-433, 432. |
| 437 | ATTICA | *DEVASTATED* by Peloponnesians. |
| 437 | CEYLON | *ANURADHAPUR* was founded. |
| 437 | PONTUS | *PERICLES*' expedition to Pontus. |
| 437-433 | ATHENS | *PROPYLAEA* is the monumental entrance gateway to a Greek temple or sacred place. The most famous is of Acropolis at Athens, designed by Mnesicles and built of pentelic marble, between the period of 437-433. |
| 436 | ROME | *FAMINE* in Rome ; thousands of people threw themselves in the river Tiber. |
| 436-380 | CYTHERA | *PHILOXENUS*, of CYTHERA, a dithyrambic poet. He lived in the court of Dionysius of Syracuse d.d. 435-380, 430-380 |
| 436-338 | ATHENS | *ISOCRATES*, son of a flute manufacturer of Athens. He was one of the ten Attic orators and rhetoricians. His famous political writing is panegyric. b. 436. d. 338. |
| 435 | CORCYRA | *VICTORY* over Corinth by Athens, who sought the help of Athens against Corinth. This became the immediate cause of the Peloponnesian war. CORCYRA is an island in the Ionian sea. |
| 435-399 | CYRENE | *ARISTIPPUS*, the elder, born at Cyrene. He is founder of Cyrenaic philosophical school. The sect taught that supreme good of man is the pleasure of the senses. Cyrene, the capital of ancient Cyrenaica, was the centre of the sect. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 435-374/3 | SALAMIS | *EUAGORAS* in 411 became ruler of Salamis; in 374 he was assassinated. |
| 434 | ATHENS | *ALLIANCE* with Corcyra, a colony of Corinth and second naval power in Greece. |
| 434 | ATHENS | *PHRYNICHUS*, an Athenian comic poet. His first play was produced in 434. d.d. 429. |
| 433 | JERUSALEM | *NEHMIAH* rebuilt the walls of Jerusalem. |
| 433 . | SYBOTA | *BATTLE*, between Athenian and Corcyraean fleets. Sybota is a harbour of EPIRUS. |
| 433/432 | BOSPHORUS | *SATYRUS I* King. |
| 433/32-382 | BOSPORUS | *SATYRUS I KING* dynasty of Boxporus, Cremia. |
| 432 | ATHENS | *MEGRARIAN DECREE* was passed by Athens, placing an embargo upon Megarian trade throughout their empire. w. n. 976 |
| 432 | ATHENS | *GOLDEN LUNAR*, the solar cycle of 19 years of the year that shows the year of Moon cycle, is ascribed to Meton of Athens. It is also called Metonic cycle. |
| 432 | ATHENS | *PHEIDIA* Parthenon sculptor died. |
| 132 | CHALCEDON | *LEAGUE* founded w.n. 289. |
| 432 | HERACLEA | *FOUNDED* in LUCANIA which replaced Siris. |
| 432 | KOREA | Ki Jeung King. |
| 432 | POTIDAEA | *A TOWN* on the northern end of Pallene in CHALCIDICE. Potidaeans revolted in the spring against Athens. It was captured by Athens after two years of siege in 430 B.C. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 432 | SYRACUSE | *DIONYSIUS* the elder, tyrant and demagogue of Syracuse. b. 432. d. 367. |
| 432 | THESSALONIKA | *THESSALONIKA* (=Salonika) a city of Macedonia occupied by Athens. |
| 432-431 | SPARTA | *SPARTAN* Assembly decided on war. |
| 431 | ALGIDUS | *VOLSCI AND AEQUI*—ancient Italian people were defeated at mount Algidus the eastern most section of the outer edge of the ALBANUS mountain by Romans and decline of their power. |
| 431 | ATHENS | *ATHENIANS* expelled the inhabitants of Aegina and replaced them with Athenian elements. |
| 431 | ATHENS | *PERICLES*, famous funeral oration. |
| 431 | CYRENAICA | *A DISTRICT* on the north coast of Africa between Systis Major and Marmarica ; a republic was established there. d.d. 450. |
| 431 | ROME | *TEMPLE* of Apollo built |
| 431 | ROME | *JUNONIA*, a festival in honour of June, introduced in Rome. |
| 431-404 | GREECE | *PELOPONNESIAN WAR*. The first phase. |
| 430 | ATHENS | *PLAGUE* epidemic in Athens. Acron, a Greek physician, died of plague. d.d. 430-427, 429. |
| 430 | EGYPT | *PLAGUE* of Athens spread to Egypt. |
| 430 | ETHIOPIA | *PLAGUE* spread to Ethiopia. |
| 430-440 | BITHYNIA | *DYDALUS* revolted and reigned about this time. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 430-423 | ATHENS | *PLAGUE.* |
| 430-420 | BASSAE | *APOLLO TEMPLE* on the slopes of Bassae south-west of Arcadia near Phigaleia (Philalia) in Arcadia, was built. It has Doric style, Ionic columns and Corinthian capital. |
| 430-367 | SYRACUSE | *DIONYSIUS I*, tyrant of Syracuse. |
| 430-364 | INDIA | *ŚIŚUNĀGA KING* of Magadha and his successors. |
| 430-354 | ATHENS | *XENOPHON*, son of Gryllus of Athenian deme, Erchia, was a friend and disciple of Socrates. He was a Greek historian and Athenian general. d.d. 431-354, 410-352, 428/427-354, 430-355. |
| 429 | GREECE | *PERICLES* died in autumn. |
| 429-347 | ATHENS | *PLATO*, son of ARISTON and PERICTIONE, Greek philosopher, born at Athens. Founded the Academy in the grove of the hero Academus. d.d. 428/427-347, 427-358. |
| 427-425 | CORCYRA | *CORCYREAN DEMOCRACY*, though defeated Corinthian fleet, massacred oligarchs of the country. |
| 427-424 | ATHENS | *ATHENA NIKE* at Acropolis. p.t. |
| 427-399 | SPARTA | *AGIS II KING* son of Archedamus II (Eurypontids). |
| 426 | AETOLIA | *ATHENIAN INVASION* repelled by Aetolia, a district of northern Greece. It was included in the Roman province of Achaea in 140 B.C. |
| 426 | DELOS | (*DHILOS*), *SMALLEST ISLAND* in the Aegean Sea. Said to be the fourth place of Apollo where before 426, annual festival in honour of Apollo, was attended by the delegates of the Ionian states. After this time, it was celebrated in the third year of each Olympiad. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 426 | HERACLEA | *HERACLEA TARCHINIA*, west of the pass of Thermopylae—Spartans founded a colony there. |
| 426 | MELOS | *NICIAS* attacked Melos, an island of Cyclades. |
| 426 | SPARTA | *OFFERED PEACE* to Athens, but the offer was rejected. |
| 425 | ATTICA | *THE FIFTH PELOPONNESIAN* invasion of Attica. |
| 425 | PERSIA | *XERXES II* succeeds his father. |
| 425 | SICILY | *ETNA* eruption. |
| 425-400 | LUCANIA | *ZEUXIS* of Heraclea, in Lucania, a Greek painter of Ionic school, d.d. 430, 397 |
| 424 | CYTHERA | *NICIAS*, Athenian general, occupied Cythera, an island eight miles south of Laconia. |
| 424 | DELIUM | *ATHENIANS* were routed by Boeotians at Delium, a town on the coast of Boeotia. |
| 424 | DELIUM | *SOCRATES* saved the life of Xenophon, his pupil, during the Delium war (Dhilesi). |
| 424 | GREECE | *THUCYDIDES* exiled to Thrace as he failed to save Amphipolis from Brasidas and returned twenty years later. |
| 424 | MENDE | *PAEONIUS* of Mende in Thrace, a Greek sculptor, famous for his statue of Goddess of Victory at Olympia. A statue was also at Olympia which was set up in memory of the battle of Sphacteria. (424 B.C.). |
| 424 | PERSIA | *DEATH* of Artaxerxes (spring). |
| 424-433 | PERSIA | *XERXES II* assassinated. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 423 | MYCENAE | *HERA*, a new great temple in place of earlier temple which had been destroyed, was built at Mycenae. |
| 423 | THESPIAE | *DISMANTLED* its walls. |
| 423-404 | PERSIA | *DARIUS II NOTHUS* d.d. 425-405, 434-404. |
| 423-352 | INDIA | *SONAKA* Buddhist monk. |
| 422 | AMPHIPOLIS | *CLEON* was a commander of Athenian army. He took a force to Thrace but was routed and killed before the walls of Amphipolis, a city of Macedonia. |
| 422 | SPARTA | *BRASIDAS* general. |
| 421 | ATHENS | *DEFENSIVE* alliance for 50 years between Athens and Sparta. |
| 421 | ATHENS | *APOLLODORUS*, the first Athenian painter who depicted light and shade, flourished. d.d. 420,408 |
| 421 | NICIAS | *PEACE* was negotiated to last for fifty years between Athens and Sparta. |
| 420 | ARGOS | *ALLIANCE* with Athens. d.d. 420 |
| 420 | ATHENS | *BRECHEUM*, the third great building of the Athenian Acropolis begun in 420 and completed in 407. d.d. 421. |
| 420 | GREECE | *QUADRUPLE* alliance between Athens Argos, Mantinea and Elis for 100 years. |
| 420 | ITALY | CUMAE Greek city (Cyme) on the west coast of Campania, was occupied by Samnites. |
| 420 | MANTINEA | *BATTLE, KING AGIS III* of Sparta defeated the Argives and Mantinea. W.N. 944. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 420 | SYRACUSE | *ANTIOCHUS* of Syracuse, a Greek historian who wrote the history of Sicily from earliest times down to about 420 B.C, and of Italy. d.d. 424. |
| 420 | THASOS | *HEGEMON* of Thasos, an island off the coast of Macedonia. A Greek parodist of the old comedy flourished. |
| 420-350 | ATHENS | *ISAEUS*, one of the ten Attic orators and professional speech-writer, specially on law of inheritance. His dialectic was much better, reasoning more compact and explanation more convincing. |
| 420-340 | GREECE | *SCOPAS* sculptor, some call him CHALCIDI. |
| 420/25 | HALICARNASSUS | *HERODOTUS* son of *GLYXES* the great epic—writer was born before Persian war and died between 204-425 B.C. |
| 418 | MANTINEA | *JOINED ARGOS* and Athens. |
| 418-362 | GREECE | *EPAMINONDAS*, a Theban general, a man of highest ability and integrity and one of the outstanding personalities of ancient Greece. |
| 417 | ARGOS | *SPARTANS* put on oligarchic government. |
| 417 | INDIA | *NANDIVARDHANA* succeeded king Udayana. |
| 417-413 | ATHENS | *NICIAS* politician and soldier. |
| 416 | ATHENS | *AGATHON*, son of Tisamenus of Athens. the most distinguished tragic poet and remarkable for his personal beauty. |
| 416 | MELOS | *ATHENIANS* besieged and occupied the island of Melos, an island off Sporades. All adult males were killed and women and children were reduced to slavery and 500 Athenian colonists were settled. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 416 | SEGESTA | A city of ELYMI in north-west of Sicily at war with Selinus. |
| 416-413 | GREECE | *PELOPONNESIAN* War—second period. |
| 415 | ATHENS | *MUTILATION* of the Hermae at Athens. |
| 415 | SICILY | *FIRST ATHENIAN* expedition to Sicily under Alcibiades. |
| 415-353 | ATHENS | *IPHICRATES,* Athenian general remodelled the Athenian light infantry. |
| 414 | ATHENS | *LAMACHU* general died W.N. 838 X. 576. |
| 414 | ATHENS | *SENT* a fleet against Sparta and declaration of Sparta, terminating peace. |
| 414 | INDIA | *FORMATION OF TAMIL* confederacy. p.t. |
| 414 | SYRACUSE | *SIEGE OF SYRACUSE* by Athenians. and Spartans sent GYLIPPUS, general against Athens ox. 484 W.N. 645. |
| 414-394 | CEYLON | *ABHAYA KING* ruled for 20 years. |
| 413 | ATHENS | *DEMOSTHENES,* general died w.n. 438 X. 329 |
| 413 | ATHENS | *DISASTER* in Sicilian expedition. |
| 413 | CHIOS | *REVOLTED* against Athenian domination. |
| 413 | KOREA | *KI-JIL KING.* |
| 413-404 | DECELEA | *SPARTANS* occupy Decelea (Dekeleia). It was the military base on the Attic soil during the last ten years of Peloponnesian War. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 413-399 | MACEDONIA | *ARCHELAUS KING*, an illegitimate son of Perdiccas II. |
| 413-379 | CINDOS | *CTESIAS* (Rtesias) of Cindos in Caria, a Greek historian and author of Persica which contained the history of Assyria, Babylon and Persian empire down to 398 B.C. and some accounts of India. He was the private physician to the Persian King Artaxerxes II, Mnemon d.d. 400/401. 415-397. |
| 413-370 | DASCYLIUM | *PHARNABAZUS* Persian satrap. |
| 412 | EPHESUS | *REVOLTED* against Delian league and joined Sparta, a city off the mouth of Cyster in the west coast on Asia Minor on 387. |
| 412 | MILETUS | *TREATY* of Miletus between Sparta and Persia. |
| 412 | RHODES | *ALLIANCE* with Sparta and revolt against Athens. |
| 412 | SYRACUSE | *DEMOCRATIC REFORM* was instituted by Diocles. |
| 412-411 | CHIOS | *ATHENIANS' SIEGE* of CHIOS (KHIOS) an island lying off ERYTHRAEAN peninsula. |
| 412-404 | GREECE | *PELOPONNESIAN WAR*—third period. |
| 412-323 | SINOPE | *DIOGENES* son of HICESIAS of Sinope in Pontus, was known as mad Socrates and was a cynic philosopher of Greece. He believed that virtue consisted of the avoidance of all physical pleasures. |
| 411 | ATHENS | *FOUR HUNDRED*, evolutionary oligarchic Council set up to rule Athens and re-establishment of democracy. W.N. 350 ox. 447. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 411 | ATHENS | *THRASYBULUS* son of LYCUS Athenian general, took active part in overthrowing the government of the Four Hundred in 411 Sept. He restored democracy in 404. In 390, he commanded Athenian fleet in the Aegean sea. He was murdered in Pamphylia in 388 B.C. |
| 411 | ELEPHANTINE | *AN ISLAND* below the first cataract of the Nile where a Jewish temple was destroyed by the Governor of Acra on the instruction of Egyptian priest. |
| 411 | LESBOS | *HELLANICUS* of Lesbos was a contemporary of Herodotus ; was a celebrated Greek historian born at Mytilene and died at 85 years. |
| 411-408 | BYZANTIUM | *REVOLTED* against Athens. |
| 411-407 | THASOS | *REVOLTED* many times. |
| 411-374 | SALAMIS | *EVAGORAS* became king of Salamis. d.d. 410-374. |
| 410 | ATHENS | *CLEOPHON* became the leader of the radical party of Athens. |
| 410 | ATHENS | *DEMOCRACY* restored. d.d. 404-403. |
| 410 | CORCYRA | *SHOOK* off the Athenian connexion. |
| 410 | CYZICUS | *NAVAL VICTORY* of Athens and defeat of Spartans. |
| 410 | RHODES | *FOUNDATION* of the city of Rhodes. |
| 410-364 | THEBES | *PELOPIDAS* politician and soldier. |
| 410-340 | ATHENS | *ANDROION* an Athenian atthidographer. |
| 409 | ATHENS | *EARLY TEMPLE* was replaced by new Erechtheum but the temple was not completed until 409. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 409 | SICILY | *CARTHAGINIAN* invasion of Sicily and destruction of Sezinus and Himera by Hannibal. |
| 409-395 | SPARTA | *PAUSANIUS KING.* |
| 408 | BYZANTIUM | *WON* by Alcibiades. |
| 408 | ITALY | *MILAN* city founded by the Gauls. |
| 408-407 | ASIA MINOR | *CYRUS* was made Governor General of Asia Minor. |
| 408-407 | RHODES | *AMALGAMATION* of three cities LINDUS, LALYSUS and CAMIRUS into one, inhabitants of Rhodes settled in the newly founded city. |
| 408-395 | SPARTA | *PAUSANIAS KING.* |
| 408-354 | SYRACUSE | *DION*, a thinker and politician. |
| 407 | MYTILENE | *A CITY OF LESBOS*, a naval battle was fought between Peloponnesians and Athens. |
| 407 | SYRACUSE | *HERMOCRATES* politician and general. |
| 407 | THERMAE | *A CARTHAGIAN COLONY*, founded after the destruction of Himera but the Greek strangers who were admitted to dwell in it, transformed it into a Greek colony. |
| 407-406 | CARTHAGE | *HINITCO* Carthagian general who signed the treaty between Carthage and Athens. |
| 407-339 | ATHENS | *SPEUSIPPUS* son of EURYMEDON and of Plato's sister POIONE is alleged to have compiled an Encyclopaedia. d.d. 406. |
| 406 | ARGINUSAE | *BATTLE* off the coast of Asia Minor between Mytilene and Metnymna, where Lacedaemonian fleet was defeated by Conon Athenians. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 406 | ACRAGAS | *A CITY* on the south coast of Sicily, was conquered by Carthagians and was made winter quarter. |
| 406 | GREECE | *EURIPIDES* died before Feb. or March. |
| 406 | GREECE | *SOPHOCLES* died. |
| 406 | NOTIUM | *LYSANDER* defeated the general Alcibiades off Notium, a town of Aeolia. |
| 406 | VEII | *BEGINNING* of war with Rome. At least fourteen wars were fought between them. |
| 406-322 | PHERAE | *RULE* of Jason's family. |
| 405 | ACRAGAS | *THERON*, the tyrant of Acragas (488-479 B C.) started building the largest Greek temple in Europe, in honour of Olympia Zeus but before its completion, the city of Acragas was captured by Carthagians and the temple remained incomplete. |
| 405 | AEGOSPOTAMI | *CONON*, Athenian Admiral during the Peloponnesian war was defeated at Aegospotami, a small creek on the Hellespont, north-east of Sestos by Lysander, Sept, W.H. 19 |
| 405 | BYZANTIUM | *UNDER* Spartan control. |
| 405 | GREECE | *ATHENODORUS*, a Greek sculptor, who made the statues of Zeus and Apollo. Spartans dedicated them at Delphi in thanks-giving of their victory on Aegospotami in 405 B.C. |
| 405-430 | CYME | *EPHORUS*, Greek historian. |
| 405-404 | ATHENS | *BLOCKADE* of Athens by Lysander succeeds and long walls pulled down. |
| 405-396 | VEII. | *SIEGE*. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 405-367 | CARTHAGE | *CARTHAGINIAN WAR* against Dionysius of Syracuse. |
| 405-367 | SYRACUSE | *DYONYSIUS*, tyrant of Syracuse, makes peace treaty with Himilko of Carthage. b. 432. d. 367. |
| 404 | ATHENS | *THERAMENES* politician. |
| 404 | ATHENS | *ANYTUS* (Anytos), a wealthy Athenian and a democratic leader of Athens. With others, he overthrew the thirty tyrants. |
| 404 | ATHENS | *CLEOPHONE* statesman was condemned to death and died X 252 w.n. 337. |
| 404 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIARTHEST* Satrap of Cappadocia born. |
| 404 | PERSIA | *DEATH* of Darius II Nothus. |
| 402-403 | ATHENS | *THE GOVERNMENT* of the thirty tyrants. |
| 404-398 | EGYPT | *AMYRTOXS* (Amyrteos) King. d.d. 404-399. |
| 404-371 | SPARTA | *SUPREME* in Greece. |
| 404-369 | EGYPT | *28TH DYNASTY*. d.d. 404-399. |
| 404-368 | REESH | *HARSIOTE KING.* |
| 404-359 | PERSIA | *ARTAXERXES II* MNEMON (Artakhshatra=Ardshir=Arsces) eldest son of Darius, succeeded his father as king of Persia and Babylon. |
| 404-200 | INDIA | *PŪRVA MĪMĀMSĀ*, probable time of Sūtras of Jaimini. |
| 403 | ATHENS | *DEMOCRACY* restored. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 403 | ATHENS | *CRITIAS*, a politician, orator and one of thirty tyrants of Athens set up by Sparta. He was killed in a battle against Thrsybulus in 483c. |
| 403 | ATHENS | *IONIC ALPHABET*-Athenians decided to adopt officially the alphabet but it did not come into general use. |
| 403 | CAṬANA | *A CITY* on the east coast of Sicily was plundered by Dionysus. |
| 403 | HALAESA | *A TOWN* on the north coast of Sicily founded by Archonides, tyrant of Herbita. |
| 403 | ROME | *CAMILLUS MARCUS FURIUS* is called second Romulus of Rome. He was one of the greatest heroes of Roman Republic. He was Roman censor in 403 ; six times Consular Tribune, five times dictator and at the age of 80, he defeated the Gauls in 367. Died about 365 B.C. |
| 403-221 | CHINA | *EPOCH* of warring states. |
| 402 | INDIA | *BAUDHĀYANA* Smṛti. |
| c402 | INDIA | *SMRTI* of Śaṅkha. |
| 401 | CUNAXA | *BATTLE* between Cyrus the Younger and his brother Artaxerxes II, was fought at Cunaxa, a town on Euphrates, northwest of Babylon where Cyrus was killed. |
| 401 | IRAQ | *EVACUATION* of Iraq by ten thousand Greek mercenaries who were on the pay of Cyrus. |
| 401 | SARDIS | *CYRUS* collects his army at Sardis (Spring). |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 401 | SPARTA | *AGIS I* succeeded his father in 429. He was king of Sparta and principal leader of Spartan forces until the termination of Peloponnesian War. He was one of the best generals and citizens Sparta ever produced. He died in 401. |
| 400 | ADRANON | *A TOWN OF SICILY* in the province of Catania founded by Dionysius I about this time. Romans identify Adarnos (Adranon) with Vulcan whose temple was guarded by one thousand dogs. |
| 400 | ATHENS | *THUCYDIDES* historian died. |
| 400 | ATHENS | *AGATHON* tragic poet died (x. 257 |
| c400 | ATHENS | *AGYRRHIUS*, democratic Athenian leader. He introduced payment for attendance at the assembly, first one, and later, three obols. |
| 400 | BABYLON | *KIDINNU* astronomer flourished. |
| 400 | BIBLE | *THE BOOK OF JOB* is supposed to have been composed during the period of his captivity in 400 B.C. |
| 400 | BIBLE | *CHRONICLE BOOK*, the earliest date of composition may be dated. |
| 400c | BIBLE | *JONAH BOOK* was written about this time. |
| 400 | CEYLON | *VIJAYA*, king of Ceylon, marries a Pandya princess. |
| 400 | CHINA | *MENTION* of the names of Chinese rulers in documents, begins from this date. |
| 400 | CHINA | *COINAGE* developed. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 400 | EPHESUS | *PARRHASIUS*, son of EVENOR of Ephesus, was one of the greatest Greek painters, settled in Athens. |
| 400 | GREECE | *BEGINNING* of the elective democracy. |
| 400 | INDIA | *CHULLA* Vagga, Buddhist book, was composed about this time. |
| 400 | TELOS | *ERIN* Greek poetess of Dorian island. |
| 400-386 | SPARTA | *WAR* with Persia. |
| 400-375 | EPIDAURUS | *TEMPLE AND* sculpture of the city of Epidaurus on the east coast of Argolis, are of this period. d.d. 460, 380. |
| 400-340 | PAROS | *SCOPAS*, a Greek sculptor of Paros, the second largest island of Cyclades, was the architect of the temple of Athena Alea at Tagea. |
| 400-330 | GREECE | *PRAXTELES* sculptor. |
| 400-330 | MACEDONIA | *PARMENIO* general of Philip II. |
| 400-300 | AMPHIPOLIS | *ZOIUS* of *AMPHIPOLIS* on the east bank of the Strymon in Macedonia, about 3 miles from the sea, was a cynic philosopher and historian. He wrote the history from Theogin to the death of Philip. |
| 400-300 | GREECE | *AGE OF CORINTHIAN* architecture. |
| 400-325 | ATHENS | *CHARES* general d.d. 332 died. |
| 400-325 | GREECE | *DIOGENESE* of Sinop founder of Cynic philosophy. |
| 400-A.D.50 | SWEDEN | *EARLY* Iron Age. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 404-A.D. 440 | INDIA | *KHAROṢṬHI* Script was in use in Udīcya country. |
| 400-1500 A | MAYA | *CIVILISATION* flourished in Gautemala, Hounduras and on the Peninsula of *YUCATAN*. |
| 399 | ATHENS | *SOCRATES* condemned to death, died. |
| 399 | SPARTA | *DERCYLLIADS*, a general of Sparta, took nine different cities in eight days. |
| 399 | SPARTA | *AGIS II KING* died. |
| 399-396 | MACEDONIA | *AMYNTAS KING*. |
| 399-389 | MACEDONIA | *ANARCHY* of ten years. |
| 399-360 | SPARTA | *AGESILAUS* King secured succession in 399. d.d. 398-360. |
| 398 | ATHENS | *ACADEMY*, a park and gymnasium in the outskirts of Athens, sacred to the hero Academus. The school or college was established there by Plato who taught there for about fifty years. d.d. as early as 385. |
| 398 | CINDOS | *CTESIAS*, Greek Doctor at Persian court and was sent as envoy to EVAGORAS and CONON in 398. He composed an authentic history of Persia in Ionic in 23 books. |
| 398 | LILYBRAUM | *A TOWN* founded by Carthagians on the west coast of Sicily. d.d. 397 |
| 398 | MOTYA | *DIONYSIUS* captures Motya, an islet where an artificial causeway joined to w. Sicily d.d. 397. |
| 398 | SPARTA | *CINADOM* disenfranchised Spartans who organised helots' revolt. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 398 | TAUROMENIUM | *A CITY* founded on the east coast of Sicily above NAXOS by Carthagian Himilco. d.d. 396. |
| 398-397 | SYRACUSE | *HIMILCO* besieged Syracuse but was defeated. |
| 398-392 | EGYPT | *NEPHERITIS I* (Naiffaaurud), crowned king of Egypt. d.d. 399-393. |
| 398-378 | EGYPT | *TWENTYNINTH DYNASTY*. d.d. 399-? |
| 397 | ASIA MINOR | *AGESILAUS KING* of Sparta in Asia Minor. |
| c397 | BIBLE | *MALACHI*, the last book of the Old Testament, was composed. d.v. The book is dated c450. |
| 397 | CARTHAGE | *DIONYSIUS* the Elder, tyrant, attacked Carthage successfully in 397-396, 392 and 393. The war continued upto 378 and he was defeated. |
| 397 | JERUSALEM | *EZRA* returns to Jerusalem. |
| 397 | MESSANNA | *A GREEK CITY* on the coast of Sicily, was conquered and destroyed by the Carthagian Himilco. It was settled as early as 8th century B.C. by colonists from Cumae and Chalcis, 730 B.C. |
| 397-388 | RHODES | *REVOLUTIONARY* disturbances. |
| 397-319 | MACEDONIA | *ANTIPATER* general. |
| 396 | CIRCEII | *A LATIN COLONY* was established in Italy. d.d. 393, 389. |
| 396 | LILYBAEUM | *CARTHAGIAN* city in west Sicily established. |
| 396 | SUTRIUM | *A TOWN* of Etruria, 28 miles north-west of Rome. The Romans captured it after the destruction of Veii. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 396 | VEII | *DESTROYED* by Camillus after ten years of siege. d.d. 392. |
| 395 | ATHENS | *THE LONG WALL* of Athens—beginning of construction, completed in 393 B.C. |
| 395 | HILIARTUS | *BATTLE*, Thebans defeated Spartans. |
| 395 | PERSIA | *TISSAPHERNES* soldier administrator. |
| 395 | PHRYGIA | *AEAGESILAUS*' second campaign in Phrygia. |
| 395 | SPARTA | *LYSANDER*, naval commander died. |
| 395 | CAPENA | *A CITY* on the west bank of Tiber in southern Etruria, captured by Romans. d.d. 396. |
| 395 | SPARTA | *NEGOTIATIONS* of Spartans with Nepherites. |
| 395 | SPARTA | *LYSANDER* Spartan general and admiral. |
| 395 | TYNDARIS | *A CITY* on a high hill to the west of Mylae in Sicily, was founded by Dionysius. |
| 395-394 | GREECE | *CONFEDERATION* of Athens, Thebes, etc. against Sparta. |
| 395-391 | RHODES | *ATHENIAN* control. |
| 395-390 | CARIA | *HECATOMNOS*, a citizen of Mylaea, became the Satrap of Caria and was paying tribute to the treasury of Susa. d.v. Satrap of Caria. 395-367. |
| 395-387· | CORINTH | *CORINTHIAN WAR* between the league of Thebes, Athens, Corinth, Argos, Euboeans, the Ararnanians, Chalcidians and Sparta. d.d. 395-386. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 395-386 | GREECE | *CORINTHIAN WAR* d.d. 395-387. |
| 395-380 | SPARTA | *AGESPOLIS I KING.* |
| 395-345 | INDIA | Kākavarmā or Kālāşoka and sons of Kālāśoka, rulers of Magadha. |
| 395-334 | CARIA | *UNDER* the rule of the Hecatomnids and especially of Mausolus, Caria was intensively Hellenized. |
| 394 | ATHENS | *DELPHI TEMPLE* completed. |
| 394 | BYZANTIUM | *JOINED* anti-Spartan sea league. |
| 394 | CNIDUS | *NAVAL BATTLE* under the command of Athenian Conon who defeated the Spartan navy. (August). |
| 394 | CORONEIA | *AGESILAUS II* of Sparta defeated the combined forces of Thebes. Athens, Argos and Corinth (August) in the battle of Coroneia, a town of Boeotia. |
| 394 | ECLIPSE | *SOLAR ECLIPSE* of 14th August, 394 B.C. |
| 394 | FLERII | *SUBJUGATED* by Rome. It was one of the twelve Etruscan cities situated 32 miles north of Rome. |
| 394 | MYLAE | *A CITY*, founded on the north coast of Sicily between Tyndaus and Messana by the exiles of Catna and Naxos. |
| 394 | NEMEa | *BATTLE*, Athens was defeated by Sparta (July) near *NEMEA* in Corinthian war. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 394 | TEGEA | *ATHENA TEMPLE* was built at Tegea, a town of Arcadia, lay in the south-east of Arcadian plains. |
| 394-377 | CEYLON | *INTERREGNUM* for 17 years Buddha Era 89-106. |
| 394-307 | CEYLON | *PANDUKABHAYA* and GANATISSA *KING*. d.d. 437, 377. |
| 393 | ATHENS | *LONG WALLS* reconstructed by Conon in 393 and by Lycurgus in c353. |
| 393 | EGYPT | *PASMMUTHIS KING*. |
| 393 | LYDIA | *ANTALCIDAS* a Spartan envoy visited Tiribazus the new satrap of Lydia. |
| 393-392 | MACEDONIA | *AMAYANTS II KING*. d.d. 370-369. |
| 393-392 | MACEDONIA | *PAUSANIAS KING*. d.d. 398. |
| 393-380 | EGYPT | *ACHORIS KING*. d.d. 390, 392-380, 393-381. |
| 393-370 | MACEDONIA | *AMYANTAS III* King. d.d. 397, 389-369, 393-376, 393-369. |
| 392 | MACEDONIA | *A MILITARY FESTIVAL* was started. Xanthicus was a month in Macedonian calendar, corresponding to April. |
| 392 | SARDIS | *TIRIBAZUS* Persian satrap died in 355. |
| 392 | SICILY | *SECOND WAR* by Dionysius the tyrant of Syracuse against Mago, the Carthagian general. Mago was unsuccessful and Dionysius gained control of the five-sixths of Sicily. |
| 392 | SPARTA | *PEACE* terms of Sparta rejected by Athens. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 392 | SUSA | *FIRST EMBASSY* of Antalcidas to Tiribazus at Susa. |
| 392-391 | JAPAN | *KOAN KING*. |
| 391 | CHINA | *CHANGE* of dynasty in Ch'i. |
| 391 | CLUSIUM | *BESIEGED* by the Celts. It was an Etruscan city in the province of Siena, south of the valley of Glanis, famous for grains and grapes. It is now called Chiusi. |
| 391 | LECHAEUM | *SPARTANS* defeated by Iphicrates at Lechaeon or Lechaeum, a port of Corinth. d.d. 392. |
| 391 | REGIUM | *BESIEGED* by Dionysius. It was a town of Brutti, separating Italy from Sicily. |
| 391-378 | RHODES | *SPARTAN* control. |
| 390 | ANCONA | *A TOWN* of Picenum (Piceni) in Italy, was founded by the refugees from Syracuse. |
| 390 | ATHENS | *IPHICRATES* gains a victory over Spartan Hoplites. He remodelled the Athenian light infantry. b. 415, d. 353. |
| 390 | BYZANTIUM | *UNDER* Athenian influence. |
| 390 | CHINA | *YANG-CHU*, a theologian. |
| c390 | GREECE | *MEGARAN* school of Philosophy founded by *EUCLEIDES* of MEGRA. |
| 390 | INDIA | *SECOND BUDDHA PARIṢAD* (Synod) at Vaiśāli. According to Ceylonese tradition, the Pariṣad was held 100 years after the death of Aśoka. Another view is that it was held in 377. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 390 | ROME | *DEFEAT* of Roman army by Brennus, King and leader of the Gauls at Allia on 18th July, 390. Romans had short thrusting swords (sabres) and Gauls had long cutting swords which gave them superiority over the Romans. Allia is a stream 11 miles north of Rome. d.d. 387-386, 16th July. |
| 390 | ROME | *MANILIUS* CAPTOLINUS Roman leader saved Capital from night Gallic attack. |
| 390 | SAMOS | *SPARTAN FLEET* captures Samos and Cindus. |
| 390 | SICILY | *THE ISLAND* was divided into Syracusian and Carthaginian empires. |
| 390-389 | ATHENS | *WAR TAX* was introduced in Athens and it was one-fortieth of the income. |
| 390-340 | CINDOS | *EUDOXUS OF CINDOS*, a Greek Mathematician, who is famous for his theory of proportion and exhaustion and drew up laws for Cindos and, died aged 52. He estimated the length of year 365 days. d.d. 408-335. |
| 390-325/4 | ATHENS | *LYCURGUS*, one of the ten Attic orators and supporter of Demosthenes in Greek politics. His main contribution to the world politics is to utilise public fund for the benefaction and construction of cities and public places. He built a stadium. He produced authorised state text of tragic dramas. b. 390, d. 324. d.d. 390.325. |
| c390-c320 | ATHENS | *AESCHINES* belonged to an ordinary family. His father was a teacher. He was one of the ten Attic Orators. His style was strong, simple, musical, elegant and language was pure and precise. b. 390, d. 320. d.d. 397-322. 389-314. 390=314 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 389 | CAULONIA | *SACKED* by Veonysius I. It was a town on the east coast of Brutti and an Achaean colony. |
| 389 | CYPRUS | *EVAGORAS* revolts from Persia in alliance with Athens. |
| 389/8-349/8 | BOSPHORUS | *LEUCON I KING.* |
| c389-c322 | ATHENS | *HYPERIDES*, one of the ten Attic orators—was born in Athens. He is called Sheridan of Athens. In the beginning, he worked as topographer. His style was simple, clear and vigorous like Demosthenes. After the battle of Crannon, he was taken alive so that he might not be compelled to betray secrets of his country, he cut off his tongue. |
| 389/88 | GREECE | *PLATO* visits western Greece. |
| 388 | AEGINA | *WAR* with Athens. |
| 388 | ATHENS | *PLATO* visits Athens. |
| 388 | ATHENS | *THRASYBULUS*, an Athenian statesman, murdered in Pamphylia. d.d. 389 |
| 388 | ELLEPORUS | *BATTLE* between Dionysius in alliance with Locri and Lucanians defeated a coalition of Italiot Greeks on the river Elleporus. |
| 388 | HELLESPONT | *WAR TAX* of Anaxbius and Iphicrates. |
| 388 | MESSENE | *ALCAEUS*, author of nine plays ; won prize in 388. |
| 388-387 | SUSA | *SECOND MISSION* of Antalcidas to Artaxerxes II at Susa. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 388-315 | PONTUS | *HERACLETIDES* was a Greek astronomer ; born in Heraclea in Pontus. He discovered that earth rotates about its own axis and Venus and Mercury also revolve about the sun, and was a member of Greek Academy at Athens. |
| 387 | ATHENS | *PLATO* founded academy in Athens of which he remained the President till his death. It was called the Old Academy. d.d. 385. |
| 387 | ROME | *CREATION OF FOUR TRIBES*—Arnensis, Sabtina, Stallatina and Tormenteno on land taken from Veii. |
| 387 | SPARTA | *ANTALCIDAS,* Spartan general. Peace of Antalcidas is known in history as he negotiated peace between Athens and Persia. He starved himself to death in 367. He was a Spartan soldier who commanded Spartan fleet in 388 B.C. d.d. 386. |
| 387-386 | PERSIA | *PEACE* with Greece. According to peace terms, all Greek cities were to be autonomous and cities of Asia Minor were to be in possession of Persia. d.d. 387. |
| 386-385 | MANTINEA | *ARCADIAN MANTINEA* was broken up into its five constituent villages by Agesipolis of Sparta. |
| 386-384 | CYPRUS | *PERSIAN SIEGE* of Cyprus and Salamis. |
| 385 | KOREA | *KI-SEUH KING.* |
| 385 | SATRICUM | *LATIN COLONY* founded, between Antium and Velitrae in Latium. (modern-Conca) |
| 385 | THRACE | *HEBRYZELMIS KING.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 385-383 | EGYPT | *ARTAXERXES* at war with Egypt. |
| 385-073 | PHERAE | *JASON* Tyrant. |
| 384 | CHIOS | *ALLIANCE* with Athens. |
| 384 | ROME | *M. MANILUS* Capitolinus was killed. |
| 384 | SALAMIS | *CRONTAS*, a Satrap of Mysia, makes peace with Evagoras, son of Nicocles, king of Salamis in Cyprus (410-374). |
| 384-382 | GREECE | *CHALCIDIAN* confederacy was founded by Olynthus, comprised the towns of Sithonian, Orinibtart. The King Amyntas of Macedonia concluded a close defensive and commercial alliance for fifty years with Chalcidian Confederation. |
| 384-322 | ATHENS | *ARISTOTLE*, son of Nicomachus, an Ionian Greek, became member of Athens, Academy in 367. Plato nicknamed him 'mind of the school'. He was a political philosopher and writer of repute. He was born in 384 in Stageria and died in 322 at Chalcis. His father was a physician to Amyntas II of Macedonia and was interested in natural history and medical science. d.d. 384-321. |
| 384-322 | ATHENS | *DEMOSTHENES*, one of the ten greatest Attic orators. Tradition goes that he used to fill his mouth with pebbles and declaim at sea shore to make himself audible above the roaring waves. d.d. 383-322. |
| 383 | NEPETE | *A LATIN COLONY* founded at Nepte, 25 miles north-west of Rome. d.d. 373. |
| 383 | PONTUS | *MITHRIDATES I KING.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 383 | SUTRIUM | *LATIN COLONY* at Sutrium (SUTRI) town of Etruria was founded. |
| 383 | SETIA | *LATIN COLONY* at Setia in Volsci was founded. d.d. 382. |
| 383-378 | SYRACUSE | *THE THIRD WAR* of Dionysius, the tyrant of Syracuse. The war was indecisive. |
| 383-360/59 | THRACE | *COTYS I KING.* |
| 383-283 | INDIA | *SAILAS* school of Buddhism originated from Mahāsāṅghika during this period. |
| 383-168c | ILLYRIA | *KINGDOM* on the eastern coast of Adriatic between Riume and Durazzo, consisting of the districts of Dalmatia, Iapydia and Liburnia. The Greek immigrants colonised it in the seventh and sixth centuries. It was occupied by Romans in 168 except Dalmatia which was subjugated in the ninth century A.D. |
| 382 | CADMEIA | *SIEGE* of the citadel of Cadmeia in Thebes by Sparta. |
| 382 | PHAROS | *ONE OF THE SEVEN WONDERS* of the world. It was a light house, built on an off-shore island of Alexandria. It consisted of square tower 60 metres high, above which rose a smaller octagonal structure of 30 metres. The total height of the tower was 360 ft. |
| 382 | SPARTA | *SENDS* troops to liberate dissidents from Chalcidian League. |
| 382-336 | MACEDONIA | *PHILIP II,* King of Macedonia, father of Alexander the Great, born in 382 B.C. and was murdered in 336 B.C. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 382-301 | MACEDONIA | *ANTIGONUS I*, one of the generals of Alexander. d.d. 381-301. |
| 381 | ATHENS | *ISOCRATES* wrote his Panegyric about Olympic games. He was a Greek Rhetorician and one of the ten Attic orators. b. 436, d. about 338 B.C. d.d. 380. |
| 380-371 | SPARTA | *CLEOMBROTUS I KING.* |
| 381-334 | CHINA | *SHAO-HSIN-CHU* dug the Chien-lu-pei in southern Honan by a barrage on a northern tributary of the Han river. |
| 380-363 | EGYPT | *ACCESSION* of King Nektanebos I (Nekhtne) d.d. 378. |
| 380-320 | LAMPSACUS | *ANAXIMENES* of Lampsacus, a Greek city in Mysia on the Hellespont, a Greek historian and philosopher. |
| 380-c303 | MACEDONIA | *POLYPERCHON*, son of Simmias, born. He commanded a brigade of Macedonian infantry under Alexander after Issus and was a commander of Lamian war. |
| 379 | CHINA | *LING-WANG* Reign. |
| 379 | CROTON | *DIONYSIUS* captures Carton (Crotone). It was situated, near the celebrated temple of Hera Lacinia in the 'toe' of Italy. |
| 379 | GREECE | *CHALCIDIAN* League dissolved by Sparta. |
| 379 | THEBES | *RECOVERED* its hegemony in Boeotia and made an alliance with Athens, and Spartans were expelled from Theban citadel, Cadmeia d.d. 378. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 379-378 | EGYPT | *NEPHERITIS II* (Naifaaurud.) d.d. 381-380. |
| 378 | BITHYNIA | *BOTYRAS KING* the son of Dydalus succeeded. |
| 378 | CHIOS | *THEOPOMPUS* Greek historian born d.d. 370. |
| 378-377 | ATHENS | *FOUNDATION* of second Athenian Confederation against Sparta and introduction of Property Tax at Athens. d.d. 377. |
| 378-371 | ATHENS | *WAR* with Sparta. |
| 378-357 | BYZANTIUM | *ALLY* of Athens. |
| 378-357 | RHODES | *ATHENIAN* control. |
| 378-341 | EGYPT | *THIRTIETH DYNASTY*. End of the second Persian period. d.d. ?—343, 370—? 380—343. |
| 378-333 | CHINA | *WEI-WANG* of a Chi ruler. |
| 377 | CEOS | *ISLAND OF CYCLADES*. Joined Delian League and Athenian alliance. The code of law by which Ceos was governed, forbade the citizens to protract their lives beyond the age of sixty. |
| 377-353 | CARIA | *SATRAP MAUSLUS*, virtual ruler of Caria, was commemorated after his death by his widow Artemisia, by constructing a tomb which was called Mausoleum. It was completed in 350 or 353. The old temple was burnt by Herostratus in 356. It was one of the seven wonders of the world. d.d. 352. |
| 377-307 | CEYLON | *PANDUKA-BHAYA* King ruled for 70 years. Buddha Era 106-170. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 377-300 | CHIOS | *THEOPOMPUS*, son of Damasistratus of Chios, wrote twelve books. He continued the works of Thucydides from the year 411 to 394. Lastly, he compiled the lengthy Philppic in 58 books. d.d. b. 378. fl. 354. |
| 376 | BITHYNIA | *BAS OR BIAS, KING*, son of Botyras. |
| 376 | CITIUM | *EVAGORAS*, King of Salamis, was defeated by Persians at Citium, (Citon) a town on the north-east coast of Cyprus. d.d. 381 B.C. |
| 376 | NAXOS | *NAVAL VICTORY* of Athens under Chabrias over Spartans or Lacedaemonians at Naxos. |
| 375 | ATHENS | *CRATIPPUS* a Greek historian of Athens ; wrote the history from 415 to 393 or 386. |
| 375 | THASOS | *JOINED* second Athenian League. |
| 375-373 | EGYPT | *IPHICRATES* and Pharnabazus in Egypt. |
| 375/360 | TARENTUM | *ARISTOXENUS* philosopher born during this period and died about 300 B.C. |
| 374 | ATHENS | *PEACE* with Sparta. |
| 374 | SALAMIS | *EVAGORAS KING* was assassinated by a eunuch, b. 410, d. 374. |
| 373 | HELICE | *SWALLOWED* up by earthquake and sea. It is discovered now that the fact is true and Helice is under the sea water. |
| 373-370 | MACEDONIA | *AMYNTAS III KING*. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 372 | PHERAE | *JASON* succeeded his father Lycophron in the tyranny of Pherae and unified Thessaly. |
| 372-312c | ATHENS | *BRYXIS*, Athenian sculptor of stone and bronze. b. 372, d. 312. |
| 372-289 | CHINA | *MENG-TSE*, (TZU) poet, flourished. |
| 372c-287c | ERESOS | *THEOPHRASTUS*, a Greek philosopher, born at Eresus in Lesbos. He wrote Historia Plantarum in nine books with systematic description of various vegetables. d.d. 370-286. |
| 371 | INDIA | *NANDA* dynasty founded by Mahāpadma Nanda. d.d. 410. |
| 371 | LEUCTRA | *BATTLE*, Thebians completely defeated and crushed by Spartan military power and decline of Spartan power (8th July, 371). |
| 371 | TEGRA | *ATHENA ALEA* temple was erected at Tegra in Arcadia. |
| 371-370 | SPARTA | *ACCESSION* of King Agesipolis II. |
| 371-370 | MACEDONIA | *ALEXANDER II.* King d.d. 370-369 369-368. |
| 371-369 | GREECE | *ARCADIAN LEAGUE*, the League was formed with its Headquarters at Megalopolis, situated on both banks of the river Helisson. d.d. 370. |
| 371-362 | THEBES | *BECAME* a great power in Greece. |
| 371-289 | CHINA | *MENCIUS* (Meng-tzu) a Chinese saint and philosopher. He represents idealistic trend in Confucianism. His name was Meng-ho. The Imperial Govt. later made him known as Mang-tze which means Meng the master. He died in 289. d.d. 372-289. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 370 | GREECE | *A COMET* appeared and Aristotle described its probable courses. |
| 370 | MANTINEA | *A CITY* of Arcadia, was rebuilt. |
| 370 | MESSENE | *RETURN OF* the descendants of the Messenians to Peloponnesus in 370 after a long banishment of 300 years. |
| 370-369 | PELOPONNESUS | *BOEOTIAN* first invasion of Peloponnesus. |
| 370-369 | THEBES | *THEBAN EPAMINONDAS* general liberated Messenia, and Arcadia. |
| 370-368 | MOLOSSI | *NEOPTOLEMUS*, *KING*, inscriptions of this period are found. |
| 370-335 | CHINA | *HUI* of *WEI KING*. t.d. |
| c370-334 | CHINA | *MENCIUS*, Chinese philosopher, flourished. d.d. 373 ?—288 ? |
| 370-319 | CHINA | *HUI-SPU*, famous dialectician flourished. |
| 370-309 | SPARTA | *CLEOMENES II* (Agiads *KING*) |
| c370-300 | CYZICUS | *CALLIPUS*, a Greek astronomer, proposed a year with length of 365-1/4 days. |
| 370-288 | ERESOS | *THEOPHRASTUS*, Greek philosopher. d.d. 370-385. |
| 369 | MEGALOPOLIS | *A CITY* of Arcadia, was founded by Pameinondas and was the headquarter of Arcadian League or confederacy. d.d. 370. |
| 369 | ROME | *BRASS MONEY* was in circulation before this time in Rome. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 369-368 | CELTS | *CELTS* were serving as mercenaries in Peloponnesus. |
| 369/8-365 | MACEDONIA | *PTOLMAEUS KING*. d.v. Ptolemy Alorites. d.d. 370—? 370-368 |
| 369-361 | KOREA | *KI-HA* King. |
| 369-286 | CHINA | *CHUNG-TZU*, philosopher, flourished. He propounded the philosophy that the man's chief purpose is the achievement of happiness. d.v. Chuang-tse. c370-300. |
| 368 | DELPHI | *CONGRESS* of Greek states was convened at Delphi on the initiative of Ariobarzanes, the Persian Satrap of Phrygia, as Sparta and Athens were both anxious for peace. |
| 368 | SICILY | *DIONYSIUS' THIRD WAR* (Punic) ending with his death, which remained inconclusive. |
| 368/60-267/63 | SYRACUSE | *PHILEMON*, new comedy poet ox. 813. |
| 368-5m-17d. | INDIA | *GOPĀDITYA*, King of Kashmir, rules for 60 years. Kali-2732-6m-13d. L-2707-6m-13d. d.d. Kali 2701. L-2176. B.C. 400. |
| 367 | ARCADIA | *AE-NEAS/TACTICUS* was a general of Arcadian Confederacy in 367. |
| 367 | ATHENS | *ARISTOTLE* joins Academy. |
| 367 | BOEOTIA | *THIRD BOEOTIAN INVASION* of Peloponnesus. |
| 367 | INDIA | *BHADRABĀHU*, Jain Ācārya. |
| 367 | ROME | *CONCORD TEMPLE* at Rome. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 367 | ROME | *LICINIO-SEXTIAN* laws passed. |
| 367 | ROME | *LAW* forbiding large holding of public land, enforced. |
| 357 | SPARTA | *ANTALCIDAS* a diplomat committed suicide. |
| 367 | SYRACUSE | *PLATO* visits Dionysius II. |
| 367-343 | SYRACUSE | *DIONYSIUS I* was succeeded by his son, Dionysius II as tyrant of Syracuse, under the regency of his uncle Dion. Dion brought in Plato to educate Dionysius but both were forced out. |
| 366 | ROME | *FIRST PLEBEIAN CONSUL* appointed. |
| 366 | ROME | *PRAETORSHIP* created. |
| 365 | GREECE | *ARCADIA* and *ELIS* at war. |
| 365-359 | MACEDONIA | *PERDICCAS III KING*, d.d. 366-360. 364-359. 366-359. |
| 365-285 | THEBES | *CRATES*, son of Asconda of Thebes, a Greek cynic philosopher, he preached the gospel of voluntary poverty and independence. d.d. 325 fl. |
| 364 | ATHENS | *PRAXITELES* sculptor, d.d. 370-310 |
| 364 | ECLIPSE | *SOLAR ECLIPSE* of July 13th. |
| 364 | ORCHOMENUS | *CITY* destroyed by the Boeotian confederacy. |
| 364 | ROME | *THE FIRST THEATRICAL SHOW* was held in Rome. |
| 364-324 | INDIA | *NANDA DYNASTY* in Magadha. d.d. 410, 371-321, 361-325, 362-322. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 363 | BYZANTIUM | *RECOVERED* by Timotheus. |
| 363 | CEOS | *REVOLTED* and Athenians gained control of the trade in 262. |
| 363 | EGYPT | *TACHOS*, son of Conon, an Athenian Admiral, succeeded Nektanebos I (Nekhtnobf). |
| 362 | MANTINEA | *EPAMINONDAS*, a Theban general, defeats the Spartan League at Mantinea but was himself killed. b. 418. d. 3627. |
| 363 | PONTUS | *ARIOBARZANES*, son of Satrap Mithradates whom he succeeded in 363. In 362, he revolted against Artaxerxes and made Pontus an independent kingdom. |
| 363 | THEBES | *EPAMINONDAS* general and statesman died. |
| 361 | EGYPT | *NEKTANEBOS II KING*—accession, d.d. 359, 360-343. |
| 361 | SYRACUSE | *PLATO'S* third visit to Dionysius II of Syracuse. |
| 361-342 | KOREA | *KI-WHA KING*. |
| 361-338 | CHINA | *KUANG-SUM YANG* (Wei Yang) minister and thinker. |
| 3 61-338 | CHINA | *ISIAO*, with his famous minister Shang-yang, reorganised the state on legalistic principle and the new capital Hsien-yang was built. d.d. 359-338. |
| 361-325 | INDIA | *MAHĀPADMA NANDA KING* of Magadha, and nine Nandas. d.d. 362-322, 392 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| c361-291 | GREECE | *DINARCHUS*, one of the ten Attic orators ; was born in Corinth but lived at Athens. Started his career as logographer. He wrote about 100 orations, of which only three have survived. d. d. 361-293. 360-290. |
| 361-288 | SYRACUSE | *AGATHOCLES*, tyrant and king of Syracuse, was acknowledged its ruler in 317. His expedition against Carthage failed and he escaped to Sicily. After peace with Carthage, he assumed the title of king. |
| 360 | CAPPADOCIA | *KINGDOM* under ARIARTHEST (II-1) |
| c360 | CHINA | *SHANG-YANG*, philosopher and poet. |
| 360 | CORINTH | *EUPHRANOR* sculptor and painter (oxc. 770) |
| 360 | SPAIN | *CARTHAGIANS* migrated to Spain. |
| 360-359 | EGYPT | *TEOS* King. |
| 360-338 | SPARTA | *ARCHIDAMUS III* (Eurypontids) King d.d. 361-338. |
| c360-330c | GREECE | *PAUSIAS* of Sicyona, Greek painter, was the inventor of encaustic painting. He was the first to paint ceiling panels. |
| 360-328 | OLYNTHUS | *CALLISTHENES* was a Greek historian and nephew of Aristotle and accompanied Alexander in Asia. |
| 360-281 | MACEDONIA | *LYSIMACHUS* officer and successor of Alexander the great. |
| 360-270 | ELIS | *PYRRHON OF ELIS* was the founder of Greek sceptic school of philosophy. According to him, the idea of happiness is to remain indifferent to everything and not to speak or to make judgment. d.d. 365/360-275/270. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 359 | MACEDONIA | *AMYNTAS* King son of PEROICCAS II, under regency of Philip II d.d. 360. |
| 359 | PHERAE | *ALEXANDER*, ruler of Pherae, a city of Thessaly, was assassinated. d.d. 357. |
| 359-351 | AMAZON | *BATTLE* between Amazons and Greeks is carved on a marble, now in British Museum. |
| 359-342 | EGYPT | *NECTANNEBO II* (Nekht-hor-beb), King, the last native King. d.d. 359-341. |
| 359-338 | PERSIA | *ARTAXERXES III* Ochus (Artaakhtr) King of Persia. Quelled the revolts in Phoenicia and Egypt. He was poisoned by his minister, Bagoas. d.d. 358-337, 343. 358-338. |
| 358 | AMPHISSA | *SITUATED* 30 miles north-west of Athens, and was destroyed by the Delphic amphictytyony. |
| 358 | MACEDONIA | *PHILIP II*—Victory over Paeonians and Illyrians. |
| 358 | ROME | *THE RENEWAL OF TREATY* with Latium. |
| 358 | TAUROMENIUM | *ANDROMACHUS*, father of historian Timaeus, became the rant. |
| 358-297 | MACEDONIA | *CASSANDER* joined Alexander in Asia, and proclaimed himself a king in 306 and founded Cassandria. |
| 358-280 | MACEDONIA | *SELEUCUS I* Nicator, son of Antiochus of Macedonia. He accompanied Alexander to Asia. After the death of Alexander, he obtained the Satrapy of Babylon. He conquered Susiana, and Media and extended his empire from the Euphrates to the banks of Oxus and Indus and later on, from the Euphrates to Mediterannean, i.e. whole of Syria. He died at the age of 78 years. d.d. 358-281. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 357 | AMPHIPOLIS | *PHILIP II* of Macedonia, wins Amphipolis, a city of Macedonia, on the east bank of the Strymon river. |
| 357 | ATHENS | *CHABRIAS* general who devised new anti-naplites tacts. |
| 357 | ROME | *COMITIO TRIBUTA*, legislative assembly for the entire people of Rome, was organised. |
| 357 | ROME | *INTEREST* was lowered in Rome. d.v. usury was absolutely forbidden. |
| 357 | ROME | *TWO TRIBES*, Pomplina and Poplia created. |
| 357-355 | ATHENS | *SOCIAL WAR*, revolt of the allies of Athens. |
| 357-355 | COS | *ASSISTED* the Athenian aggression ; an island of the Sporades off the coast of Caria. |
| 357-354 | SYRACUSE | *DIONYSIUS* regained Syracuse and ruled tyranically. |
| 356 | CHINA | *BUILDING* of the first wall in China against the HUNS. |
| 356 | EPHESUS | *HEROSTRATUS*, in order to immortalise his name, set fire to the temple of ARTEMIS at EPHESUS. |
| 356 | PHILIPPI | *A CITY* in eastern Macedonia named Daton, was renamed as Philippi by Philip II of Macedonia. |
| 356 | ROME | *FIRST PLEBEIAN* dictator. |
| 356-336 | MACEDONIA | *PHILIP II* became king of Macedonia after deposing his ward, AMYNTAS the king of Macedonia, d.d. 357-336, 358-336. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 356-323 | MACEDONIA | *ALEXANDER THE GREAT*, son of Philip II and Olympias ; born at the Macedonian capital, Pella in 356. Aristotle was his tutor from 342 to 336. He died at Babylon in 323, June 13. |
| 356-280 | SYRIA | *SELEUCID* dynasty ruled Syria. |
| 356-260 | TAUROMENIUM | *TIMAGUS* (TIMAIOS), a Greek historian (ox. 1074) axs. 431 |
| 353 | AMPHISSA | *ONOMARCHUS PHOCIAN* Commander in the third sacred war reduced Amphosia to dependence. |
| 353 | CAEROE | *A CITY* of Etruria with its port at Pyrgos ; 25 miles north-west of Rome and about 5 miles from sea ; was partly incorporated in Roman state. |
| 355 | ATHENS | *CALLISTRATUS* orator died. |
| 355-346 | GREECE | *THE THIRD SACRED WAR.* |
| 355-333 | RHODES | *PERSIAN* domination period. |
| 355-330 | AMAZON | *SCULPTURE OF AMAZON* received from Musolium of Halikarnasosus now in the British Museum. |
| 355-323 | MACEDONIA | *HARPALUS* close friend of Alexander the Great. |
| 354 | ATHENS | *TIMSTHEUS* soldier and commander of social war died. |
| 354 | NEON | *BATTLE* between Phocians and ban and Locrian at Neon, resulting in defeat of Phocian and death of Philomelus. |
| 354 | ROME | *TREATY* with Samnites. d.d. 350. |
| 354 | SCYTHIAN | *SCYTHIAN* ruler Aertes, killed by Philip of Macedonia at the age of 60. |
| 354 | SYRACUSE | *CALLIPUS*, tyrant of Syracuse. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 353 | SYRACUSE | *NYSEAEUS DIONYSIUS*, a son of Dionysius, tyrant of Syracuse. |
| 352 | GREECE | *AETON*, a painter, famous for his painting of the marriage of Alexander and Roxena, flourished. |
| 352 | HALICARONASSUS | *HALICARONASSUS MAUSOLEUM* was erected. It was a city in Asia Minor on the south-west coast of Caria ; birthplace of Herodotus and Dionysius. The Mausoleum was destroyed by Alexander the Great in 334 B.C. The construction was started in 352 or 353 B.C. |
| 352 | SYRACUSE | *HIPPARINUS*, a son of Dionysius who seized sovereign power of Syracuse for 27 years. |
| 352 (353) | MEXICO | *MAYA* calendar. |
| 351 | ATHENS | *DEMOSTHENES'S* first Philippic. |
| 351 | CARIA | *IDRIUS* succeeds Artemisia in Caria in Asia Minor. |
| 351 | EGYPT | *ARTAXERXES*' Egyptian invasion failed. |
| 351 | ROME | *CONQUEST* of South Etruria by Rome. |
| 351 | ROME | *FIRST PLEBEIAN CENSOR*. |
| 351 | SICYON | *LIBERATED* by Aratas and brought in Achaean League. |
| 351 | SIDON | *REVOLTED* against Persia under the leadership of Tennes but was crushed by Artaxerxes III. |
| 351 | SYRACUSE | *NAYSAEIUS*, tyrant of Syracuse. |
| 351-273 | ATHENS | *POLEMON*, Athenian Greek philosopher and Head of Academy. d d. died 270. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 350 | AMPHIPOLIS | *ZOILUS* Greek cynic philosopher and critic d.d. 4th B.C. fl. |
| 350 | BIBLE | *OLD TESTAMENT* was composed in the present form before this period. |
| 350 | GREECE | *A DEFENCE LEAGUE* of the principal cities of Greece formed. |
| 350 | GREECE | *EPIDAUROS* theatre was constructed, a city on the east coast of Argolis. |
| 350 | GREECE | *PAMPHILUS* Greek painter taught that without mathematics & geometry no perfect art can exist. |
| 350 | GREECE | *CORINTHIAN COLUMNS* appear in Greek architecture. |
| 350 | INDIA | *DHARMA SANGINĪ* book was composed about this time. |
| 350 | INDIA | *VINAYA PIṬAKA* was collected about this time. |
| 350 | N. ITALY | *GAULS*' settlement : |
| 350 | PERSIA | *PHOENICIAN* cities SIDON, TYRE AROUSR BYBLUS secede from PERSIA. |
| 350 | PERSIA | *REVOLT OF JESUS* against Artaxerxes III. |
| 350 | ATHENS | *PRAXITELES*, an Athenian sculptor, flourished. His famous sculpture was 'Aphrodite' which was second best after the sculpture of Zeus. It was destroyed in 475 A.D. by fire. d.d. 364 fl. 385c-320. |
| 350-319 | ATHENS | *DEMADES* politician and orator. |
| 350-300 | SARDIS | *TEMPLE OF ARTEMIS* at Sardis was built about this time. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 350-290 | INDIA | *MEGASTHENES*, an Ionian, who served on several embassies and was sent by Seleucus I to the Court of Chandragupta Maurya. 302-291 B.C. |
| 350-260 | CHINA | *HUI-SHIH*, a Chinese philosopher of Ming-chia school. |
| 350-250 | AMPHILOCHIA | *AMPHILOCHIAN ARGOS* maintained its independence ; was the capital of Amphilochia and issued coins of Pegsus type. |
| 349/8-310/9 | PANTICAPAEUM | *PHERISADES I* King of Spartocid dynasty. |
| 348 | OLYNTHUS | *PHILIP II* of Macedonia, occupied and destroyed Olynthus, a city of Chalcidice and enslaved the citizens. |
| 348 | ATHENS | *PEACE* of Phitocrates an Arthesnian statesman. d.d. 346. |
| 348 | ROME | *ALLIANCE* with CARTHAGE and second treaty between them. d.d. 343. |
| 347 | ATHENS | *FIRST EMBASSY* of Athenians to Philip of Macedon. |
| 347 | GREECE | *PLATO'S* death. |
| 347 | SYRACUSE | *DIONYSIUS II* regained Syracuse. |
| 346 | ATHENS | *SECOND EMBASSY* to Philip. |
| 346 | CHIOS | *UNDER IDRIEUS*, son of Euromus of Caria and brother of Artemisia. |
| 346 | DELPHI | *PHILIP* took and garrisoned Delphi, and became the President of Pythian games. d.d. 345 |
| 346 | DON | *SARMATINS* crossed the Don. |
| 346 | GREECE | *PEACE* treaty between Athens and Philip II of Macedonia. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 346 | THERMOPYLAE | *PHILIP* reached Thermopylae. |
| 345 | GAUL | *EARTHQUAKE* Duras was buried with all the inhabitants. The twelve cities of Campania were also buried. |
| 345 | SYRIA | *JEWS REVOLTED* against Syria. |
| 345-343 | EGYPT | *ARTAXERXES III* of Persia recovered Egypt. d.d. 343-342. |
| 345-283 | ATHENS | *DEMETRIUS PHALEREUS*, a statesman, orator and Peripatetic Greek philosopher, was born in Phalerum near Athens and was disciple of Theophratus. |
| 344 | GREECE | *DEMOSTHENES* in the Second Philippic. |
| 344 | ROME | *JUNO MONTEA* temple at Rome. |
| 344 | SPARTA | *PHILIP II* subdued Sparta. |
| 344 | THESSALY | *PHILIP II* subjugated and re-organised Thessaly. |
| 344/3-311/0 | BOSPHORUS | *PARISADES* King. |
| 343 | CHINA | *HSIAO* elected to the office of Pa. |
| 343 | CORINTH | *ARATUS* liberated Corinth. |
| 343 | GAURUS MONS | *GAURUS BATTLE, VOLCANIC* range in the Campania between Cumae and Noapolis where Samnites were defeated by Valerius Corbas. |
| 343 | MACEDONIA | *PHILIP* joins with THEBANS against Phocians in the Sacred War (II). |
| 343 | SYRAUCSE | *DIONYSIUS* II of Syracuse, was expelled by Timoleon. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 343-342 | MACEDONIA | *ARISTOTLE* was invited as teacher of Alexander by Philip II. |
| 343-342 | ATHENS | *ALLIANCE* with Megara. |
| 343-341 | ITALY | *SAMNITE WAR—FIRST.* d.d. 343-390. |
| 343-330 | EPIRUS | *ALEXANDER* King, son-in-law of Philip II. |
| 343-280 | ATHENS | *MENANDER*, Athenian poet and author of more than 100 new comedies. d.d. 343-292, 342/341-293/289, 342-292, 342-291. 342/1-293/89-290. |
| 343-277 | CHINA | *CH'U* : YUAN poet. |
| 342 | CARTHAGE | *MERCENARIES* in Carthagian army included Iberians of the east coast of Spain and south coast of France. The whole of Spanish peninsula was known as Iberia. |
| 342 | KOREA | *KI-HO* King. |
| 342-341 | THRACE | *PHILIP II* conquered Thrace. |
| 342-330 | MOLOSSIA | *ALEXANDER I* King. |
| 341 | GREECE | *DEMOSTHENESE'S* in the third Philippic. |
| 341-343 | EGYPT | *SECOND PERSIAN* domination. d.d. 343-332. |
| 341-270 | ATHENS | *EPICURUS*, son of Neocles a school master, was founder of Epicurean school of Greek philosophy ; and author of 300 books ; was born in Samos in 341 and-died in 270 B.C. He was a matured philosopher. d.d. 343-270. His theory was that man's duty was to attain personal happiness and peace of heart by overcoming irrational desire and fear. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 340 | ATHENS | *PHILOCHORUS* historian. |
| 340-280 | COSA | *PHILETAS OF COSA*, a town of Etruria ; a Greek elegiac poet and grammarian of Alexandrian school and representative of new artistic tendency. He was so lean and thin that he always carried lead in his pockets to avoid being blown away by the wind. |
| 340-260 | SAMOS | *BURISM*, a Greek historian of Samos ; born in 340 B.C. ; was sometime ruler of Samos. His work included history of the period and life of Agathocles. He was a pupil of Theophratus and son of Telepisus. |
| 340-245 | CHINA | *HSUN-TZU* collection of philosopher HSUN CH'-ing. |
| 339 | AMPHISSA | *AMPHISSAEAN* war started. |
| 339 | CRINISUS | *BATTLE* between the Greeks and Phoenicians on the bank of Crinisus, a river in the western part of Sicily near Segesta. Greek cities of Sicily sought help of Corinth against Carthagian. Timoleon was a democratic patriot and was sent with a force. He took Syracuse and tried to establish democratic Government in all Sicilian colonies. d.d. 341. |
| 339 | CRMISUS | *BATTLE* TIMOLEON defeats Carthagians. |
| 339 | ROME | *LEGES PUBLIUS* passed in Rome. |
| 339 | SICILY | *CARTHAGIAN* expedition to Sicily. |
| 339-338 | GREECE | *SACRED WAR*—fourth. |
| 339-329 | CHINA | *WEI OF CH'U* King. |
| 339-314 | ATHENS | *CHALCEDON* head of Athenian Academy. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 338 | ACRAGAS | *RE-FOUNDED* by Timoleon. |
| 338 | AMPHISIA | *PHILIP II* of Macedonia captured Amphisia and destroyed its walls. |
| 338 | ANTIUM | *ROMANS* captured fleet of Antium and a citizen colony was founded there. |
| 338 | CAPUA | *ACCEPTED* Roman citizenship without vote. |
| 338 | CHAERONEA | *PHILIP II* entered Greece and defeated Athenians and allied forces at Chaeronea. |
| 338 | CHINA | *SHANG YANG* statesman of CH'IH Kingdom died. |
| 338 | CORINTH | *A TEACHING CENTRE*; became a meeting place of Hellenic League. |
| 338 | CHAERONEA | *BATTLE*: Philip II of Macedonia defeated Athenians & Thesians. |
| 338 | CHINA | *WEI-YANG*, exponent of school of laws, died. |
| 338 | CORINTH | *PHILIP II* of Macedonia convened a congress of all Greek states at Corinth where, except Sparta, all participated and entered into an alliance. |
| 338 | CUMAE | *ROME* annexed Cumae, a Greek city on the west coast of Campania, a district of Italy. |
| 338 | ITALY | *VOLSCI*—a people living in south Latium; were subdued by Romans. |
| 338 | MANDURIA | *BATTLE*; between Archidamus of Sparta and Lucaniana. |
| 338 | ROME | *LATIN LEAGUE* dissolved. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 338 | LANUBIUM | *SUBJUGATED* by Rome, a city in south-east of Rome. |
| 338 | ROME | *ALLIANCE* with Capua, a city of Campania which was a district of Italy. |
| 338 | SESTOS | *FELL* to Macedon, a Greek city state. |
| 338/337 | PERSIA | *ARTAXERXES* Ochus died. |
| 338/337 | GREECE | *MACEDONIAN* conquest. |
| 338-336 | PERSIA | *ARSES* King, son and successor of Artaxerxes Ochus. d.d. 337-336. |
| 338-331 | SPARTA | *AGIS III* (Eurypontids) King d.d. 338-330. |
| 338-326 | ATHENS | *THE THEATRE OF DIONYSIUS* at Acropolis, was converted into a stone structure. |
| 337 | CORINTH | *PHILIP II* called second Congress of Greek states at Corinth and war was declared on Persia. |
| 337 | ROME | *FIRST PLEBEIAN PRAETOR.* |
| 337 | SUESSA | *A TOWN* of Campania in Italy, founded in 337. It received the status of Latin colony in 313 B.C. |
| 336 | EDESSA | *PHILIP II* of Macedonia was murdered at Edessa, the capital of Macedonia, before the removal of capital to Pella. It remained the royal burial place. |
| 338 | ROME | *COIN MINTED* for the first time. |
| 337/336-302 | PONTUS | *MITHIRADATES II* of Cius King. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 337-336 | ERA | *CHERSONESUS* Pharnaces I used an era beginning in 337/336 when Mithiradates II became the tyrant of Cius. |
| 336 | ITALY | *LATIN LEAGUE* dissolved. |
| 336 | MACEDONIA | *ALEXANDER* elected the general of Greeks. |
| 336 | MACEDONIA | *MACEDONIAN* army crossed into Asia Minor. |
| 336 | PERSIA | *ARSES MURDERED* King. |
| 336-330 | PERSIA | *DARIUS III CODOMANNUS* King, the last Achaemenid king. d.d. 336-331. 335-330. 335-331. 330. |
| 336-323 | MACEDONIA | *ALEXANDER THE GREAT* was crowned after the murder of his father. d.d. 337-323. |
| 336-270 | SICYON | *LYSIPPUS* (Lusippos) was the first Greek sculptor who introduced portrait sculpture, 1500 statue models of bronze are attributed to him. d.d. c380-318. 328—? |
| 336-260 | ATHENS | *TAUROMENIUM TIMAEUS*, son of Andromachus, a historian and philosopher of Pythagorean school ; remained in Athens for fifty years wherefrom he fled in 317. d.d. 352-256. 346-250. |
| 335 | ATHENS | *ARISTOTLE* settles at Athens. |
| 335 | CALES | *BECAME A LATIN COLONY*. d.d. 334. |
| 335 | THEBES | *WAS RAZED* by Alexander the Great, 6000 inhabitants were killed and 30,000 sold into slavery. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 335-263 | CITIUM | *ZENO* (*ZENON*) of Citium in Cyprus, a Greek philosopher, founder of the Stoic school. He was given a public funeral in the Cerameicus in Athens. d.d. 335-263. 326-264. 320-250 ? |
| 334 | CHINA | *CHU ANNEXED* coastal state of Yueh. |
| 334 | CORINTH | *TIMOLON* of Corinth liberated Syracuse, died. d.d. 330. |
| 334 | GRANICUS | *BATTLE*, between Alexander and Persians; defeat of the Persians (May-June) at Granicus in Asia Minor. |
| 334 | HELLESPONT | *ALEXANDER* crossed the Hellespont (Dardanelles) in spring with an army of 32,000 infantry, 5,000 cavalry and 160 naval ships. |
| 334 | IONIA | *DEMOCRACIES* set up in Ionia. |
| 334 | LYDIA | *ALEXANDER* conquers Lydia. |
| 334 | PERSIA | *ALEXANDER'S* expedition against Persia. |
| 334 | PRIENE | *PYTHIUS*, a Greek architect of Ionic style, built the temple of Athena Polias at Priene, a city founded by Alexander in Asia Minor. |
| 334 | MACEDONIA | *ANTIPATER*, a Macedonian officer in the service of Philip II ; became the Governor of Greece. |
| 334-330 | MOLOSSI | *ALEXANDER*, the Molossian, demonstrated its potentiality in south Italy. |
| 333 | AGIS | *SENDS ENVOYS* to Darius. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 333 | ASPENDUS | *ALEXANDER* conquered Aspendus, a city of Pamphylia ; close to the sea at the time of conquest but now is seven miles in land. The Roman theatre is still intact and can accommodate 7,500 spectators with its 40 tiers of seats. It was famous for salt, oil and wool. |
| 333 | CARIA | *ALEXANDER* subdued Caria (Spring, 33) |
| 333 | CHINA | *ALLIANCE* of six states. |
| 333 | CHIOS | *UNDER* Persian admiral Menon, an island on the western coast of Asia Minor. Adultery was not committed there for the period of 700 years. |
| 333 | DIDYAMA | *BRANCHIDAE*, hereditary priest of Lydians of the chief oracular sanctuaries of Greece. It was built 15 miles south of Miletus (Asia Minor) in honour of Apollo, the greatest temple of the Greek world which was not complete even in 150 B.C. d.d. 330. |
| 333 | ISSUS | *BATTLE* : Darius III was defeated by Alexander (November) in the battle of Issus, a city of Asia Minor. |
| 333 | PERSIA | *CONQUERED* by Alexander. |
| 333-323 | PHRYGIA | *ANTIGONUS* Cyclops was appointed governor of greater Phrygia by Alexander. |
| 333-310 | KUSH | *NASTASEN* King. |
| 332 | EGYPT | *ALEXANDER* conquered Egypt in 20 days (Nov.) |
| 332 | JERUSALEM | *ALEXANDER* received the submission of Syria, Judaea and entered Jerusalem. |
| 332 | PALESTINE | *GAZA-SIEGE* of the city by Alexander (Oct. & Nov.) |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 332 | ROME | *CREATION* of two tribes, Maecia and Scagtia. |
| 332 | TYRE | *TYRE* was sacked by Alexander (Jan-July) who crucified 2000 Tyrenees and 8000 were put to the sword for not surrendering Tyre. (Oct.-Nov.) |
| 332-331 | EGYPT | *CLEOMENES* of Naucratis was appointed financial manager and administrative chief of eastern delta districts by Alexander. |
| 332-323 | EGYPT | *UNDER* Alexander the Great. |
| 332-323 | JEWS | *UNDER* the rule of Alexander the Great. |
| 332-322 | PHOENICIA | *UNDER* Alexander the Great. |
| 332-314 | CHINA | *HSUAN-WANG* of Chi. |
| 332-305 | EGYPT | *RULE OF ALEXANDER* and his heirs. |
| 332-295 | CHINA | *CHU-YUAN*, poet, flourished. d.d. c300. |
| 332-85 | DAMASCUS | *HELLENIC* period in Damascus. |
| 331 | ARMENIA | *UNDER* Macedonian empire. |
| 331 | CYRENE | *CYRENE* submitted to Alexander; the chief city of Cyrenaica, a district on the north coast of Africa. |
| 331 | ECLIPSE | *LUNAR ECLIPSE*—Sept. 20. |
| 331 | EGYPT | *ALEXANDRIA* founded by Alexander (Jan.) and remained capital of Egypt under Ptolemic dynasty. d.d. 323—? |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 331 | GAUGMELA | *THE BATTLE* of Gaugmela (Oct. 1). Alexander defeated Darius III. The battle is important as a tactical masterpiece of military operation. The battle was fought at Arbela, 32 miles east of Gaugmela. |
| 331 | LIBYA | *ALEXANDER* visited the temple of Ammon Zeus in the Oasis Ammonium in the Libyan desert, eight hundred kilometres away from CAIRO, now called SIWA oasis. |
| 331 | LIBYA | *ALEXANDER* was declared the son of the great God, AMMON. |
| 331 | MEGALOPOLIS | *BATTLE* between king Agis III of Sparta and Antipater, regent of Macedonia at Megalopolis an ancient city of Arcadia 2 miles south-west of Tegea. Agis was killed and Sparta sent up hostages to Alexander. |
| 331 | PALESTINE | *SAMARIA* became Hellenistic after its conquest by Alexander. |
| 331 | PERSIA | *DARIUS* After leaving his chariot, his shield and bow at Arbela, fled into the lands of Media and Ariobarznes. Alexander did not follow him or his Satrap. He pursued his way to Babylon. |
| 331 | SUSA | *ALEXANDER* at Susa. (Dec.) |
| 331-305 | SPARTA | *EUDAMIDAS* I (Eurypontids) King. |
| c330 | CHINA | *TSOU-YEN*, philosopher and poet flourished. |
| c330 | COLOPHON | *HERMESIANAX*, son of Agoneus of Colophon, Greek elegiac poet, of Alexandrian, school d.d. 320-303. |
| 330 | INDIA | *DARIUS III* requisitioned Indian army to fight Alexander. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 330 | PASARGADAE | *ALEXANDER* entered Pasargadae, the city of Cyrus in the valley of Murghab and found the store of treasure and 120,000 talents of gold. The city was founded by Cyrus at the scene of his victory over Artyages. |
| 330 | PERSIA | *ALEXANDER* entered Persia which is known as Persian Gates. (Jan.—April). |
| 330 | PERSIPOLIS | *CAPITAL* of Persian empire, destroyed and burned by Alexander (Jan-April). |
| 330 | ECBATANA | *ALEXANDER* reached Ecbatana (Hamadan), divided his army, ordered Parmenio to proceed northward to Cadusia and meet him near Caspian sea, and with the main army he hurried to capture Darius. |
| 330 | RAGAE | *ALEXANDER* reached Persia and learnt that the Persians were beyond the Persian Gate. |
| 300 | THARA | *DARIUS III* was chained during his flight by his followers and his army was practically disbanded at Thara. Bessus the Satrap of Bactria and one of his relations intended to surrender him to Alexander. |
| 331 | MEDIA | *MEDIA* became part of Macedonian empire of Alexander. |
| 300 | AREION | *ALEXANDRIA* AREION was founded at Herat in Khurasan It was the chief town of Ariana. |
| 330 | ARTOCOANA | *ALEXANDER* reached Artocoana the capital of Arcia and marching southward to Drangiana reached Prophthasia, the capital of Drangiana. |
| 330 | CHINA | *DECIMAL* system became common in China and its greatest champion was No-ti. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 330 | EPIRUS | *ALEXANDER I* King of Epirus, a country situated between Macedonia, Achaia and the Ionian sea He was son-in-law of Philip II of Macedonia whose daughter, Cleopatra he married in 336. He was defeated and killed near Pandosia in 330 B.C., while he crossed over to Italy to help Tarentino against the Samnites etc. He was buried at Causentia (Italy). |
| 330 | ATHENS | *AESCHINES* politician entered into exile. |
| 330 | HYRCANIA | *ALEXANDER* conquered Hyrcania, south-east of Caspian Sea (Mazenderan and Tarbistan). d.v. Varkana in old Persian is also called Harcanian. |
| 330 | PERSIA | *BESSUS* and the conspirators asked Darius to mount a horse and follow, but when Darius refused, he was stabbed with his mule and driver. |
| 330 | PERSIA | *DARIUS III* drank a cup of water from a Macedonian soldier and thanked him by the sign of his hand and breathed last. Alexander arrived meanwhile and put his own cloak over the body of Darius. The body with royal honour was sent to his mother at Persepolis for burial. (July). |
| 330 | ALEXANDRIA | *EUCLID* a Greek geometrician born at Alexandria. d.d. c300, 323-285 |
| 330-329 | DRANGIANA | *ALEXANDER* passed winter in Drangiana. |
| 330-277 | CHIOS | *METODORUS* of Chios, pupil of Democritius, a Greek philosopher of Atomistic school. His famous saying is "We know nothing, even whether or not we know". |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 329 | ARACHOSIA | *ALEXANDER* conquers Arachosia, pushed north-eastward upto the valley of Helmand to Kandahar and reached the foot of Hindukush (spring). |
| 329 | ROME | *CITIZEN COLONY* sent to Tarracina, on the west coast of Italy 65 miles south of Rome. |
| 329-328 | CAUCASUS | *ALEXANDER* founded Alexandria under Caucasus. |
| 329-328 | KABUL | *ALEXANDER* passed winter in the Kabul region. |
| 328 | ALEXANDRIA | *ALEXANDRIA* Eschate on the left bank of the river Jaxartes, was founded by Alexander. |
| 328 | BACTRIA, ETC | *ALEXANDER* reaches Bactria and Sogdiana was conquered. d.d. 328/327. |
| 328 | FREGELLAE | *LATIN COLONY* established on the river Liris below Sora at Fergellae. |
| 328 | SICYH | *LYSIPPUS* sculptor. |
| 328-327 | BACTRIA | *ALEXANDER* passed his winter at Zariaspes or Zariapses (Char-jui) (Bactria). |
| 327 | BACTRIA | *BESSUS* was a Satrap of Bactria under Darius III. He seized Darius and killed him. Alexander did not like his act and pursued him. He fled to Bactria where he was killed in 327. |
| 300 | PROPHTHASIA | *ALEXANDRIA* PROPHTHASIA founded. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 330 | PROPHTHASIA | *CONSPIRACY* to kill Alexander was hatched probably at PROPHTHASIA, in 330 by Philotas, son of Permenion. Philotas was pierced to death by a javeline of a Macedonian soldier. His old father Parmenion who was in Media was also murdered. |
| 328 | HINDUKUSH | *ALEXANDER* reached Hindukush. |
| 327 | BACTRIA | *ALEXANDER* marries Roxane, daughter of the Bactrian baron Oxyartes. |
| 327 | HINDUKUSH | *ALEXANDER* re-crossed (May). |
| 327 | OLYNTHUS | *CALLISTHENES* of Olynthus was the nephew of Aristotle and was a historian who accompanied the Asian expedition of Alexander. Alexander became angry as he refused to prostrate before him in obeisance. He was hanged for the crime of conspiracy of The Pages. b. 360. d. 227. |
| 327 | SAMARCAND | *ALEXANDER* reached Samarcand (Samarkand) on the left bank of river Oxus. |
| 327 | SAMARCAND | *CLITUS*, foster-brother of Alexander, insulted Alexander and was killed by his order. |
| 327 | SOGDIANA | *ALEXANDER* conquers eastern Sogdiana. |
| 327 | SOGDIANA | *BRANCHIDAE*, who had charge of the temple Brancius and oracle of Apollo ten miles south of Miletus, betrayed the treasures of Sanctuary and were deported to Central Asia by Xerxes and they established themselves in Sogdiana. When Alexander reached their settlement, he remembered the crime of their ancestors (most of them belonged to fifth degree of descent), ordered their murder and destruction of their settlement for the crime of their ancestors, |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 327 | SWAT | *CAMPAIGN* in the hills of Bajaum and Swat (Jan. & Dec.). |
| 327-327 | AORNOS | *ALEXANDER* conquers AORNOS a mountain stronghold between the SWAT and INDUS rivers now called PIRSAR and UNASAR north of ABUNER. |
| 327-326 | KUNAR | *ALEXANDER'S* winter campaigns in Kunar, Chitral and Swat regions. |
| 327-326 | INDIA | *AORNOS* between Swat and Indus, captured by Alexander. |
| 327-304 | SAMINUM | *THE SECOND SAMNITE WAR.* d.d. 327-321, 324, 305, 316-304. |
| c327-279 | BITHYNIA | *ZIPOES*, (Ziboetes) King, son of Bas or Bias, succeeds his father as king of Bithynia, and resists Lysimachus, one of the generals of Alexander of Macedonia. He was succeeded by Nicomedes I. (279-255 B.C.) |
| 326 | INDIA | *ALEXANDER* crossed Indus and reached Atak (Attock) in spring. (Feb.) |
| 326 | INDIA | *AMBHI* (Abhi), the king of Taxila, met Alexander. |
| 326 | INDIA | *BATTLE* of Jhelum between Porus and Alexander. Porus was defeated. (May or early July). |
| 326 | INDIA | *ALEXANDER* conquers Punjab and enters Sangal (Sakal=Sialkot). |
| 326 | INDIA | *MACEDONIANS'* refusal to proceed further at HYDASPES (Bias river). |
| 326 | INDIA | *ALEXANDER* retreats from Beas river (July). |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 326 | INDIA | *ALEXANDER* decided to leave India. |
| 326 | INDIA | *ALEXANDER* was wounded at Multan. |
| 326 | INDIA | *ALEXANDER'S* beginning of voyage down the river Indus (Oct. end). |
| 326-325 | INDIA | *CHANDRAGUPTA* met Alexander. d.d. 326. |
| 326-325 | NAPLES | *SUBDUED* by Romans. d.d. 323. 322. |
| 326-296 | MESSANA | *DICAERCHUS*, Greek historian. |
| 325 | CHINA | *KUNG-SUM*, *LUNG*, dialecticians. |
| 325 | GEDROSIA | *ALEXANDER* marched through Gedrosia (Aug., Oct.). |
| 325 | INDIA | *MALLI* (Malloi) made complete submission to Alexander (Jan). |
| 325 | INDIA | *OXYDRACES*, southern neighbours of Malli also surrendered. |
| 325 | INDIA | *ALEXANDRIA* (Uchh) was founded to be the great trade centre between the Punjab and the territory of lower Indus. |
| 325 | INDIA | *ALEXANDER* sails in the Indian Ocean. d.d. 325 Sept. |
| 325 | INDIA | *ASSASSINATION* of Philippus, Satrap of Alexander in the Upper Sind. |
| 325 | INDIA | *NEARCHUS* led Macedonian fleet from Indus to Persian gulf. (Oct , Dec.) |
| 325 | KIRMAN | *ALEXANDER*, after reaching Pura, proceeded to Kirman. |
| 325-299 | CHINA | *WO-LING KING* of Chao. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 325 | CHINA | *KUM-SUNG-HUNG*, famous dialectician flourished. |
| 325 | ROME | *CENTRAL ITALY* under Rome. |
| 325 | INDIA | *CHANDRAGUPTA* conquers Magadha. |
| 325-323 | INDIA | *CHANDRA GUPTA'S* war of independence. |
| 325-255 | OLBIA | *BION OF BORYSTHENES* (OLBIA) a Greek philosopher and novelist. d.d. fl 280 d. 241 |
| 324 | INDIA | *MAURYA ERA*—beginning. |
| 324 | OPIS | *MACEDONIAN MUTINY* at Opis. |
| 324 | ECBATANA | *ALEXANDER* at Ecbatana (Hamadan). |
| 324 | SUSA | *ALEXANDER* at Susa (May). |
| 324 | SUSA | *ALEXANDER* married the eldest daughter of DARIUS III BARSANE at Susa. |
| 324-323 | LURISTAN | *COSSAEANS*, a hill-folk of Luristan, were subjugated by Alexander. |
| 324-314 | CHINA | *MENCIUS* Chinese philosopher, whose life is similar to Confucius, flourished. |
| 324-300 | INDIA | *TWENTYFOUR* years' reign of Chandragupta Maurya. d.d. 317-293, 322-298. 321.296. 320-295. 320-296. |
| 324-261 | SYRIA | *ANTIOCHUS I* Soter. |
| 323 | BABYLON | *ALEXANDER* was warned by Chaldeans not to enter the city of Babylon. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 323 | BABYLON | *HEPHAESTION*, a trusted and oldest friend of Alexander ; his funeral pyre 200 feet high, was erected by the order of Alexander who attended the funeral, costing 10,000 talents. |
| 323 | BABYLON | *ALEXANDER'S* death (June 13) in the palace of Babylon at the age of 33. d.d. 10th June. |
| 323 | BABYLON | *FIRST PARTITION* of Alexander's empire. |
| 323 | GREECE | *REVOLTS* against Macedonia. |
| 323/2 | LAMIA | *WAR* (LAMIAN) ; Greek rising against Macedonia (ox. 577) |
| 323 | MACEDONIA | *PHILIP ARRHIDAEUS* became Philip III, the king of Macedonia. |
| 323 | PHOENICIA | *LAOMEDON* ruled Phoenicia. |
| 323-322 | GREECE | *LAMIAN WAR* ; Antipater besieged in Lamia, a town of Phthiotis, by many Greek city states, in attempt to recover their independence. |
| 323-322 | PALESTINE | *SAMARIA* rebuilt by Perdiccas d.d. 323-321. |
| 322 | AMORGOS | *ATHENIAN FLEET* was wiped out for ever at Amorgos island of Cyclades. |
| 322 | ATHENS | *PROPERTY FRANCHISE* : Citizens whose property amounted to less than 2000 drachmae, were deprived of their civic right in Athens ; as a result, 12,000 men were disqualified and only 9000 citizens remained qualified. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 322 | ATHENS | *CONSTITUTIONAL* change. |
| 322 | CALAURIA | *DEMONSTHENES* committed suicide in the temple of Poseidon in Calauria. (Oct.) |
| 323-283 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY* I Soter (Saviour) founded the dynasty in Egypt. His father Lagus was a trusted general of Alexander. He was the founder of the famous library and museum of Alexandria. Euclid taught mathematics under his partronage. He introduced the worship of Serpis. Jerusalem was also under his domination. d.d. 367-283. |
| 323-247 | MARONEA | *SOTADES*, iambic poet, lived during this period. |
| 323-200 | PALESTINE | *LAGIDUS* ruled. |
| 323-30 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY DYNASTY* of Macedonia ruled Egypt. |
| 323-27 | GREECE | *HELLENISTIC* period of artos. |
| 322 | CAPPADOCIA | *CONQUERED* by Perdiccas, regent of Macedon king, Ariarathes, son of Ariamnes, Crucified at age 82. |
| 322 | CRANNON | *BATTLE* ; the combined Greek force was defeated by Antipater near Crannon in Thessaly. |
| 322 | CHALCIS | *ARISTOTLE* died. |
| 322-184 | ALEXANDRIA | *ALEXANDER*'S remains buried at Alexandria by Ptolemy. |
| 321 | ATHENS | *MENANDER* making his first debut with his play. |
| 321 | BABYLON | *SELEUCUS* became Satrap of Babylon. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 321 | CANDIUN FORKS | *BATTLE*, Romans were defeated at Candium, a city of Samnium near the narrow pass. Roman army surrendered to Samnite general, Herennius. |
| 321 | INDIA | *PEITHO*, Greek Governor of Sind, left. |
| 321 | LUCERIA | *BATTLE*, Samnites were defeated by Romans. |
| 321 | MACEDONIA | *PERDICCAS*, one of the most famous generals of Alexander, murdered at Memphis. He was the regent of Philip III. |
| 321-318 | GREECE | *SELEUCUS* became the Governor of Greece. |
| 320 | ARMENIA | *ORONTES* King. |
| 320 | INDIA | *YĀSKA*, Probable time of. |
| 320 | MACEDONIA | *PEROICCAS.* |
| 320 | PHOENICIA | *PTOLEMY* I ruled Phoenicia. |
| 320 | SPARTA | *DICAERCHUS* of Messana in Sicily, who lived in Sparta ; a Greek peripatetic philosopher, historian and geographer, flourished. |
| 320 | SYRIA | *PTOLEMY SOTER OF* Egypt conquered Syria. |
| 320 | VADIMONIAN | *BATTLE* ; Samnits defeated by Romans. |
| 320-250 | GREECE | *THEOCRITUS* Greek poet. |
| 320-230 | ATHENS | *TIMON*, son of Timarchus from Philus,a Greek philosopher of sceptic school. Though a sceptic, he did not create any school. died at the age of 90 years. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 320-180 | INDIA | *MAURYA DYNASTY* in Magadha. |
| 320-30 | GREECE | *HELLENISTIC* period of Greek arts |
| 319 | MACEDONIA | *ANTIPATER* appointed Polyperchon regent of Macedonia at his death bed. |
| 319-272 | EPIRUS | *PYRRHUS* King. |
| 319-239 | INDIA | *MOGGALIPUTRA*, Buddhist monk. Buddha Era 176. |
| 319-239 | MACEDONIA | *ANTIGONUS II* Gonatas became king in 276. d.d, 320-239 320-239. |
| 318 | ATHENS | *PHOCION* politician and soldier died. |
| 318 | BABYLON | *EUMENES* captures Babylon. |
| 318 | CANUSIUM | *BECAME A PART* of Rome, on the right bank of river Afidus, was a city of Apulia and was famous for Apulian wools. |
| 318 | ROME | *CREATED TWO TRIBES*—Falerna and Aufentina. |
| 318-317 | GREECE | *EUMENES* became the Governor of Greece. d.d. 318. |
| 317-307 | APULIA | *CONQUERED* by Rome. |
| 317 | ATHENS | *DEMETRIUS* of Phalerum governs Athens for ten years. |
| 317 | INDIA | *CHANDRAGUPTA* included Punjab in his empire, in spite of opposition of the Greeks. |
| 317 | MACEDONIA | *CASSANNDER*, son of Antipater, took Macedonia from Polyperchon. d.d. 319-316. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 317 | NEPAL | *PRERBATE,* king of Nepal, helped Maurya king Chandra Gupta to overthrow Magadha Kingdom. |
| 317-419 | CHINA | *EASTERN* China dynasty. |
| 317-316 | GREECE | *SELEUCUS* becomes Governor of Greece. |
| 317-312 | INDIA | *NANDA* rule ends and commencement of Maurya rule in Ujjain. |
| 317-304 | SYRACUSE | *AGATHOCLES* became tyrant of Syracuse. d.d. 316. 317-289. |
| 317-211 | ARMENIA | *ARDVATES,* a Satrap of Persia, made the country independent and his dynasty ruled until 211 B.C. |
| 316 | CHINA | *CHINA* conquered Shu. |
| 316 | CARDIA | *EUMENES* of Cardia was executed by Antigonus. He was the trusted general and universally respected in Greek world. He conquered Paphlagonia and Cappadocia of which he obtained the Government till he retired. d.d. 317, 315, 317-316. |
| 316 | INDIA | *INDIAN* commander in the army of Eumenes was killed in the battle in Iran, and his younger wife committed Sati. |
| 316 | NICAEA | *A CITY* of Bithynia, built by Antigonus I. d.d. 307. |
| 316 | SALONICA | *FOUNDED* by Cossander d.d. 315. |
| 316 | THEBES | *REBUILT* by Cossander. |
| 316/5-342/1 | PITANE | *ARCESILAUS* of PITANE in AEOLIA' succeeded CRATES as the head of ACADEMY in 250. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 315 | ATHENS | *STOIC SCHOOL* founded. |
| 315 | PHOENICIA | *ANTIGONUS*' rule. |
| 315 | SYRIA | *OCCUPIED* by Antigonus. |
| 315 | THESSALONIKA | *FOUNDED*, a Greek sea port. |
| 315-280 | BITHYNIA | *ZIPOETES* King. |
| 315-240 | SOIL | *ARATUS* was a Greek didactic poet, philosopher, and mathematician of Soli in Cilicia. His astronomical poem "Phaenomena" was translated by Cicero in Rome. b. 315, d. 245. |
| 314 | ALEXANDRIA | *PTOLEMY SOTER* established an academy at Alexandria in Egypt. |
| 314 | PALESTINE | *RULED* by Seleucids of Syria. (T.T. |
| 314 | TYRE | *CAPTURED* by Antigonus. |
| 313 | INDIA | *CHANDRAGUPTA* Maurya conquered Malwa, (Jain tradition.) |
| 313 | NOLA | *A CITY* of Campania subdued by the Romans. |
| 313 | PONTIAE, ETA | *LATIN COLONIES* sent to Pontiae, Satucula and Suessa. d.d. 311. |
| 313 | ROME | *LEX POETILIA*: insolvent debtors will not be imprisoned if they surrender their property entirely to their creditors. |
| 312 | AQUAAPPIA | *A ROAD CONSTRUCTION* started. It ran from Rome to Brundi Suim (Brindisi). |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 312 | ARABIA | *NABETEANS*, ancient people of Arabia living between Syria and Arabia from Euphrates to the Red Sea, were attacked by Demetrius Poliocrates. |
| 312 | CARTHAGE | *INVASION* of Sicily. |
| 312 | DYRAACHIUM | *AN ANCIENT GREEK* city of Epidamaus in Illyria. It was seized by Glaucias, king of Illyria. |
| 312 | ERA | *SELEUCID ERA* begins 7th Oct. 312, (Macedonian calendar) but after 311 according to Babylonian calendar. |
| 312 | GAZA | *PTOLEMY* defeats Demetrius at Gaza. |
| 312 | INTERAMANA | *INTERAMANA* Lirenas in Latium near the Confluence of the LIRIS and RAPIDO founded by Romans as Latin colony. d.d. 310. |
| 312 | JERUSALEM | *FELL TO* Ptolemy Soter, king of Egypt, who deported part of the city population to Alexander. |
| 312 | JUDEA | *RULED* by Antigonus I. |
| 312 | NABATAEA | *NAVATAEANS* of Petra repel two attacks of Seleucid Syria. |
| 312 | ROME | *APPIUS CAECUS* Claudius became censor of Rome. He was the first Roman prose-writer. |
| 312 | ROME | *AQUEDUCT*, Appia was constructed bringing water from 16 kilometers. |
| 312 | SYRIA | *SELEUCUS NICATOR* established Seleucidian dynasty in Syria. |
| 312-309 | CYRENE | *REVOLT* of Ophellas. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 312-308 | ROME | *APPIUS CLAUDIUS CAECUS* orator. |
| 313 | SELEUCIA | *SELEUCUS NICATOR* founded the city of Seleucia on the right bank of Tigris as second capital. |
| 312-281 | SYRIA | *SELEUCUS I* Nicator King founded his dynasty, ruling over Babylonia and Syria. |
| 313-65 B.C. | SYRIA | *SELEUCUS DYNASTY* ruled Syria between 312-65 B.C. d.d. 312-64. |
| 312-64 A.D. | MESOPOTAMIA | *BECAME A PART* of the empire of Seleucus. |
| 312-64 A.D. | SYRIA | *PART OF THE* empire of Seleucus. |
| 311 | HIMERA | *HAMILCAR*, Carthagian general, defeated Agthocles at Himera in Sicily. |
| 311 | ROME | *DUUMVIRI* Navales, officers were appointed for equipping and repairing fleet, they were first chosen by Roman people in 311, afterwards they were elected or appointed apparently at irregular intervals as need arose until 150 B.C. |
| 311-306 | SYRACUSE | *AGATHOCLESE* war against Corthage (exe. 47) of Spartocid dynasty. |
| A310 | AFRICA | *AGATHOCLES* captures Hadrumetum, a town on the north coast of Africa. |
| c310 | MACEDONIA | *ALEXANDER* IV posthumous son of Alexander the Great by his wife Roxana who was acknowledged as partner of the empire with Philip Arrinidaeus but was imprisoned with his mother and was killed by Cossander. in 316. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 310 | INDIA | *STHŪLABHADRA*, Jaina Ācārya, flourished. |
| 310 | PERUSIA | *CONQUERED* by Romans. |
| 310 | SCYTHIA | *AGARUS* killed PARISADES I King of Bosporus. d.d. 311. 310. |
| 310 | SYRACUSE | *THEOCRITUS*, a Greek pastoral poet born at Syracuse in Sicily, son of Praxagoras and Philinna. He obtained the patronage of Ptolemy II Philadelphus. d.d. 310-250, 300-260, d.d. fl. 282 & c270. |
| 310-395 | BORDEAUX | *AUSONIUS DELIMUS MAGNUS* poet and politican King PRYTANIS |
| 310-309 | BABYLONIA | *ANTIGONUS* ravages Babylonia. |
| 310-306 | CARTHAGE | *AGATHOCLES*' expedition in Africa and siege of Carthage. d.d. 310-307. |
| 310-306 | MASSALIA | *PYTHEAS*, a Greek navigator of Massalia. circumnavigated Britain, probably in 303. T.T. |
| 310-250 | ALEXANDRIA | *CALLIMACHUS*, son of Battus of Cyrene, a profile poet and philologist of Alexandria died in 250 B.C. d.d. 305-240. |
| 310-230 | SAMOS | *ARISTARCHUS*, of Samos, Greek astronomer and mathematician of Alexandria, who expounded the theory that earth rotates about its own axis. He intensified the application of geometrical process, and trigonometrical relation to Astronomy. d d. 20. |
| 310-99 | PANTICAPAEUM | *EUMELUS* King. |
| 304-3 | | |
| 309 | MACEDONIA | *POLYSPERCHON*, governor of Macedonia, killed the son of Alexander the Great Heracles along with his mother. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 309-265 | SPARTA | *AREUS I* (Agiads) King. |
| 308-5m-11d. | INDIA | *GOKARṆA* King of Kashmir ruled for 57 years and 11 months. Kali-2792, 6m. 19d. L-2767, 6m. 19d. d.d. Kali-2761. L. 2736. B.C. 340. |
| 307 | AFRICA | *AGATHOCLES*. tyrant and king of Syracuse defeated in Africa. |
| 307 | ALEXANDRIA | *MUSEUM* and library begun under Ptolemy Soter. (I-1) |
| 307 | CHINA | Cavalry was introduced in the kingdom of Chow. |
| 307-247 | CEYLON | *MUTSIVA* King son of Panduka Bhaya, ruled for 60 years. Buddhist Era 106-126. d.d. 367. |
| 306 | ATHENS | *DEMETRIUS I* Poliocretes restored democracy in Athens and destroyed Egyptian naval power. d.d. 307 (June). |
| 306 | ATHENS | *EPICURUS* opens a school in Athens. d.d. 307/306. |
| 306 | CYRENE | *POPULAR RISING*. |
| 306 | GALATIA | *A TOWN* of Campania south-east of Capua on the Appian way, was occupied by Romans about this time. |
| 306 | ROME | *THIRD* naval and commercial treaty between Rome and Carthage. |
| 306 | SAMOTHRACE | *NIKE* Greek goddess of victory at Samothrace an island in Aegean sea with its wonderful movement of drapery blown by the wind. Was commissioned by Demetrius Poliorcetes. It was discovered in 1863, and the broken right hand was discovered in 1950 at present is kept in Paris. |
| 306-301 | MACEDONIA | *ANTIGONUS I* assumed the title of king. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 306-283 | MACEDONIA | *DEMETRIUS I* (Poliorcetes Antigonus) King. |
| 306-281 | SYRIA | *SELEUCUS NICATOR* assumed the title of king d.d. 306. |
| 306-215 | SYRACUSE | *HIERON II* hailed as king of Syracuse in 269and 514-216 Reg W.N- 685 d.d. 569. |
| 305 | ARPINUM | *A VOLSCIAN* hill town in the Liris valley, Romans captured it from Samnites. d.d. 305-303. |
| 305 | INDIA | *EXPEDITION* of Seleucus Nikator who crossed the Indus. |
| 305-304 | ITALY | *FRENTANI*, an opcan-speaking people, submitted to Rome. It was a Semetic tribe dwelling on the Adriatic coast of Italy. |
| 305-304 | RHODES | *SEIZURE* of Rhodes by Demetrius Poliocrates. |
| 305-283 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY I* Soter-from the Governor became king of Egypt. d.d. 305-282. |
| 305-275 | SPARTA | *ARCHIDAMUS IV* King. 204-ox. 896. |
| c305-235 | CHINA | *HSUN-TSE*, philosopher and writer flourished. |
| 305-30 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMAIC PERIOD*. |
| 304 | INDIA | *SELEUCUS* invaded India but was defeated. d.d. 305. |
| 304 | INDIA | *TREATY* of Seleucus with Chandragupta. Chandragupta gave 500 elephants to Seleucus. The daughter of Seleucus, Helena was married to Chandragupta. |
| 304 | INDIA | *BIRTH* of Aśoka. (Probable date). |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 304 | RHODES | *COLOSSUS* of Rhodes, one of the seven wonders of the world, is a bronze statue of Helios and was made by Chares of Lindus in 304. It was completed in 12 years. It was 70 cubits high, and stood near the harbour. The statue fell down in 224 B.C. due to earthquake. The parts of fallen statue remained there for 1000 years. |
| 304 | ROME | *PEACE* with Samnites. |
| 304 | ROME | *THE RULES OF LEGAL* procedure (Legis actiones) was made public in Rome. Forms of words had to be followed exactly in the conduct of law suits, which was known afterwards Jus Flavia Anum. |
| 304/303-284/283 | BOSPORUS | *SPARTOCUS III* King of Spartocid dynasty. |
| 304-289 | RHODES | *AGATHOCLES* assumed the title of King. |
| 303 | ALBA FUCENES | *LATIN COLONY*, was founded at Alba Fucenes north of the Fucine Lake in Central Italy. d.d. 304. |
| 302 | CIUS | *MITHIRADATES* of Cius, a town of Mysia, was executed by Antigonus. |
| 302 | GREECE | *HELLENIC* League revived by Demetrius. |
| 302 | ITALY | *AEQUI*, ancient Italian people of the upper valleys of Anio Tolenus and Himeela, subdued by Rome. |
| 302/301-266/5. | PONTUS | *BECAME INDEPENDENT.* Persian satrap Mithriadates I Ktistes who was left by Alexander to govern the region, became king of Pontus. d.d. 302/301-266/265. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 302-291 | INDIA | *MEGASTHENES* in the court of Chandragupta Maurya. d.d. 304-300. 304-299, 302-298. 301, 300. |
| 301 | ARMENIA | *UNDER* Seleucid empire. |
| 301 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIARHES II* king |
| 301 | IPSUS | *LYSMACHUS* and Seleucus defeated Antigonus and his son, Demetrius in the battle of Ipsus. After the battle, the territory was divided into three kingdoms, Macedonian monarchy in Europe, Ptolemic monarchy in Egypt and Seleucian monarchy in Asia. Antigonus Cyclops, father of Demetrius Poliocrates killed in the battle. |
| 301 | PALESTINE | *REVERTED* to Egyptian rule. |
| 301 | PHOENICIA | *DEMETRIUS* ruled. |
| 301 | SYRIA | *PTOLEMY* of Egypt seized Coele-Syria. |
| 301 | SYRIA | *PARTITIONED* between Seleucus I who occupied north Syria (Syria-Seleucus) and Ptolemy I who occupied south (Coele Syria). |
| 300 | AMERICA | *PARACAS* civilisation. |
| 300 | CARTHAGE | *CARTHAGINIAN EMPIRE* in southern and eastern Spain, weakened. |
| 300c | CELTS | *CONQUER* southern Gauls. |
| 300 | CHINA | *GREAT WALL* 450 miles long, was completed before 214 and finally achived a length of 1400 miles. d.d. 220-210. |
| 300 | CHINA | *TSO-SHHI*, writer of Chan-chiu, the history of China, from 722 to 281 B.C. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 301-232 | ASSOS | *CLEANTHES*, son of Phanias, was a stoic philosopher, born at Assos in the Troas. He died by voluntary starvation.<br>He succeeded Zeno in 261.<br>d.v. Head of Stoic school 263-232.<br>d.d. 331-232, d. 240. |
| 301-198 | PALESTINE | *UNDER* the domination of Ptolemy of Egypt. |
| 300 | CITIUM | *ZENO* founded stoic school of philosopy. |
| 300 | CORCYRA | *AN ISLAND* in the Ionian Sea, was captured by Agathocles. |
| 300 | CORINTH | *CORINTHIAN* League breaks up. |
| 300 | CRIMEA | *FROM THE BEGINNING OF III* century B C. fortified towns and settlements began to be constructed in Crimea. Scythian villages sprang up on the river valleys and by the tanks and along sea shores. |
| 300 | DELPHI | *AETOLIAN* league gained control of Delphi. |
| 300 | CORINTH | *CORINTHIAN* League brakes up. |
| 300 | EPHESUS | *TEMPLE OF DIANA* in Ephesus, one of the seven wonders of the world, was completed. The temple was 425 feet long and 200 feet broad. The roof was supported by 127 columns, 60 feet high. It was designed by Deinocrates. |
| 300 | HERACLEA | *TEMPLE OF ATHENA* and theatre etc. probably dated from 300 B.C. The Heraclea is ten miles east of Miletus in Asia Minor. |
| 300 | INDIA | *PANCATANTRA* was composed about this period. |
| 300 | INDIA | *FRAGMENTS* of Sutta Piṭaka, one of the three Piṭakas in the Buddhist Canon, were composed. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 300 | INDIA | *SAṄGRAHA* Grammar of Vyāḍi. |
| 300 | LULIS | *FRASISTRATUS*, a Greek physician and physiologist flourished. He was born at Lulis in the island of Ceos, south east of Attica. He was a physician of Seleucus Nicator about 294. He founded a school of medicine at Samos, on island one mile from the west coast of Asia Minor. He studied the anatomy of brain. |
| 300 | MEXICO | *TEMPLE OF ATETELLO* at THEOTIHUACAN. |
| 300 | ROME | *OPENING* of priestly colleges to Plebeians. |
| 300 | ROME | *LEX-VALERIA* prohibited the felony or execution of a citizen without appeal to the people. |
| c300 | SICYON | *EUTYCHIDES OF SICYON*, a Greek sculptor and painter, who sculpted a nyche for the city of Antioch, is represented by copies and on coins in various museums. |
| 300 | SULEUCIA PIERA | *A TOWN* on the border of Syria and Cilicia on the sea shore, was founded by Seleucus I Nicator. |
| 300 | TARENTUM | *RINTHOM* one of the founders of Roman Comedy. |
| 300 | THULE | *PYTHEAS* discovered it. The island is in the northern parts of the North Sea. Some suppose that this is the Iceland or a part of Greenland or to be the Shetland island. The meaning of the word is 'remotest land'. |
| 300 | ANTIOCH | *CAPITAL* of Seleucid Syria on the left bank of the Orontes, some 15 miles from the sea, was founded by Seleucus I with Greek settlers. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 300 | AQUI | *SUBDUED* by Romans. They were Italian maintained people. |
| 300 | ATHENS | *GOVERNMENT* of Central party at Athens under Phaadrus. |
| 300 | BARCINO | *HAMILCAR BARKA* is said to have built BARCELONA in Spain. |
| 300 | CHINA | *YIN-YANG* school of natural philosophy grew up. |
| 300 | CHINA | *TSO-SHIH* writer and author. |
| 300-270 B.C | TARENTUM | *LEONIDAS* of Tarentum, poor wandering Greek poet, lived by writing epigrams for tombs in Doric dialect, flourished. He was the greatest Greek, epigrammatist of the Alexandrian era. |
| 300-400 | INDIA | *KHAROṢṬHI* script was prevalent in part of Panjab N.W.F. P, and part of Turkistan. |
| 300-260 | SYRACUSE | *THEOCRITUS* poet. |
| 300-250 | CYRENE | *MAGAS* king of Cyrene, a N. African city. |
| 300-250 | EGYPT | *MANETHO*, Egyptian high priest of HELIPOLIS, compiled the list of Egyptian kings. He wrote in Greek, the history of Egypt, from mythical times to 323 B.C. He asserted that all the Gods of Egyptians had been mere mortals and had lived upon this earth. d.d. 280, 261. |
| 300-250 | MILETUS | *HERODAS*, a writer of mimes. |
| 300-100 B.C. | JAPAN | *YAYOI* culture. |
| 300-A.D.500 | PERU | *FLUORESCENT* period. |
| 300-A.D 300 | ATHENS | *EPHEBI*, an organisation of young men of Athens of 18-20 years of age. |
| 300-300A D. | MEXICO | *LATE FORMATIVE* age. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 300-235 | CHINA | *HSUN K'UANG CHSUN-TZU*, philosopher, flourished. d.d. 300-237, 300-235. |
| 300-200 | INDIA | *COMMENTARY OF VARARUCI* on Kātyāyana's Pāṇini Grammar was written about this period. |
| 300-200 | S. RUSSIA | *GOTHS* control south Russia. |
| 300-183 | PAPHAGONIA | *PAPHAGONIA A TERRITORY* of northern Asia Minor on a euxine between Bithynio and Pontus, was incorporated in the kingdom of Pontus. |
| 300-100 | GREECE | *SERFDOM* growth in Hellenistic empire. |
| 300-100 | JAPAN | *YAYOI* culture. |
| 300-100 | INDIA | *ARTHA ŚĀSTRA* of Kauṭilya was composed about this time. d.d. 350-300. |
| 299 | INDIA | *CAANDRAGUPTA* migrated to Mysore. |
| 299 | MACEDONIA | *DEMETRIUS* drove out Placistrachus from Macedonia. |
| 299 | NARINA | *TOWN OF UMBRIA*, south of the river Nar, captured by the Romans in 299 and a Latin colony was planted there. |
| 299 | ROME | *FAMINE* in Rome. |
| 299 | SYRIA ETC. | *ALLIANCE* of King Seleucus of Syria and Demetrius of Macedonia. |
| 299-290 | ITALY | *SAMNITE WAR III* d.d. 298-260. |
| 269-274 | INDIA | *BINDUSĀRA KING*, father of Aśoka ruled Magadha d.d. 301-?, 299-272, 299-273, 298-274, 298-272, 297-272. 293-268, 296-268 300-273, 300-274, 300-272. |
| 228 | CARSIOLI | *ROME* converted the town of Carsioli 42 miles east of Rome on the Via Valeria of the Aequi, into a Latin colony. d.d. 302-298. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 298 | COLOPHONE | *PHOENIX* a Greek iambic poet of Colophone in Asia Minor flourished. |
| 298 | CORTONA | *CORTONA* in central Italy was besieged by Agathocles. |
| 298 | INDIA | *DEIMACHUS* succeeds Megasthenes. |
| 298 | ITALY | *BOVIANUM, UNDECIMANORUM*, capital of pentri Sammites, captured by Romans. |
| 298 or 297 | PONTSUS | *ERA, MITHIRADATES* V and VI of Poetus used an era on coins which began in 298 or 297. |
| 298-294 | MACEDONIA | *ANTIPATER AND ALEXANDER KING.* |
| 298-290 | ITALY | *THIRD SAMNITE* war with 386. |
| 298-238 | CHINA | *HSUN-TZU*, a follower of Confucianism, represented the earliest wing of the Confucian school. |
| 297 | INDIA | *BHADRABĀHU* died. |
| 297 | MACEDONIA | *CASSANDER KING* of Macedonia died in 297 and Macedonia was divided amongst his sons. d.d. 298/297. |
| 297-290 | BITHYNIA | *INDEPENDENT* Kingdom north West of Asia Minor d.d. 228-297 or 169. |
| 296 | MINTUZNAE | *A TOWN ON THE* Via Appia where it crossed the river Liris near its mouth a Roman colony was established. |
| 296 | ROME | *BELLONA TEMPLE* in Rome is dated from 296. |
| 296 | SINUESSA | *A ROMAN COLONY* was established on the Via Appia a coastal town on the border of Latium and Companies. |
| 296-295 | CILICIA | *SELEUCUS* secured Cilicia from Demetrius. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 295 | ATHENS | *LACHARES*, an Athenian General, besieged Athens with the help of Demetrius Poliocrates. |
| 295 | CYPRUS ETC. | *PTOLEMY* acquires Cyprus, Seleucus, Cilicia, Haramachus. |
| 295 | HIPPONIUM | *AGATHOCLESE* seizes Hipponium a city in the country of Brurrii (Italy). |
| 295 | MANTINAE | *BATTLE*, of Mantinae, a town of Arcadia 8 miles north of modern Tripolis. |
| 295 | ROME | *THE ETRUSCANS* under Rome (TT). |
| 995-293 | ROME | *SEVERE* plague spread in Rome. |
| 295-215 | ALEXANDRIA | *APOLLONIUS RHODIUS* (*RHODIAN*), native of Alexandria, Grammarian and founder of scientific grammar. He was called Rhodian because he returned to Rhodes. He succeeded Zenodotus as librarian of Alexandria and remained as such. c-260—c-247. d.d. 293-215. |
| 294 | ATHENS | *ZENO* begins to teach in Athens. |
| 294 | MACEDONIA | *ANTIPATER* son of Cassander by Thessalonica was put to death by Demetrius I Poliocrates. |
| 294 | ATHENS | *DEMETRIUS POLIOCRATES* takes Athens after siege. d.d. 295. |
| 224 | ROME | *PEACE* between Rome and Colsinii (Velzna) an Etruscan city. |
| 294 | RUSSELLAE | *A CITY* of Etruria in Italy, was captured by Rome. |
| 294-289 | MACEDONIA | *DEMETRIUS I POLIOCRATES* King established his control over Greece. d.d. 294-283, 294-286. |
| 293 | AGUILONIA | *BATTLE*; Samnites defeated by Romans under Lucius, Papirius. |
| c293 | CARYSTUS | *DIOCLES* Greek physician, who lived at Athens died. |

Nepal Sanskrit University, Balmeeki Campùs, Kathmandu

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 293 | DEMETRIUS | *DEMETRIUS POLIOREETES* founded the city of Demetrius in Magnesia on the gulf of Pagasae. |
| 293 | ROME | *SUN-DIAL* was constructed in Rome. |
| 293 | SYRIA | *ANTIOCHUS* became joint ruler with his father Seleucus. d.d. 292. |
| 292 | ATHENS | *MENANDFR* died. |
| 292 | CAPPADOCIA | *CONQURED* by Mithridates of Pontus. |
| 292 | ROME | *FALERII* reduced by Rome. |
| 292-290 | LINDUS | *CHARES OF LINDUS* on the island of Rhodes, sculptured 'The famous Colossus of Rhodes' the gigantic statue of sun 105 ft. high. It was thrown down by earthquake in 224. The metal content was 720900 lbs. |
| 291 | CASTRUM | *LATIN COLONY* founded in Castrum Novum in Italy. d.d. 290. |
| 291 | HADRIA | *LATIN COLONY* Hadria founded in Italy . d.d. 290 |
| 291 | INDIA | *ANTIOCHUS* sent his ambassador to the court of Bimbisāra. |
| 391 | MACEDONIA | *DEMETRIUS* at war with Aetolia and Pyrrhus. |
| 291 | THEBES | *CAPTURED* by Demetrius. |
| 291 | VENUSIA | *LATIN COLONY* Venusia, a town of Apulia, founded in Italy. |
| 290 | AETOLIA | *AETOLIAN LEAGUE*, a military federation of western Greece was formed. |
| 290 | C. ITALY | *SABINE*, a people of central Italy, were finally subdued by Rome and merged with the Roman people. |
| 290 | KOREA | *KI-SUB KING.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 290 | ROME | *KURIUS DENTATUS* became consul and representative of Plebian nobility or Rome. |
| 290 | SAMNIUM | *SAMNIUM* : The Samnite war ends and Sabine Samnium submitted to Rome. |
| 290-280 | RHODES | *HELIOS* (Sun) : bronze Colossus statue erected. d.d. 291. |
| 290-235 | CHINA | *LU PU-WEL*, writer, flourished. |
| 289 | ARRETIUM | *BATTLE* Romans defeated by the Senones, a Gaulish tribe. |
| 289 | CHINA | *SU-N-JU* theologian flourished. |
| 289 | MACEDONIA | *DEMETRIUS I* prepares to invade Asia. |
| 289 | MESSANA | *SEIZED* by the Mamertines. |
| 289 | ROME | *MINT* established. |
| 289 | SYRACUSE | *AGATHOCLES, DEATH* and break up of his empire. |
| 289-279 | ACRAGAS | *TYRANT PHINTIAS.* |
| 288 | ATHENS | *NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT.* |
| 288 | CAPPADOCIA | *GAINED FREEDOM.* |
| 288 | INDIA | *TAMIL CONFEDERACY* formed. |
| 288 | MACEDONIA | *DEMETRIUS I* lost his kingdom. |
| 288 | MACEDONIA | *PYRRHUS AND LYSIMACHUS* partitioned the empire of Macedonia. |
| 288 | MACEDONIA | *DEMETRIUS* expelled by Lysimachus and Pyrrhus from Macedonia. d.d. 286. |
| 287 | ASIA | *DEMETRIUS* crosses into Asia. |
| 287 | ROME | *LEX HORTENSIA* passed by the dictator Hortensius Quintus. |
| 287-286 | MACEDONIA | *PYRRHUS KING.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 287-246 | SYRIA | *ANTIOCHUS II* Theos. |
| 287-212 | SYRACUSE | *ARCHIMEDES OF SYRACUSE*, a Greek mathematician and astronomer. His ten works have survived till today. He was killed by Roman soldiers. He had not noticed the approach of the Roman soldiers, being too busy in drawing a mathematical figure on the sand board. d.d. 289, 282. |
| 285 | ALEXANDRIA | *ALEXANDRIA LIBRARY* was established by Ptolemy Soter. d.d. 284. |
| 285 | ALEXANDRIA | *PHAROS* the light house of Alexandria was 550 ft. high and was visible from 342 miles. It was one of the seven wonders of the world. d.v. It was 360 ft. high. |
| 285 | BERENICE | *TOWN FOUNDED* by Ptolemy II who named it after his mother. It was a sea port in Egypt on the Sinus Immundus. |
| 285 | CARYSTUS | *APOLLODORUS* of Carystus a maritime town in the south of Euboea. |
| 285 | BOSPORUS | *CONQUERD* by Scythians. |
| 285 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY II PHILADELPHUS* became joint king with his father, Ptolemy I. d.d. 285-246. |
| 285 or 284 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* conquers Ujjain. |
| 285 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* married Devī, the mother of Mahendra. d.d. 286. |
| 285 | MACEDONIA | *LYCIMACHUS KING* became king of Macedonia after expelling Pyrrhus. d.d. 286. |
| 285 | MACEDONIA | *DEMETRIUS* surrenders to Seleucus. |
| 285 | TARENTUM | *LEONIDAS* of Tarentum (Taras), a Greek poet of new comedy has proclaimed his first play in c. 285 and author of about a hundred epigrams in Doric dialect, flourished. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 285 | TAUROMENIUM | *UNDER TYNDRION*, tyrant. |
| 285 | THURRI | *DECREES HONOURS* to a Roman Tribune. It was a Greek city in Lucania in south Italy, near the site of Sybaris. |
| 286 | TYRE ETC. | *PTOLEMY* acquires Tyre, Sidon and the Island League. |
| 285-274 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* Viceroyalty of Ujjain. d.d, 284-273. |
| 285-247 | BIBLE | *TRANSLATED* into Greek by seventy elders of Jerusalem and is called Septuagint. d.v. Made in stages between 214 B.C. A.D. 100. |
| 285-246 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY II PHILADELPHUS* son of Ptolemy I Soter, by his wife Berenice. d.d. 283, 215-247. |
| 285-246 | EGYPT | *AŚOKA KING* of India had friendly relations with the king of Egypt. |
| 285-246 | EGYPT | *MANETHO* the priest and author. |
| 285-246 | ALEXANDRIA | *ZENODOTUS*, a Greek grammarian and critic of Ephesus was the first head and superintendent of the Library of Alexandria. He revised and collected the works of all the Greek poets. d.d. 284. |
| 284 | PAEONIA | *CONQUERED* by Lysimachus, a territory now including parts of northern Greece, southern Yugoslavia and western Bulgaria. d.v. a country of Macedonia to the west of the Strymon. |
| 384-283 | INDIA | *MAHENDRA* son of Aśoka born. |
| 214-259 | CHINA | *KUNG-SUN-LUNG*, Chinese theologian flourished. He emphasised that names are absolute and permanent. He developed an epistemology which came very near the platonic Universal. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 284/3-c245 | BOSPORUS | *PAERISADES II KING* of Spartocid dynasty. |
| c284-204 | TARENTUM | *LIVIUS ANDRONICUS* father of Latin literature. |
| 283 | CORSICA | *CAPTURED* by Romans. |
| c283 | CYRENE | *HEGESIAS* head of the Cyrenic school between Paraeoates and Anniceris. He advocated suicide. He was living during the time of Ptolemy Soter who died in 283. |
| 283 | LYSIMACHIA | *LYSIMACHIA* town of Aetolia, its important buildings were destroyed by earthquake. |
| 283 | PAEONIA | *LYAIMACHUS* conquers Paeonia. |
| 283 | VADIMONIS | *EUTRURIANS WERE DEFEATED* by the Romans at Vadimonis, Lacus (lake Vadimo), in Etruria whose waters were sulphurous. d.d. 282. |
| 283-263 | PERGANUM | *PHILETAIROS KING.* |
| 283-246 | CHALCIS | *LYCOPHRON*, a Greek poet and grammarian was born at Chalcis in Euboea and lived in the court of Ptolemy II at Alexandria. d.d. b-320. |
| 213-246 | EGYPT | *DEATH OF PTOLEMY I* and Ptolemy II becomes sole king. d.d. 282, 29th Jan.—246, life 308-246 but ruled 285-286 or 287. |
| 283-246 | PHILADELPHIA | *PTOLEMY II PHILADELPHUS* captured and rebulit the city renaming it Philadelphia during his reign in the north east of Fayum. |
| 283-239 | MACEDONIA | *ANTIGONUS II* (Gonatus) *KING* son and successor of Demetrius I Poliocrates by his wife, Phila. He dissolved the Achaean League. d.d. 283-238, 278-239, 278/977-239. |
| 282 | INDIA | *SAṄGHAMITRĀ* daughter of Aśoka born. d.d. 284 or 281. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 282 | PSIDIA | *SELEUCUS I* founded and Augustus made it a colony and named it Caesarea, an ancient region in southern Asia Minor. |
| 282 | ROME | *HELPS THURII* against the Lucanians. |
| 282 | SENA GALLICA | *A ROMAN COLONY* established. |
| 282 | THURII | *ROMANS* assumed a protectorate over Thurii. |
| 282-272 | ROME | *WAR* with Pyrrhus. d.d. 282-275, 280. |
| 281 | ATHENS | *ANTIGONUS* captured Athens. |
| 281 | CORUPEDIUM | *LYSIMACHUS* was defeated and killed by Seleucus in the battle of Corupedium in Lydia. He was one of the generals of Alexander. After Alexander's death, he obtained the province of Thrace and north-west of Asia Minar and assumed the title of King in 306. |
| 281 | SYRIA | *SELEUCUS I NICATOR* was murdered in 32nd year of his reign and in 78th or 73rd year of his age. |
| 281 | TARENTUM | *TARENTINES* invited Pyrrhus to Italy to assist them against the encroaching power of Romans. |
| 281-262 | SYRIA | *ANTIOCHUS I* (Soter) son of Seleucus I Nicator by his wife Apama, (d.d. 280-261) succeeds his father. He had contact with king Bimbisāra of Magadha. He was killed by the Gauls, founded Apamia, a city in Phrygia after the name of his mother. d.d. 281 2nd June, 261. |
| 280 | AETOLIA | *ALEXANDER AETOLUS*, Greek poet and author of Pleuron in Aetolia. First he was in the court of Ptolemy II, afterwards resided in the court of Antigonus Gonatas of Macedonia. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 280 | ANTIOCH | *SELEUCUS I* founned the city of Antioch which became the capital of Antiochus I. d.d. 220-262$268, 280-261. |
| c280 | BITHYNIA | *NICOMEDES I KING*. |
| 280 | DELOS | *THE FIRST PTOLEMAICIA* was founded at Delos. |
| 280 | EGYPT | *MANETHO* author of Egyptian history from 316c 333. d.d. 300 W.H. 940. |
| 280 | HERACLEA | *PYRRHUS* landed in Italy and defeated a Roman army under Valerius Leavinus at Heraclea in Lucania. It was his first victory. |
| 280 | MACEDONIA | *PTGLEMY KERAUNOS KING* asscended the throne of Macedonia. |
| 280 | MACEDONIA | *MELEAGER KING* ruled only for two months. |
| 280 | MACEDONIA | *ANTIPATER THE ETASIAN KING* ruled for 45 days. |
| 280 | MACEDONIA | *GAULS* attacked Macedonia and reached south of Delphi. d.d. 280/279. |
| 280 | MACEDONIA | *POSIDIPPUS OF PELLA* in Macedonia, a Greek poet and the last representative of new comedy flourished. His 17 books and fragments of forty plays are extant. He won four victories from 289-288 onwards. d.d. 276. |
| 280 | PAEONIA | *RAVAGED* by Brennus, the Gallic king. It was a district of north Macedonia. |
| 280 | RHODES | *COLOSSUS OF RHODES* completed. It was one of the seven wonders of the world. |
| 280 | ROME | *WAR* with Tarentum (at 458). |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 280 | VOLSINI | *SUBDUED* by the Romans. It was a city of Etruscan confederacy. |
| 280 | CHINA | *CHIANG-TZU* consolidated the writings of Tao-te-ching. |
| 280-230 | CHINA | *HAN-FEI* philosopher w.n. 657. |
| 280-208 | CHINA | *LISSU* statesman. |
| 280-206 | ATHENS | *CHRYSIPPUS* of Soloi or Soli in Cilicia, a stoic philosopher who succeeded Cleanthes as head of Stoa in 232. had written 805 books.<br>b. 280 d. 207. d.d. 206. |
| 280-146 | GREECE | *ACHAEAN LEAGUE* was formed in 280 in which four towns were reunited. Later on, ten towns of the northern Peloponnesia joined the League. Corinth joined the League in 243. d.d. 281. |
| 279 | ASCULUM | *PYRRHUS* defeated the Romans at Asculum, a city of Apulia in central Italy. |
| 279 | DELPHI | *GAULS* were defeated near Delphi. They invaded Greece with 15000 horses and 1,50,000 soldiers under their leader, Brennus and plundered the temple of Apollo at Delphi. |
| 279 | GALATIA | *KINGDOM OF GALATIA* was established in Asia Minor. |
| 279 | MACEDONIA | *PTOLEMY KERAUMOS* died. |
| 279 | MACEDOMIA | *TREATY* between Antigonus of Macedonia and Antigonus of Syria. |
| 279 | ROME | *PYRRHUS*' peace offer rejected by the Romans. |
| 279 | ROME | *NEGOTIATION* of Romans with Pyrrhus. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 279 | THRACE | *CELTIC INVASION* on the coast of Thrace and several colonies overwhelmed. |
| 279-275 | GALATIA | *GALATIANS* (Gauls who migrated to Galatia in Asia Minor) were defeated by Antiochus who terrified them with his elephants. d.d. 375. |
| 278 | ASIA | *GAULS* crossed to Asia. |
| 278 | ARABIA | *PTOLEMY II* of Egypt extended his power along the Red Sea and into northern Arabia. |
| 278 | SICILY | *PYRRHUS* crossed to Sicily. |
| 278-250 | BITHYNIA | *NIKOMEDES I KING* son and successor of Zipoetes. d.d. 279-255, 279-250. |
| 278-246 | GREECE | *EXPANSION OF AETOLIAN LEAGUE.* |
| 277 | ASIA MINOR | *GAUL* terror in Asia Minor. |
| 277 | BENEVENTUM | (*BENEVENTO=MALEVENTUM*) *CHIEF TOWN OF SAMNITE* captured by Romans. The name was changed when Roman colony was established in 268 B.C. |
| 277 | LYSIMACHEIA | *GAULS* defeated by Antigonus at Lysimacheia (Hexmili) on the Thracian Chersonesus. |
| 277 | MACEDONIA | *ANARCHY* spreads in Macedonia. |
| 277 | SICILY | *PYRRPUS*' unsuccessful campaign in Sicily. |
| 276 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY II* murdered his sister Arsinoe II. |
| 276 | PANORMUS | *AN ANCIENT PHOENICIAN CITY* on north west coast of Sicily, was conquered by Pyrrhus and later on by the Romans in 254 B.C. |
| 276-273 | SYRIA | *SYRIAN WAR I*, Antiochus I defeats Ptolemy II in Syria. d.d. 276-272. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 276-239 | MACEDONIA | *ANTIGONUS GONATAS* becomes king of Macedonia and marries Phila the sister of Antiochus I. d.d. 278-239. |
| 276-168 | MACEDONIA | *THE RULE OF ANTIGONUS* dynasty in Macedonia. |
| 275 | ALEXANDRIA | *PHAROS* light house completed. |
| 275 | BENEVENTUM | *PYRRHUS* was defeated at Beneventum by Mercurius Dentatus Roman General and was forced to retire to Epirus where he remained until his death. |
| c275 | CHALCIS | *EUPHORION*, a Greek poet of new comedy born at Chalcis in Eubea, after living at Athens he settled at Antioch, where he died. b. 275. |
| 275 | GAUL | *ANTIOCHUS I* defeats Gauls. |
| 275 | RHODES | Colossus completed. |
| 275 | SELEUCIA | *BABYLONIANS* re-established. |
| c275-244 | SPARTA | *EUDAMIDAS II KING* (Eurypontids) Cyrene was a Greek geographer. He originated scientific map with longitude and latitude. His measurement of earth circumference is remarkable. He gives the diameter of earth as 7850 miles, only 50 miles less than the correct polar diameter. Chronology was first scientifically composed by him. He compiled a catalogue of 675 stars. He starved himself to death after he had lived his 82nd year. He was the head of Alexandrian library. |
| 275-194 | ALEXANDRIA | *ERAIOSTHNES* succeeded to Apellorius as the head of the library. d.d. 276-895, 275-194. |
| 274 | EGYPT | *CONQUERS* Asia Minor. |
| 274 | MACEDONIA | *OVERRUN* by Pyrrhus. |
| 274 | SYRIA | *ANTIOCHUS I* defeats Ptolemy II in Syria. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 273 | COSA | *ETRUSCUN CITY* in the south-west of Italy, became a Roman colony. |
| 273 | PAESTUM | *SUBJECT* to Rome. |
| 273-272 | SYRIA | *FIRST SYRIAN WAR* ends. d.d. 271, 274-271. |
| 273-236 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* son of Bindusara, emperor of India. The name of his wives were Vidiśā or Devī, Padmāvatī, Asandimitrā, Karvaki and Tiṣyarakṣitā. d.d. 275-235, 274-236, 274-232, 273-233, 273-232, 272-232, 268-233, 268-232, 268-231, 259-203, |
| 272 | ARGOS | *PYRRHUS* died in the night skirmishes on the street of Argos. |
| 272 | ROME | *ANIO VETUS* aqueduct was constructed in Rome. |
| 272 | TARENTUM | *CAPTURED* by Romans as Mento, general of Pyrrhus, surrendered to Rome. |
| 272-240 | MOLOSSIA | King Alexander,son of Pyrrhus, succeeded his father, after his death. |
| 271-213 | SICYON | *ARATUS*, a Greek general and statesman born at Sicyon. d. 213, d.d. b. 277. |
| 270 | ALEXANDRIA | *CTESIDIUS*, an inventor, was the first to make devices employing pneumatics (the action of air under pressure). He invented cylinder and plunger, the force pump, water argon, water clock. |
| 270 | EGYPT | *ARSINOE II* died (9th July). |
| 270 | EUBEA | *ANNEXED* by Antigonus Gonatas, son and successor of Demetrius I Poliocretes. |
| 270 | INDIA | *CORONATION OF AŚOKA*. d.d. 274, 273, 272, 269, 265. A.B. 218. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 270-240 | ATHENS | *CHERMONTOES* statesman and pupil of Zeno, Chremontoean war 267-262 is named after him. w.h. 321 or 231. |
| 269 | EGYPT | *SENT ENVOY* to Rome. |
| 269 | LAMPSACUS | *STRATON OF LAMPSACUS* a Greek philosopher, head of the Peripatetic school died. d.d. c287-269. |
| 269 | ROME | *SILVER COINAGE* in Rome (Denarial-currency founded). d.d. 268. |
| 269 | SYRACUSE | *HIERON II KING.* d.d. 270-216. |
| 269-199 | ROME | *NAEVIUS GNACUS*, a Roman poet, developed Roman low life comedy. His first play was produced in 230. d.d. d. 201. |
| 269-197 | PERGAMUM | *ATTALUS I* Soter. |
| 268 | AECLANUM | *CAPITAL* of the Hirpini after 268 B.C. |
| 268 | ARIMINUM | *UMBRIAN CITY*, was founded on the Adriatic coast and became a Latin colony. |
| 268 | ATHENS | *CARTURED* by Antigonus II Gonatas. |
| 268 | BENEVENTUM | *LATIN COLONY* founded. |
| 268 | ROME | *THE FIRST DIVORCE* recorded at Rome. |
| 268 | ROME | *CITIZENSHIP-EXTENSION* granted by Civitas to Latium and Sabines. |
| 267 | ATHENS ETC. | *COALITION* of Athens, Sparta and Egypt against Antigonus. |
| 267 | BRUNDISIUM | *SEAPORT TAKEN* by Romans from Sallentini and a Roman colony was established there in 245 B.C. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 267 | ROME | *LEX HORTENSIA* gives the Plebs concurrent power of legislation by plebiscite. |
| 267 | SASSINA | *A TOWN OF UMBRIA* subdued by Romans. |
| 267 or 266 | INDIA | *AŚOKA'S* younger uterine brother, Tiṣya and son-in-law Agni, joined Buddhist order. |
| 266-262 | ATHENS | *CHERMONIDIAN WAR.* |
| 266/5-c255 | PONTUS | *ARIOBARZANES KING* reigns. |
| 266 | CALABRIA | *CONQUERED* by Romans, a territory in south-eastern extremity of Italy. |
| 265 | CORINTH | *BATTLE* of Corinth, Areus II of Sparta was killed at Isthmus by Antogonus. |
| 265 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* consecrated under title of Priyadarśi. |
| 265 | NEPAL | *AŚOKA* visited Nepal. |
| 265-326 | CHINA | *WESTERN CHINA* dynasty. |
| 265-262 | SPARTA | *ACROTATUS* (Agiads) *KING*. |
| 265-225 | SYRIA | *SELEUCUS II CALLINICUS*, eldest son of Antiochus II. d.d. 227 or 226. |
| 265c-190c | PERGE | *APOLLONIUS OF PERGE* in Pamphylia was one of the greatest mathematicians and was called "The great Geometer". d.d. 265-170. |
| 264 | INDIA | *MAHENDRA* (20) son of Aśoka and Saṅghamitrā (18) daughter, entered Buddhist order. d.d. 270, 265. |
| 274 | MESSANA | *PULCHER* defeats Hiero of Syracuse. |
| 264 | NICOMEDIA | *NICOMEDES I KING* of Bithynia, founded the city of Nicomedia at the head of the Bay of Astacus. d.d. 265. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 264 | PICENUM | *A DISTRICT* of *ITALY*, situated east of Appenines between river Ancona and the river Sangro was conquered by Romans. d.d. 268. |
| 264 | ROME | *GLADIATORS*—the first exhibition of. |
| 364 | VOLSCINI | *ETRUSCAN* ancient town of the site of modern Bolsena. The citizens transferred themselves to another site which was perhaps Orvieto. |
| 264-241 | CARTHAGE-ROME | *THE FIRST PUNIC WAR* begins between Rome and Carthage. d.d. 264-146. |
| 264-227 | INDIA | *PILLARS INSCRIBED* with the edicts of Emperor Aśoka all over India, are dated about this period. d.d. 238. |
| 263 | AESERNIA | *A SAMNITE TOWN* 58 miles north-east of Oenentum, became a Latin colony. |
| 263 | CATANIA | *A TOWN IN SICILY*, became subject to Rome. |
| 263-241 | PERGANUM | *RULER EUMENES I* nephew and successor of Philetaerus. |
| 263-228 | ATHENS | *PERIOD OF SUBJUGATION* and decline. |
| 263-226 | ASIA MINOR | *ANTIOCHUS VIII* (Hierax) second son of Antiochus II, became independent ruler of Seleucid Asia Minor. |
| 263-221 | MACEDONIA | *ANTIGONUS III* the son of Philip became King in 277 B.C. |
| 262 | ACRAGAS | *SACKED* by Romans. |
| 262 | AGRIGENTUM | *A CITY* near the south coast of Sicily was occupied by Rome after defeating Carthagian general Hanno. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 262 | ATHENS | *SURRENDER* to Antigonus after two years' siege, who sponsored an oligarchy in Athens. |
| 262 | ATHENS | *PHILOCHORUS*, Athenian historian, executed by Antigonus Gonatas. d.d. after 261/260. |
| 262 | INDIA | *KALINGA WAR* and conquest by Aśoka. d.d. 264-263, 160, 256-255, 261. |
| c262 | MYLAE | *BATTLE* ; Duillius Gaius, Roman Commander, defeated Carthagians' fleet off Mylae in Sicily in a naval battle. d.d. 260. |
| 262 | SPARTA | *DEATH OF ANTIOCHUS* of Sparta. d.d. 263. |
| 362-254 | SPARTA | *AREUS II* (Agiads) *KING*. |
| 262-241 | SPARTA | *AGIS IV KING*, son of Eudamidas. |
| 262/262-223 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIARATHES III KING*. |
| 261 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* accepted Buddhism. d.d. 268, 267, 266, 260, 258. |
| 261 | MACEDONIA | *PEACE* between Ptolemy II and Antigonus Gonatas. |
| 261-247 | SYRIA | *ANTIOCHUS II* Theos was a contemporary of Aśoka and was a joint ruler with his father Antiochus I. He married the daughter of Ptolemy. He is mentioned in the edicts of Aśoka. d,d. 266, 266-246, 212/61.<br>261—(Summer) 247. |
| 260 | ALEXANDRIA | *APOLLONIUS* of Rhodes became the head of Alexandria Library. He was born in c295, d. 230. |
| 260 | ARMENIA | *SAMUS KING*. |
| 260 | CHIOS | *ARISTON*, a stoic philosopher of Chios, was a pupil of Zeno. He believed that the nature of the divinity is unintelligible. He died by the heat of sun. He flourished about 260 B.C. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 260 | MYLAE | *BATTLE* Carthagian fleet was defeated by new Roman fleet at Mylae north west of Sicily. |
| 260 | SAMOTHRACE | *A TEMPLE* for the celebration of mysteries of the Cabeiri, was built about the beginning of second Syrian war in the island of Samothrace, in northern Aegean. |
| 260-255 | SYRIA | *SYRIAN WAR* second. |
| 260-250 | ALEXANDRIA | *CALLIMACHUS* of Cyrene in Libya was a Greek grammarian and cataloguer at Alexandria. |
| S60-237 | SPAIN | *CARTHAGIANS* lose power in eastern Spain. |
| 260-230 | ARMENIA | *AKSAMES KING.* |
| 260-219 | SPARTA | *CLEOMENES III KING*, son of Leonidas, became king of Sparta in 235. |
| 259 | CHINA | *CHAO* army was starved into surrender at Ch'ang P'ing by Ch'in. |
| 259 | CYRENE | *MAGAS OF CYRENE* died. |
| 259 | EPHESUS | *ANTIOCHUS II THEOS KING* recovers Ephesus. d.d. 258. |
| 259 | INDIA | *BARABAR HILL* the first two caves dedicated to Ājīvikas.<br>d.d. 258, 257-250. |
| 259 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* abolished hunt. |
| 259 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* sent missionaries to propagate Buddhism. |
| 259-258 | INDIA | *PROMULGATION* and engraving of Rock edicts of Aśoka. |
| 258 | CHALCEDON | *HEROPHILUS* of Chalcedon wrote on anatomy, found out the heart, circulation of blood and rhythm of pulse founded a school of anatomy at Alexandria, he was the first to perform postmortem. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 258 | COS | *BATTLE* ; Cos was used as the naval base by Ptolemies. It was off the coast of Coria in Asia Minor where Antigonus defeated the Egyptian fleet. |
| 258 | CYRENE | *MAGAS KING.* d.d. 256. |
| 258 | EPIRUS | *ALEXANDER KING* of Epirus died. |
| 258 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* created office of Dharma Mahāmātrā. d.d. 257. |
| 258 | INDIA | *PROMULGATION* and engraving of rock edicts V-XIII by Aśoka. d.d. 256. |
| 257 | CEOS | *DEATH OF ERASISTRATU*, was the grandson of Aristotle and born at Iulis in the island of Ceos in Aegean sea about 294, was the physician at the court of Seleucus Nicator, was a follower of Democritus, discovered the motion of the pulse and believed the heart to be the origin of veins and arteries, paid special attention to the brain of both man and animal. |
| 257 | TYNDARIS | *NAVAL VICTORY* of Regulus off Tyndaris. |
| 257-256 | INDIA | *STUPA OF BUDDHA* at Konagaman was enlarged by Aśoka. |
| 257-256 | INDIA | *FOURTEENTH ROCK EDICT* of Aśoka. |
| 257-246 | INDIA | *KALIṄGA EDICTS* of Aśoka and enforcement of censors. |
| 257-208 | VIETNAM | *AM-DOUNG-VOUNG RULER* of the Thus dynasty. d.d. 221-200. |
| 257-180 | BYZANTIUM | *ARISTOPHANES* of Byzantium, a Greek grammarian and pupil of Zenodotus, introduced the tonic accent into written Greek. |
| 256 | CHINA | *CHOW* dynasty overthrown. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 256 | ECNOMUS | *BATTLE* ; Regulus Marcus Atilius, Roman general, landed in Africa, defeating the Carthagians in a naval battle at Ecnomus cape (Eknomos) in sicily. |
| 256 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* first time went to Kapilavastu. d.d. 256/255. |
| 256-255 | BACTRIA | *DEODOTUS I*, Satrap of Bactria, (Sogdian) Sogdian under Antiochus I & II, rebelled in 246-255 and doclared himself independent. d.d. 250-240, 245-250. |
| 256-248 | INDO-GREEK | *DIODOTUS I KING*. |
| 256-207 | CHINA | *CHIN* dynasty, d.d. 255-206, 321. |
| 255 | ACRAGUS | *SACKED* by Carthagians. |
| 255 | ATHENS | *RESTORATION* of autonomy to Athens. |
| 255 | BIBLE | *SEPTUAGINT*, the Greek version of old Testament, composed. |
| 255 | CARTHAGE | *REGULAS WAS DEFEATED* by Carthagian army and he became prisoner and remained in captivity until 260 B.C. |
| 255 | CHINA | *PULSE* doctrine was introduced, d.v. Wang She-ho wrote pulse classic, who lived about A.D. 280. |
| 255 | HERMAEUM | *ROMAN NAVAL VICTORY* off cape Hermaeum. d.d. 250. |
| 255 | PACHYNUS | *ROMAN FLEET* wrecked off Pachynus, a town south-east of Sicily. |
| 255 | PARTHIR | *KINGDOM FOUNDED* dy Arsaces. |
| 255-140 | BACTRIA | *GRAESO—BACTRIAN* kingdom. |
| 254 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* enlarged for the second time the Stūpa of Konagaman. d.d. 250. |
| 254 | INDIA | *KATHĀ VATTHU*, Buddhist book, was compiled by Maudgaliputra Tiṣya d.d. 253. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 254 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* sent Buddhist Mission abroad. d.d. 253. |
| 254 | INDIA | *DEVĪ* constructed Vidiśā Giri Vihar. |
| 254 | PALERMO | *SEIZED* by Rome, a city in the north-west coast of Sicily. |
| 254 | PHOCIS | *AEOLIAN LEAGUE* expanded into Phocis. |
| 254 | ROME | *FABIUS PICTOR QUINTUS*, as Roman historian and poet, born. He wrote annals which covered the period of the landing of Aeneas in Italy to the second Punic War. He wrote in Greek. d.d. 200. |
| 254 | INDIA | *SAMĀGAMA* (The Third Buddhist Council) at Pāṭaliputra (Patna). In the 17th regnal year of Aśoka, Moggaliputta Tissa presided. d.d. 253, 252, 250, 247 & 246. A.B. 236, 240-232. Burma d.d. 241. |
| 254-235 | SPARTA | *LEONIDAS II* (Agiads) *KING*. |
| 254-180 | SARSIN | *PLAUTUS TITUT-MACCIUS*, Roman comic poet of Sarsina in Umiria, Italy. d.d. b. 250, d. 184. |
| 253 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* Visited Buddha Gaya and returned to Pāṭaliputra in the month of Kārttika. |
| 253 | MEGLAPOLIS | *PHILOPOEMENA* Greek general and statesman, born at Meglapolis in Arcadia. He has been called 'The last of the Greek', was one of the few great men produced by Helias. In 183, while he was marching against the Messenians who revolted against the Achaean League, he was made prisoner, carried to Messene and was compelled to drink poison and died at the age of 70. When he received the poison, he enquired 'how his countrymen behaved in the field of battle." He was informed that they achieved victory. After hearing the answer, he drank the poison and died. His death was lamented all over Greece. **d.d. after 559.** |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 253 | PALINURUS | *ROMAN* fleet wrecked at Palinurus on the west coast of southern Italy between Elea and Buxentum. |
| 253 | SYRIA | *SECOND SYRIAN WAR* ends. |
| 253-200 | MERUE | *ZENITH OF KUSHITIC* civilisation. |
| 252 | EGYPT | *ANTIOCHUS II* joins Egypt and marries Bernice, daughter of Ptolemy II, Philadelphus. |
| 252 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* dedicated two more caves in Barbara hill to Ājīvikas. |
| 352 | INDIA | Sthūlabhadra died. |
| 252 | PONTUS | *MITHIRADATES IV KING* is besieged in his capital by Gauls. |
| 252-246 | PELLOPONNESE | *ANTIGONUS* became governor of Pelloponnese and ruled it until his death. |
| 252-244 | CORINTH | *REVOLT* of Alexander of Corinth. |
| 251 | INDIA | *AŚOKA'S* second visit to Kapilavastu and Lumbini. d.d. 249. |
| 251 | INDIA | *AŚOKA'S PILGRIMAGE* to enlarged stūpa Konagamana. |
| 251 | KOREA | *KI-YUN* King. |
| 251 | SICYON | *ARATUS*, Greek general and statesman, frees Sicyon, a city between Corinth and Achaea and joins Achaean League. |
| 250 | BRITAIN | *INVADED* by La-Tene. |
| 250 | BABYLONIA | *BEROSSUS* Berossus, a priest of Bel of translated Babylonian literature on astrology and astronomy. He was also the author of History of Babylon in 3 books, which was published in 250. B.C. |
| 250 | BACTRIA | *PARTHIANS'* insurrection of Bactria. |
| 250-230 | CHINA | *KUAN-HSIEN* canal in Szechwan was constructed and Min river was divided into two channels. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 250 | CEYLON | *MAHENDRA AND SANGHAMITRĀ* planted Bodhi tree in Ceylon.<br>d.d. 2509. |
| 250 | CHINA | *END OF FEUDAL SYSTEM*, |
| 250 | CHINA | *LEGENDARY DATE* of entry of Buddhism to the north-western China. |
| 250 | GANDHAR | *GREEKS* living in Gandhar influenced the literature and art. This development is called Gandhar School of Art. |
| 250 | EGYPT | *AGDISTIS* (mother goddess of Phrygia) the cult spread from Anatolia to Egypt. |
| 250 | HUN | *TUMUN SAAN YU*, Hun King. |
| 250 | INDIA | *SANCHI STUPA* was constructed about this time. Inscriptions from second century B.C. to 1000 A.D. are found. |
| 250-Im. | INDIA | *KHINKHILA NARENDRĀDITYA* King of Kashmir, ruled for 36 years 3 months and 10 days.<br>Kali-2850—1 month, L-2825—1 month<br>d d. Kali-2819. L-2894. B.C. 282. |
| 250 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* erected pillar at Lumbini, the birth-place of Buddha. |
| 250 | LILYBAEUM | *SIEGE* unsuccessful by Romans. |
| 250 | MAGNESIA | *MEGNESIAS*, a Greek rhetorician and historian, founder of the florid Asiatic style of prose. It is said that he was the apostle of pessimism. He was born in Magnesio in Lydia. |
| 250 | PARTHIA | *TWO BROTHERS, ARSACES (ASSAK=ARSAK) AND TIRDATES* occupied the district of upper Tejon. Diodotus of Bactria attacked them, but they fled, and invaded the neighbouring province of Parthia. Tiridates occupied Trans-Caspian frontier between Russia and Iran and founded the town of Assak or Arsak and was crowned as a king. d.d. 250/247—? |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 250 | INDIA | *BĀDARĀYAṆA*, conjectural period. |
| 250 | PARTHIA | *ARSCES KING* established Parthian kingdom. d.d. 244-247. |
| 250 | PARTHIA | *REVOLTED* against Antiochus II of Theos. |
| 250 | PERGAMUM | *PRODUCTION* of parchment. |
| 250 | ROME | *TULLIANUM* the first prison erected. |
| 250-220 | CAPHADOCIA | *ARIARTHE III* co-ruler with his father. |
| c250-c185 | PONTUS | *MITHIRADATES III KING.* |
| 250-184 | SARSINA | *PLAUTUS TITUS MACCIUS* Roman dramatist. |
| 250-130 | AFGHANISTAN | *BACTRIA* (Balakh) Greeco-Bactrian kingdom. |
| 250-109 | ROME | *RISE OF MIDDLE CLASS*, decline of small farmers and growth of slavery. |
| 250-50 | ROME | *MYSTERY CULT* of orient spread. |
| 250-A.D. 260 | JAPAN | Yayoi or neolithic culture. |
| 254-A.D. 234 | PARTHIA | *PERSIA* ruled by Parthians. |
| 250-A.D. 250 | PARTHIA | *PARTHIAN RULE* in Iran. Parthia (Pardi) now mostly Khurasan area is covered by ancient Parthia. d.d. 250-224. |
| 249 | DREPANUM | *DREPANUM* (*DREPHNON=TRAPANI*) Romans under Claudius Pulcher were defeated at Drepanum a town on the north-west coast of Sicily by Carthagian general, Adherbal. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 249-248 | PARTHIA | *PARTHIA AND HYRCANIO* seceded from the empire of Antiochus II. d.d. 250-227. |
| 248 | ROMAN | *ALLIANCE* with Hierod renewed. |
| 248-247 | PARTHIA | *ARSACES* founded the dynasty of Parthian king. The kingdom included in the beginning, Parthia and Hyrcania between Seleucid kingdom in the west and Bactrian kingdom in the east. |
| 248/247-211/210 | PARTHIA | *TIRIDATES I KING.* d.d. 248/247, 227, d.d. *ARSACES I KING* 247-210/209. |
| 248-235 | INDO-GREEK | *DIODOTUS II KING* son of Diodotus I. |
| 247 | ALSIUM | *AN ETRUSCAN TOWN* 22 miles from Rome, was colonised by Rome. |
| 247 | CARTHAGE | *HAMILCAR BARCA*, a Carthagian general and father of Hannibal, starts Carthagian offensive in Sicily. |
| 247 | CHINA | *LU-PU-WEI*, a commoner, became the Regent and prime minister of State. |
| 247 | CORINTH | *ALEXANDER* of Corinth died. |
| 247 | ERA | *PARTHIA ERA* begins on the fourteenth April (1st Nisan) 247 B.C. d.d. 248/247. |
| 247/246 | SYRIA | *ANTIOCHUS THOES* died. |
| 247/212 | PHRTHIA | *ARSACES II*, king of Parthia. d.d. 251, 247. |
| 247-207 | CEYLON | *DEVĀNĀMPIYA TISS KING* ruled for 40 years. A.B. 236-276 d.d. 250-240. |
| 247-183 | CARTHAGE | *HANNIBAL* : at the age of 21, he was elected Commander-in-Chief of Carthagian army. He crossed Alps in 207. In 202 Scipio defeated him at Zamia. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 246 | ALEXANDRIA | *ERATOSTHENES* became head of Alexandria's library. |
| 246 | ANDROS | *BATTLE* of Andros an island of Cyclods, 6 miles south-east of the Euboea in the Aegean sea. d.d. 245 or early 245. |
| 246 | BRUNDISIUM | *ADRIATIC SEAPORT* town of Calabria, Latin colony established. d.d. 245. |
| 246 | CORINTH | *ANTIGONUS* recovers. |
| 246 | DELOS | *PTOLEMAIEIA* third was founded at Delos. |
| 246 | INDIA | *BHAVRU EDICT* and pillar edict I-VI of Aśoka. |
| 246-241 | SYRIA | *MARRIAGE* of the daughter of Seleucus with Diodotus. |
| 246-241 | SYRIA | *SYRIAN WAR* third. |
| 246-227 | SYRIA | *SELEUCUS II* (Callinicus) *KING*, son of Antiochus II by his wife Laodice, reigns. d.d. 247-226, 246-227, 246-226. |
| 246-221 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY III KING* Euergetest son of Ptolemy II by his wife Arisonei Under him, some of the great learned men of the period, like Apollonius of Perge, Conon of Samos, Dosithius of Peluaim, Fratassthenes and Lacydes of Cyrene flourished. d.d. 246-227, life 288-222, 246-220. |
| 246-210 | CHINA | *SHIH-HUANG-TZI* became king of Ch'in. |
| 246-206 | CHINA | *CHIN* dynasty. |
| 246-150 | BACTRIA | *HELLENISM* was revived in Bactria and even Parthians did not show themselves hostile to it. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 246-142 | CARTHAGE | *HANNIBAL*, Carthagian general. |
| 245 | AETOLIA | *AETOLIAN LEAGUE* controlled all Central Greece by 245 and extended its influence to Peloponnesas. |
| 245 | CEYLON | *MAHENDRA* anointed Ceylon in Buddhism. |
| 245 | CHAERONEA | *AETOLIA DEFEATS* Boeotia at Chaeronea the northern-most town of Boetia. |
| 245 | GREECE | *ACHAEAN LEAGUE* the First Generalship of Aratus. |
| 245 | INDIA | *ENGRAVING* of the first 6 pillar edicts of Aśoka. d.d. 244. |
| 245 | INDIA | *ASANDHI MITRA*, the first queen of Aśoka died. d.d. 244. |
| 245 | INDIA | *ENGRAVING* of the minor rock edicts of Aśoka. |
| 245-240 | BOSPORUS | *SPARTOCUS IV KING*. |
| 255-223 | SYRIA | *SELEUCUS III SOTER*, eldest son of Seleucus II, rules for 3 years only, being murdered in a campaign against Attalus I of Pergamm. |
| 244 | INDIA | *PILGRIMAGE OF AŚOKA.* |
| 244 | ROME | *NEW FLEET* built by Rome. |
| 244-241 | INDIA | *ENGRAVING* of 7th pillar edict of Topra. |
| 244-241 | SPARTA | *AGIS IV* becomes the king of Sparta. (Eurypontids). d.d. 241-240. |
| 243 | CORINTH | *ARATUS* takes Corinth from Antigonus II and joins Achaean confederacy. |
| 243 | INDIA | *TIṢYA RAKṢITĀ* became the first queen of Aśoka. d.d. 242. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 243 | ROME | *ROME BUILT A FLEET* from voluntary loans. |
| 243-232 | MACEDONIA | *DEMETRIUS KING.* |
| 242 | INDIA | *PUBLICATION* of seven pillar edicts of Aśoka. d.d. 243-242. |
| 242 | ROME | *INSTITUTION OF PRAETOR* Peregrinus. |
| 242 | SPARTA | *CLEOMBOTUS KING.* |
| 242-232 | INDIA | *MINOR PILLAR* edicts of Aśoka. |
| 242-187 | SYRIA | *ANTIOCHUS III* the Great second son of Seleucus II reigned 225-187. |
| 241 | SICILY | *BECAME* a Roman province. |
| 241 | SPARTA | *AGIS IV KING* put to death along with his mother and grandmother Archidamia. |
| 241 | AEGATES | *BATTLE,* Roman naval victory and annihilation of Carthagian fleet at Aegates an island off the coast of Sicily and termination of the First Punic War, (10 March) and treaty of Catuluc between Rome and Hamilcar Carthagian. |
| 241 | FALERII | *REVOLTED* against Romans when it was destroyed and deprived of half of its territory by Romans. |
| 241 | PERGAMUM | *ATTALUS* defeats Galatians and Seleucids. |
| 241 | ROME | *PRAETORS* were occasionally appointed to govern Roman provinces from this time. |
| 241 | SICILY | *OCCUPIED* by Romans and evacuation of Carthagians. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 241 | SPOLETIUM | *LATIN COLONY* was founded. It is a mountain town in Umbria. |
| 241-230 | SPAIN | *HAMILCAR BARCA*, Carthagian general, conquered large parts of Spain and Portugal in nine years' campaign. |
| 241-228 | SPARTA | *EUDAMIDAS III* (Eurypontids) King. |
| 241-227 | SYRIA | *HIERAX*, Usurper, ruled. |
| 241-197 | PERGAMUM | *ATTALUS I SOTER* (Attelios) King. He succeeded Eumenes l of Pergamum. |
| 240 | CARYSTUS | *ANTIGONUS* of Carystus in Euboea, was a bronze worker and writer, worked under Attalus I of Pergamum, |
| 240 | CEYLON | *SAṄGHAMITRĀ* died. |
| 240 | CHINA | *TAO-TE*, king flourished. |
| 240 | EPIRUS | *ALEXANDER*, king of Epirus, died. |
| 240 | PERSIA | *ARTAXERXES=ARDASHIR* Persian king and founder of the Sassanid dynasty, died and was succeeded by Shapur. |
| 240 | ROME | *CENTURIATE* reformed. |
| 240 | ROME | *LUDI SCAENICI*—theatrical shows first added to the Ludi Romani. |
| 240 | ROME | *ANDRONICUS LIVIUS*—his first drama was performed in 240. He was a Greek by birth and an earliest Latin epic and dramatic poet of comedies and tragedies. He was brought to Rome in 272 B.C. His first play was performed in Rome in 240 B.C. Beginning of Latin literature. He translated Odyssey in Latin. d.d. 241. |
| 240-237 | CARTHAGE | *CARTHAGIANS* disbanded their force, majority of whom were mercenaries who demanded their pay but were refused. They pillaged the suburbs of Carthage. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 240-231 | ILLYRIA | *THE GROWTH* of power of Illyria under King Agron who died in 231 B.C. d.d. 230 B.C. |
| 240-220 | BOSPORUS | *LEUCON II KING.* |
| 240-148 | MASSYLES | *MASINISSA KING* son of Gaia, king of eastern Numidia Massyleas. |
| 240-234 A.D. | IRAN | *ARSACID* dynasty rule d.d. 240, 224. |
| 239 | CANOPUS | *PTOLEMY III* received the title of Euorgetes by a decree of priests' assembly, at canopus a coastal town of lower Egypt 15 miles east of Alexandria, celebrated for the temple of Serpis. |
| 239 | CHINA | *THE FIRST TEXT OF MUSICAL THEORY* was found in the Lu-shih-chun-Chiu and recognised to scales male and female of six notes each. |
| 239 | EGYPT | *INTRODUCING* leap year into calender. |
| 239-229 | MACEDONIA | *DEMETRIUS II* son of Antigonus II (Gonatas) (Antigonids) by his wife Phila, succeeded his father. d.d. 238. |
| 239-170 | RUDIAE | *ENNIUS QUINTUS*, father of Latin poetry, born in 239 in Rudiae in Calabria a meeting point of three civilisations; displayed his knowledge of three languages—Greek, Latin and Oscan. d. 171 or 170. |
| 238 | BACTRIA | *DIODOTUS II* son of Diodotus I succeeded his father. d.d. 248. |
| 238 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* issued pillar edicts. |
| 238 | PARNY | *PARTHIA* invaded by Parny. |
| 238 | ROME | *OCCUPIED* Sardinia. d.d. 239. |
| 238 | SARDINIA | *PART* of Roman Empire. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 238 | SPAIN | *CONQUEST* begins by Carthage. |
| 238-215 | PARTHIA | *ARSACES I KING.* |
| 238-179 | MACEDONIA | *PHILIP V*, king of Macedonia, succeeded Antigonus III. |
| 237 | CARTHAGE | *MERCENARIES' WAR ENDS.* |
| 337 | SPAIN | *HAMILCAR* goes to Spain. |
| 236 | INDIA | *AŚOKA* died. d.d. 237-232, 236-233, 234-233. |
| 236 | SPARTA | *WAR* with Achaean League. |
| 236-228 | INDIA | *KUṆĀLA* succeeds his father Aśoka and ruled for 8 years. d.d. 237, d.v. Daśaratha ruled for eight years 232-224. |
| 235 | ANTIOCH | *FUPHOIRION*, head of the library and author. |
| 235 | CLEONAE | *ARATUS* defeated and killed Aristippus at Cleonae, a village between Corinth and Argos. |
| 235 | MEGALOPOLIS | *ITS TYRANT* Lydiadas abdicated and joined Achaean League. |
| 235 | ROME | *THE FIRST RECORDED* closing of the temple of Janus since its foundation by Numa. |
| 235 | SPAIN | *CARTHAGIAN* conquest of Spain. |
| 235-222 | SPARTA | *CLEOMENES III KING* son of Leonidas II, fled to Egypt and died in 220 or 219 (Agiads). d.d. 237. 236-222. |
| 235-213 | INDIA | *SIMUK KING* of Sātavāhana dynasty. d.d. 230, 235-212. |
| 235-200 | INDO-GREEK | *EUTHYDEMUS I KING.* |
| 234-183 | ZAMA | *SCIPIO AFRICANUS* Publius Cornelius, Roman general, defeated Hannibal in the battle of Zama a town of Numidia in north Africa 19th Oct. 202. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 234-149 | ROME | *CATO MARCUS PORCIUS* conservative Roman politician and writer. |
| 233 | BARCELOMA | *AN ANCIENT MARITIME CITY* of north east Spain, was rebuilt by Hamilcar. |
| 223 | CHINA | *HAN-FEI-IZU*, philosopher of Fa-chi School, flourished. |
| 233 | MOLLOSIA | *MONARCHY* fell, the Mollosian state was constituent part of Epirote Confederacy. |
| 233 | PHYLACIA | *BATTLE* a town of Sicily. |
| 232 | KOREA | *KI-BU KING.* |
| 232 | INDIA | *NĀGĀRJUNA* hill district, Gaya cave, edicts of Daśaratha in Prakrit (Pali) Brahmi script. |
| 232 | ROME | *CLASH* with Insubres who lived north of the Po river. |
| 232 | ROME | *CONQUERED* Corsica and Sardinia. d.d. 227. |
| 232 | KABUL | *SUBHAGA SENA* ruling. d.d. 206. d.v. Suhagsen, king of Gandhara and Taxila. |
| 232 | INDIA | *KRISHNA II SATAVAHANA.* |
| 232 | INDIA | *NĀGĀRJUNA* hill cave edicts I, II and III language is Pali, script is Brahmi. |
| 232-147 | ROME | *CATO* Marcus Porcius was the greatest opponent of Carthage, who believed till the annihilation of Carthage, the rise of Rome was not possible. He was a gifted orator, and author of the Origin of Rome, but the book is lost. He is said to be the founder of Latin prose. d.d. 224-149. |
| 231 | ILLYRIA | *QUEEN TEUTA* rules. d.d. 230. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 231 | PARTHIA | *SELEUCUS*, expedition against Parthians. |
| 230 | ALEXANDRIA | *RHIANUS OF BENE*, born in Crete, was an Alexandrian poet and Grammarian. His famous work is the edition of Homer and Messeniaca. d.d. 225 b. 275. |
| 230 | BACTRIA | *EUTHYDEMUS* overthrew the dynasty of Diodotus and became the king of Bactria.<br>d.d. 225-189, 232-200. |
| 230 | CHINA | *HAN STATE FELL.* |
| c230 | CARTHAGE | *HAMILCAR'S DEATH* and Hasdrubal became general of Carthagian force in Spain. |
| 230 | EDFU | *HORUS* (sun) Egyptian temple. |
| 230 | GALATIA | *ATTALOS I* of Pergamum defeated Galatians, the people who were living in Galatia, a district of Asia Minor, occupied by Gauls between 278-277. |
| 230 | GREECE | *INTRODUCTION OF OIL LAMP.* |
| 230 | ILLYRIA | *EXPEDITION TO EPIRUS*, a district north-west of Greece. |
| 230 | ILLYRIA | *QUEEN TEUTA* ordered several Roman Ambassadors to be put to death. |
| 230 | PERGAMUM | *ATTALUS* defeats the Gauls. He was the first ruler of Pergamum who assumed the title of king. |
| 230 | ROME | *DEMAND*S reparition from queen Teuta. |
| 230-229 | PERGAMUM | *ATTALUS I*—with Antiochus Hierax. d.d. 229-228. |
| 230-212 | ARMENIA | *XERXES KING.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 230-208 | JUDAEA | *TOBIADS* was the tax-collector of Judaea during the domination of Egypt. |
| 230-180 | BITHYNIA | *PRUSIUS I* King. d.d. 230-182. |
| 229 | ATHENS | *JOINED* Achaean League. |
| 229 | GREECE | *ISTHIMIAN GAMES* : Romans were admitted by the Greeks to take part in the games. |
| 229 | MACEDONIA | *DEMETRIUS II* died. |
| 229 | PAXO | *BATTLE* of Paxo, one of the Ionian islands of Greece. Achaeans were defeated by Illyrians. |
| 229 | PHAROS | *DEMETRIUS OF PHAROS* betrayed Corcyra to Rome, and founded a dynasty in north-west of Illyria. |
| 229-228 | ATHENS | *RECOVERED* independence. |
| 229-228 | HELICE | *HAMILCAR BARCA* father of Hannibal and Corchagian general drowned and died. |
| 229-228 | ILLYRIA | *THE FIRST ILLYRIAN WAR.* d.d. 228. |
| 229-221 | MACEDONIA | *ANTIGONUS III* (Joson) King son of Demetrius by his wife Olympias of Larrissa, became king (Antigonids). d.d. 263, 227-221. |
| 229-221 | SPAIN | *HASDRUBAL* Cathagian governor of Spain and son-in-law of Hamilcar Barca murderer in 221. |
| 228 | ASIA MINOR | *ATTALUS I MASTER OF SELEUCID*, Asia Minor except Cilicia. d.d. 228 or 237. |
| 228 | ATHENS | *ROMAN AMBASSADORS* in Athens and Corinth. |
| 228 | CHINA | *CHAO* state fell. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 228 | ILLYRIA | *QUEEN TEUTA* submitted to Rome and treaty with Rome. (Spring) |
| 228 | SPARTA | *WAR* beginning between Sparta and Achaean League. |
| 828-297 | BACTRIA | *DIODOTUS II KING* of Bactria. |
| 228-227 | SPARTA | *ARCHIDAMUS V KING.* |
| 227 | CARIA | *EXPEDITION* of Antigonus III Doson son of Demetrius in Caria, a district of Asia Minor. d.d. 229-227. |
| 227 | CARTAGENA | *FOUNDED BY* Hasdrubal, A city of Spain was capital of Carthagian Spain Nova Carthago. d.d. 228, 221. |
| 227 | CHINA | *MAP* of a district incised on wood, was made. |
| 227 | ROME | *SARDINIA* and Corsica were made Roman provinces. |
| 227 | ROME | *PRAETORSHIP* raised to four and the Praetors were elected annually. |
| 227 | SICILY | *UNDER ROMAN* Praetors and was organised as a Roman province. |
| 227 | SPARTA | *REVOLUTION* at Sparta and Cleomenes' reforms. |
| 227-221 | SPARTA | *EUCLEIDES* (Eurypontids) *KING.* |
| 226 | CHINA | *CHI* state fell. |
| 226 | GREECE | *WAR* between Cleomenes III of Sparta and Aratus, the general of Achoens. |
| 226 | HECATAOMBAEUM | *CLEOMENES OF ACHAGA* inflicted a crushing defeat on Achaean army or Hecataombaeum near Deynai. |
| 226 | ROME | *DELIMITATION* between Rome and Carthage at Ebro and treaty between them. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 226-223 | SYRIA | *SELEUCUS III* (Soter) *KING* eldest son of Seleucus II by his wife Laodice reigns d.d. 245-223. |
| 225 | ARGOS | *ARGOS AND CORINTH* joined Cleomenes of Sparta. |
| 235 | CHINA | *WEI* state fell. |
| 225 | ATHIOPIA | *PTOLEMY III* Euergetest extended his conquest to Ethiopia.<br>d.d. 225-223. |
| c225 | ROME | *QUINTUS FABIUS PICTOR* the first Roman historian. |
| 225 | TELAMON | *INVADING CELTS WERE* routed at Telamon on the coast of Etruria between Rome and Pisa, by the Romans. |
| 225-222 | ETRURIA | *CELTS* moved from Po valley to Etruria. |
| c225-220 | PONTUS | *MITHIRADATES II KING.* |
| 223 | CHINA | *CHANG KING* of Chin conquered Chiu. |
| 223 | MANTINEA | *ANTIGONUS AND ARATUS* destroy Mantinea, a city of Arcadia on the river Ophis. |
| 223 | MEGALOPOLIS | *WAS RAZED* down by Cleomenes. |
| 223 | PO | *ROMANS* for the first time crossed the Po river. |
| 223 | ROME | *FLAMINIUS GAIUS*, Roman general defeated Insubre died in 217. |
| 223-217 | SYRIA | *ANTIOCHUS III* the Great, son of Seleucus II by his wife Laodice II and brother of Seleucus III becomes king. d.d. 223-187 (early summer). |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 223-222 | ASIA MINOR | *ACHACUS*, a general of Antiochus III recovered most of the Seleucid Asia Minor from Pergamum but proclaimed himself independent in 220 and after two years' siege of Sardis, he was betrayed to Antiochus and executed in 213. |
| 222 | CHINA | *YEN* state fell. |
| 222 | CLASTIDIUM | *CLAUDIUS MARCELLUS*, in the battle of Clastidium a town near Placentiacin Cisalpin Gaul, killed a Gallic Chief in single combat. |
| 222 | GALLIA | *INSUBRAS* a Celtic people of Gallia Cisalpia surrendered to Rome. |
| 222 | GREECE | *ANTIGONUS* formed a new Hellenic League. |
| 222 | MILAN | *ROMANS* occupied Milan, displacing the Gauls. |
| 222 | SELLASIA | *BATTLE* of Sellasia, where Cleomenes, the king of Sparta, was defeated by the Achaeans. (July). |
| 222 | SPARTA | *FOR THE FIRST* time in history foreign foe entered into the city of Sparta. |
| 222 | SPARTA | *CAPTURED* by Antigonus, who abolished the Spartan kingship and restored the ephors. |
| 221 | CHINA | *INVENTION* of writing which replaced the stylus, can be dated in China from this period. |
| 221 | CHINA | *UNIFICATION* of measures and weights. |
| 221 | CHINA | *CHENG KING* of Chin conquered Chi. |
| 221 | KOREA | *KI-JUN KING.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 221 | SELEUCIDE | *MOLON* set up himself as independent ruler of the central region of the empire. |
| 221 | SPAIN | *HASDRUBAL*, Carthagian general and son-in-law of Hamilcar, murdered by a Celtic slave. |
| 231 | SPAIN | *HANNIBAL* became general in Spain after the death of Hasdrubal. |
| 221 | SPARTA | *CLEOMENES KING* flies to Egypt. |
| 221-217 | SYRIA | *THE FOURTH SYRIAN WAR.* |
| 221-210 | CHINA | *SHIH HUANG TI* emperor of all China. d.d. 228-209, 218-4. |
| 221-209 | CHINA | *FIRST TSIN CHIN* dynasty in China. d.d. 230-207, 221-207, 221-206. 221-205. |
| 221-203 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY IV PHILOPATOR*, son of Ptolemy III by his wife Berecine II. d.d. 244-204, life 244-205 but ruled 221-204, 221-205, born 238. |
| 221-202 | ROME | *WAR* against Hannibal. d.d. 221-206. |
| 221-179 | MACEDONIA | *PHILIP V*, son of Demetrius II by his wife Pythia, succeeded Antigonus III. |
| 220 | CHINA | *DEPORTATION* of Chinese feudal nobility to Shenshi. |
| 220 | CHINA | *END OF CHOU* dynasty. |
| 220 | ILLYRIA | *SECOND ILLYRIAN WAR.* d.d. 219. |
| 220 | INDIA | *ESTABLISHMENT* of the kingdom of Kaliṅga and Sātavāhana power in Deccan. |
| 220 | MEDIA | *ANTIOCHUS III* subdues Molon's revolt. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 220 | ROME | *CENSORSHIP* of Flaminus. |
| 220 | ROME | *BEGINNING* of Via Flaminia. |
| 220 | ROME | *FLAMINIA* (highway) construction of Chief north way from Rome to Ariminum. |
| 220-217 | GREECE | *SOCIAL WAR* in Greece, Aetolian and their allies opposed philip V of Macedon. |
| 220-213 | SYRIA | *ACHAEUS* usurper, rule. |
| 220-210 | CHINA | *SHIH HAUNG TI* ordered building of the Great well. |
| 220-200 | BOSPORUS | *HYGIAENON KING.* |
| 220-200 | KUSH | *ERGAMENES KUSHITE KING.* |
| 220-186 | PONTUS | *MITHIRADATES III KING.* |
| c220-c180 | ALEXANDRIA | *ARISTOPHANES* of Byzantium was a Greek grammarian. He was the head of the library of Alexandria. |
| 220-162 | CAPPACOCIA | *ARIARTHES IV* (Eusebes) *KING.* d.d. 229-163. |
| 220-158 | ALEXANDRIA | *HEROPHILUS* of Chaleedon physician. |
| 220-138 | PERGANUM | *ATTALUS II* succeeded his father. |
| 220-132 | BRUNDISIUM | *PACUVIUS MARCUS*, Latin tragic poet and painter, was born and died at Brundisium, spent much of his life at Rome. |
| 219 | CHINA | *LING-CHU* Canal was constructed joining two rivers. |
| 219 | CHINA | *T'AI* mountain ascended by emperor of China. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 219 | EGYPT | *CLEOMENES* committed suicide in Egypt. d.d. 220. |
| 219 | PHAROS | *DEMETRIUS* of Pharos flees to Philip V. |
| 219 | PONTUS | *MITHIRADATES KING* attacked Sinope, but on Rhodians' intervention lifted the siege. |
| 219 | ROME | *THE FIRST GREEK PHYSICIAN* in Rome. |
| 219 | RHODES | *RHODES* declared war on Byzantium. |
| 219 | SAGUNTUM | *HANNIBAL* attacks Saguntum, a city of Iberia (left coast of Spain) in spring and fall of Saguntum in November. |
| 219-216 | ROME | *AEMILIUS PAULLUS* Roman consul. |
| 219-216 | SYRIA | *SYRIAN WAR JOCUTH.* d.d. 219-217. |
| 219-215 | SPARTA | *AGESIPOLIS III* (Agiads) *KING.* |
| 219-215 | SPARTA | *LYCURGUS EURIPONTIES* King. |
| 218 | CREMONA | *A TOWN OF GALLIA* Cisalpina on the north bank of Po river, founded by Romans as a new Latin colony. |
| 218 | EGYPT | *PEACE* between Antiochus III and Ptolemy IV of Egypt. d.d. 217. |
| 218 | IBERIA | *ROMANS IN IBERIAN* peninsula. |
| 218 | SPAIN | *HOSORUTAL* son of Hamilcar and younger brother of Hannibal left in command of Spain and died 207. |
| 218 | ITALY | *HANNIBAL* sets out for Italy. |
| 218 | ITALY | *HANNIBAL* marched into Italy via Pyrenese, southern Gaul and Alps. |
| 218 | ITALY | *HANNIBAL* enters north Italy. |
| 218 | PLACENTIA | *A TOWN OF GALLIA* Cisalpina was founded as a Roman colony in Northern Italy. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 218 | RHONE | *HANNIBAL* reached the bank of river Rhone. |
| 218 | ROME | *WAR* declared between Rome and Carthage. |
| 218 | ROME | *LEX CLAUDIA* forbids Roman Senator to enter into commerce nor to own a ship of more than 300 amphorae. |
| 218 | THERMUM | *PHILIP V* sacked Thermum, a town of Aetolia on the Euenus. |
| 218 | TARRACO | *SCIPIO* defeats Harmo at Tarraco on the north-east coast of Spain. |
| 218 | TREBIA | *BATTLE*, Hannibal's victory over Romans on the banks of Trebia (Mod. Trebbia), a small river in Gallia Cisalpina. |
| 218 | LACEDAEMON | *SOSYLUS* wrote a methodical and impartial history in seven books. |
| 218-201 | CARTHAGE | *PUNIC WAR SECOND* between Rome and Carthage. d.d. 218-202. |
| 218-175 | SYRIA | *SELEUCUS IV* (Philopator) second son of Antiochus Ill. |
| 217 | APENNIENS | *HANNIBAL* crosses Apennines. |
| 217 | INDIA | *BUDDHIST* monk left India and entered China. |
| 217 | SPAIN | *ROMAN NAVAL* victory off the Ebro river in north Spain. d.d. 215 |
| 217 | TRASIMENUS | *BATTLE*, Hannibal defeated the Roman Consul Flaminius. Trasimenus (Transimene) is the largest lake in Etauria in central Italy. |
| 217 | ROME | *QUINTUS FABIUS MAXIMUS* became dictator of Rome. |
| 217 | APULIA | *HANNIBAL* enters Apulia, a district of Italy. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 217 | NAUPACTUS | *PEACE* between Philip V of Macedonia and the Aetolians (August-September, at Naupactus in western Locris. |
| 217 | RAPHIA | *BATTLE*, of Raphia between Antiochus III and Ptolemy IV of Egypt. In the battle 102 Indian elephants took part on the side of Antiochus who was defeated in the battle. (June 22). |
| 217-145 | SAMOTHRACE | *ARISTTARCHUS* was a grammarian, critic and became head of the library of Alexandria in 153. |
| 216 | CHANNAE | *BATTLE*, victory of Hannibal, 50,000 soldiers were killed. Cannae is a village on the south bank of the river Aufidus in Apuli. |
| 216 | CAPUA | *A CITY* of Campania in Central Italy joins Hannibal. |
| 216 | EGYPT | *NATIVE RISING* in Egypt begins. |
| 216 | ILLYRIA | *PHILIP V* of Macedonia invades Illyria. |
| 216 | GREECE | *ALLIANCE OF ATTALUS* I and Antiochus III against Achaeus, a usurper of Asia Minor. |
| 216 | ARPI | *A CITY* of Apulia went over to Hannibal. |
| 216 | SARDIS | *ACHAEUS*, cousin of Antiochus III the Great, blockaded in Sardis, chief city of Lydia by Antiochus and Attalus I of Pergamum. He was captured and executed in 214. |
| 215 | SYRACUSE | *HIERON* or Hiro, son of Hierocles, ruler of Syracuse died. |
| 215 | PADUA | *A CITY OF GALLIA CISALPINA*, conquered by Romans. |
| 215 | ITALY | *HANNIBAL* reaches south Italy. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 215 | MACEDONIA | *HANNIBAL'S* alliance with Philip of Macedonia. |
| 215 | NUMIDIA | *SYPHAX*, a westernmost tribe of Numidia, revolted. |
| 215 | CASILINUM | *TAKEN BY HANNIBAL* in 215 and by Rome in 214. |
| 215 | CARTHAGE | *ARMY* attacked Sardinia, a town or country of Troas. |
| 215 | DERTOSA | *HASDRUBAL* defeated near Dertosa (Tertosa) by two Scipios, a town of Spain near the Iberus. |
| 215 | NAPLES | *HANNIBAL* attempts to win the port of Naples. |
| 215 | ROME | *LEX OPPIA* Women of Rome were forbidden to own more than half an ounce of gold, wear multicoloured dress or ride in two-horse vehicles in Rome, as a war measure. |
| c215-210 | INDIA | *KASHMIR* Dāmodara succeeded Jalauka. |
| 215-205 | MACEDONIA | *THE FIRST MACEDONIAN* war. |
| 215-163 | SYRIA | *ANTIOCHUS EPIPHANES*, third son of (C. Bos Porus) Antiochus III. |
| 215-149 | NUMIDIA | *MASSINESSA KING.* |
| 214-129 | CYRENE | *CARNEADES*, a Greek philosopher, opposed to stoic philosophy, was born at Cyrene in 214. He founded the third or new Academy and died in 129. d.d. 215-125. |
| 214 | AETOLIA | *WAR* with Macedonia under Philip V. |
| 214 | AFRICA | *HASDRUBAL* recalled to Africa. |
| 214 | SAGUNTUM | *CAPTURED* by Romans, a city of the Edetani in Spain. d.d. 212. |
| 214 | ILLYRIA | *SECOND ILLYRIAN* venture of Philip of Macedonia. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 214 | MESSENE | *ATTACKED* Philip of Macedonia. |
| 214 | S. ITALY | *HANNIBAL* makes unsuccessful attempts on Heraclea and Tarentum cities of south Italy. |
| 214 | CHINA | *THE GREAT WALL*, 1400 miles long comes into existence. |
| 214 | PHAROS | *DEMETRIUS* of Pharos died. |
| 214 | ROME | *MERCELLUS MARCUS CLAUDIUS*, a Roman general and Roman Consul for five times, sent to Sicily (Autumn). |
| 214 | SCEPSIS | *DEMETRIUS* of Scepsis in the Troad, grammarian, archaeologist and polymuth born. |
| 214-8m 29d. | INDIA | *KASHMIR*, King Yudhiṣṭhira ruled for 34 years, 3 months, 1 day. Kali-2886-8m-29d. L. 2861-8m-29d. d.d. Kali-2855. L. 2830. B.C. 246. d.v. Ruled for 79 years 5 months and 10 days. |
| 214-205 | MACEDONIA | *FIRST WAR* with Rome. d.d. 215-205. |
| 214-181 | PARTHIA | *PARTHIAN* kings called themselves Theoputur (Devaputra Sanskrit). |
| 214-168 | ROME | *CAECILIUS STATIUS*, an Insubrian of Gaul, was a Roman comic poet. He died in Rome and was buried in Janiculum. |
| 214-158 | JAPAN | *KOKEN* King. |
| 213 | LEONTINI | *MERCELLUS*, a Roman General, sacks the town of Leontini in Sicily, north-west of Syracuse. |
| 213 | LYDIA | *ACHAEUS*, king of Lydia was captured and put to death. He was a general and a relation of Antiochus III. |
| 213 | ASIA | *ANTIOCHUS III* appears in the east. d.d. 213. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 213 | CHINA | *LISSU* codified and standardised 3300 Chinese characters and compiled them. |
| 213 | CHINA | *THE FIRST EMPEROR* of the Chin dynasty ordered the destruction of nearly all books written before his time and declared it penal to keep those books. |
| 213 | LISSUS | *PHILIP* was successful in Illyria and captured Lissus, a town of Macedonia on the confines of Illyricum. |
| 213 | SARDES | *ACHAEUS*, a general of Antiochus III captured and put to death by order of Antiochus. |
| 213 | SICYON | *ARATUS*, a Greek general and statesman of Sicyon a city in northern Peloponnesus died by poison d.v. consumption. |
| 213 | TARENTUM | *HANNIBAL* occupies Tarentum in southern Italy except citadel. |
| 213-211 | SYRACUSE | *SIEGE* begins. |
| 213-202 | MASAESYLII | *SYPHAX* King. |
| 212 | AFRICA | *CARTHAGE* makes peace with Syphax. |
| 212 | ARMENIA | *RECOVERED* by Antiochus. |
| 212 | BACTRIA | *EIODOTUS II* was overthrown by Euthydemus who seized the throne of Bactria. |
| 212 | CAPUA | *SIEGE*, a city of Campania on the Via Appia. |
| 212 | MUTINA | *SUBJUGATED* by the Romans, a town of Gallia Cisalpina. |
| 212 | ROME | *LUDI APOLLINARES*, a Rome festival established, consisting chiefly of theatrical performances, it became annual after 211 B.C. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 212 | SYRACUSE | *ARCHEMEDES*, died. b. 287. |
| 212-200 | ARMENIA | *ORONTES* King. |
| 212-200 | SPARTA | *PELPOS* (Eudamidas) King. |
| 212-195 | INDIA | *KANHA I* (Krishna) King, younger brother of Simuk Satavahana, succeeded his father in 212 and ruled for 18 years. d.d. 207-189. |
| 211 | IBERUS | *HANNIBAL* defeats Scipios Publius Cornelius and Scipio Genaeus and both Scipios were killed when they crossed Iberus, a river of Spain now called Ebro. |
| 211 | ROME | *HANNIBAL* dashes on Rome. |
| 211 | CAPUA | *CAPTURED* by Romans after a long siege, a town in central Italy. |
| 211 | ITALY | *SYRACUSE* was captured by Marcellus (Spring). |
| 211 | ITALY | *ITALIAN FLEET* entered Athenian water. |
| 211 | KHOTAN | *THE FIRST BUDDHIST MONASTERY* was founded in Khotan. |
| 211 | SICILY | *BECAME A ROMAN PROVINCE* and was administered by Praetor. d.d. 212. |
| 211-191 | PARTHIA | *ARTABANUS* I King of Parthia. He is also known as Arsaces II. d.d 210-191, before 201-? 210/209-191. |
| 210 | ACRAGAS | *FELL* finally to Rome ; a city on the south coast of Sicily. |
| 210 | MEDIA | *ANTIOCHUS* in Media. |
| 210 | SICILY | *ROMANS* begin reorganisation of Sicily. |
| 210 | EMPORION | *SCIPIO AFRICANUS* Major lands at Emporion on the east coast of Spain in Gulf Rosas. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 210 | CARTEGENA | *CAPTURED* by Scipio Africanus. |
| 210 | CHINA | *SHIH HUANGTI*, the founder of centralised empire died d.d. 210,209. |
| 210-128 | MEGALOPOLIS | *POLYBIUS* of Megalopolis in Arcadia ; was a Greek historian of Rome. b.210, d. 128. d.d. 208-126. 204-122. 200 after 118. |
| 209 | CARTHAGE | *LAST CONTROL* in Iberian peninsula. |
| 209 | CHINA | *CHIN* dynasty falls. |
| 209 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY V BORN*. (Oct ) d.d. 203-181 or 180. |
| 209 | HUN | *TOU-MAN* died. |
| 209 | INDIA | *KHARAVEL* King of Kaliṅga born. |
| 209 | PARTHYENE | *ANTIOCHUS III*—campaign in Parthyene. |
| 209 | PERGAMUM | *ATTALUS* arrives at Pergamum, a city of Mysia in Asia Minor. |
| 209 | ROME | *SCIPIO* trained new army to defeat the Carthagians. |
| 209 | SPAIN | *SCIPIO* conquers Nova Carthage in Spain. |
| 209 | TARENTUM | *CAPTURED* by Fabius. |
| 209-208 | CHINA | *LI SSE*, poet flourished. |
| 209-174 | HUN | *HSIUNG-NU* empire reached its zenith with Maotun. |
| 208 | BACTRIA | *ATTACKED* by Antiochus. |
| 208 | BITHYNIA | *PRUSIAS* King marries the daughter of Philip of Macedon. |
| 208 | KABUL | *SUBHAGA SENA* King of Kabul was attacked by Antiochus III the Greek. d.d. 206. |
| 208 | ROME | *MERCELLUS*, Roman General, died. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 208 | BAECULA | *SCIPIO* defeats Hasdrubal at Baecula in Spain. |
| 208 | GAUL | *HASDRUBAL* leaves Spain and spends winter in Gaul. |
| 208 | ITALY | *HASDRUBAL*, in North Italy. |
| 208 | METAURUS | *HASDRUBAL* was defeated at Metaurus, a river valley in northern Italy, by Romans. d.d. 207. |
| 208 | SPAIN | *CARTHAGIANS* were expelled from Spain. |
| 208 | BACTRIA | *ANTIOCHUS III* turns his army against Bactria. |
| 208 | MASSYLES | *MASSINISSA* king. |
| 207 | AETOLIA | *PHILIP* raids Aetolia, a district of northern Greece. |
| 207 | CHINA | *LIU PANG* received the surrender of Ch'in capital. |
| 207 | ILIPA | *SCIPIO* defeats Carthagians at Ilipa, a town in Spain (Hispania), near Hispalis (SEUILLA) |
| 207 | MANTINEA | *PHILOPOEME*, a Greak general, defeats Sparta at Mantinea and kills Machamads, the tyrant of Sparta. |
| 207 | VIETNAM | *THE TRIEU DYNASTY*, Kingdom was called Namvie. Its capital was at Phiom-nagu. |
| 207-202 | CHINA | *FEUDALISM* revived during the civil war. |
| 207-197 | CEYLON | *UTTIYA* King ruled for 10 years. Buddha Era 276-286. d.d. 267. |
| 207-193 | SPARTA | *NABIS* became tyrant in 207 and was assassinated in 193. d.d. 206. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 206 | AETOLIA | *PHILIP* made peace with Aetolia. |
| 206 | BACTRIA | *ANTIOCHUS III* the Great makes peace with Euthydemus of Bactria after three years of hostilities. |
| 206 | BRUTTIUM | *HANNIBAL* in bay of Bruttium. |
| 206 | CHINA | *HAN* founded the tribute system it continued until 1911 A. D. |
| 206 | GADES | (*GADIS=GADIRA*) *CAPTURED* by Romans. It was a town on the south-west coast of Spain 25 miles from the pillars of Herculese. |
| 206 | IBERIA | *REBELLION* of Turdetani, against Rome, a people of Spain inhabiting both sides of the Baetis. |
| 206 | INDIA | *ANTIOCHUS III* invaded north-west frontier of India. A treaty was concluded between Subhagasena and Antiochus who returned to Syria via Arachosia. |
| 206 | ROME | *GOLD COINS* minted in Rome. |
| 206 | ROME | *SCIPIO* elected Consul of Rome for the year 205. |
| 206 | SPAIN | *ROMAN CONQUEST* of Spain completed. |
| 206 | SPAIN | *PROVINCIAL ERA* beginning. |
| 206-220A.D. | CHINA | *HAN DYNASTY.* |
| 206 | SPAIN | *SCIPIO* drove the Carthagians out of Spain completely. |
| 206-195 | CHINA | *LIU KAO TSU* assumed the title of emperor in China and gave the name Han to his dynasty. |
| 206-9A.D. | CHINA | *WESTERN HAN*; constructions of building in wood and bricks. |
| 206-25A.D. | CHINA | *EARLY HAN DYNASTY.* The beginning of middle age frontiers of China expanded during this period. t.d. d.d. 206-221 A.D. 206-220. A.D. 206-8A.D. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 205 | LIGURIA | *MAGO*, a Carthagian general, in Liguria, the north region of Italy. |
| 205 | ROME | *PHRYGIAN WORSHIP* of Magna Mate was introduced in Rome. |
| 205 | ROME | *SCIPIO* prepares for invasion of Africa. |
| 205 | ROME | *PEACE* with Philip. |
| 205 | SICILY | *SCIPIO* lands in Sicily and Locri. |
| 205 | SPAIN | *TWO ROMAN PROVINCES* were organised in Spain. |
| 205-261 | CEYLON | *ELARA* Tamil ruler was killed by Duttahgamini, his Sinhali adversary. |
| 204 | AFRICA | *SCIPIO* lands in Africa. |
| 204 | CEYLON | *MAHENDRA* died in Ceylon. |
| 204 | GENUA | *A SEA-PORT TOWN* of Liguria destroyed by Carthagians. |
| 204 | ROME | *LUDI-MEGALENSES*, Roman games, instituted in honour of the Great Mother of the gods at the temple of Magna Mater. During 41-54 A.D. games were held from 4th to 6th April. |
| 204 | ROME | *PESSINUS' BLACK* stone was brought to Rome (April). |
| 204-122 | MEGALOPOLIS | *POLYBIUS*, a Greek historian of Rome born at Megalopolis in Arcadia. |
| 203 | AFRICA | *HANNIBAL* recalled to Africa (winter). |
| 203 | CEYLON | *SAṄGHAMITRA* died in Ceylon. |
| 203 | CRETE | *CRETAN WAR* beginning of d.d. 204, |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 203 | LUGARIA | *MAGO* driven away from Ligur in by Romans. He was a Carthagian general the youngest son of Hamilcar Barca and brother of Hannibal and was recalled to Carthage but died in the voyage due to his wounds. |
| 203 | MACEDONIA | *PHILIP* and Antiochus III entered into a pact against Egypt that Philip would extend his empire in Greece and Antiochus in Phoenica and Judaea. |
| 203 | MASSESYLI | *SCIPIO* with the help of Masinissa defeated Syphax, king of Massesyli and sent him to Rome where he died. |
| 203 | ZAMA | *HANNIBAL* was defeated by Scipio at Zama, a town of Numidia in North Africa. d.d. 202. |
| 203 | SYRIA | *ANTIOCHUS* invades south Syria. |
| 203-181/180 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY V* Epiphanes, son of Ptolemy IV by his wife Arisone III. d.d. 204-181, 204-180 203-181. life 210-180 210-181 ruled 205-181. |
| 202 | RHODES | *DECLARES WAR* on Philip of Macedonia. |
| 202-196 | MACEDONIA | *SECOND MACEDONIAN* war. d.d. 200-197. |
| 202-195 | CHINA | *KAO-TSU* (Liu Pang) rules. |
| 202-195 | INDIA | *DEVAVARMAN* Maurya Sing. |
| 201 | BARGYLIA | *CONQUERED* by Philip. A town of Caria but afterwards blockaded by a stratagem. Philip returned to Macedonia. |
| 201 | CARTHAGE | *BECOMES* a client state of Rome. |
| 201 | CHIOS | *BESIEGED* by Philip. It is an island off the east coast of Asia Minor. |
| 201 | GAZA | *TAKEN* by Antiochus. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 201 | LADE | *PHILIP ATTACKED* Lade, an island of the Aegean sea on the coast of Asia Minor. |
| 201 | MALTA | *UNDER* Roman domination. |
| 201 | MASSYLI | *THE KINGDOM OF SYPHAX* was transferred to Massinissa the kingdom of Massyli by Romans on payment of 200 talents a year for 50 years. |
| 201 | NUMIDIA | *MASINISSA*, made the king of Greater Numidia by Rome and he transferred his loyalty to Rome from Carthage. He died in 148 B.C. |
| 201 | ROME | *NAEVIUS GANEUS* developed Roman low-life comedy and historical drama. He was the first Roman national epic writer in old Laturnian metre ; died in Uttica where he was exiled. |
| 201 | SPARTA | *WAR* with the Achaeans. |
| 201 | SYRIA | *ANTIOCHUS III* conquered Coel Syria. |
| 201-195 | SYRIA | *THE SYRIAN* war fifth. d.d. 201-200. |
| 210-169 | CHINA | *CHIA I*, poet flourished. |
| 200 | AFRICA | *IRON* in use in Sahara. |
| 200-100 | VENETIA | *ORIGINALLY* the land of Veneti an Illyrian tribe who inhabited the area between this time. |
| 200 | EGYPT | *ROSETTA STONE* inscribed about this time. It was found on west bank of the western mouth of Nile in 1779 A.D. in the town of Rosetta. The ancient name of Rosetta is Bolbitine. |
| 200 | ERA | *YAYOI*, begins in Japan. |
| 200-25 | KABUL | *BACTARIAN KINGS* rule over Kabul. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| c200 | ARABIA | *KINGDOM OF DEDAN* was succeeded by kingdom of Libyan. |
| 200 | GENOA | *CONQUERED* by Romans. |
| 200 | GREECE | *NICOMEDES*, a Greek mathematician, was the discoverer of the Cochloidal or Conchoidal. d.d. 240. |
| 200300-A.D. | INDIA | *AMARAVATI* sculpture and construction period. |
| 200 | ILLYRIA | *SULPICIUS* in Illyria (October). |
| 200-300A.D. | INDIA | *KARLI CAVES*—probable period of construction. |
| 200 | INDIA | *BHAJA* Chaitya Hall—probable time of construction. |
| 200 | INDIA | *BHASA THE DRAMATIST* Supposed time. d.d. 500-400. 400-300. |
| 200 | INDIA | *CHAITYA-ORIGIN* dates from about this time. |
| 200-100A.D. | INDIA | *MANUSMṚTI*, probable time. d.d. 152 B.C. 100 B.C. |
| c200 | INDIA | *SALISUKA* Maurya, king. d.d. 215-202. |
| 290 | INDIA | *TANTRA BOGAR OR MOGAR* or Sittar or Sidha brought Tantra from China to India. |
| 200 | KOREA | *CHIENESE* possession. |
| 200 | MACEDONIA | *ROME* declared war against king Philip V, son of king Demetrius II (whom he succeeded in 221. He died in 179 B.C.) (Late summer). |
| 200 | MACEDONIA | *PHILIP* returns from Asia Minor and receives the ultimatum of Rome. |
| 200 | MESSENE | *ALCAEUSE*, epigramist. |
| 200 | PALESTINE | *ESSENE SECT* was the mysterious semimonastic ascetic sect, flourished among Jews who settled to the west of Dead Sea. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 200 | PALESTINE | *SADDUCEES*, a Jewish sect said to have been founded by Sadoc. They neither believed in heaven, hell, nor angel and Spirit. The sect was opposed to Pharisees. |
| 200 | PANION | *BATTLE* ; on the northern boundary of Galilee king Antiochus defeated Scopas. |
| 200 | ROME | *AUXILIA* ; auxiliary troops in the Roman army. |
| 200 | ROME | *MYSTICISM* developed. |
| 201-195 | SYRIA | *FIFTH SYRIAN* war. |
| 200-190 | INDO-GREEK | *EUTHYDEMUS II* King. |
| 200-185 | INDO-GREEK | *DEMETRIUS* I King. |
| 200-185 | BACTRIA | *DEMETRIUS* I King. |
| 200-180 | BOSPORUS | *SPARTOCUS* V King. |
| 200-160 | CARTHAGE | *TERRENTIUS PUBLIUS* (Terence) born at Carthage—was a Latin comedian. d.d. 195-159. 190-159. |
| 200-140 | INDIA | *PATANJALI'S BHAṢYA* was probably composed in this period. |
| 200-140 | CHINA | *MEI SHE-NE*, comic poet flourished. |
| 200-118/20 | MEGAPOLIS | *POLYBIUS*, Greek historian of Rome and author. |
| 200-100 | GREECE | *UNEMPLOYMENT* and decline of slavery in Hellenistic world. |
| 200-300A.D. | INDIA | *COMPOSITION* of Mṛcchakaṭika drama. (probable period). |
| 200-196 | MACEDONIA | *SECOND WAR* with Rome. d.d. 200-197. |
| 199 | ROME | *NAEVIUS GANEUS*, Roman poet, died. d.d. 201. |
| 199 | SIDON | *CAPTURED* by Antiochus ; a city on the western coast of Phoenicia d.d. 197. |
| 199-195 | INDIA | *MAGEDI SAVADHANUṢ* or Śatadhanvā King. d.d. 195-187. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 198 | AOUS | *FLAMINIUS' VICTORY* at Aous, in the battle of Paneas in Damascus. |
| 198 | PALESTINE | *CAPTURED* by Antiochus III of Syria. |
| 198 | PANEAS | *BATTLE*; Seleucid king Antiochus III wrested Palestine from the Egyptian king Ptolemy V. The city was called Caesarea Philippi. Modern name-Baniyas in Damascus. |
| 198 | ROME | *AELIUS PAETUS* Catus Sextus, a Roman Jurist and author. |
| 198-168 | JEWS | *UNDER* the rule of Selecuid kings. |
| 197 | CYNOSCEPHALAE | *FLAMINIUS TITUS QUINTIUS*, Roman general, defeated Philip V of Macedonia in the battle of Cynoscephalae in Thessaly. d.d. 198. 190. |
| 197 | EPHESUS | *OCCUPIED BY* Antiochus, one of the Ionian cities of Asia Minor. |
| 197 | LEMNOS | *DECLARED FREE* by the Romans ; an Island off the northern Aegean. |
| 197 | ROME | *CETHIGUS MARCUS CORNELIUS*. A Roman general and orator, defeats Insubres, a Celtic people of Gaulia Cisalpina and died in 196. |
| 197 | ROME | *PRAETORSHIP* raised to six. |
| 197 | SPAIN | *TWO PROVINCES* were organised in Spain-Hispania Citeror in the Ebro valley and Hispania Ulterior in the south around Gibralter. |
| 197 | SPARTA | *SURROUNDED* by Romans. |
| 197-187 | CEYLON | *MAHĀŚIVA* ruled for 10 years. A.B. 286-296.d.d. 257. |
| 197-159 | PERGAMUM | *EUMENES II* King, son of Attalus I of Pergamum succeeded his father and died in 159 or 160. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 196 | CHINA | *THE FAMOUS EDICT* of China; Governors and local officers were directed to send young men to the capital to be educated and trained for further employment. It was a kind of administrative service of modern time. |
| 196 | EGYPT | *CONSECRATION* of Ptolemy V as king of Memphis (Nov). |
| 196 | GREECE | *FLAMINUS*' proclamation of the freedom of Greece at Isthamian game. d.d. 197. Philip II. |
| 196 | IBERIA | *TURDETANI* rebellion ends. |
| 196 | ROME | *PEACE TREATY* with Philip who promised to pay 1000 talents in 10 years. His force was reduced to 5 thousand men and 5 ships. |
| 196 | ROME | *TRIUMPHAL ARCHES* were purely Roman architecture. In the beginning they were built by the booty of the war by Roman generals in 196 and 190. |
| 196 | ROME | *OCCUPIED* Thrace. |
| 196 | SYCROS | *OCCUPIED* by Philip II, an island in Aegean off the coast of Thessaly. |
| 196-180 | INDIA | *KHARVEL* King of Kaliṅga. |
| 195 | CONFUCIUS | *WAS HONOURED* by State and elevated to the status of divinity. |
| 195 | CHINA | *KAO-TSU* died in 195. His widow Emprees Lu became the actual ruler of China. (195-179). d.d. 194. |
| 195 | EGYPT | *PEACE* between Egypt and Antiochus concluded (Autumn). |
| 195 | EPHESSUS | *HANNIBAL* joins Antiochus at Ephesus. |
| 195 | MASSYLI | *MASINISSA KING* starts his raids on Punic territory. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 195 | PARTHIA | *PRIAPATIUS*, son of Artabanus conquered the provinces south of the Caspian Sea. |
| 195 | ROME | *LEX OPPIA* repealed. |
| 195 | SPAIN | *CELTIBERIANS* encounter with cato Roman general. |
| 195 | SPARTA | *NABIAS*, tyrant of Sparta. |
| 195 | SYRIA | *HANNIBAL* flees to Syria. |
| 195-187 | INDIA | *ŚATADHANU* Maurya King. |
| 194 | BUXENTUM | *A LATIN COLONY* was founded. |
| 194 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY V* marries Cleopatra. |
| 194 | SALERNO | *ORIGINATED* as Roman colony, a harbour in south west of Italy. |
| 194 | VOLTURNO | *FOUNDED* by Romans in Italy. |
| 194-185 | INDIA | *KING SATAKARṆI* of Sātavāhana dynasty. |
| 193 | ACHAEA | Nabis breaks his treaty with Rome and attacks the Achaeans. |
| 193 | CARTHAGE | *MASINISSA*, son of Gaia, king of eastern Numidia Massyles raids Carthaginian territory. |
| 193 | CEYLON | *MAHENDRA*, son of Aśoka, died. |
| 193 | KOREA | *KI-T'AK KING* of the Kingdom of Mahan. |
| 193 | KOREA | *END* of Chousin kings. |
| 193 | LAODICEA | *A STELE* bearing the edict of Antiochus III of 193 was found from the temple of Nihaband. |
| 193 | ROME | *ROMAN EMBASSY* to Antiochus. |
| 193-192 | INDIA | *KHARAVELDA'S* expedition to the west and against the Bhojakas. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 193-178 | PORTUGAL | *CONQUERED* by Romans. |
| 193-9 | KOREA | *KINGDOM* of Mahan. |
| 192 | CHALCIS | *A TOWN* of Euboea; an Ionian settlement, was used as a military base by Antiochus III. |
| 192 | GREECE | *ANTIOCHUS* crossed over into Greece, aided by Hannibal. |
| 192 | ROME | *DECLARED WAR* on Antiochus. (Nov.) |
| 192 | SPARTA | *NABIS*, died. |
| 192-191 | THERMOPYLAE | *ANTIOCHUS III* the Great was defeated in 191 by Romans at Thermopylae. |
| 191 | BOII | *DEFEATED* by Scipio Nasica. |
| 191 | ROME | *DEDICATION* of the temple of Magha Mater at Palatin in Rome. |
| 191 | ROME | *ACILIUS GLABRIO M* Roman Consul. |
| 191 | CHINA | *REIGN OF HUI-TI*, second sovereign of Han dynasty. |
| 191 | CORYCUS | *ANTIOCHUS*' fleets defeated off Cape Corycus. |
| 191 | RAVENNA | *A TOWN* of Gallia Cisalpine founded by Thessalians subjugated by Rome. |
| 190 | AFRICA | *TERENCE* born in N. Africa Rome's comic drematist. |
| 190 | ARMENIA | *ARTAXIAS* became an independent ruler of Armenia. d.d. 191. |
| 190 | ASIA | *SCIPIOS* landed in Asia. |
| 190 | BACTRIA | *DEMETRIUS I* became king of Bactria. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 190 | EGYPT | *NILE-RED SEA* canal opened. |
| 190 | INDO-GREEK | *DEATH* of Euthydemus II. |
| 190 | INDIA | *GREEK KINGDOM* in north-west India. |
| 190 | PAMPHYLIA | *A DISTRICT* of southern Asia Minor situated between Lycia and Cilicia ; it was attached by Rome to the kingdom of Pergamum. |
| 190 | PANTICAPAEUM | *KING PAERISADES IV* Philometor of C. Bosporus. (190-9 after 160). |
| 190 | PARTHIA | *ARSACES II KING* died. |
| 190 | SIDE | *ANTIOCHUS*' fleets defeated at Side and Myonnesus. |
| 190-180 | INDO-GREEK | *KING ANTIMACHUS* I. d.v. Demetrius, Indo-Greek king in 190-165. |
| 190-180 | TAXILA-BACTRIA | *AGATHOCLES*, Indo-Greek Prince of Taxila-Bactria. |
| 190-180 | INDIA | *INVADED* by Demetrius. |
| 190-170 | PARTHIA | *ARSACES II* King died. |
| 189 | AMBRACIA ETC. | *SIEGE AND FALL* of Ambracia, a town of Epirus, Formiae a town of Latium and Fundi a town of Latium. |
| 189 | BOLOGNA | *BECAME* a Roman colony. |
| 189 | KOREA | *KING KI-KAM* of the kingdom of Mahan. |
| 189 | MAGNESIA | *ANTIOCHUS III* of Syria was defeated by Romans near Magnesia at Sipylum, and a treaty was concluded between the parties in 188 and Antiochus ceded all his dominions west of mount Taurus. |
| 189 | PAPHLAGONIA | *KING MORZIUS* of inner Paphlagonia before 189 to after 179. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 189 | UPPER EGYPT | *INSURECTION* owing to high Taxation. |
| 189-164 | ARMENIA | *KING ARTAXIAS*, son of Zariadris of Artaxias, dynasty. d.d. 190-161. |
| 188 | AETOLIA | *INFLUENCE* of Aetolian League was limited to Aetolia only. |
| 188 | APAMAEA | *TREATY* between Romans and Antiochus III. |
| 188 | ARPINUM | *APAMAEA*, a city on the Orontes, full citizenship granted to Arpinum a Volscian hill-town in the Liris by Rome. |
| 188 | INDIA | *KHARVELA'S* first expedition to the north. |
| 188 | INDIA | *DEMETRIUS* conquers parts of Gandhara, Punjab and Sindh. |
| 188 | SPARTA | *THE CONSTITUTION* of Sparta promulgated by Lycurgus. |
| 187 | GREECE | *THE PLAGUE* which spread in Greek islands reached Egypt and Syria and destroyed 2,000 persons every day. |
| 187 | INDIA | *BRIHADRATHA* was killed by his general Puṣyamitra, and the end of Maurya dynasty. d.d. 185, 184, or 183. d.v. This incident occurred after 137 years of the accession of Chandragupta Maurya. |
| 187 | ROME | *TEMPLE* of Hercules Musarum was erected. |
| 187-177 | CEYLON | *KING SURTISSA* ruled for ten years. |
| 187-175 | SELEUCID | *SELEUCUS IV* Philopator King, son and successor of Antiochus III the Great was assassinated by one of his ministers in 175 (3rd Sept.) |
| 187-151 | INDIA | *PUṢYAMITRA* Śuṅga, the king of Magadha. d.d. 184-148. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 187-80 | INDIA | *ŚUṄGA PERIOD*. d.d. 187-75, 185-80, 184-A.D. 71. |
| 186 | INDIA | *KHARAVELA'S* expedition to Gangetic valley. d.d. 185, 184-148. 183-151, 184-167. |
| 186 | LUGARIA | *LUGARIANS* defeat Phillipus Quintus. |
| 186 | PERGAMUM | *ATTACKED by PRUSIAS I* of Bithynia. |
| 186 | SARSINA. | *PLANTUS TITUS MACCIUS* play writer of Sarsina in Umbria dies. d.d. 184. |
| 185 | APULIA | *A DISTRICT* of Italy. 7,000 citizens were condemned to death by Romans. |
| 185 | INDIA | *KHARAVELA'S* expedition in South India. |
| 185 | MUTINA | *CITIZEN* colony at Mutina. |
| 185 | PARMA | *CITIZEN* colony at Parma, south of the Padus in Cisalpine Gaul. d.d. 183. |
| 185 | PERGAMUM | *WAR* between Pergamum and Pontus. |
| 185-175 | INDO-GREEK | *PANTALEON KING*. |
| 185-173 | INDIA | *BHARAHUT*, sculptor, of Śuṅga period. |
| 185-170 | PONTUS | *PHARNACES I KING*. d.d. 185-169. |
| 185-150/151 | INDIA | *PUṢYAMITRA* performs Ashvamedha Yajña. |
| 185-109 | RHODES | *PANAEIUS*, son of Nicagoras, Stoic philosopher was founder of Roman stoicism. He did not believe in divination or astrology. |
| 185/4-179 | ROME | *SCIPIO* Aemilianus Africanus Numentinus, a soldier. |
| 184 | INDIA | *KHARAVELA'S* second expedition to north India. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 184-167 | INDIA | *SATISIRI* (Satya Kumar) Sātavāhana King. |
| 184-72 | INDIA | *GAṄGA* dynasty. |
| 183 | HUN | *MAUDUM*, son of Timmenshan-yu, Hun king. |
| 183 | SINOPE | *PHARNACES OF PONTUS* made Sinope his capital, a town situated almost at the midpoint of the south shore of the Euxine. |
| 182 | BITHYNIA | *DEATH* of Hannibal at Bithynia. |
| 182 | CARTHAGE | *MASINISSA* raids Carthaginian territory. |
| 182-149 | BITHYNIA | *PRUSIAS II KING*, Synegus, son of Prusias I. d.d. 180-149. |
| 181 | AQUILEIA | *A LATIN COLONY* founded ; a city 7 miles from Adriatic. |
| 181 | CELTIBERIA | *WAR* between Celtiberians and Romans. |
| 181 | LIGURIA | *TRANSPLANTATION* of 40,000 Ligurians in Samnium. |
| 181 | ROME | *BASILICA* of Cato constructed in Rome. d.d. 184. |
| 181-179 | SPAIN | *CELTIBERIAN WAR*, first. |
| 181-145 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY* VI Philometor King. d.d. 180-145. |
| 180 | BAZYNTIUM | *DEATH* of Aristophanes. |
| 180 | INDIA | *PRATĀPĀDITYA*, King of Kashmir, ruled for 32 years. K. 2921, L. 2896. d.d. L. 2934. |
| 180 | LUCA | *LATIN COLONY* at Luca in Liguria on the river Ausar founded. |
| 180 | MACEDONIA | *PHILIP V KING* puts his son Demetrius to death. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 180 | ROME | *LEX VILLIA ANNALIS* the age etc. qualification for officers. |
| 180-165 | INDO-GREEK | *KING DEMETRIUS II.* |
| 180-165 | INDO-GREEK | *AGATHOCLES KING.* |
| 180-157 | CHINA | *HSIAO-WEN*, Emperor of China. |
| 180-150 | PANTICAPAEUM | *PARISADES III KING* of Cimmerian Bosporus. |
| 180-103 | SUESSA | *LUCILIUS GIUS* was born in Suessa Agrunca on the edge of Campania, a Roman citizen and writer, died, in 102/1 at Naples. |
| 179 | AMPHIPOLIS | *PHILIP V* of Macedonia King, died at Amphipolis. |
| 179 | ROME | *PONS AEMILIUS* the first stone bridge built. |
| 179-168 | MACEDONIA | *PERSEUS* succeeded his father Philip V and was the last king of Macedonia. |
| 179-157 | CHINA | *WEN-TI* Emperor. |
| 179-117 | CHINA | *SSU-MA* Hsiang-ju, poet. |
| 179-104 | CHINA | *TUNG-CHUNG-SHU* was a theorist of Han Empire and Confucianist philosopher. |
| 178 | TRIESTE | *SETTLED* by Romans ; it is a port of Italy at the northeastern angle of Adriatic Sea. |
| 177 | ISTRIA | *EXPEDITION* against Istria by Romans a Peninsula at the northeastern extremity of the Adriatic lying between Venetia and Illyricum. d.d. 178-177. |
| 177 | LUNA | *CITIZEN COLONY* at Luna, a town of Lugaria on the river Macra. |
| 177 | ROME | *LATINS* expelled from Rome. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 177 | SARDINIA | *GRACEHUS* subdues Sardinia. |
| 177 | CEYLON | *SEN AND GUTTIK,* kings of Ceylon, ruled for 22 years. |
| 176 | HUN | *YUEH-CHI* defeated by Hiung-nu, migrated to Tai Hai. |
| 176 | PALESTINE | *SQUARE HEBREW* alphabet established. |
| 176-171 | PARTHIA | *KING PHRAATES* I. |
| 175 | BACTRIA | *EUCRATIDES* obtained the throne by defeating Demetrius, son of Euthydemus. |
| 175-164 | SELEUCID | *ANTIOCHUS IV* Epiphanes, son of Antiochus III, succeeds his elder brother Seleucus IV in 175. |
| 175-156 | INDO-GREEK | *APOLLODOTUS*, son of Eukratides, Indo-Greek king. |
| 174 | ROME | *FLAMINIUS TITUS* Quintus Military tribune and general died. |
| 174-161 | HUN | *LAO-SHANG* shan-yu the son of Mao-tun, defeated Yueh-chi and made the skull of the defeated king a drinking cup and drove out the Yue-chi. d.d. 174-161. |
| 173 | ITALY | *LATINS* struck off citizen rolls. |
| 173 | ROME | *TWO PLEBEIAN* Consuls in office for first time. |
| 172 | HUN | *CHI-YU*, son of Mạndum, Hun king. |
| 172-127 | HUN | *CHU-CHEṄ*, son of Chi-yu, Hun king. |
| 171 | BACTRIA | *EUCRADITES* occupies Bactrian throne. |
| 171 | CARTEIA | *LATIN* colony at Carteia, on the coast of southern Spain lay some 4 miles from Gibraltar. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 171-155 | INDO-GREEK | *EUCRATIDES I* king. |
| 171-136 | PARTHIA | *MITHRADATES I*, king of Parthia. d.d. 174-136, 171-138, 171-137. |
| 170 | EGYPT | *JOINT RULE* of Ptolemy VI, Ptolemy VIII and Cleopatra II. 5th Oct. 170. |
| 170 | INDIA | *WAR* between Vidiśā and Vidarbha. |
| 170 | JERUSALEM | *SAGE BENSERA*—the period of his writing. |
| 170 | PISAURUM | *ACCIUS LUCIUP* born at Pisaurum, a town and sea-port in Central Umbria ; a Roman tragic poet and a philologist. He dominated Roman tragic stage for half a century. |
| 170 | ROME | *PAVED* street earliest. |
| 170 | TARTESSUS | *COLONISED* by Romans, a region of southern Spain. |
| 170 | THESSALY | *PERSEUS* re-occupies North Thessaly. |
| 170-163 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY VI* established a joint rule with Ptolemy VIII and Cleopatra II. d.d. 174-164. 170-164, 116-108. |
| 170-150 | PONTUS | *MITHRIDATES IV KING*, Philopator Philadelphus. |
| 170-139 | PARTHIA | *MITHRIDATES I.* d.d. 171/138/137. |
| 169 | MACEDONIA | *PHILIPPUS* marches into Macedonia. |
| 168 | JERUSALEM | *TEMPLE* was destroyed by Antiochus III Epiphanes. |
| 169 | ROME | *LEX VOCONIA* limited the right of inheritance by women and restricted individual legacies to less than the portion of the heir instituted in the last will. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 169 | RUDIAE | *DEATH* of Ennius Quintus, Latin poet who obtained Roman citizenship and spent his life in Rome. He is called the father of Roman poetry; was born in Rudiae in Calabria. |
| 169 | SYRIA | *WAR* between Syria and Egypt. |
| 167 | EPIRUS | *DEVASTATED* by Romans and never recovered. |
| 168 | CORDOBA | *CITY* was founded in Southern Spain during Toman time ; was the capital of Hispania Baetica. |
| 168 | DELOS | *A SMALL ISLAND* regarded as the centre of the Cyclades ; was declared a free port. |
| 168 | EGYPT | *ANTIOCHUS* was prevented by Romans to capture Alexandria in Egypt. |
| 168 | ILLYRICUM | *BECAME* a Roman province. |
| 168 | MACEDONIA | *MACEDONIAN WAR* third d.d. 171. |
| 168 | MEDOLANUM | *CAECILIUS STATIUS*, a native of Medolanum, died. |
| 168 | MEGALOPOLIS | *POLYBIUS*, son of Lycorat, a Greek historian of Rome, born in Megalopolis in Arcadia ; he was among 1,000 eminent Achaeans deported to Rome for political investigation and detained without trial in Italy. d.d. 170/169 and 167. |
| 168 | PYDNA | *BATTLE*, Perseus, the last Macedonian king, was defeated by L. Aemilius Palus, a town of Macedonia in the district of Pieria. |
| 168 | ROME | *MACEDONIANS* sold for 50075 Roman coin per person. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 167 | CHINA | *CHU'N-JUI*, a physician of China, flourished. |
| 167 | ILLYRIA | *DIVIDED* into three protectorates. |
| 167 | MACEDONIA | *PERSEUS*' library brought to Rome from Macedonia. |
| 167 | MACEDONIA | *DIVIDED* into four parts. |
| 167 | ROME | *PUBLIC LIBRARY* opens at Rome. |
| 167 | ROME | *TRIBUTUM* was a direct tax paid to the Roman state originally a war tax. Some times it was regarded a loan repaid, abolished. |
| 167-165 | BIBLE | *THE BOOK OF DANIEL* was written according to some modern authorities. |
| 166 | PALESTINE | *MACCABEAN REVOLT* against Hellenism. |
| 166 | ROME | *ANDRIA* of Tarence was first staged at Rome. |
| 166-160 | JUDAEA | *JUDAS MACCABAEUS KING*. |
| 166-111 | INDIA | *SĀTAKARṆI II* of Sātavāhana dynasty. |
| 165 | CHINA | *CONTACT* with Nanyueh kingdom. |
| 165 | EMMAUS | *GORGIAS*' army was almost annihilated while endeavouring to penetrate into Jerusalem in the pass of Emmaus. |
| 165 | INDO-GREEK | *DEATH* of Demetrius II. |
| 165 | TURKISTAN | *YUEH-CHI* were defeated and expelled from Chinese Turkistan. |
| 164 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY VI* was expelled by his brother. |
| 164 | JERUSALEM | *RE-OCCUPIED* by Maccabaeus. |
| 164 | JERUSALEM | *JEWS* had religious feud and re-dedication of the temple of Jerusalem. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 164-163 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY VIII* sole ruler. |
| 164-162 | SELEUCID | *ANTIOCHUS V* Eupator succeeded his father at the age of nine. d.d 163-162. |
| 163/162-130 | COMMAGENE | *PTOMEMAEUS KING* of Commagene in north Syria became an independent kingdom, when its governor Ptolemy revolted against the Seleucids. d.d. 162. |
| 163-145 | CYRENE | *PTOLEMY VIII* the king of Cyrene. |
| 163-136 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIARTAES V KING* (Ariathes) Eusebes Philopator. |
| 163-133 | ROME | *GRACCHUS* Tiberius Semronius. |
| 162 | BABYLON | *TIMARCHUS SATRAP* of Babylon revolts against the Seleucid Emperor. d.d.161. |
| 162 | SYRIA | *DEMETRIUS I* reached Syria. |
| 162-150 | SELEUCID | *DEMETRIUS I* Soter King |
| 161 | JUDAEA | *JUDAEA'S* alliance with Rome. |
| 161 | MACEDONIA | *GENERAL BACCHIDES* fortified Bethezur about this time. |
| 161 | PALESTINE | *DEMETRIUS I* Soter of Syria reconquered the insurgent Jews in Palestine. |
| 161 | ROME | *LEX FANNIA*, limited the sum to be spent on entertainment. |
| 161 | ROME | Greek orators and philosphers were expelled from Rome. |
| 161-126 | HIPPARCHU | *THE GREATEST ASTRONOMER* of ancient world who invented trignometry. He named 850 stars, and compiled a list. d.d. 160-120. |
| 160 | PANEAS | A Jewish philosopher of the Peripatetic school. |
| 160 | DELPHI | *TFRENCE* performed. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 160 | JUDAEA | *SELEUCID* army invaded and Judas Maccabaeus was killed in the battle. |
| 160 | LACONIA | A part of it was included in Galatia. |
| 160 | PERGAMUM | *EUMENES II* Soter King died. d.d. 159. |
| 160 | ROME | *CATO MARCUS* Porcius wrote the book De Agai Cultura. |
| 160-156 | BACTRIA | *WAR* between Eucratides, king of Bactria and Demetrius. |
| 160-150 | PANTICAPAEUM | *SPARTOCUS KING* (between 160-150) (C. Bosporus) |
| 160-140 | MEDIA ETC | *MITHRIDATES* forcibly annexed Media Elymais, Persis, Characene, Babylonia and Assyria in the west and Gedeosia and possibly Herat and Seistan in the east. |
| 159 | ATHENS | *ATTALUS II* builds Stoa at Athens. |
| 159 | PERGAMUM | *PRUSIUS* makes peace with Pergamum. |
| 159 | ROME | *CRATES OF MOLLUS*, son of Timocrates, teaches at Rome. |
| 159 | ROME | *LAW* against bribery enforced. |
| 159-138 | PERGAMUM | *ATTALUS II KING*, second son of Attalus I. d.d. 160-139. |
| 158 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIARTHES KING* dethroned by Orophernes pretender to the throne of Cappadocia. |
| 158 | ROME | *WATER CLOCK* was introduced. |
| 157-126 | NICAEA | *HIPPARCHUS THE GREATEST ASTRONOMER* of ancient world who invented trignometry. He named 850 stars, and compiled a list. d.d. 160-120. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 157 | DALMATIA | *ROMAN COMPAIGN* in Dalmatia, a part of Illyria. |
| 157 | HINDUKUSH | *EUCRATIDES* attacked south Hindukush, captured south Kapisa and defeated Apollodotus of Gandhar. d.d. 175-150. |
| 157 | JUDAEA | *INDEPENDENT* priestly state, |
| 157 | KOREA | *KI-SIK KING* of Mahan. |
| 157 | ROME | *MARIUS GAIUS*, Roman statesman and general defeated Jugurtha, the grandson of Massinissa, the king of Numidia. |
| 157 | ROME | *CONSUL* re-election was allowed repealing the former practice that an interval of ten years between two terms was necessary. |
| 157-186 | ARPINUM | *MARIUS GAIUS*, Roman general. |
| 157-141 | CHINA | *HSIO CHING EMPEROR.* |
| 167-98 | JAPAN | *SUJEN KING.* |
| 156 | OROPUS | *DESTROYED* by Athens. Coastal town on the border of Attica. |
| 156 | INDIA | *ACCESSION* of Agnimitra, son of Puṣyamitra. d.d. 156, 149, 148-140. |
| 155 | INDIA | *INVADED BY MENANDER.* d.d. 165, 150, 115-90. |
| 155 | INDO-GREEK | *PLATO KING.* |
| 155 | ROME | *ATHENIANS* sent philosopher Carneades Critolaus and Diogenes as envoys to Rome. d.d. 156/255. |
| 155 | SEISTAN | *OCCUPIED* by Sacae (Sak). |
| 155-145 | CEYLON | *ASEL KING* ruled for 10 years. A. B. 155-145. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 155-140 | INDO-GREEK | *HELIOCLES* was the last Greeco-Bactrian to rule. d.d. 150 and 147-130. |
| 154 | ALPS | *CROSSED* by Romans. |
| 154 | MASSILIA | *REQUESTED* Roman for help against the Ligures and Oxybii. |
| 154-138 | LUSTANIA | *LUSTANIAN* war between Rome and Lustiani under leadership of Viriathus. |
| 154-74 | ROME | *STILO* Praeconinus, Lucius Aelius-Roman philologist. |
| 153 | ROME | *CALENDER*-January 1st instead of March 15 established as the beginning of the year. |
| 153-151 | SPAIN | *CELTIBERIAN WAR* second. |
| 152 | CORDUBA | *A CITY* on the middle of Baetis founded by M. Claudius Marcellus and raised to colonial status with the title of Patrica sometimes after 49 B. C. |
| 152·142 | JUDAEA | *JONATHAN* was recognised by Seleucid king as the High Priest and ruler. |
| 151 | CARTHAGE | *DECLARED WAR* on Massinissa. |
| 151 | GREECE | *RETURN* of Achaean exiles to Greece. |
| 150-145 | SELEUCID | *ALEXANDER I BALAS*, pretender, reigned. The sea route between India and Arabia developed the commerce between India and Rome. |
| 150 | BACTRIA | *EURATIDES* murdered by his son. |
| 150 | CARTHAGE | *DEFEATED* in war against Masinissa. |
| 150 | CHINA | *DICTIONARY* by Hee-shin published. |
| 150 | GREECE | *CALLICRATES* general of Achaean league after Philopoemen died. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 150 | HUN | *YUEH-CHIH* reached Kirghiz and drove-out the inhabitants of Sacae. |
| 150 | INDIA | *NAGARJUNA* probable time. |
| 150 | INDIA | *HATHI GUMPHA* inscription of Kharavela dated his 13th regional year. |
| 150 | INDIA | *NIDĀNA SŪTRA* was collected about this time. |
| 150 | INDIA | *KHARVELA* of Kaliṅga. d d. 196-180. |
| 150 | INDIA | *PATANJALI'S* Mahābhāṣya. |
| 150 | JERUSALEM | *TEMPLE* was rebuilt. |
| 150 | LUSTANIA | *VIRIATHUS* Lustanian rebel leader, fought against Roman army and was assassinated. d.d. 145, 115-90. |
| 150 | MEDIA | *CONQUERED* by Mithradates I of Parthia. |
| 150 | PANTICAPAEUM | *HYGIAENON KING* (C. Bosporus) |
| 150 | PARTHIANS | *REACHED* the bank of Euphrates. |
| 150 | ROME | *LEX AELIA AT FUFIA* probably forbade the holding of Legislature Assemblies in the interval between the announcement of Consular election and election of Assemblies. |
| 150 | ROWE | *AFRANIUS LUCIUS*, a Latin poet and orator. He was the most prolific composer. His representation of domestic life in Italian town was more artistic and involved with wider and coarser appeal. |
| 150 | SYRACUSE | *MODCHUS* of Syracuse, a Greek bucolic poet and grammarian. |
| 150 | SYRIA | *DEMETRIUS I SOTER NICATOR KING* of Syria died in battle against a pretender Alexander Balas. |
| c150-121 | PONTUS | *MITHRADATES V KING* Euergetes. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 150-108 | PANTICAPAEUM | *PAERISADES V KING* (after 150-108/7) (C. Boepoeus). |
| 150-100 | INDIA | *MILINDA PANHO* book was composed during this period. |
| 150-A.D. 600 | INDIA | *BUILDING OF AJANTA* caves and painting—probable time. |
| 150-A.D. 800/900. | MAXICO | *CLASSICAL PERIOD.* |
| 149 | BITHAYNIA | *PERSUIS II KING* died. |
| 149 | CARTHAGE | *SIEGE* by Romans began. |
| 149 | MACEDONIA | *RISING* in Macedonia under Andriscus who claimed to be the son of Perseus and Laodice against Romans; defeated Romans and established his control over Macedonia. |
| 149 | ROME | *LEX CALPURNIA*—establishment of permanent court to try cases of extortion. |
| 149 | ROME | *QUAESTIONES* permanent criminal court was first established. |
| 149 | SPARTA | *SECESSION* of Sparta from the Achaeans. |
| 149-148 | MACEDONIA | *MACEDONIA WAR*—Fourth. |
| 149-145 | NUMIDIA | *MICIPA GULUSSA, MASTANEAL KING* of the dynasty of Misinissa. |
| 149-46 | CARTHAGE | *PUNIC WAR* Third. |
| 148 | ACARNANIA | *BECAME A ROMAN PROVINCE,* a district of north-west of Greece. |
| 148 | KASHMIR | *JALUKAS KING* ruled for 32 years. Kali-2953. L. 2928, d.d. Kali 2966 L. 2941 B.C. 135. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 148 | MASSYLI | *MASINISSA KING*, of the Massyli, the eastern Numidi died at the age of ninety. |
| 148-140 | INDIA | *AGNIMITRA KING.* |
| 148-118 | NUMIDIA | *MICIPSA KING.* |
| 147 | CARTHAGE | *SCIPIO AEMILIANUS* in command of Roman army presses siege of Carthage. |
| 147 | LUSTANIA | *VIRATHUS*, a Lustanian rebel leader wins success against Romans and becomes a national hero of Portugal, died in 140 or 139. |
| c147 | MACEDONIA | *BECAME* a Roman province. d.d. 148. |
| 147-46 | GREECE | *MUMMIUS LUCIUS*, Roman general and consul in 146. He ended the war with Achaean League. |
| 146 | AFRICA | *BECAME* a Roman province. |
| 146 | ATHENS | *INCLUDED* in Roman Empire. |
| 146 | CARTHAGE | *SACKED* and destroyed by Scipio Aemilianus. Roman general, out of 500,000 population only 50,000 survived and were sold into slavery. d.d. 147. |
| 146 | CORINTH | *DESTROYED* by Romans.<br>d.d. 147-146. |
| 146 | CYZICUS | *EUDGXUS*, a Greek navigator. Ptolemy Euregetes II of Egypt ordered him to find the sea route to India after 146. With 20 stranded Indian guides he made several voyages along the coast of Africa. |
| 146 | LEPTIS MAGNA | *DECLARED* free city, on the north coast of Africa. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 146 | MACEDONIA | *BECAME* a Roman province. |
| 146 | ROME | *SICILY, SARDINIA, CORSICA,* two Spains. Gallia Transalpaina, Africa and Macedonia, were included in the Roman Empire. |
| 145 | INDIA | *HELIOCLESE* invaded India. |
| 145 | OENOPARAS | *BATTLE* between Alexander Balas and combined forces of Plotemy and Demetrius on the river of Oenoparas. Ptolemy was wounded in the battele and died in early summer. |
| 145-144 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY VII* joint ruler with his father. |
| 145-116 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY VIII* Eurgetes Physcon. d.d. 145 mother regent. |
| 145-101 | CEYLON | *ELAR*, the Chola king, conquered Ceylon. He ruled for 44 years and returned after 15 years of war A.B. 383-406. |
| 144 | CHINA | *BY DECREE* all the sons of feudal lords were made co-heirs of their fathers. |
| 144 | KOREA | *KI-MU KING* of Mahan. |
| 144-140 | ROME | *AQUA MARCIA.* |
| 143 | NUMENTIA | *WAR* between Rome and Numentia begins. |
| 143 | ROME | *ANTONIUS MARCUS* born, he was most distinguished Roman orator of his age. He was a magistrate and soldier and died in 87 B.C. |
| 143-133 | SPAIN | *CELTIBRIAN* (Numentine) III war. d.d. 144. |
| 142 | JUDAEA | *INDEPENDENCE* was recognised by Demetrius II, the official title of high priests and princes of Jews was conferred. |
| 142 | ROME | *FIRST STONE BRIDGE* over Tiber was completed. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 142-138 | SELEUCID | *TRYPHONE KING* the usurper on the throne. d.d. 142-137. |
| 142-135 | JUDAEA | *SIMOEN* (Simon) Maccabeans. d.d. 142-134. |
| 141 | PARTHIA | *INVADED* Bactria. |
| 141 | PARTHIA | *UNDER* Mithridates I annexes Babylon. |
| 141 | SYRIA | *DEMETRIUS KING* made war against Parthis but was captured and did not obtain his release until 129 B.C. |
| 141-87 | CHINA | *WU-TI EMPEROR* of Han dynasty. He declared Confucianism the state religion of China. |
| 141-70 | JERUSALEM | *RULE* of Jews. |
| 140 | AETOLIA | *INCLUDED* in Roman Empire. |
| 140 | BERYTUS | *PHOENICIAN* sea-port on the coast of Syria, was captured by Tryphone. |
| 140 | EPHESUS | *ADMINISTRATIVE* Roman province of Asia. |
| 140 | INDO-GREEK | *EUCRATIDES II KING.* |
| 140 | JUDAEA | *SIMEON* declared hereditary Nassi, high priest, Commander-in-Chief and was entrusted with the concerns of the temple and land. |
| 140 | LUSTANIA | *VIRATHU*, rebel leader, assassinated by Romans. d.d. 139, 138. |
| 140 | MALUS | *CRATES* forms his great glove of the world. |
| 140 | MILO | *VENUS* sculptor. |
| 140 | ROME | *STOICISM* introduced. |
| 140 | ROME | *CRASSUS, LUCIUS LICINIUS*, Roman orator, born. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 140-136 | INDIA | *ANTIALKIDAS*, Indo-Greek king of Taxila, sent an envoy Heliodorus to the court of Vidisha. d.d. 140-130. |
| 140-130 | INDIA | *SUJYEṢṬHA*, Son of Agnimitra Śuṅga king. |
| 140-128 | BITHYNIA | *NICOMEDES* Epiphanes King. |
| 140-91 | ROME | *LUCIUS CAELIUS ANTIPATOR*, Roman historian, wrote some books of annals which deals with the war against Hannibal and second Punic War. |
| 140-48 | CHINA | *EXPANSION* into Chinese Turkistan. |
| 139 | ROME | *JEWS* expelled from Rome for making conversions. |
| 139 | ROME | *LEX GABINIA* introduces ballot for election. |
| 138 | ARMENIA | *ARTAVASDES I* was ruling Armenia before 138 B.C. |
| 138 | GALATIA | *CONQUERED* by D. Junius Brutus. |
| 138 | INDIA | *CHINESE COINS* dated 138 found in Mysore. |
| 138 | LUSTANIA | *AFTER 9 YEARS* of struggle under the leadership of Virathus submitted to Rome. d.d. 137. |
| 138 | NUMENTIA | *MANCORIUS GAIUS HOSTILUS*, Roman Consul, was defeated by the Numentines. d.d. 137. |
| 138-133 | PERGAMUM | *ATTALUS III KING.* |
| 138-129 | SELEUCID | *ANTIOCHUS VII SIDETES*, son of Demetrius I of Syria, succeeded his father Demetrius II, who became a prisoner in Parthia in 139. |
| 138/128/7 | PARTHIA | *PHRAATES III KING.* d.d. 139-129, 138-129, or 121. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 138-125 | CHINA | *CHANG-CHI-IEM* reached Central Asia and came in contact of Western Coast and Caravan route was opened to China. d.d. 135. |
| 138-78 | ROME | *SULLA, LUCIUS CORNELIUS*, Roman general and statesman. |
| 137 | ROME | *LEX CASSIA* introduces ballot in law courts. |
| 136-133 | INDIA | *VASUMITRA KING* of Śuṅga dynasty. d.d. 136-131. |
| 136-132 | SICILY | *THE FIRST SERVILE WAR.* The Roman Consul Rupilius crushed the first revolt of which Eunus, a Syrian, was leader. d.d. 135-132. |
| 135 | ASIA | *COMETS* were seen on the birth of Mithradates, for 72 days. |
| 135 | BACTRIA | *CONQUERED* by Scythians. |
| 135 | CHINA | *CHANG CHIEN* was sent to west to seek alliance with the Yueh-Chih, against Hsiunu. |
| 135 | KAPISA | *HELIOCLES*, son of Eucradites, defeated the Scythians (Sakas) and established a kingdom in Kapisa, which lasted for about 100 years. |
| 135 | RHODES | *PANAETIUS*, son of Nicagoras, a Greek stoic philosopher of Rhodes teaches at Rome in 135 and died at Athens in 109 B.C. |
| 135-130 | ALEXANDRIA | *MILINDA* (Minander) born in village Halasi near Alexandaria Coucasus. |
| 135-104 | JUDAEA | *JOHN HYRACANUS*, the Maccabean High Priest. d.d. 134. |
| 135-87 | CHINA | *SSU-MA-CHI'IEN*, the father of Chinese historical writing. He is called Herodotus of China. d.d 145-86. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 135-51 | APAMEA | *POSIDONIUS* of Apamea on the Orontes. He is known for his work on elementary definition of geometry. d.d. 135-51/50, 135-50. |
| 134 | NUMENTIA | *CAPITULATION* of 4,000 citizens to Scipio Aemilianus after eight months of blockade. d.d. 133. |
| 134 | ROME | *TIBERIUS GRACCHUS* enters office as Tribune (10 Dec.) d.d. 133. |
| 134 | ROME | *LEX AGRARIA*: Laws concerned with distribution of public land promulgated. |
| 134-133 | ASELLIO | *SEMPRONIUS*, a historian and military tribune at Numentia. |
| 133 | ANATOLIA | *BECAME* a Roman province. |
| 133 | ASIA MINOR | *ROMAN* province eighth. |
| 133 | CHINA | *PART OF YUE-CHI* subjugated by Wu-sun. |
| 133 | GALATIA | *CAME* under Roman domination. |
| 133 | HUNS | *BEGINNING* of Chinese war against Huns. |
| 133 | MYSIA | *A DISTRICT* of north-west Asia Minor, was included in the Roman province of Asia. |
| 133 | PERGAMUM | *ATTALUS III.* |
| 133 | PERGAMUM | *ATTALUS III KING* bequeathed his kingdom of Pergamum to Mysia Ionia, Caria, and, Asia Roman to Rome. |
| 133 | PHRYGIA | *A DISTRICT* of Asia Minor, became a Roman province. |
| 133 | ROME | *TIBERIUS GRACHUS*—his tribune and agrarian reforms. None was allowed to keep more than 500 Jugera of public land and a father of two sons could hold an additional 250 Jugera in respect of each. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 133 | ROME | *DEATH* of Gracchus. |
| 133-123 | INDIA | *SUMITRA KING* of Śuṅga dynasty. |
| 132 | ODESSA | *INCLUDED* in Seleucid kingdom and became its capital. |
| 132 | PERGAMUM | *ARISTONICUS* (Eumenes III), illegitimate son of Eumenes II of Pergamum, revolted against Rome. |
| 132 | ROME | *SPECIAL COURT* was established to punish Gracchan. |
| 132 | SICILY | *SERVILE WAR* First was crushed by Prupilius. |
| 131 | ALEXANDRIA | *PTOLEMY PHYSCON* driven away from Alexandria. |
| 131 | ROME | *LEX RUPILIA* : regulating the condition in Sicily was adopted. |
| 130 | BACTRIA | *CONQUERED* by Yueh-chih. |
| 130 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIARTHES V KING* was killed in a war against Aristonicus. |
| 130 | INDO-GREEK | *MENANDER* died. |
| 130 | ROME | *ARISTONICUS*, a claimant to the throne of Pergamum, while returning from a successful campaign, was taken prisoner by a small Thracian force and was killed. |
| 130 | SYRIA | *ANTIOCHUS SIDETES* died in a war with Parthia. |
| 130 | SYRIA | *DEMETRIUS NICATOR* restored. |
| 130 | SYRIA | *DECLINE* of Seleucid power. |
| 130-125 | INDO-GREEK | *ANTIMACHUS II KING.* |
| 130-120 | CHINA | *CONQUERED* Sinkiang. |
| 130-120 | INDO-GREEK | *ARCHEBIU KING.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 130-116 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIARTHES VI KING*. |
| 130-100 | COMMAGENE | *SAMUS II KING*. |
| 130-95 | INDO-GREEK | *STRATO I KING*. |
| 130-40 | PRUSA | *ASCLEPIADES* of Prusa in Bithynia, an anatomist, inventor of remedies, practised in Rome. |
| 129 | ALEXANDRIA | *PTOLEMY PHYSCON* restored to Alexandria. |
| 129 | CTESIPHON | *A CITY* on the left bank of river Tigris 60, miles above Babylon, was founded as a Parthian military camp opposite Hellenistic Seleucia. |
| 129 | ECBATANA | *ANTIOCHUS II* Sidetes was defeated and killed by Parthians at Ecbatana (Hamadan), capital of Media. |
| 129 | PHRYGIA | *GRANTED* to Mithridates V of Pontus by Manius Aquilius but Senate of Rome refused confirmation. |
| 129 | SELEUCID | *ANTIOCHUS SIDETES* the last great Seleucid king died and kingdom collapsed completely. |
| 129-128 | BACTRIA | *TA-HSIA AND CHANG-CHIEN* visited northern part of Bactria. |
| 128-124/3 | PARTHIA | *ARTABANUS I* (Artabans-Artabanos) uncle and successor of Phraates II Parthian king of Arsacid dynasty, leaving Bactria, migrated into Dragian, named it Scythia and occupied Archosia (Kandhar region of Afganistan). |
| 128-123 | SELEUCID | *ALEXANDER II ZABINAS KING*. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 128-49 | BITHYNIA | *NECOMEDES III* Euergetes King. d.d. 127 or 128-124. |
| 129-A.D. 226 | IRAN | *PARTHIAN* rule in Iran. |
| 127 | ALEXANDRIA | *PTOLEMY VIII* reconquered Alexandria. |
| 127-117 | HUN | *ICHIS*, brother of Chu-chen, Hun king. |
| 126 | CHINA | *CHANG-KEIN*, envoy to the west. He found Yueh-Chi north of Oxus rualing Bactria as dependency. |
| 126 | N. OXUS | *YUE-CHI* ruled north Oxus with their capital at Kian She. |
| 126 | ROME | *LAW OF JUNIUS ENNUS* forbids alien access to Rome. |
| 126 | SELEUCID | *SELEUCUS V*, eldest son of Demetrius II Nicator, became king but was assassinated by the order of his own mother. |
| 126 | SELEUCIDA | *CLEOPATRA THEA QUEEN* rules. |
| 126-124 | INDIA | *BHAGA BHADRA* of Śuṅga dynasty. |
| 126-62 | SOLONIUM | *ROSCIUS GALLUS QUINTUS* was a Roman comic actor. |
| 125 | BACTRIA | *YUE—CHIH* settled in Bactria. |
| 125 | CHINA | *CONFUCIUS* books were prescribed in schools by the Emperor of China. |
| 125 | ERA | *TYRE* begins on 19 Oct. |
| 125 | ETNA | *ERUPTION*. |
| 125 | FREEGELLAE | *LATIN COLONY* of Fregellae. |
| 125 | INDO-GREEK | *LOLIUS KING*. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 125 | SOGDANIA | *YUE—CHI*—appeared in Sogdania sometime before 125. |
| 125-121 | SELEUCID | *CLEOPATRA THEA* Queen and Antiochus VIII Crypus. |
| 125-115 | INDO-GREEK | *PHILOXENUS KING*. |
| 125-109 | BOSPORUS | *PARISADES V* king. |
| 124 | BERYTUS | *TRYPHUN* made it capital. |
| 124 | FABRATERIA | *PEOPLE* of Freegellae moved to the new colony of Fabrateria some miles away. |
| 124 | GAUL | *ROME'S WAR* against Arverni and Alloborges. |
| 124 | PRUSA | *ASCLEPIADES* of Prusa in Bithynia, practised medicine in Rome. |
| 124 | VIETNAM | *MINH VUONG KING*. |
| 123 | BALEARIC | *ISLANDS*, colonised by Phoenicians, off the east coast of Spain, was conquered by Spain. d.d. 122. |
| 123 | CARTHAGE | *REBUILT*. |
| 123 | MAJORCA | *A MEDITERANNEAN CITY*, was conquered by Romans. |
| 123 | MASSILIA | *FOUNDATION* of Castellum at Aquae Sextiae near Massilia. |
| 123 | ROME | *LEX RUBRIA*, a bill to found a colony at Carthage. |
| 123-122 | AQUAE SEXTIAE | *THE FIRST* Roman foundation in Transalpine Gaul was established as a fort by C. Sextus Calvinus in 123. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 123-122 | ROME | *TRIBUNATE* of Gaius Gracchus. |
| 123-114 | INDIA | *VAJRA MITRA KING* of Śuṅga dynasty. |
| 123-88/87 | IRAN | *MITHRADATES II KING* pushed back the frontiers as far as the Oxus by retaking Merv, re-occupied, Herat and made Seistan his vassal. d.d. 124-88, 124-87. |
| 122 | ROME | *LIVIUS DRUSUS* Elder politician or tribune of Rome. |
| 121 | C. ASIA | *THE EXPEDITION* of Chinese generals on Central Asia, who took away the golden statue of Buddha. |
| 121 | ETNA | *ERUPTION* |
| 121 | INDIA | *ASVAGHOSH*, p.t. |
| 121 | ROME | *GRACCHUS GAIUS* Sempronius revolutionaries died. |
| 121 | ROME | *ROMANS BUILT* the first arch under which a victorious army could pass. |
| 121 | ROME | *PLACUS* Mercus Falvius, proposed to enfrenchising Rome's Italian cities p.t. |
| 121 | SINOPE | *MITHRADATES* of Pontus assassinated. |
| 121-172 | ROME | *SERTONIUS* Quintus a solidier and politician. |
| 121-96 | SELEUCID | *ANTIOCHUS VIII* (Grypus) king. |
| 121-88 | ROME | *SULPICIUS* Rufus Publius politician |
| 120 | PONTUS | *MITHRIDATES V KING* of Pontus was killed in his court at Sinope. |
| 120-111 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIARTHES VI* Ephiphanes King Philopator VI Eupator. |
| 120-63 | PONTUS | *MITHRIDATES, VI* king of Pontus. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 120 | ANTIOCH | *ACHIAS AULUS LICINIUS* of Antioch in Syria ; he was a Greek poet and Grammarian. |
| 120-115 | INDO-GREEK | *HELIOCLES II KING.* |
| 120-110 | INDO-GREEK | *LYSIAS KING.* |
| 120-104 | CHINA | *CHINESE* envoy reached the Seleucid Emperor. |
| 119 | KANSU | *YUE—CHIH* land was occupied and colonised by the Chinese. |
| 119 | ROME | *SISENNA LUCIUS CORNELIUS* Roman annalist, born in 119 and died in 67 in Crete. |
| 118 | NARBO | *HILL-POST* of Montlaures and a centre of Celt-Iberian kingdom, chief town of the Volcae Tectosages ; a Roman colony was established there in 118 B.C. |
| 118-116 | NUMIDIA | *JUGURTHA* became the joint ruler of Numidia, dynasty of Missinia. He was the adopted son of king Micipsa of Numidia ; after his death in 118 he killed Hiempsal in 117 and drove out Adherbal with whom the kingdom was bequeathed to him ; thus he seized the entire kingdom. |
| 118--81 | MAURETAIA | *BOCCHUS I* king. |
| 117 | HUN | *ACHAVI*, Hun king. |
| 116 | CINDOS | *AGATHARCHIDES*, a Greek grammarian and guardian to young Ptolemy of Egypt in 116 B.C. |
| 116 | CYRENE | *SEPARATED* from Egypt under Ptolemy Apion. |
| 116 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY PHYSCON*, died. |
| 116 | INDIA | *TUNJIN I*, the king of Kashmir, ruled for 36 years. d.d. K. 2985, L. 2960, 2998. 2993 and B.C. 103. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 116-107 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY IX* Soter II with Cleopatra III Joint ruler. |
| 116-27 | REATE | *VARRO MARCUS TERENTIUS* was born probably at Reate in Sabine country, was a Latin satirist, antiquarian and grammarian. |
| 115 | PONTUS | *MITHRADATES VI* seizes power in Pontus and initiates the policy of territorial expansion. |
| 115 | PONTUS | Mithradates received embassy from China. |
| 115-100 | INDO-GREEK | *ANTIALCIDES* king d.d. 125-100. |
| 115-95 | INDO-GREEK | *APOLLODOTUS* king. |
| 115-95 | SELEUCID | *ANTIOCHUS IX* Cyzicenus King. |
| 115-43 | ROME | *LABERIUS DECEMUS*, Italian mime writer. Women acted in his plays for the first time in Rome. |
| 114 | MACEDONIA | *DEFEAT* of Cato by a Celtic tribe in Macedonia. |
| 114-82 | INDIA | *BHĀGAVATA KING* of Śuṅga dynasty Succeeds Vajramitra. |
| 114-57 | ROME | *LUCULCUS LUCIUS* Licinius worked as quaister. |
| 114-50 | ROME | *HORTENSIUS FORTALUS QUINTUS*, was a Roman forenisic orator. His style was Asiatic. |
| 113 | KOREA | *KI-HYUNG*, king of the kingdom of Mahan. |
| 113 | NORCIA | *CN. CARBO* defeated by Cembri at Norcia in Noricum. |
| 113-102 | GERMANY | *WAR*, Cemberian. |
| 112 | CIRTA | *JUGURTHA* besieged Adherbal in Cirta and slew him with the entire population of Cirta, a city of Numidia, 50 Roman miles from sea, capital of Syphax and of Masinissa. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 112 | PALESTINE | Rise of Pharsees and Sadducces. |
| 112 | VIETNAM | *AI-VICONG KING* of Trieu dynasty. |
| 112-106 | NUMIDIA | *JUGARTHINE WAR.* |
| 112-105 | NUMIDIA | *JUGURTHA KING* alone ruled. |
| 112-53 | ROME | *CRASSUS* Mercus Licinius politician killed. |
| 112-17 | BENEVENTUM | *ORBILLIUS PUPILLUS* grammarian revolutionary. |
| 111-110 | CAPP-ADOCIA | *ARIARTHES VII KING* Philopator. |
| 110 | RHONE | *CIMBRI* Germanic tribe defeated by the Romans. |
| 110-96 | NABATAEI | *ARETAT II KING.* |
| 110-32 | ROME | *ATTICUS TITUS POMONIUS* banker. |
| 109 | RHODES | *DEATH OF PANAETIUS* of Rhodes stoic philosopher. |
| 108-88 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY X KING ALEXANDER.* d.d. 140-88. (Dates are confusing). |
| 108 | KOREA | *STATE* of northern Korea annexed by China. |
| 108 | LAKIANG | *CHINA* conquered Lakiang in Korea. |
| 108 | MAURETANIA | *A COUNTRY* stretching from Ampsaga to Atlantic and embracing the western half of the Atlas range; its king Bocchus I, the father-in-law of Jugurtha, Joined him against Rome. |
| 107 | CAPSA | *MARCUS*, successor to Metellues, takes Capsa, an oasis in southera Tunisia. |
| 107 | GAUL | *DEFEAT* of Cassius in Gaul by Tigurini. |
| 107 | HUN | *CHAN SILU KING.* |
| 107-101 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY ALEXANDER AND CLEOPATRA III.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 107-63 | C. BOSPORUS | *MITHRADATES VI KING* of Pontus became ruler. |
| 106 | LIBYA | *WAS ANNEXED* by Romans as a province of Africa after Jugurthan War. |
| 106 | NUMIDIA | *SUBJUGATED* by Romans. |
| 106 | ROME | *CAEPIO QUINTUS SERVILIUS*, Roman Consul was Convicted in 103 and ended his days in exile in Smyrna. |
| 106 | TOLOSA | *A CITY* of Gallia Narbonnensis was colonised by Romans. |
| 106-48 | ROME | *POMPEIUS MAGNUS GNAEUS* (Pompey) Roman General, statesman, who opposed Caesar.<br>b. 106, d. 29th Sept., 48. |
| 106-43 | ROME | *CICERO MARCUS TULLIUS*, a Roman orator, philosopher, statesman administrator and soldier.<br>b. 30th Jan. 106 d. 7th Dec. 43. |
| 105 | ARAUSIO | *BATTLE*; armies of Q. Caepis and Milestius in Gaul was destroyed by Cimbi & Teutoni at Arausio, a town in Gallia Narbonenssis, modern Orange. |
| 105 | MILETUS | *ALEXANDER POLYHISTOTR* author of a history of the Jews. |
| 105 | WU SUN | *GUN-MA* (Sichu) *KING* born. |
| 105-? | NUMIDIA | *GAUDA KING* of Messinissa dynasty. |
| 104 | FERHANE | *GENERAL LIKUANG-LIO'S* campaign in Ferhane and states of Tarim basin, which became tributary states of China. |
| 104 | ROME | *LEX-DOMITIA DE SACREDOTUS* establishes election for priestly colleges. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 104 | ROME | *MACIUS* reorganises Roman army. |
| 104-103 | HUN | *SHULI-HU KING.* |
| 104-103 | JUDAEA | *ARISTOBULUS I*, the Hasmonian king. |
| 104-101 | EPHESUS | *ARTEMIDORUS*, a Greek navigator wrote 11 geographical books. |
| 104-101 | SICILY | *SERVILE WAR* Second. |
| 103 | CREMONA | *BIBACULUS, MARCUS FURIUS* born at Cremona, a Latin colony on the north bank of the Padus in 103, a Roman satiric poet and has also written in iambics. |
| 103 | ROME | *LEX FRUMENTARIAE* laws concerned with the distribution of grain. |
| 103-91 | HUN | *SHU-TI-HU*, Hun King. |
| 103-76 | JUDAEA | *ALEXANDER JANNAEUS*, the Hasmonian priest king. |
| 102 | AQ. SEXTAE | *BATTLE, MARCUS* defeats Teutoni near Aquae Sextae in Transalpine Gaul. |
| 102 | NAPLES | *LUCILIUS GAIUS* dies at Naples. |
| 102-44 | ROME | *CAESAR GAIUS JULIUS*, Roman general, conqueror, statesman and the greatest personality of the Roman world.<br>b. 12th July, 102. d. 15th March 44.<br>d.d. 100-44 |
| 101 | PAPHALGONIA | *MITHRIDATES III* Eupator and Nicomedes II of Bithynia partition Paphalgonia, a territory of Northern Asia Minor and occupy Gallatia. |
| 101 | VERCELLAE | *MACIUS & CATULUS* defeat Cimbri near Vercellae in Gallia Cisalpine, near the gold mines. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 101-88 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY X ALEXANDER I* and Cleopatra Bernice, daughter of Ptolemy IX. |
| 101-77 | CEYLON | *DUTHA GAMINI KING.* |
| 100 | BACTRIA | *YUEH-CHIH* crossed the Oxus and occupied southern part of Bactria. |
| 100 | CAPPADOCIA | *OCCUPIED*, Mithridates. |
| 100 | CYRENE | *PTOLEMY OF* Cyrene revived the sceptical school of philosophy about this time. |
| 100 | EGYPT | The cult of Isis, the mother goddess, spread from Egypt to the outer world and attracted women. |
| 100 | EPOREDIA | *FOUNDED* at the foot of Alps as a Roman Colony. |
| 100 | GADARA | *MELEAGER*, poet and philosopher, came from Gadara in Syria, lived in Tyre and retired to Cos in old age. |
| 100 | GAUL | *CATO, PUBLIUS VALERIUS*, Roman poet and grammarian, born in Cisalpine Gaul. |
| 100 | INDIA | *FIRST CHINA SHIP* reached the east coast of India. |
| 100 | INDIA | *ARTU AYAN* in the lands of Delhi, Jaipur and Agra. |
| 100 | ROME | *GLAUCIA GAIUS SERVILUS*, Roman demagogue died. |
| 100 | ROME | *VOLCACIUS SEDIGITUS* Latin author. |
| 100 | SMYRNA | *DION*, a Greek poet. |
| c100-96 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIANTHES* (Eusebes Philopator) *KING.* d.d. 100-88. |
| 100-78 | ROME | *QUADRIGARIUS* Quintus Claudius was a Roman historian covering the period of 390 B. C. to the time of Sulla. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 100-70 | COMMAGENE | *MITHRIDATES II* (Callinicus) *KING.* |
| 100-50 | INDIA | *SCYTHIAN* conquest of Kathiawar and Malwa. |
| 100-26 | ROME | *TYRANNIO* (Turannion=Theophrostus) a Greek grammarian of Amisus in Pontus. He divided philology in four divisions reading, textual criticism, exegesis and criticisms. He worked at Rome. He is called elder. |
| 100 A.D. 100 | INDIA | *UPAVARṢA* author of a commentary of Pūrva mīmāṁsā and Vedānta sūtra. |
| 100 A.D. 170 | INDIA | *NASIK CAVES* probable time. |
| 100 A.D. 250 | INDIA | *SANGAM AGE*, the golden age of Tamil literature. |
| 100 A.D. 300 | KOREA | *NANG-NANG* (Lolong) became Han colony. |
| 100 A.D. 300 | INDIA | *PATAÑJALI*, author of Yoga Sūtra probable time. d.d. 150. |
| 100 A.D. 300 | INDIA | *ŚAKA AND KUṢĀṆA* period. |
| 100 A.D. 300 | INDIA | *YĀJÑAVALKYA*—Smṛti and Viṣṇu Dharma Śāstra's probable time. |
| 100 A.D. 300 | ARABIA | *DHAT BADAN* (Sun) temple at Huggain, Yemen. |
| 99-55 | CAMPANIA | *LUCRETIUS CARUS TITUS*, Companian Roman poet and philosopher. According to him, atom alone is eternal and incorruptible, Gods were a little higher than mortals, and were immune from corruption and death. b. 96 or 95. d. 52-51, d.d. 51-50, 44. 99-54, 98-55. |
| 99-30 | GAUL | *NEPOS CORNELIUS* of Gaul, was born in Gaul Cisalpine. He wrote a universal history, life of Cicero, Cato the Censor. He was a biographer and historian, and included poetry in other forms of literature. He was a publisher also. d.d. 99-24 B.C. d.v. may be a native of Verona. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 98 | ROME | *LEX CAECILLIA DIDIA*, established procedure for valid legislation and gave the Senate power to decide on contested validity. |
| 98 | SPAIN | *REVOLTS* of Lustiani in Spain put down by the Romans. |
| 98-97 | HUN | *HULU-HU KING*. |
| 98-45 | ROME | *NIGIDIUS PIGULUS PUBLIUS*, a Roman scholar and mystic. The most learned man of his time. He died in exile in 45. |
| 97 | PONTUS | *MITHRIDATES VI EUPATOR DIONYSUS KING* the Great entered Cappadocia. |
| 97-29 | JAPAN | *EMPEROR* of Japan, separated the place of worship and imperial palace which were one before. |
| 96 | CYRENE | *A CITY* of north Africa, was bequeathed to Rome by Ptolemy Apion, illegitimate son of Ptolemy VIII. |
| 96 | CYRENICA | *PTOLEMY APION KING* died. |
| 96 | NABATAEA | *ARETAS II KING* died. |
| 96-95 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIARTHES VIII KING*. |
| 96-95 | SELEUCID | *ANTIOCHUS IX CYZICENUS* of Seleucid dynasty was killed in battle against Grypus' son, Seleucus VI Epiphanes Nicator. |
| 96-95 | SELEUCID | *SELEUCUS VI* Epiphanes Nicator, eldest son of Antiochus VIII Grypus by his wife Tryphaena, succeeded his father in 96 as Seleucid king and died in the following year. |
| 96-95 | SELEUCID | *ANTIOCHUS X* of Eusebes of Seleucid dynasty, son of Antiochus IX, routed Seleucus VI of Seleucid kingdom in 95. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 96-88 | SELEUCID | *DEMETRIUS II* Philopator. d.d. 95-88. |
| 96-87 | NABATAEA | *OBODAS I KING.* |
| 96-55 | ARMENIA | *TIGRANES KING* of Armenia, was the son-in-law of Mithridates of Pontus and in 83 he made himself master of the Seleucid empire from Euphrates to the sea. d.d. 95, 94-56, 95-55. |
| 95 | ROME | *LEX LICINIA* Mucia expels aliens from Rome. |
| 95 | ROME | *ORDERED* Mithridates to be out of Paphlagonia and Cappadocia. |
| 95 | ROME | *LEX LICINIA MUCIA* expels aliens. |
| 95-92 | SELEUCID | *ANTIOCHUS X EUSEBES PHILOPATOR KING* son of Antiochus IX. d.d. 93-83. |
| 95-80 | INDO-GREEK | *ZOILUS, DIONYSIUS, APOLLOPHANES KING.* |
| 95-85 | INDO-GREEK | *NICIAS KING.* |
| 95-85 | INDO-GREEK | *DEOMEDES KING.* |
| 95-80 | INDO-GREEK | *TELEPHUS KING.* |
| c95-62 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIARTHES VIII KING* died and the dynasty came to an end and Cappadocian nobles elected Ariobarzanes I Philo Romaios as their king who ruled from 95 to 62 B. C. d.d. 95-63/62. |
| 95-47 | ROME | *CATO UTICENSIS MARCUS PORCIUS* became Tribune of the plebs in 63. He sided with Pompey in the civil war. After Caesar's victory in civil war, he read Plato's Phaedo and committed suicide. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| c94-74 | BITHYNIA | *NICOMEDES IV PHILOPATOR KING* son of Nicomedes II, probable time. d.d. 94-75/74. |
| 94-68 | OSROENE | *ABGAR I KING* of Osroene a kingdom in north west of Mesopotamia. |
| 94-55 | LUCREITI | *LUCRETIUS* (*TITUS LUCRATIUS CARUS*) poet. dd. 98-55. |
| 93 | ARMENIA | *TIGRANES II KING* drives Ariobarzanes out of Cappadocia and married the daughter of Mithridates. |
| 93 | SELEUCID | *ANTIOCHUS IX PHILADELPHUS KING*. d.d. 94. |
| 93-84 | SELEUCID | *PHILIPUS I PHILADELPHUS KING* d.d. 84, 83. |
| 83-16 | INDIA | *BHARHUT AND SANCHI* railings were constructed. |
| 92 | CAPPADOCIA | *SULLA* restores Ariobarzanes. |
| 92 | PERSIA | *ROMANS* reached Euphrates. |
| 92 | ROME | *SUPPRESSION* of Latin Rhetores by censors. |
| 92 | ROME | *EXILE* of Rutilius Publius Rufus. |
| 92 | SELEUCID | *ANTIOCHUS XI* Epiphanes, son of Antiochus VIII by his wife Tryphaena, Seleucid dynasty. d.d. 84-8. |
| 92-83 | SELEUCID | *PHILIPPUS I* Epiphanes Philadelphus, son of Antiochus VIII by his wife Tryphaena, Seleucid king d.d. 94-83, 83-84. |
| 91 | ASCULUM | *MASSACRE* of Romans at Asculum in central Italy. |
| 91 | ITALY | *EUTRASCANS* received Roman franchise. |
| 91 | ROME | *DRUSUS* son of Marcus Livius, became the Tribune of the plebs in 91. His reforms were unpopular and he was murdered. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 91-88 | ROME | *OUTBREAK* of Social war in 91. d.d. 20-89, 91-87: |
| 91-87 | ITALY | *SOCIAL WAR* waged by Rome's Italian allies. |
| 91-81/80 | PARTHIA | *GOTARZES I KING.* d.d. 90-80. |
| 90 | CHINA | *SSU, MACH'IEN*, historian. |
| 90 | NABATAEA | *OBODAS I KING*, son of Aretas (Harinth) II. |
| 90 | RHODES | *POSIDONIUS* of Apmea begins lecturing and teaching at Rhodes. His time is calculated between 132-51/50 B. C. |
| 90 | ROME | *LEX JULIA* offers citizenship to all communities not in revolt. |
| 90-88 | ITALY | *MARSIAN* war. |
| 90-80 | MESENE | *TIRAEUS I KING.* |
| c90-43 | ROME | *HIRTIUS AULUS*, Roman historian and statesman, was born in 90. He was killed in battle against Mark Anthony at Mutina. |
| 89 | ARIMINUM | *OBTAINED* Roman citizenship, The modern name is Rimini. |
| 89 | ASCULUM | *CAPTURED* by Romans. |
| 89 | BOVIANUM | *BOVIANUM UNDECIMANORUM*, capital of Pentri Samnites, was captured by Sulla, Roman general. |
| 89 | PARTHIA | *MITHRIDATES*, Parthian king, contacted Sulla, the Roman general. |
| 89 | PONTUS | *WAR* between Mithridates VI of Pontus and Rome. |
| 89 | ROME | *LEX PLAUTIA PAPIRIA* offers citizenship to insurgents who withdrew straightway from revolt. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 89 | ROME | *LEX PONPEIA* defined status of Transpandana Gaul. |
| 89 | ROME | *PASITELES*, an Italianised Campanian Gaul sculptor and writer on arts, came to Rome and became Roman citizen. d.d. 90/89. |
| 89 | STABIAE | *A COASTAL TOWN* of Capmania, captured and destroyed by Sulla. d.d. 98-19 B.C. |
| 89-77 | CEYLON | *VATTAGAMINI KING*, established Sinhalese authority after Tamil rule of 12 years. |
| 88 | ROME | *SULLA* occupies Rome. |
| 88 | ASIA MINOR | *MITHRIDATES VI KING* of Pontus overruns Asia Minor and orders general massacre of Romans and Italians. |
| 88 | ATHENS | *JOINS* Mithridates VI of Pontus. |
| 88 | ATHENS | *RISING*, against Roman rule. |
| 88 | Rhodes | *MITHRIDATES VI* of Pontus drove back the Rhodian navy, landed on the island and the siege of Rhodes. |
| 88 | ROME | *SULLA* passed laws to strengthen Senate and weakan Tribunate. |
| 88 | UTICA | *KASSIUS DIONYSIUS* of Utica translated in Greek the work of Carthagian Mago on agriculture which became the standard work on the subject. |
| 88-84 | CIVIL WAR | *IN ROME* between Morius and Sulla. d.d. 88-82. |
| 88-84 | PONTUS | *THE FIRST MITHRIDATIC WAR* started as Nicomedes raided Pontic territory. Mithridates occupied most of Asia Minor. d.d. 88-63. |
| 88-80 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY VIII SOTER II* (Lathyrus) *KING* son of Ptolemy VII by his wife Cleopatra III, restored. d.d. 88-81. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 88-50 | NUMIDIA | *HIEMPSAL II KING.* |
| 88-44 | INDO-PARTHIA | *VONONES KING* with several vassal rulers including Śaka rulers of Kabul Archosia, Gandhar, Taxila, etc. d.d. 69-60. |
| 87 | CHINA | *EMPEROR WU* died. |
| 87 | GREECE | *SULLA* lands in Greece. |
| 87 | PARTHIA | *MITHRIDATES II* died. d.d. 88 B.C. |
| 87 | ROME | *CATULUS* Quintus Lutatius was a Consul of Rome in 102, an orator and poet, returned from China in 87 and died soon after, probably in 61 B.C. |
| 87 | ROME | *SENATORS* in great numbers were massacred by Cinna and Sertorius. |
| 87-84 | SELEUCID | *ANTIOCHUS XII*, (Dionysus) *KING* son of Antiochus VIII Philomator (Grypus) by his wife Tryphaena. |
| 87-81 | ALABANDA | *APOLLONIUS MOLON*, of Alabanda a city of N. Caria rhetorician, lectured at Rhodes and visited Rome in 87-81. Taught Cicero and other Romans and won success as a pleader. d.v. He went to Rome as an Ambassdor from Rhodians. |
| 87-74 | CHINA | *EMPEROR CHAO* of Han dynasty. |
| 87-62 | NABATAE | *ARETAS III KING.* |
| 87-57 | VERONA | *CATULLUS GAIUS VALAERIUS* Roman poet. |
| 86 | ARMENIA | *TIGRANES KING* ravages Cappadocia. |
| 86 | ATHENS | *SULLA* sacked Athens. |
| 86 | ATHENS | *FALL* of Athens. |
| 86 | BITHYNIA | *MITHRIDATES VI* of Pontus captured Bithynia, and conquered many Roman provinces and put 80,000 Romans to death. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 86 | CHAERONEA | *ARCHELOUS*, general of Mithridates and by birth a Cappadocian, was defeated by Sulla at Chaeronea. |
| 86 | ROME | *BRUTUS* Marcus Junius was born. He was a conspirator against the life of Caesar. |
| 86 | ROME | *CINNA* became Consul for three successive years. |
| 86-35 | AMITERNUM | *SALLUSTIUS CRISPUS* Gaius a Roman historian, his work was in continuation of those written by Sesenna. He was born at Amiternum in 86 B.C. He died at Rome in 35 or 34 B.C. d.d. 87, 86-39, 86-34. |
| 85 | COELE SYRIA | *ARATUS KING.* |
| 85 | DARDANUS | *A TREATY* was concluded between Mithridates and Sulla. a Roman general (August) at Dardanus. |
| 85 | INDO:GREEK | *THEOPHILUS KING* before 85. d.d. 75. |
| 85 | NABAT | *THE KINGDOM OF NABAT* (Nabataea) extends to Damascus. The capital of the kingdom was at Petra. After the decline of Seleucid empire, an independent kingdom was formed. They used Aramaic as the official and literary language. They were dangerous rivals to Jews. Nabat kingdom was east of Syria and south-east of Palestine, i.e. between Syria and Arabia from the Red Sea to the Euphrates. |
| c85 | ROME | *CORNIFICIUS*, Latin rhetorician flourished. |
| 85-80 | INDIA | *MAUSE.* |
| 85-75 | INDO-GREEK | *AMYATAS KING.* |
| 85-70 | INDO-GREEK | *HIPPOSTRATUS KING.* |
| 85-46 | NUMIDIA | *JUBA I KING.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 85-42 | ROME | *BRUTUS, DECIMUS, JUNIUS* murdered. |
| 84 | ITALY | *CINNA LUCIUS CORNELIUS* was killed by mutineers. |
| 84 | ROME | *NEW CITIZENS* distributed through all tribes. |
| 84 | ROME | *SULLA CONCLUDED PEACE* with Mithridates. |
| 84-54 | VERONA | *CATULLUS GAIUS VALERIUS* born at Verona was a Roman poet and a friend of Julius Caesar. d.d. 87-57. |
| 83 | GERSA | *A CITY* of Palestine on the east side of Jordan, captured by Alexander Jannaeus. |
| 83 | ROME | *SULLA* lands in Italy. |
| 83 | ROME | *SULLA* brings the text of Aristotle's works to Rome. |
| 83-69 | SELEUCID | *TIGRANES KING.* |
| 83 | SYRIA | *OCCUPIED* by Tigranes of Armenia. |
| 83-82 | PONTUS | *SECOND MITHRIDATIC WAR* on provocation of Murena, Roman General. He raided across the Halys river but was defeated. d.d. 81. |
| 83-30 | ROME | *MARK ANTONY* (Antonius Marcus) Roman general and statesman. He made funeral oration after the death of Caesar and read his will. He married Cleopatra and died with her. The marriage was not valid under Roman law. b. 83, d. 30 on Aug. 3. d.d. 82-30. |
| 82 | CAPPADOCIA | *MURENA LUCIUS LICINIUS,* Roman general, driven out of Cappadocia. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 82 | ITALY | *CIVIL WAR* in Italy. |
| 82 | PAVENTIA | *A TOWN* 35 miles south-west of Ravenna, where Quintus Caecilius Metellus Pius defeated Papirius Carrbo and C. Norbonus. The town was famous for linen and vine. |
| 82 | POMPEII | *AMPHITHEATRE* erected. |
| 82 | ROME | *RETURN* of Sulla, Proscription and restoration of Senate supremacy on executive. |
| 82 | SPAIN | *SERTORIUS* Quintus a Sabina from Nursia, left Italy and secured Spain. |
| 82-72 | INDIA | *DEVABHUTI KING*, the last king of the Śuṅga dynasty. d.d. 78-68. |
| 82-69 | PHOENICIA | *TIGRANES I* rules Phoenicia. |
| 81 | BERYTUS | (*BEIRUT*) *TIGRANES* made it a free city. |
| 81 | FLORENCE | *FOUNDED*. |
| 81 | NUMIDIA | *HIEMPSAL KING*, son of Mastanabal and half brother of Jugartha, was expelled by Cn. Domitius Ahenobarbus, leader of the Marian party in Africa. |
| 81 | ROME | *SULLA* reforms criminal law. |
| 81 | SPAIN | *ANNIUS LUSCUS* drives Sertorius out of Spain. |
| 81-79 | ROME | *SULLA* became the dictator of Rome and Sullan proscription was given effect to. Nearly 5000 of his opponents were out-lawed and their property confiscated. He resigned in 79 and retired to private life. |
| 80 | BOSPORUS | *CONQUERED* by Mithridates VI of Pontus. |
| 80 | CEYLON | *BUDDHIST* scripture Abhaya Batta Gamini was composed about this time. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 80 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY XII* Theos Philopator Philadelphus, son of Ptolemy IX was proclaimed king of Egypt on the nomination of Sulla, but was murdered. d.d. 80-80, life 140-88. |
| 80 | INDIA | *VIJAYA KING* of Kashmir ruled for 8 years. d.d. Kali-3034, L-3009. B.C. 67. Kali-2021, L-2996. |
| 80 | INDO-GREEK | *STRATO II KING* rules jointly with Strato I. |
| 80 | POMPEII | *AMPHITHEATRE* the first permanent stone stadium was erected in Pompeii, a city of Compania at the foot of Mt. Vesuvius for gladiator show. |
| 80 | ROME | *CURIA CORNELIA*, architecture at Rome. |
| 80 | SPAIN | *SERTORIUS* lands again in Spain. He leads revolt of Lustaini and organises an army. |
| | | d.d. life 116-51 born between 116-108 succeeded to the throne in 80 but was expelled in 58, was restored in 55. |
| 80-77/76 | PARTHIA | *CRODES I KING.*<br>d.d. 80-78, 80-76/75. |
| 80-72 | EBORA | *A TOWN* of Hispania Ulterior was the headquarters of Sertorius. |
| 80-51 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY XI* (Neosdionysos Auletes Alexander II *KING* son of Ptolemy VIII by his concubine. |
| 79 | ATHENS | *CICERO* started his study in Athens. |
| 79 | POMPOII | *VESUVIUS VOLCANO*—eruption and destruction of Pompeii. |
| 79 | ROME | *CHERY* trees, imported to Rome from Asia minor for the first time. |
| 79 | ROME | *SULLA* lays down the dictatorship. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 79 | SPAIN | *METELLUS PIUS*, Roman general was defeated by Sertorius and rising of Sertorius in Spain. |
| 78 | INDIA | *SCYTHIANS* entered India through Bolan Pass and settled in lower Sindh and removing the Indo-Greeks from Taxila, established their kingdom in Taxila and Punjab. |
| 78 | ISAURIA | *THE ROMANS CONQUERED* Isauria a district of Asia Minor between Pisiria and Cilicia on the north face of mount Taurui. d.d. 76-71. |
| 78 | ROME | *DEATH* of Sulla. |
| 78 | ROME | *LEPIDUS MARCUS AEMILIUS*, son of M. Aemilius Lepidus, Roman statesman, attempted to overthrow the Sullan constitution. |
| 78 | SALONAE | *A ROMAN COLONY* was made. It was a town of Dalmatia and is known as Salona. |
| 78-48 | MESSENE | *TIRAEUS II KING.* |
| 77 | GAUL | *TRANSALPINE GAUL* revolt was crushed by Pompey. |
| 77 | ROME | *LEPIDUS*—defeat and death. |
| 77 | ROME | *POMPEY* appointed to crush Sertorius in Spain. |
| 77 | SPAIN | *PERPERNA VEINTOMARCUS* joins Sertorius. |
| 77-70 | PARTHIA | *SINATRUCES KING.*<br>d.d. 77/76-70/69, 76/75-70/69. |
| 77-59 | CEYLON | *SIDDHA TISSA KING* ruled for 18 years. Buddha Era 406-424.<br>d.d. 137 B.C. |
| 76 | ROME | *SESENA LUCIUS CORNELIUS*, historian. |
| 76 | SPAIN | *SERTORIUS* successful against Pompey and Metellus. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 76 | SPAIN | *SERTORIUS* makes agreement with Mithridates VI. |
| 76-72 | CALAGURRIS | *SITUATED IN NORTH* east of Spain famous for defence by Sertorius against Pompey. |
| 76-67 | JUDAEA | *SHALOME ZION ALEXANDRA*, Hasmonean Queen, succeeded her husband Jannaeus Alexander. |
| 76-5 | ROME | *POLLIO GAIUS ASINIUS*, Roman orator, poet and historian. His history covered the period from 60 B.C. to the battle of Philippi in 42. He was the first man who established a public library in Rome. |
| 75 | BRITAIN | *BELGAE*, a Celtic Germanic tribe of north-east Gaul, migrated to southern Britain. |
| 75 | BYZANTIUM | *TIMOMACHUS*, a Byzantium painter. His painting of Medea murdering her child and his Ajax were purchased by Julius Caesar for 80 talents ; flourished. |
| 75 | INDIA | *BHAJA CAVES* probable date. |
| c75 | INDIA | *MAHĀVASTU* probable time. |
| 75 | INDIA | *MATHURA* conquered by Śakas. |
| 75 | ROME | *LEX AURELIA* relicves Tribunes of disability to hold other offices. |
| 75/74 | BITHYNIA | *NICOMEDES III KING* bequeathed his kingdom to Romem which became a Roman province. d.d. 74. |
| 75-55 | INDO GREEK | *HERMAEUS KING.* |
| 75-50 | INDIA | *MAUES* or Moya, Śaka king. |
| 75-20 | INDIA | *ŚAKA AND PALHAVA* became powerful in Punjab. d.v. Śaka conquest of Gāndhāra. 70 B.C. |
| 74 | CYRENE | *MADE* a Roman province. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 74 | BITHYNIA | *MITHRIDATES* declares war on Rome and invades Bithynia ; beginning of the third Mithridatic war. d.d. 74-63, 74-64. |
| 74 | ROME | *MAECENAS GAIUS*, Roman Statesman probably from Arretium, patron of Horace, Virgil and Propertius, great literary personage of the age, born between 74-64 B.C. |
| 74 | PONTUS | *THIRD MITHRIDATIC WAR.* |
| 74-48 | CHINA | *EMPEROR HSIN OF HAN* dynasty. |
| 74-14 | ROME | *RUFUS LUCIUS VARIUS*, Roman poet and author of one of the greatest tragedy "Thyestes". |
| 75 A.D. 40 | ROME | *ROMAN EMPIRE* period. |
| 74 A.D. 27 | TARSUS | *ATHENODORUS* of Tersus, son of Sandon, a stoic philosopher, was born in 74th at Canana, thus was surnamed Cananites. |
| 73 | CAPUA | SPARTACUS, a Thracian gladiator, who led a revolt on Capua. |
| 73 | CHINA | *FALL* of Sui and rise of Chow-dynasty. |
| 73 | KOREA | *KI-SUP KING* of Mahan. |
| 73 | ROME | *LEX TERNENTIA CASSIA FRUMENTARIA*, providing for a supply of a moderate quantity of cheap grain to the city. |
| 73-71 | ITALY | *THE THIRD SERVILE WAR* under Spartacus begins. He was a Thracian Shepherd. He served in the Roman army. He deserted the army and was taken prisoner and was sold to a trainer of gladiators. He became the leader of slave rebels who wanted to be free. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 73-4 | JUDAEA | *HERODE* was born in 73 B.C. in South Palestine and was declared the king of Judaea in 40 B.C. He captured Jerusalem in 37 and died in B.C. 4 |
| 73 | RHYNDACUS | *L. LUCULLUS* relieves Cyzacus and defeates Mithridates on the Rhyndacus in Asia Minor. |
| 73 | SICILY | *VERRES GAIUS* Roman pro-Consul. |
| 72 | BALKANS | *MARCUS LUCULLUS*, governor of Macedonia, defeats Bessi and Dardani who lived on the bank of the Moraua river. |
| 72 | CABIRA | *BATTLE*, L. Lucullus defeats Mithridates of Pontus Northern Turkey. d.d. 71. |
| 72 | GAUL | *INVADED BY SUEBI* a tribal people on the main river. |
| 72 | INDIA | *JAYENDRA KING* of Kashmir rules for 37 years. |
| | | Kali 329. L-304. d.d. 3042. L-3017. B. C. 59. |
| 72 | ITALY | *CONTINUED SUCCESS* of Spartacus who defeated three Roman armies and reached Gaul. d.d. 68-59, 69-? |
| 72 | ROME | *THE COLOSSAL* statue of Apollo by Calomis was removed to Rome from Apollonia, a city of Thrace on Euxine. |
| 72 | SPAIN | *SERTORIUS ASSASSINATED.* |
| 72 | SPAIN | *PERPERN DEFEATED* by Roman army under Pompey. |
| 72-63 | INDIA | *VASUDEVA KAṆVA*, king founder of Kaṇva dynasty. d.d. 75-30. |
| 72-28 | INDIA | *KAṆVA* dynasty in Magadha. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 71 | ARMENIA | *MITHRIDATES* routed by Luccullus and takes refuge with Tigranes in Armenia. |
| 71 | ITALY | *SERVILE III WAR*, Spartacus, a slave was the leader of 90,000 men and defeated two Roman forces and occupied southern Italy. In 72 they reached the foot of the Alps and were defeated by the Praetor M. Licinius Crassus, who killed Spartacus. |
| 71 | PONTUS | *AMISIS*, a town, stronghold of Pontus, was captured by L. Lucullus. |
| 71 | ROME | *POMPEY* returns from Spain. |
| 71 | SUEBI | *ARISVISTUS KING* invaded Gaul at the invitation of Atverni and saquani and defeated Adedui of Gallic tribe. |
| 70 | DAMASCUS | *NABATAEAN* occupation of Damascus was intermittent. |
| 70 | INDIA | *DHENUKALI* mentioned in Kanheri and Carli caves is supposed to be the name of Greek citizen Crates. |
| 70 | ROME | *THE FIRST* Consulship of Crassus and Pompey. |
| 70 | ROME | *THE POWER* of Tribune restored. |
| 70 | ROME | *LEX AURELIA* : Sullan constitution was modified by passing a law under which criminal juries were to consist in equal parts of Senators. |
| 70-69 | ROME | *CENSUS* : Republican census of Rome numbers 9,10,000 men of military age. |
| 70-57 | PARTHIA | *PHRAATES III KING*.<br>d d. 70-58, 70/69-58/57. |
| 70-35 | COMMAGENE | *ANTIOCHUS I* Theos Dikaios Epiphanes, Philoromaion Philhellens. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 70-19 | CISAPLPINE | *GAUL VERGILIUS MARO PUBLIUS VIRGIL*, Latin Poet, was born at Andes near Mantua. |
| 69 | AMENIA | *LUCULLUS* invades Amenia. |
| 69 | ATHENS | *APOLLONIUS*, son of Nestor of Athens, sculptor, his statue of Jupiter, Capitolinus was perhaps dedicated in 69 B.C. |
| 69 | PALESTINE | *DYNASTIC WAR.* |
| 69 | SELEUCID | *ANTIOCHUS XIII* Asiaticus.<br>d.d. 69-74. |
| 69-60 | ARCHOSIA | *VONONES KING* of Archosia and Eastern Iran. |
| 69-30 | EGYPT | *CLEOPATRA VII* daughter of Ptolemy XII. |
| 68 | CRETE | *CONQUERED* by Rome and became a Roman Province. |
| 68 | INDIA-CHINA | *KASHYAPA MATAṄGA* and Dharma Ratna reached China and translated Buddhist books. |
| 68 | NISIBIS | *LUCULLUS* captures Nisibis a city in Mygdonia in N. eastern Mesopotamia (Antiochia Mygdonisa) on the river Tigris. |
| 68 | PONTUS | *MITHRIDATES VI* defeats Fabius. |
| 68 | ROME | *MITHRAISM* introduced into Rome from Asia Minor. |
| 68-67 | ROME | *Q. CAECILIUS METELLUS PIUS* defeated the Mediterranean pirates. |
| 68-53 | OSROENE | *ABYAR II KING.* |
| 67 | CILICIA | *A DISTRICT* of the south-east coast of Asia Minor, famous for goat-skin hair cloth and tent, was subdued by Pompey. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 67 | JUDAEA | *DEATH* of queen Salome Alexandra and beginning of civil war in Judaea. |
| 67 | ROME | *SISENNA* Lucius Comelius, Roman annalist. He died in Crete at the age of about fiftytwo in 67. d.d. 68. |
| 67 | ROME | *LEX-CORNELIA* measures of the tribune Cornelius. |
| 67 | ROME | *LEX GABINIAE* provides establishment of command against the pirates. The forbidding of the lending of money to provincials in Rome and the month of February was fixed for the audience of foreign legati to Senate. |
| 67 | ROME | *MITHRAISM* (Mitra) *CULT* of Persia (sun worship) reached Rome. |
| 67 | ZELA | *ROMANS* were defeated by Mithridates at Zela, a city south of Pontus. |
| 67-66 | SELUCID | *SELEUCID KING* Philippus II. |
| 67-63 | JUDAEA | *ARISTOBULUS II KING* Hasmonean the younger son of Jannaeus. |
| 66 | CRETE | *BECAME* Roman province. |
| 66 | PARTHIA | *POMPEY* entered into agreement with Phrates III of Parthia and attacked Tigranes. |
| 66 | PONTUS | *MIRTHIDATES VI KING* defeated by Pompey. |
| 66 | ROME | *THE COMMAND* of the Mediterranean conferred on Pompey for three years. |
| 66 | ROME | *LEX MANILIA* conferred on Pompey command against Mithridates and Tigranes with Imperium over all provinces of Asia Minor. |
| 66 | ROME | *MACER GAIUS LICINIUS* a Latin author and annalist. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 66 | ROME | *THE FIRST* conspiracy of Catiline. |
| 66 | ROME | *POMPEY* supersedes Lucullus. |
| 66-65 | JERUSALEM | *CAPTURED* by Pompey after three months of siege. |
| 66-43 | ROME | *CICERO QUINTUS TULLIUS*, son of Cicero Quintus Tullius. He was killed with his father in proscription in Dec. 43. |
| 65 | ALBANI | *POMPEY*'s campaign against Albani, a territory east of Caucasus and west of Caspian. Albani people worshipped sun and moon and honoured old age. |
| 65 | ARABIA | *PETRA*, the capital of Nabataei, was visited by Pompey. It was the first contact between Rome and Nabataei. |
| 65 | CRIMEA | *MITHRIDATES* fled to Crimea. |
| 65 | IBERIA | *POMPEY'S* campaign against Iberia, a country in south of the Caucasus, north-east Armenia between the black sea and Caspian. |
| 65 | NABATAEA | *ARAETAS KING* (Harith) invaded Judaea. |
| 65 | PERGAMUM | *ATHENODORUS CORDYLION* was the head of the library at Pergamum. He settled afterwards in Rome where he died at an advanced age some time after 47 B.C. |
| 65 | PONTUS | *AMASIS* was made a free city in 65 B.C. by Pompey. It was the capital of Pontic king, Mithridates the Great who was born in the City. |
| 65 | ROME | *CICERO MARCUS TULLUS*, spoiled son of Cicero the orator born. |
| 65 | ROME | *SERVIUS SULPICIUS REFUS*, an orator and jurist as well as a prolific writer, flourished, died 43, January. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 65 | ROME | *CARASSUS*' Censorship and his intrigues for power in Spain and Egypt failed. |
| 65 | SYRIA | *ANTIOCHUS XIII* (Asiaticus) deposed and end of Seleucid dynasty. |
| 65-65 | SELEUCID | *PHILIPPUS II KING*, son of Philip I Epiphanes Philadelphus. d.d. 67-66. |
| 65-62 | ASIA | *POMPEY* reorganises Roman possessions in Asia. |
| 65-25 | ANCYRA | *A CITY* of Phrygia settled by Galatians, was governed by her own ruler. |
| 65-8 B.C. | VENUSIA | *HORACE* (Quintus Horatius Flaccus) a Latin poet and a soldier who remained unmarried. He was born on 8th Dec., 65 B.C. at Venusia in Central Italy on the border of Apulia and Lucania and died on 27th Nov. in 8 B.C. |
| 65-10 A.D. | ALEXANDRIA | *DIDYMUS*, Greek scholar and Grammarian who worked at Alexandria and Rome. d.d. 80-10 B.C. |
| 64 | ANTIOCH | *CAPITAL* of Roman Syria. |
| 64 | CAMMGENE | *ANTIOCHUS I KING*, son of Mithradates submitted to Pompey and received a Satrapi of Mesopotamia. |
| 64 | DAMASCUS | *NICOLAUS* of Damascus born in a Greek family was secretary and confidant of Herod the Great, king of Judaea. He has written 144 books of history and the biography of Augustus Caesar. |
| 64 | DAMASCUS | *POMPEY* in Damascus. d.d. 63. |
| 64 | JAFFA | *JAFFA*, a city of Israel, was included in the Roman province of Syria. It was destroyed by Vespasian during the Jewish war in 68 A.D. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 64 | JERUSALEM | *POMPEY* takes Jerusalem. |
| 64 | ROME | *LEX PAPIA* non-citizens of Rome were evicted from Rome. It was designed to stop illegal exercise of citizen rights by expelling from Rome all foreigners who resided outside Italy. |
| 64-17 | ROME | *HYGINUS* a freed spainiard, one of the greatest scholars of his time. |
| 64 | ROME | *MESALLA CORVINUS MERCUS VALERIUS* statesman, orator and soldier. |
| 64 | SYRIA | *POMPEY* organises Syria as a Roman province. |
| 63 | AMISUS | *POMPEY* passed his winter in the city of Amisus on the coast of Pontus. |
| 63 | COLCHIS | *BECAME* a Roman province, a district of Asia Minor, famous for its linen. |
| 63 | DECAPOLIS | *A LEAGUE* of 10 cities on the eastern side of the upper Jordan and lake of the Tiberias, was formed. |
| 63 | GADAR | *POMPEY* captured Gadar, a city of Coele, Syria, south of Asiatic Sarmata east of Euxine sea, Armenia and west of Liberia. |
| 63 | JUDAEA | *POMPEY* imposed Roman law and Judaea was incorporated into a province of Roman empire. The end of Hasmonaean power. (Spring) |
| 63 | JUDAEA | *ARISTOBOLUS II*, sent to Rome. |
| 63 | PONTUS | *PHARANACE II* rebelled against his father Mithridates VI. |
| 63 | PALESTINE | *POMPEY* completed his conquest. |
| 63 | PONTUS | *MITHRIDATES VI* ordered a Gallic mercenary to kill him and he died. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 63 | ROME | *CICERO* became Consul of Rome and crushed the conspiracy of Cataline. |
| 63 | ROME | *SECOND CONSPIRACY OF CATALINE* failed and execution of the conspirators. |
| 63 | ROME | *SHORT HAND* system was invented by Marcus Tullius a freed slave of Cicero. |
| 63 | ROME | *CICERO'S* consulship. |
| 63/62-52 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIOBARZANES II* Philopator. |
| 63-49 | INDIA | *BHUMITRA* Kāṇva, king succeeded his father Vasudeva. d.d. 49-45. |
| 63-47 | C. BOSPORUS | *PHARNACUS II* (Pharnaces) *KING* ruler of Cimmerian Bosporus. |
| 63-40 | JUDAEA | *HYRCANUS II*, elder brother of Aristobolus II. |
| 63-25 | INDIA | *LIAK KUSULAK*, Satrap of Chhatra and Chukhas under Mog. |
| 63-14 | ROME | *OCTAVIUS*, born in 63, at Rome, became Augustus Caesar and the first Roman Emperor. |
| 63-12 | ROME | *AGRIPPA MARCUS VIPSANIUS*, Roman general and statesman. After the murder of Caesar he advised Augustus Caesar to act at once. He was adviser of Augustus till his death and worked in various capacities and was responsible for many constructions in Rome. b. 64 or 63, d. end of March, 12 B.C. |
| 62 | BITHYNIA | *BECAME* a Roman province. |
| 62 | CILICIA | *BECAME* a Roman province, a district on the south coast of Asia Minor between Pamphylia and Syria, |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 62 | FLORENCE | *FOUNDED.* |
| 62 | PAPHLGONIA | *ATTALUS EPIPHANES KING* over a part. |
| 62 | ITALY | *BRUNDISIUM* Pompey lands in Italy and disbands his army at Brundisium (Dec.). d.d. 61. |
| 62 | JUDAEA | *POMPEY* makes Hyrcanus High Priest in Judaea. the southern part of Palestine bounded by Arabia, Egypt, Phoenicia, the Mediteranean sea and part of Syria. |
| 62 | PISTORIAE | *CATILINE LUCIUS SERGIUS* was defeated and killed in Pistoriae (Jan.) a town of Etruria. He was born in c. 109 B.C. at Rome. |
| 62 | SOLONIUM | *ROSICUS GALLUS QUINTUS* most famous actor of Rome died. |
| 62-01 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIOBARZANES II KING* Philopator. d.d. 62-54. |
| 62 A.D. 395 | PALESTINE | *UNDER* Roman domination. |
| 62-47 | NABATAEA | *OBODAS II KING.* |
| 62 A D. 25 | AMASEIA | *STRABO* of Amaseia, Pontus, was a Greek geographer and historian. His geography is found intact.<br>d.d. b. 63, d. after 21 A.D. 64/63, A.D. 21. |
| 60 | ASIA MINOR | *ACCESSION OF AMYNTS*, a Client-king of the Romans in Asia Minor. |
| 60 | HALVETTI | *DECIDE* to migrate westward. They were a Celtic people who occupied territory bounded on the west by Jura, on the south by Rhone, and the lake of Geneva, on the north and east by the Rhine to lake Constance. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 60 | INDIA | *SAKA* conquest of Mathura. d.d. 75. |
| 60 | ROME | *THE FIRST TRIUMVIRATE* of Pompey, Caesar and Grassus was formed in Rome.<br>d.v. It was wholly unofficial.<br>d.d. 63. |
| 60 | ROME | *CAESAR* returns from Spain. |
| 60 | ROME | *DIODOTUS* Stoic teacher of Cicero died. |
| 60-90 | AGYRIUM | *DIODORUS SICULUS* a Greek historian and author of world history. |
| 60-50 | SPAIN | *POMPEY* ruled on behalf of Rome. |
| 60-40 | NUMEDIA | *JUBA I KING.* |
| 60-20 | ROME | *ROMAN LOVE-ELEGY* developed in this period. |
| 60-5 | ROME | *DIONYSUS* of Halicarnassus who settled in Rome, after 20 or 22 years of research, wrote the history of Rome from mythical period to the first Punic War in 20 books. He lived and taught at Rome from 30 B.C. |
| 59 | COMUM | *A TOWN* in Gallia Cisalpina, Caesar sent 5000 colonists and it was named Novum Comum. The city was famous for iron industry. |
| 59 | CEYLON | *THULTHAN* (Tullathana=Tulana) *KING* ruled for one month three days. Buddha Era 424. d.d. 119. |
| 59 | EGYPT | *SENATE* of Rome recognises Ptolemy XI Auletes as king of Egypt. |
| 59 | FLORENCE | *THE ANCIENT ROMAN COLONY*, was rebuilt by Julius Caesar. |
| 59 | ROME | *ACTA SENATUS*, Caesar ordered the publication of the proceeding of Roman Senate. |
| 59 | ROME | *ACTA DUIRANA* a daily Gazette, was instituted by Caesar in Rome, |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 59 | ROME | *JULIA*, the daughter of Caesar by his wife Cornelia, married to Pompey and died in 54 B.C. in childbirth. |
| 59 | ROME | *LEX VATINIAE* gives Caesar command of Cisalpina, Gaul and Illyrium and Senate of Rome added Transalpine Gaul. |
| 59 | ROME | *CALPURNIA*, the third wife Caesar married. She tried to prevent Caesar on 15th March 44 B.C. not to attend Senate. |
| 59-50 | CEYLON | *LANJJA TISS* (Lajjitissa=Sadtisa=Tishabaya) *KING* ruled for 9 years 15 days. Buddha Era 424-532. |
| 59-19 | ROME | *TIBULUS AUIUS ALBIUS*, famous for fanciful expression in his Roman elegies. d.d. born between 55 and 48 B.C. |
| 59 A.D. 17 | PATVIUM | *LIVY* (Titus Livius), Latin historian, was born at Patvium in Cisalpina. His history of Rome covered the period 742-9 B.C. and out of 142 books 1-2, 21-30, 31-45 only seven survived. d.d. 64 A D. 12. |
| 58 | AGYRIUM | *DIODORUS SUCULUS*, a native of Agyrium in Sicily, Greek historian and contemporary of Caesar. He is the author of Bibliotheca Historica in 40 books. It covers the history from the beginning to the Gallic War of Caesar. Only I-V, XI-XX mythical history of Egypt, Assyria, Aethiopia and Greece and 480-302 and some fragments also survived. |
| 58 | ALEXANDRIA | *PTOLEMY XI* driven out of Alexandria. |
| 58 | CYPRUS | *CATO* sent to take over Cyprus and it became a Roman province. |
| 58 | GAUL | *ROMAN ARMY* enters Vesontio in Gaul. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 58 | HELVETII | *CAESAR* conquers Helvetii. |
| 58 | INDIA | *AGIS I KING*, Indo-Parthian king of Archosia and Punjab, succeeded Maues. d.d. 90, 50. |
| 58 | KOREA | *KI-LUN KING* of Mahan. |
| 58 | ROME | *THEATRE* of Cicero built. |
| 58 | ROME | *CICERO* banished. |
| 58 | ROME | *FREE CORN DOLE* for 320,000 Romans. |
| 58/57-55 | PARTHIA | *MITHRADATES III KING*. |
| 58-55 | EGYPT | *BERENICE IV KING*. |
| 58-51 | GAUL | *JULIUS CAESAR* begins the conquest of Gaul or Gallic War. d.d. 58-48. |
| 58-18 | PARTHIA | *VONONES* (Vanan), Viceroy of eastern Iran. |
| 57 | EGYPT | *FLIGHT OF PTOLEMY XI*, Auleteo to Rome. |
| 57 | GAUL | *NERVII*, a warlike people of Belgic Gaul defeated by Caesar in north-western Gaul. |
| 57 | INDIA | *VIKRAMA SAMVAT* commenced on Thrusday, Sept. 18th as prevalent in Western India. In N. India, the year begins with full moon of Chaitra (instead of Karttika) making epoch Sunday Feb. 23rd, B.C. 57 or Kali 30-44 expired. It is also called Kṛta or Malava Saṁvat. |
| 57 | KOREA | *SILLA* kingdom founded. t.d. |
| 57 | KOREA | *HYUK-KU-SE KING* of Silla. |
| 57 | PARTHIA | *CIVIL WAR* in Parthia between Mithridates III and Orodes II. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 57 | RHINE | *CAESAR* defeats Belgae, a Celtic-Germanic tribe on the lower Rhine. |
| 57 | ROME | *RIOTING* in Rome between Claudius a notorious Roman profligate politician and Milo, a Tribune of the Plebs. |
| 57-38/37 | PARTHIA | *ORODES III KING.* d.d. 55-38/37, 58-59, 57-39, 57-38, 57-37/36, 56-38. |
| 57 | ROME | *CICERO* returns from exile due to Tribune Milo. |
| 57-55 | BRITANNY | *CONQUERED* by Caesar. |
| 56 | AQUITANEA | *CAESAR* conquered Aquitani people inhabiting Aquitanea. a territory of Gaul bounded on the west by Spain, north Lugdunum and south by Gallia Narbonensis. |
| 56 | FRANCE | *VENETI*, a Gallic tribe, living in Morbihan department of France (the southern coast of Britanny), was a trading community conquered by Caesar. The attack was directed by Caesar personally. |
| 56 | LUCA | *TRIUMVIRATE* of Caesar Pompey and Crassus was renewed at Luca, a city of Liguria in south Italy. |
| 56 | NORTH SEA | *CAESAR* conquers Morini, a people of Belgic Gaul on the shore of North Sea. d.d. 57. |
| 55 | LAHAN ETC. | *USIPETES AND TETCTERI*, German tribes inhabiting the basin of Lahan and the Rhur, were massacred by Caesar. |
| 56 | ROME | *POMPAY* and Crassus became consuls. |
| 56 | ROME | *CATO* returns from Cyprus. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 56/55-34 | ARMENIA | *ARTAVASDES II KING.* |
| 55 | ROME | *DEDICATION* of the first stone theatre in Rome by Pompey. |
| 55 | ALEXANDRIA | *TIMAGENES* of Alexandria went to Rome as a prisoner. After becoming a free man he wrote some books containing the history of Mediteranean people. |
| 55 | BRITAIN | *CAESAR* landed near Dover and defeated the opposing Britons and withdrew after 17 days. |
| 55 | CORDUBA | *SENECA LUCIUS ANNAEUS*, a Latin Rhetorician was born at Corduba in Spain and died in Rome.<br>d.d. 34 B.C.–65 A.D., 55 B.C. 38 A.D. |
| 55 | GAUL | *CAESAR* attacked Gaul. |
| 55 | RHINE | *BRIDGE ON PILES* was constructed on Rhine river in 10 days near Coblenz by Caesar. |
| 55 | RHINE | *CAESAR* crossed and entered the territory of Ubu, a German tribe living in Rhine basin near Cologne. |
| 55 | ROME | *AESOPUS CLAUDIUS*, famous Roman tragic actor, appeared last time at the dedication of Pompey's theatre in 55 when his voice failed and he left the stage. |
| 55 | ROME | *THEATRE* of Pompey at Rome. |
| 55 | ROME | *LEX POMPEIA LICINEA* assigned command to three members of Triumvirate. |
| 55 | ROME | *LEX TREBONIA* Caesar was given Syria aed Pompey Spain. |
| 55-51 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY XII* was restored to the throne in 55. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 55-A.D. 18 | CHINA | *YANG-HSIANG*, Poet. |
| 54 | BRITAIN | *CASSIVELLAUNUS*, a British Chief who ruled the territory north of Thames and was elected to command the force to oppose Caesar during his second invasion of Britain. Caesar remained about 3 weeks in Britain. He defeated Cassivellaunus. He captured Verulamium (St. Albans) |
| 54 | CHINA | *SUBMISSION* of Hun. |
| 55 | EGYPT | *GABINIUS AULUS* Governor of Syria restores Ptolemy XI Auletes to the throne of Egypt. d.d. 55, 55-51. |
| 54 | GAUL | *ROMAN* commander Sabinus and L. Cotta were defeated and killed by Ambiorix force (winter). Ambiorix was the Chief of Eburones, a Gallic tribe between the Mense and Rhine. |
| 54 | JERUSALEM | *TEMPLE* plundered by Crassus. |
| 54 | PARTHIA | *MITHRIDATES III* surrendered by Seleuceia and was put to death by Orodes II son of Phraates III of Parthia. |
| 54 | ROME | *JULIA*, wife of Pompey, died in child birth. |
| 5S | ROME | *POMPEY* in Rome and governs Spain through Legati. |
| 54 | ROME | *NEW* (Julian) *FORUM* being erected. |
| 54 | ROME | *RIOTING* prevents Consular election. |
| 54-51 | ROME | *CICERO* returned to Rome. |
| 54-51 | ROME | *TRIUMVIRATE* : Beginning of break up of the Triumvirate after the death of Julia, the wife of Pompey and during the reign of Caesar. |
| 54-42 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIOBARZANES III* Eusebes Philoromaios *KING.* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 54-19 | ITALY | *TIBULLUS ALBIUS*, Latin Elegiac poet flourished. His early life is not known. |
| 53 | CARRHAE | *BATTLE.* King Orodes, mounted archers under his General, Surena, defeated Marcus Licinium Crassus at Carrhae and 39,000 Romans were annihilated. The first great failure of the flexible infantry legions. The army reform of Marius was the turning point in the history of military science. |
| 53 | GAUL | *EBURONES* country was destroyed by the Romans. |
| 53 | GAUL | *CAESAR* by the end of summer, held an enquiry about the causes of revolt among the Senones and Carnutes in which Acco, the leader of the Anti-Roman party among Senones, was condemned and beheaded. |
| 53 | HARRAN | *CRASSIUS* defeated by Parthians near Harran. |
| 53 | RHINE | *SECOND BRIDGE* on Rhine was built by Romans. |
| 53 A.D. 18 | CHINA | *YANG HSUING*, Chinese poet. |
| 52 | ALESIA | *CAESAR* besieged Alesia (Alise-ste Reine) a hill fort and a town of Mandubii, a client state of Aedvi. |
| 52 | BOVILLAE | *MILLO'S* party killed Claudius on 12th January at Bovilae, a town of Latium and a colony of Alba Longa. |
| 52 | GAUL | *GENERAL RISING* in Central Gaul under Vercingetorix. |
| 52 | GERGOVIA | *CAESAR* was defeated for the first time at Gergovia (Gergovie) by the Gauls. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 52 | ROME | *POMPEY* remained sole Consul till August. |
| 52 | ROME | *SENATE* House of Rome was built by Pompey. |
| 52 | ROME | *LEX POMPEIA* reviewing the obligation of the candidates to register in person. |
| 52 A.D. 19 | ROME | *FENESTELLA* Latin writer and annalist. d.d. 35—A.D. 36. |
| 51 | BELGIUM | *CELTIC* inhabitants were conquered by Caesar. |
| 51 | CILICIA | *CICERO* was sent to Cilicia as Governor. |
| 51 | GAUL | *REVOLT* of Bellovaci (Beauvais), a tribe of Belgae, inhabiting the territory round modern Beauvais. |
| 51 | GAUL | *GAUL* was conquered and became a province of Rome. |
| 51 | ROME | *CIVIL WAR* between Caesar and Pompey. |
| 51 | ROME | *CURIO GAIUS SCRIBONIUS*, husband of Fulvia, the future wife of Mark Antony, was tribune of the Plebs in Sinso. He joined the party of Caesar. After the outbreak of civil war, he was sent by Caesar to Sicily. He crossed with his army to Africa where he was defeated and slain by Juba, d.d. 49. |
| 51 | SYRIA | *PARTHIAN* invasion of Syria. |
| 51 | SYRIA | *BIBULUS LUCIUS CALPARNIUS* was sent as Roman Governor to Syria. |
| 51 | UXELLODUNUM | *GALLIC* stronghold and last Gallic resistance to Caesar. It was besieged and captured by Caesar diverting the spring which supplied water to it. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 51-48 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY XIII KING.* |
| 51-42 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIOBARZANES III EUSEBES PHILO ROMANIOS* rules. d.d. 52-42. |
| c50 | CITIUM | *APOLLONIUS* of Citium was an Alexandrian physician. |
| 50 | GAUL | *CAESAR* organises Gaul. |
| c50 | INDIA | *AZES KING.* |
| 50 | ITALY | *CAESAR* moves into north Italy. |
| 50 | ITALY | *CAESAR* crosses the Rubicon into Italy. (Jan.) Rubican is a reddish stream flowing into Adriatic and marking the boundary between Italy and cisalpine Gaul. |
| c50 | MAGNESIA | *DEMETRIUS*, a Greek writer flourished. |
| 50 | PARTHIA | *BEGINNING WAR*, with Rome. |
| 50-46 | NUMIDIA | *JUBA I KING.* |
| 50-44 | CEYLON | *KHALLAT NAG* (Kalunna) *KING*, ruled for 6 years. Buddha Era 433-439. Rules for 10 years. d.d. 109-103, 50-43. |
| 50-26 | ROME | *VITRIVIAS POLLIO*, architect. |
| 50-A.D. 60 | ROME | *PROPERTIUS SEXTUS AURELIUS*, Latin elegiac poet flourished. |
| c50-A.D. 200 | INDIA | *TEMPLE* of Guttupalla in district Krishna built. |
| c50-A.D. 400 | INDIA | *KUṢĀṆA KINGDOM* existed on the territory of Uzbekistan, Afghanistan, Pakistan and northern India from 1st Century to 4th century A.D. |
| 49 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY XIII* and Cleopatra at war. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 49 | ILLYRICUM | *FORCED TO CAPITULATE*, Caesarian reverses in Illyricum a territory on the eastern shore of Adriatic Sea, comprising three main districts of Dalmatia, Lapydia and Liburnia. |
| 49 | ITALY | *POMPEY* leaves Italy in January for Greece. |
| 49 | MASSILIA | *SUPPORTED* Pompey in civil war but was besieged by Caesarian force under Trebonius and was captured by Julius Caesar. |
| 49 | NUMIDIA | *JUBA KING* of Numidia, son and successor of Hiempsal II. He joined Pompey on the outbreak of civil war and was defeated by Caesar's legati, Curic, Gaius Scabonius in 49. |
| 49 | ROME | *CAESAR* was declared a public enemy if he would fail to disband his army (Jan.) |
| 49 | ROME | *CAESAR* declared dictator. |
| 49 | ROME | *CIVIL WAR* between Caesar and Pompey ended in the victory of Caesar. d.d. 50. |
| 49 | SPAIN | *ILERDA AGRANIUS AND PETREIUS*, the generals of Pompey flourished. |
| 49-37 | INDIA | *NĀRĀYAṆA* Kaṇva King of Magadha succeeds his father Bhumitra. |
| 49-33 | CHINA | *HAN EMPEROR YUAN TI* d.d. 48-33. |
| 48 | ALEXANDRIA | *CONQUERED BY* Caesar. |
| 48 | BOSPORUS | *PHARNACES OF* Bosporus defeats Domitius Calvinus in Pontus. |
| 48 | ERA | *CAESAREAN* Era of 1st Septr. 495. |
| 48 | NABATAEA | *MALICHUS I KING* sent cavalry to help Caesar in Egypt. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 48 | DYRRACHIUM | *CAESAR'S* campaign in Dyrrachium on the eastern Adriatic shore in Illyria. |
| 48 | CYPRUS | *CAESAR* made Ptolemy XIV King of Cyprus. |
| 48 | PHARSALUS | *POMPEY* was defeated at Pharsalus, by a town of Thessaly, by Caesar and fled. (9th August). |
| 48 | EGYPT | *POMPEY* stabbed to death, while he was landing on Egyptian coast by a minister of Ptolemy XIII |
| 48 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY XIII KING* of Egypt drowned, while crossing Nile river. Another version is that he died fighting. d.d. 47. |
| 48 | EGYPT | *CAESAR* regulates Egypt, leaving queen Cleopatra and Ptolemy XIV as rulers of Egypt. |
| 48 | ITALY | *CLAUDIUS AND MILO* cause disturbance in Italy. Milo tried violence at Cosa and Claudius tried bribery at Thurii and both were killed. |
| 48-47 | EGYPT | *CAESAR* in Egypt and Alexandrine war. |
| 48-47 | MESENE | *ARTABAZUS KING.* |
| 48-47 | ROME | *GABINIUS AULUS* Roman politician and soldier died fighting in Illyricum. |
| 48-33 | CHINA | *U-YUAN-TI* Emperor. |
| 48-32 | INDIA | *HERMAEUS* ruled north-west of India, the last Greek king. |
| 47 | ROME | *CAESAR* dictator of Rome, a second time. d.d. 48. |
| 47 | ALEXANDRIA | *CAPTURED* by Caesar. |
| 47 | JUDAEA | *CAESAR* confirmed Hyracenus II as hereditary priest and Tatarch of Judaea. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 47 | EGYPT | *LIBRARY* of Alexandria containing 400,000 manuscripts, was damaged by fire. |
| 47 | EGYPT | *CAESAR* leaves Egypt (spring). |
| 47 | GALILEE | *HEROD* governor. |
| 47 | ZELA | *CAESAR'S* victory over Pharnaces II, son of Mithridates VI at Zela, a city south of Pontus. |
| 47 | AFRICA | *CAESAR* sails for Africa (Oct.) |
| 47 | ROME | *CALVUS GAIUS LICINIUS MACER*, Roman poet and orator died. |
| 47-46 | BITHYNIA | *PANSA*, Roman statesman, governed Bithynia. |
| 47-44 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY XIV KING* with his wife, queen Cleopatra VII. murdered. |
| 47-30 | NABATAEA | *MALCHUS I KING*. |
| 47-17c | BOSPORUS | *ASANDER*. d.d. 51-47. |
| c47-16 | ASSISI | *PROPERTIUS SEXTUS AURELIUS* was a Latin elegiac poet. He was born in Asisium (Asisi) in Umbria, Central Italy. d.d. 50-16. |
| 46 | AFRICA | *ROMAN PROVINCE*. |
| 46 | AFRICA | *VITRUVIUS POLLIO MARCUS*, a Roman Architect and writer, served as a military Engineer under Julius Caesar in Africa in 46 B.C. He is also named Mamurra. |
| 46 | THAPSUS | *BATTLE, DEFEAT OF POMPIAN* army at Thapsus, a city of north Africa, by Caesar (6th Feb.) |
| 46 | NUMIDIA | *JUBA I*, son of Hiempsal II of Numidia, committed suicide after battle of Thapsus. |
| 46 | MAURETANIA | *JUBA II KING* was led in Caesar's triumph. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 46 | ROME | *NEW FORUM, JULIAN* and temple of Venus dedicated. |
| 46 | ROME | *SOSIGENES*, Greek astronomer and Mathematician, reformed the calendar on the instruction of Julius Caesar. He propounded the theory that Mercury rotates round the sun. d.d. 47. |
| 46 | ROME | *THE JULIAN* Basilica, probable time of construction. |
| 46 | SPAIN | *CAESAR* leaves for Spain. (Nov.) |
| 46 | SYRIA | *VITRUVIUS QUINTUS INVADED* Syria at the head of Parthian army. d.d. 41-40 B.C. |
| 46-44 | ROME | *JULIUS* Caesar as autocrat. |
| 46-28 | MESENE | *ATTAMBELUS I KING*. |
| 45 | ROME | *JULIAN YEAR* begins from the first January. This year provided leap years with alternate 31 and 30-day month. In intervening years, February was reduced to 29 days. Caesar's reform of the calendar lasted without modification in the whole of Europe until 1582, in Great Britain until 1752, and in Russia until 1917. |
| 45 | C. GAUL | *PANSA*, a Roman statesman, governed Cisalpine Gaul. |
| 45 | ROME | *CAESAR* enlarges the Senate and regulates the constitution of Italian towns. |
| 45 | HISPALIS | *CAPTURED BY CAESAR*. A town of Hispania Captured by Caesar and ship-building and trading-port. |
| 45 | ANTIOCH | *PUBLIUS SYRUS*, Latin Mimeographer and actor flourished. He was originally a slave and was brought to Rome in 45 B.C. from Antioch. d.d. 60. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 45 | MUNDA | *A TOWN* of Hispania Ulterior where Caesar defeated Pompian force on 17th March, 45 B.C. |
| 45 | ROME | *CAESAR* returns from Spain to Rome. |
| 45 | ROME | *CAESAR* became Consul for the year and master of Roman World. |
| 44 | APOLLONIA | *OCTAVIUS* returned from Apollonia, a city in Greece. |
| 44 | CEYLON | *MAHASATTAK KING* ruled for one day. |
| 44 | EGYPT | *CLEOPATRA VII MURDERED PTOLEMY XIV.* |
| 44 | ROME | *CONSPIRACY* against Caesar and Tribunician opposition. (15th Feb.). |
| 44 | ROME | *JULIUS CAESAR MURDERED* on 15th March in Curia Pompeia (Senate building). |
| 44 | ROME | *CICERO'S* first Philippic. (Sept. 2). |
| 44 | ROME | *CINNA GAIUS HELVIUS*, Roman poet, died in 44 B.C. |
| 44 | ROME | *MARK ANTONY* in Rome given command for five years in Cisalpina and Transalpine Gaul. |
| 44 | ROME | *THE THIRD PHILIPPIC* of Cicero (20th Dec.) |
| 44 | ROME | *TOGUS, POMPIUS* Latin writer historian. |
| 44-30 | EGYPT | *PTOLEMY XV KING* son of Caesar by Cleopatra VII, with his mother Cleopatra VII. |
| 44-29 | CEYLON | *VATTAGAMINI* (Valagamba Athaya =Gamani Abhaya) *KING.* Buddha Era 439. d.d. 104; 43. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 44-28 | ROME | *MONUMENTUM ANCYRAMUM*, ths principal events etc, of the reign of Augustus between 44 and 28, were recorded on bronze tablets at Rome. The citizens of Ancyra inscribed its copy on the marble in Greek and Latin, and placed in the temple of Rome It was discovered in 1555 A.D. |
| 43 | ASIA MINOR | *XANTHUS*, a city of Lycia in southern Asia Minor on the river Xanthu. Romans under Brutus, seized the city. People of the city resorted to self destruction with their property and life like 'Jauher' by Rajputs in India. d.d, 52. |
| 43 | FORMIAE | *CICERO'S* name was in the list of the proscribed. He tried to escape but near Formiae he was overtaken by Roman soldiers. His slaves were ready to defend their master, but he commanded them to desist. He offered his neck to the executioners and died with courage on 7th Dec. 43 B.C. Instantly his head and hands were cut off and sent to Rome where by the order or Antony, these were nailed to the rostra. |
| 43 | LUGDUNUM | *LUGDUNUM (LYONS)*, A town of Transalpine Gaul was founded as a Roman colony. |
| 43 | MUTINA | *CONSULS HIRITIUS AND PANSA* were killed in the battle of Mutina in north Italy by Antony's army and received a public funeral. |
| 43 | MUTINA | *MARK ANTONY* was defeated by Augustus Octavius Caesar at Mutina a town of Gallic Cisalpina, and Octavius was declared Consul. |
| 43 | RHODES | *SACKED* by C. Cassius. |
| 43 | ROME | *HIRITIUS AELUS AND PANSA CAETRONIANUS GAIUS VIBIUS* were elected Consuls. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 43 | ROME | *SECOND TRIUMVIRATE* of Octavius Mark Antony and Lepidus, was formed in Rome (27th No. 43). |
| 43 | ROME | *OCTAVIUS* returned to Rome. |
| 43 | ROME | *SULPICIUS RUFUS SERVIUS* A great jurist died. d.d. 105-48. |
| 43 | ROME | *PUBLIUS SYRUS* a Latin-poet a slave probably from Antioch. |
| 43 | ROME | *CASSIUS LONGINUS CAIUS* one of the murderers of Julius Caesar. |
| 43 | SICILY | *ETNA* eruption. |
| 43-29 | CEYLON | *FIVE TAMILS, PULAHATTAH, BAHIYA, PANYAMARKA, PILYAMARKA, DATHIKS* (Dathiya), flourished. |
| 43-18 | SULMO | *PUBLIUS OVIDIUS NASO* (Ovid), Latin poet, born at Sulmo on 20th March 43 B.C. but was banished to Tonis in 9 A.D. where he died. d.d. 43-17. |
| 42 | PHILIPPI | *BATTLE*, Augustus and Antony defeated Brutus and Cassius at Philippi (Oct.), a city of Macedonia, originally called Crenedes, was renamed after Philip II of Macedonia. St. Paul preached here gospel for the first time in Europe (53 A.D.). |
| 42 | ROME | *JULIUS CAESAR*, Senate of Rome recognised him as God and a temple was erected in Forum where he was burnt. |
| 42 | ROME | *LAVEO MARCUS ANTISTIUS*, Roman Jurist and founder of Proculian School committed suicide. d.d. 50 A.D. 18. |
| 42 | ROME | *BRUTUS JUNIUS* committed suicide after his defeat in the second battle of Philippi on 23rd Oct. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 42 | SICILY | *SEXTUS POMPEIUS* in control of Sicily. |
| 42 | THRACE | *SADALES KING* died childless, leaving his kingdom to Rome. |
| 42 | TARSUS | *ANTONY* met Cleopatra in 42 in Tarsus, an ancient city of Cilicia on the river Cyndus where St. Paul was born. d.d. 41. |
| 42-36 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIARTHES IX KING*, son of Ariobarzanes II reigned but was deposed and put to death by Antony. |
| 42-A.D, 37 | ROME | *TIBIRIUS, ROMAN* emperor, born on 16th Nov. 42 B.C. Died on 16th March, 37 A.D. |
| 41 | ALEXANDRIA | *VISITED* by Antony. |
| 41 | PRUSIA | *OCTAVIUS* defeated Lucius Antonius at Prusia (Perugia) a hilly city of Etruscan confederacy in north Italy. |
| 40 | BRUNDISIUM | *PACT* between Antony and Octavius. The Roman empire was partitioned. Antony took east and Octavius taking west, Lepidius was left undisturbed in Africa (Oct.) |
| 40 | CHINA | *CHING-FUNG* increased the 'male' notes to 60 with which it ceased to be the scale and became tabular. |
| 40 | GALATIA | *DEATH OF DEIOTARUS* King of Galatia. |
| 40 | JUDAEA | *HEROD* formally made king of Judaea by the Senate of Rome. |
| 40 | GAUL | *GALLUS GAIUS CORNELIUS*, a Roman poet and friend of Virgil and another member of Alexandrian group. He was born at Forum in Gaul and committed suicide in 26 B.C. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 40 | MACEDONIA | *ILLYRIAN PARTHINI* were expelled from Macedonia by Censorinus. Parthini people inhabited the shore of Adriatic Sea. |
| 40 | ROME | *ANTONY MARRIED OCTAVIA*, the sister of Octavius (Augustus Caesar). |
| 40 | PARTHIA | *INVADES* Syria. |
| 40-37/36 | PAPHLGONIA | *CASTOR KING*. d.d. 38-32. |
| 40-37 | JERUSALEM | *ANTIGONUS*, son of Aristobolus, enthroned in Jerusalem. |
| 40-3 | PARTHIA | *PHRAATES IV KING*. |
| 39 | GAUL | *CAMPAIGN* of Agrippa in Gaul. |
| 39 | JUDAEA | *SOCIUS GAIUS*, by order of Mark Antony, crowned Herod the Great upon the throne of Judaea. |
| 39 | ROME | *ASINIUS POLLIO'S* library was founded at Rome. |
| 39 | SALONAE | *POLLIO GAIUS ASINIUS*, Legatee of Antony defeated Parthini and captured Dalmatian town of Salonae (Salona). |
| 39 | MISENUM | *CONCORDAT* of Misenum, a port in Campania in Italy between Antony, Octavius and Sextus (Spring). |
| 39 | SYRIA | *VENTDIUS PUBLIUS* (Bassus), a Roman general, was sent to Syria by Antony, defeated the Parthians. d.d. 40 |
| 39-37 | PONTUS | *DARIUS KING*. |
| 38 | ERA | *SPANISH* 1st Jan. |
| 38 | MESSANA | *SEXTUS POMPEIUS* was successful against Octavius in the Straits of Messana. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 38 | ROME | *OCTAVIUS* divorced his second wife Scribonia and married Livia. (Jan.) |
| 38 | SPAIN | *CONQUERED* by Augustus. (1st Jan.) |
| 38 | SAMOSTA | *ANTONY CAPTURED* Samosta, a fortified city on the right bank of the Euphrates. |
| 38 | SYRIA | *PACORUS* brother of the Parthian king Orodes, invaded Syria but was defeated and killed near Gindarus mountain. (June 9, 38 B.C.) |
| 38 | SYRIA | *SOSIUS* was made governor of Syria and Cilicia by Antony. |
| 38-9 B.C. | RHINE | *DRUSUS NERO CLAUDIUS*, Roman General and younger brother of Tibirus Claudius, born in 38. He suppressed the Germans beyond the Rhine river and built a number of auxiliary forts beyond the Rhine. |
| 37 | ANTIOCH | *ANTONY* and Marcus Cleopatra at Antioch in Asia Minor. |
| 37 | COLOGNE | *FOUNDED* by the Ubii. |
| 37 | EGYPT | *MARK ANTONY* surrendered himself to the charm of Cleopatra and remained in Egypt. |
| 37 | GALATIA | *AMENTUS* was made the king of Galatia in Asia Minor by Antony. |
| 37 | HASMONEA | *ANTIGONUS KING* was executed by Antony (in winter). |
| 37 | JERUSALEM | *HEROD* and Sosius captured Jerusalem. Hasmonacan Antigonus fled and was beheaded by Romans at Antioch. |
| 37 | JUDAEA | *MACCABEES* were replaced by Herodian dynasty. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 37 | KOREA | *THE CAPITAL OF SILLA* (Keumsum) was surrounded by 12 miles of long wall. d.d. 39. |
| 37 | KOREA | *CHU-MONG KING* of Konguryu. |
| 37 | TARENTUM | *PACT* between Antony and Octavius at Tarentum, a city of Magna Graecia on the west coast of Calabrian peninsula. The Triumvirate renewed for five years. |
| 37-4 | JUDAEA | *HEROD*, the founder of the Herodian dynasty. He ruled as the king of Judaea, appointed by Roman Senate. d.d. 37-5. |
| 37-36-6/5 | PAPHLGONIA | *DEIOTARUS KING* son of Castor. |
| 37-668 A.D. | KOREA | *KINGDOM OF KOGURYU.* |
| 36 | CARANA | *ANTONY JOINS* Canidius Crassus Publius at Carana (Erzerum) in Armenia. (May). |
| 36 | PARTHIA | *MARK ANTONY INVADED* Parthia and after defeat, retreated to Armenia. |
| 36 | PHRAASPA | *M. ANTONY'S* attack on Artavasdes king of Media and his failure at Median capital Phraaspa and retreat through Armenia or Polemon. |
| 36 | PONTUS | *POLEMON KING*, son of Zeno, was made king of Pontus by Antony. d.d. 37. |
| 36 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARIARTHES IX KING* executed. |
| 36 | EGYPT | *CLEOPATRA* tried to establish Hellenistic monarchy with Antony. |
| 36 | ROME | *TRIBUNICIAN* right of Sacrosanctity was conferred on Octavius. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 36 | NAULOCHUS | *NAULOCHUS SEXTUS MAGNUS-PIUS POMPEIUS*, younger son of Pompey the Great was defeated by Octavius at Naulochus in northern Sicily. |
| 36 | MILETUS | *SEXTUS MAGNUS POMPIUS* defeated by Vipsanius Agrippa and fled to Miletus. He was caught and put to death in 35 B.C. |
| 36 | ROME | *MARCUS AEMILIUS LIPIDUS* deprived of his army by Octavius and forced ro retire into private life. |
| 36 A.D. 17 | CAPPADOCIA | *ARCHELAUS KING.* |
| 35 | INDIA | *SANDHIMATI* (*ARYA RAJA*) *KING* of Kashmir ruled for 47 years. Kali-3066. L. 3041, d.d. Kali-3079, L-3054. B.C. 22. |
| 35 | KOREA | *KO-GUR-U* kingdom was founded. d.d. 37. |
| 35 | PANNONIA | *A TERRITORY OF CENTRAL EUROPE* bounded on the north-east by Danube, on the west by Noricum, on the south by Dalmatia and Morsia, was conquered by Augustus. |
| 35-34 | JERUSALEM | *TEMPLE* was rebuilt by Herod. |
| 34 | ALEXANDRIA | *DONATION* of Mark Antony in autumn of a part of empire to Cleopatra. |
| 34 | ARMENIA | *ANTONY INVADES* Armenia, imprisoned king Artavasdes and carried him to Alexandria. |
| 34 | CAPPADOCIA | *A DISTRICT* of Asia Minor—was earlier under Persian domination. During the time of Alexander, it gained independence and in 34 Antony gave the kingdom to Archalus. |
| 34 | DALMATIA | *OCTAVIUS* in Dalmatia which became a Roman province. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 34 | IAPYDIA | *A TERRITORY* in the north of Illyria, was subdued by Romans. Iapydians were a mixed race of Celts and Illyrians, inhabiting between the rivers of Ansia and Tedanius. d.d. 35. |
| 34 | MAURETANIA | *KING BOCHUS II* son of Bochus I, who was ruling with his brother Bogud, was confirmed sole ruler of the country by Octavius. He died in 33 B.C. Mauretania is a region north-west of Africa bounded by the Mediterranean, Atlas range and Atlantic ocean. d.d. 33. |
| 33 | ARMENIA | *ANTONY* in Armenia (Spring). |
| 33 | ROME | *OCTAVIUS* became Consul. |
| 33 | ROME | *AGRIPPA* became Aedile. |
| 33 | ROME | *AQUA JULIA* built. |
| 33-32 | EPHESUS | *ANTONY* winters in Ephesus with Cleopatra. |
| 33-20 | ARMENIA | *ARTAXIAS* II King. d.d. 34-20. |
| 32 | KOREA | *KI-JUNG* King of the kingdom of Mahan. |
| 32 | ROME | *ANTONY DIVORCED* Octavia, sister of Emperor Augustus. She died in 11 B.C. |
| 32 | ROME | *ANTONY'S* will was published by Octavius in Rome. |
| 32 | ROME | *OCTAVIUS* restored the theatre of Pompey. |
| 32-31 | GREECE | *ANTONY* and Cleopatra passed winter in Greece. |
| 32-7 | CHINA | *EMPEROR HAN CH'NG* of Han dynasty. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 31 | ACTIUM | *NAVAL BATTLE*; Antony was defeated by Octavius and his fleet was annihilated on September 2. d.d. Dec. 2. |
| 31 | COMMAGENE | *MITHRIDATES* II *KING*. |
| 31 | EPIRUS | *OCTAVIUS* lands in Epirus, a district of north-western Greece. |
| 31 | HELIOPOLIS | *THE SEAT OF BAAL WORSHIP*; became a Roman colony. It was a city in Syria known as Balbek. |
| 31 | JERICHO | *EARTHQUAKE* occurred when Herod with his army was at Jericho. |
| 31 | METHONE | *AGRIPPA* storms Methone, a town of Macedonia on Thermaic gulf. |
| 31 | NICOPOLIS | *A CITY* situated on the south-west of Epirus, founded by Octavius. |
| 31 | POLA | *THE ARCH OF SERGII* at Pola (Pula), a coastal town of Istria, was built. |
| 31 | ROME | *SENATE* declared war on Antony and Cleopatra. |
| 31 | ROME | *OCTAVIUS* declared war on Cleopatra alone. |
| 31 | ROME | *OCTAVIUS*' third Consulship. |
| 31-30 | ROME | *END OF REPUBLIC* and rise of imperialism. |
| 30 | ALEXANDRIA | *SOSTRATUS*, surgeon and zoologist; his medical work was in gynaecology; probably practised in Alexandria about this time. |
| 30 | CHINA | *HERMAEUS* appealed to China for help against Yueh-chi who had occupied a part of India. |
| 30 | ERA | *ACTIAN* Ist Jan. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 30 | MEDIA | *PHRAATES* captures Media and restores Artaxes to the Armenian throne. |
| 30 | ALEXENDRIA | *ANTONY* committed suicide, hearing the false report of Cleopatra's suicide on August 1, 30 B.C. |
| 30 | ALEXENDRIA | *OCCUPIED* by Augustus (1st August). |
| 30 | ALEXENDRIA | *OCTAVIUS* enters. d.d. 29. |
| 30 | ALEXENDRIA | *CLEOPATRA* failed to fascinate Octavius. |
| 30 | ALEXENDRIA | *CLEOPATRA COMMITS SUICIDE* in her palace in the thirtyninth year of her age. |
| 30 | EGYPT | *BECAME A ROMAN PROVINCE* and Romans completed the conquest of Egypt. W.N. 484. |
| 30 | INDIA | *SIMUK* King. d.d. 60-37, 46-23. |
| 30 | ROME | *AUGUSTUS* became the sole ruler of the Roman empire. |
| 30 | ROME | *DIONYSIUS* of Halicarnassus, a Greek historian, and rhetorician who settled in Rome from 30 B.C. |
| 30 | ROME | *GEORGICS OF VIRGIL* was published. |
| 30 | ROME | *PANTHEON* at Rome begun. |
| 30 | THRACE | *PHAEDRUS*, the Latin fabulist, born in Thrace. d.v. Thrace or Macedonia. d.d. 15 B.C.—A.D. 50. |
| c30 | UZBEKISTAN | *THE IMAGE OF BUDDHA SITTING* under the sacred tree is found on the right bank of the Amu daraya, near the town of Ermex. |
| 30/29 | THEBES | *SACKED* by Cornelius Gallus. |
| 30/28 | BALKAN | *CRASSUS* in Balkans. |
| c30-25 | PARTHIA | *TIRIDATES II KING* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 30-29 | NABATAEA | *OBODES III KING.* |
| 30 A.D. 14 | ROME | *AUGUSTIAN AGE* in Roman Empire. |
| 30 A.D.22 | NUMIDIA | *JUBA II KING.* d.d. 30-25. |
| 27 | BIBLE | *JOHN* the Baptist born, supposed time. |
| 30 B.C.<br>A.D. 40 | ALEXANDRIA | *PHILO JUDAEUS* whose clarity and influence on works, caused him to be known as Jewish Plato, flourished. |
| 30 A.D.70 | JERUSALEM | *SECOND TEMPLE* age. |
| 30-395 A.D. | EGYPT | *ROMAN PERIOD.* |
| 27-25 | GAUL | *AUGUSTUS* in Gaul and Spain. |
| 29 | COMMAGENE | *ANTIOCHUS III KING,* son of king Antiochus II was installed as king by Octavius but in 59, he was summoned to Rome and executed for having murdered an ambassador. |
| 29 | JAPAN | *SUMIN KING.* |
| 29 | MOESIA | *CONQUERED* by Rome. |
| 29 | NUMIDIA | *JUBA,* the son of the king of Numidia was carried away to Rome by Caesar when he was a child. He was married to the daughter of Cleopatra and Mark Antony. Augustus restored him to his father's throne in 29 B.C. |
| 29 | ROME | *ARCH OF OCTAVIUS* in the forum was built. |
| 29 | ROME | *DEDICATION* of the temple of deified Julius. |
| 29 | ROME | *EPODES OF HORACE* (Horatius Flaccus) was published. d d. 30. |
| 29 | ROME | *JANUS TEMPLE* was closed for the first time since 235 B.C. |
| 29-17 | CEYLON | *VATTA GAMINI (VALGAMBA)* King restored and ruled for 12 years. Buddha Era 454-466. d.d. 86. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 29-17 | INDIA | *ENVOYS* were sent to Rome by some states of India. |
| 28 | AQUITANIA | *SUBDUED* by Romans and Corvinus was made governor of Aquitania, a confident of Octavius. Aquitania is an area bounded by the Garonne, the Pyrenees and the Bay of Biscay. d.d. 27. |
| 28 | ROME | *CENSUS* held by Octavius and Agrippa gives the number of Roman citizens as 4,063,000. |
| 28 | ROME | *DEDICATION* of the temple of Apollo on the Palatine (Oct. 9) |
| 28 | ROME | *MAUSOLEUM* of Augustus begun. |
| 27 | ARIMINUM | *AN ARCH* was erected in honour of Augustus over the south gate of city on the Adriatic. |
| 27 | ERA | *AUGUSTIAN* era begins on 27th February, that is, 727 years after the foundation of Rome. |
| 27 | ROME | *SENATE* conferred the title of Augustus on 17th January on Octavius. and 10 years of emperium in 18 B.C. Emperium was renewed for five years and in 13 B.C. again his emperium was renewed. |
| 27 | ROME | *AUGUSTUS* establishes one-man rule and creates Praetorian Guard. |
| 27 | ROME | *THE FIRST PANTHEON* was built in Rome by Agrippa. |
| 27 A.D. 14 | ROME | *EMPEROR AUGUSTUS* Caesar. |
| 27 476 A.D. | ROME | *SLAVERY* declined. |
| 27 270 A.D. | ROME | *MITHRAISM* spread. |
| 26 | FORUM JULLI | *CORNELIUS GALLUS*, Roman elegiac poet ; born at Forum Julli in Gaul. He was appointed Prefect of Egypt by Augustus Caesar, but was exiled by Augustus and committed suicide in 26 B.C. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 26 | TARRACO | (*TARRAGONA*). A city on the east coast of Spain. Augustus made it capital of Hispania, Tarraconesis and founded a Roman colony. |
| 25 | AFGHANISTAN | *THE YAVAN RULE* came to an end in the Upper Kabul valley. |
| 25 | ASTURIA | *SUBJUGATED* by Antistius and Carisius. |
| 25 | AUGUSTA | *AUGUSTA PRAETORIA* (*AOSTA*), a town of Gallia. An arch was erected here in honour of Augustus ; was subdued by Romans in 24 B.C. and a colony was founded with 3000 Praetorians on the Duria Major in Cisalpina, Gaul. |
| 25 | CAESAR AUGUSTA | *A CELTIBERIAN* town of Saldubia in north-easterly central Spain. |
| 25 | MOESIA | *A DISTRICT* of eastern Europe corresponding to modern Servia and Bulgaria subdued by Romans. |
| 25 | ROME | *MARCELLUS MARCUS CLAUDIUS* was the son of Octavia, the sister of Augustus. Augustus adopted Marcellus and gave him his daughter Julia. |
| 25 | THRACE | *COTYS KING*, died. |
| 25-23 | MAURETANIA | *AUGUSTUS* makes Juba the king of Mauretania, a region of north-west Africa, bounded by the Mediterranean, the Atlas Range and the Atlantic. |
| 25-22 | THRACE | *RHESCUPORIS I KING*. |
| 25-13 | CAESAREA | *A SEAPORT* was constructed by Herod the Great on the Phoenican site of Straton's tower and was named Caesarea in honour of Augustus Caesar, some time between 25 and 13 B.C. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 25 | EUROPE | *SALASSI, A GALLIC TRIBE*; Terentius Varro Murena crushed Salassii tribe of central Europe. Forty-four thousands of them who survived the massacre were sold into slavery in the market of Eporedia in north Italy. |
| 25 | TARRACONESIS | *HISPANIA TARRACONESIS* organised as a province in Spain. |
| 25 | GALATIA | *ANNEXED* on the death of Amuantus and became a Roman province. |
| 25 | EGYPT | *ETHIOPIAN WAR*; C. Petronius, Roman Governor of Egypt, drove out the Ethiopian invaders. |
| 25 | ICONIUM | *A CITY* of Phrygia on the edge of the semi-desert plateau of Lycaonia, was included by the Romans in the province of Galatia. |
| 25 A.D. 200 | INDIA | *KHAṆDAGIRI CAVES* the age of construction. |
| 25-24 | ARABIA | *AELIUS GALLUS*' expedition to south Arabia. |
| 24 | ETHIOPIA | *QUEEN CANDACE* invaded Egypt but was repulsed by the imperial Prefect, Petronius. |
| 23 | CHINA | *LIU-HSIN*, poet. |
| 23 | DALMATIA | *SUBDUED* by Statillius Taurus. |
| 23 | JAPAN | *WRESTLING* match recorded for the first time. |
| 23 | ROME | *AGRIPPA* was entrusted with entire control of the eastern half of the Roman empire by Augustus. |
| 23 | ROME | *CONSPIRACY* against the life of Augustus by Caepio and Murena. d.d. 22. |
| 23 | ROME | *AUGUSTUS* resigned Consulship and received Proconsular Imperium Maius in the senatorial provinces and the Tribunica Potestas. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 23 | ROME | *ANTONIUS MUSA* compiled works about medicinal herbs. He was a physician of Augustus whom, in 23, he cured of serious illness. He was the first to introduce hydropathy at Rome. |
| 23 | ROME | *MARCUS CLAUDIUS MERCELLUS* who married the young daughter of Augustus in 25, died. |
| 23 | ROME | *ODES OF HORACE* publication of the first three books. |
| 23 | ROME | *AUGUSTUS* refuses dictatorship and Consulship for the life but accepts Cura Annonae. |
| 22-19 | GREECE | *AUGUSTUS* travels in Sicily, Greece and Asia. |
| 22-10 | CAESAREA | *HEROD'S* deep sea harbour constructed at Caesarea in Israel. |
| 21 | ATHENS | *SRAMACHARYA* voluntarily died on a pyre at Athens In the songs of Horace, traces are found about his embassy and visit. |
| 21 | ROME | *JULIA*, daughter of Augustus Caesar and widow of Mercelius, married to Vipsanius Agrippa. |
| 21 | SAMOS | *INDIAN EMBASSY* at Samos met Augustus and letter of Pandion or Porus written in Greek language was handed over to him. Sramacharya, the resident of Broach, was with this embassy. |
| 20 | ARMENIA | *TIBERIUS* enters Armenia and on the murder of Artaxes, crowns Tigranes. |
| 20 | COMMAGENE | *MITHRIDATES* III *KING*. |
| 20 | EUPHRATES | *A SMALL JEWISH VASSAL STATE* was established on the bank of Euphrates. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 20 | INDIA | *STRABO* mentions that an embassy was sent to Augustus Caesar by Indian king, Pandion. He also mentions that a Sraman Khegas (Khageśa) sent to Augustus by king Porus, burnt himself at Athens. His epitaph was "Here rests Khegas the Jogue (Jogi), an Indian from Baruyzam, who rendered himself immortal, according to the custom of his country." |
| 20 | JERUSALEM | *REBUILDING* of the great temple of Jerusalem began. |
| 20 | KABUL | *GANDOPHARENES*, after the death of Vonones, became the king. He joined the kingdoms of Taxila and Kandhar and occupied Kabul. |
| 20 | MESENE | *THIONESIUS* I *KING*. |
| 20 | PARTHIA | *PHRATES IV* restored to Augustus the standards captured at Carrahae in 53, and such persons as survived by a treaty. He sent his son and grandson to Rome to learn Roman culture. |
| 20 | ROME | *ERECTION* of the temple Marsultor on the Capitol but was not complete until 2 B.C. |
| c20-6 | ARMENIA | *TIGRANES III KING*, Tigranes IV and Erato. d.d. 20-8. |
| c20-A.D. 22 | INDIA | *MAUES OR MOGA*, King of Taxila. d.d. 86-50 75-50. |
| 20 A.D. 50 | ALEXENDRIA | *PHILO* Jewish Saint E.N. 11-13. |
| 19 | ALMERIA | *BECAME* a Roman town. |
| 19 | BRUNDISIUM | *VIRGIL*, Latin poet, died on 22nd September at Brundisium in Italy. d.d. 21st Sept. |
| 19 | CANTABRIA | *SUBDUED* by the Romans ; a district on the north coast of Spain whose inhabitants were known as Cantabari. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 19 | PHEZANIA | *LUCIUS CORNELIUS BALBUS* (Minor) conquered Phazania, (Fezzan) a part of Sahara forming the south-westend sector of Libya. |
| 19 | ROME | *TIBULLUS*, Latin elegiac poet, died. |
| 19 | SPAIN | *AGRIPPA* restores peace. |
| 19 A.D. 30 | ROME | *PATERCULUS GAIUS VELLEIUS*, Roman historian, flourished. |
| 18 | KOREA | *YU-EI* (*RI*) *KING* of Kogoryu. |
| 18 | ROME | *AGRIPPA* Co-regent with Imperium Maius. |
| 17 | ARMINIUM | *ARCH OF AUGUSTUS* at Arminium (Rimini). |
| 17 | CAPPADOCIA | *BECAME* a Roman province. |
| 17 | COMMAGENE | *ANTIOCHUS* III *KING*, died. |
| 17 | KOREA | *ON-JO OF PAKCHE.* d.d. 18 *B.C.* |
| 17 | ROME | *AUGUSTUS* adopts his grandsons Gaius Caesar and, sons of Agrippa by his wife, Julia. |
| 17 | ROME | *ITALIAN LAW* of morality introduced. |
| 17 | ROME | *CARMEN SAECULARE* Horace composed on the command of Augustus, an ode to be sung by a chorus by boys and girls in the secular games exhibited by Augustus. |
| 17 | ROME | *SAECULARES* celebrated at Rome. |
| 17 | ROME | *LEX JUNIA*, a slave of a Roman citizen nominated informally or in violation of certain rules of Augustus, became not a Roman citizen but a Latinus. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 17-16 | BOSPORUS | *KI-HAK KING* of Mahan. |
| 17-3 | CEYLON | *MAHATISSA* (*MAHASILUMAHATIS MAHACHULI, MAHATISSA, MAHADALITATISSA*) King ruled for 14 years. Buddha Era 466-480. d.d. 77-63, 76. |
| 17-A.D. 8 | MESENE | *ATTAMBILUS II KING.* |
| 17-16 | ILLYRICUM | *P. SILIUS NERVA*, Proconsul of Illyricum, reduced the tribes of the valley from Como eastwards to lake Garda. |
| 17 A.D. 642 | KOREA | *THE KINGDOM OF PAKCHE.* |
| 16 | GAUL | *LOLLIUS MARCUS* defeated by the Germans, who captured eagle of the legion but hardly causing a serious disaster. |
| 16 | KOREA | *KI-HAK KING* of Mahan. |
| 16 | KOREA | *THE KINGDOM OF MAHAN FELL* about this time before the forces of Pak-je. |
| 16 | RHAETIA | *A COUNTRY* to the north of Italy between the Alps and the Danube bounded by east by Noricum west by Helvetii north by Vindelicia and south by Gallia Cisalpina. It was divided into two parts, Rhaetia and Rhaetia Secunda. It was annexed by Rome. d.d. 15. |
| 16 | ROME | *AGRIPPA* sent out to east. |
| 16 | ROME | *PROPERTIUS SEXTUS*, the greatest of the elegiac poets of Rome, died. (Nothing is known about his last days or place of death). |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 16/15 | NORICUM | *THE KINGDOM OF NORICUM* incorporated in the Roman empire after its defeat by the Governor of Illyricum Publius Silius. Noricum kingdom was south of the Danube between , Rhaetia and Pannonia d.d. 15. |
| 16/13 | GAUL | *AUGUSTUS* Caesar in Gaul. |
| 15 | CHINA | *LAO TES* religion Beginning. |
| 15 | AUGUSBUG | A town in Germany was founded by Romans. |
| 15 | BAVARIA | *TIBERIUS AND DRUSUS* invade Bavaria and reach Danube. |
| 15 | BOSPORUS | *SCRIBONIUS KING.* |
| 15 | JERUSALEM | *AGRIPPA'S* visit to Jerusalem and donation to populace. |
| 15 | RHINE | *ROMANS* conquered Grisons, living near the sources of Rhine and Inn. |
| 15-1 A.D.B-50 | ITALY | *PHAEDRUS*, a Thracian Latin poet. (of 808, of 450). |
| 15 A.D. 14 | ROME | *GERMANICUS CAESARE NERO* Claudius son of Nero Claudius Drusus by Antonia, daughter of Mark Antony and was adopted by his uncle future emperor Tibirius. |
| 14 | BOSPORUS | *AGRIPPA* gives the Bosporan kingdom to Polemo of Pontus d.d. 16. |
| 14 | ROME | *BASILICA AEMILIA* Restoration. |
| 14-8 | BOSPORUS | *POLEMO KING*. |
| 14-33 A.D. | ROME | *AGRIPPINA* The elder daughter of Marcus Agrippa. |
| 13 | MOGUNTIACUM | *A CITY* on the left bank of Rhine where Drusus established his Camp in 13 B.C. Later on, it became the capital of Germania Superior. A fortress was built here to hold two legions serving as a base for the invasion of Germany. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 13 | PANNONIA | *OPERATION* of M. Agrippa and Marcus Vinicus. |
| 13 | ROME | *TIBERIUS* became Consul of Rome. |
| 13 | ROME | *LEPIDUS MARCUS AEMILIUS* died. |
| 13 | ROME | *DEDICATION* of the theatre of Marcellus. d.d. 11 B.C. |
| 13-11 | THRACE | *RISING*, quelled by Calpurnius Piso. |
| 12 | AUGUSTODUNUM | *A TOWN* in Gallia Belgica founded in the plain of the Arroux. |
| 12 | PANNONIA | *TIBERIUS* in command of Pannonia and crushed the Pannonian revolt. |
| 12 | ROME | *AUGUSTUS* becomes Pontifex Maximum. |
| 12 | ROME | *DEDICATION* of the temple of Vesta on the Palatine. |
| 12-9 | GERMANY | *DRUSUS NERO CLAUDIUS* campaign in Germany. |
| 12-A.D.12 | KUSH | *NETEKAMNI KING.* |
| 12-14 A.D. | ROME | *AGRIPPA POSTUMUS* murdered after Augustus death. |
| 11 | ROME | *AUGUSTALES* games began on the first day of Augustus in 11 B.C. |
| 11 | ROME | *JULIA*, widow of Agrippa and daughter of Augustus Caesar, married to Tiberius Claudius Nero, future emperor of Rome. It was her third marriage. |
| 11-10 | TARSUS | *ST. PAUL* born, p.t. |
| 11-A.D. 8 | WUSUN | *I-CHI-MI KING.* |
| 11-12 A.D. | THRACE | *ROHEMETALCES I KING.* |
| 10 | CAESAREA | *CAESAREA* inaugurated by Herod. |
| 10 | JUDAEA | *HEROD AGRIPPA I* son of Aristobulus, the grandson of Herod the Great, born. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 10-5 | BAVARIA | *SUBDUED* by Romans. |
| 9 | KOREA | *END* of Mahan dynasty. |
| 9 | NABATAEA | *HEROD'S* punitive invasion on Nabataea, a territory east of Jordan river and Petraea. Nabataens were living in the territory known as Arabia Petraea. |
| 9 | ROME | *NERO CLAUDIUS* Roman general, fought against Germans and advanced as far as Albis (Elbei). On his return he was thrown from his horse and died after thirty days. d.d. 9. |
| 9 | ROME | *LAST YEAR* of Livy's history. |
| 9-A.D. 40 | NABATAEA | *ARETAS IV PHILODEMUS*, Nabataean king. He modernised and adorned Petra (Patraea), capital of Nabataea in the dry bed of Wadi Musa. d.d. 9-A.D. 39. |
| 8 | CHINA | *CONFUCIUS* was given state honour in China, 470 years after his death. |
| 8 | GERMANY | *TIBERIUS* operates against Sugambri, a German tribe dwelling between Siege and Lippe. |
| 8 | PONTUS | *POLEMO, KING* of Pontus and Bosporus, captured and put to death by his queen Dynamis. |
| 8 | ROME | *CENSUS* gives the number of Roman citizens as 4,233,000. |
| 8 | ROME | *AUGUST*, the eighth Roman month of the year. By the decree of Roman Senate, received its present name August, in honour of Augustus. |
| 8 | ROME | *HORACE*, a Latin poet, died on 27th November at the age of fiftyseven. |
| 8-A.D.1 | ARMENIA | *TIGRANES* IV *KING*. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 8-A.D. 7/8 | BOSPORUS | *DYNAMIS KING.* |
| 7 | GERMANY | *TIBERIUS* triumphs over Sugambri. |
| 6 | ARMENIA | *REVOLT* in Armenia and Tiberius was sent to Armenia. |
| 6 | CHINA | *U-YEH-CHI*, the ruler of Oxus valley, presented Buddhist literature to the emperor of China. |
| 6 | ERA | *PONTIFICAL*, 25 Dec. or 1 Jan. beginning. |
| 6 | JUDAEA | *ANNEXED* by Rome. |
| 6 | PAPHLAGONIA | *NORTH* of Asia Minor on the southern shore of Black Sea; was included in Galatia. |
| 6 | RHODES | *TIBERIUS* retires to Rhodes for several years. |
| 6 | ROME | *TRIBUNICIA POTESTAS* granted to Tiberius for five years. |
| 6 | SCYTHIA | *AZES* King flourished. |
| 6-1 | CHINA | *AI-TI* Annexed by Roman Emperor. |
| 6-A.D.1 | ARMENIA | *ARTAVASDES III*, Tigranes IV and Erato Kings. |
| 5 | INDIA | *AZES I*, Saka *KING*. |
| 5 | PISIDIA | *A DISTRICT* of Asia Minor, subjugated by Romans. |
| 5 | ROME | *AUGUSTUS*' twelfth Consulship. |
| 5-A.D.43 | COLCHESTER | *THE OLDEST RECORDED TOWN* of England where Cumobelinus ruled. |
| 4 | PALESTINE | *JESUS CHRIST* Birth of Jesus Christ at the end of the Roman year 748. His mother was Mary and her spouse was Joseph of Nazreth ; by birth they were Jews. d.d. 6 B.C., 2 B.C. and A.D. 8. |
| 4 | JUDAEA | *ANTIPATOR*, son of Herod the Great, conspired against his father and was executed five days before the death of his father. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 4 | JUDAEA | *HEROD* the Great died |
| 4-3 | EPHESUS | *ARCH OF EPHESUS* was erected. |
| 4 A.D.6 | JUDAEA | *ARCHELAUS* of Herodian dynasty. |
| 4 A.D. 7 | OSROENE | *ABGAR V KING.* |
| 4 A.D. 34 | PALESTINE | *HEROD PHILIP* of Herodian dynasty and son of Herod the Great and Cleopatra of Jerusalem ; after the death of his father, he was appointed Petrarch of north and eastern district of Palestine. |
| 4 A.D. 39 | GALILEE | *HEROD ANTIPAS* Petrarch of Galilee and son of Herod the Great by Samaritan wife, Malthace. d.d. 21-A.D. 39. |
| 4 A.D. 65 | CORDOVA | *SENECA* the younger born at Cardova was a prominent Roman politician and Stoic philosopher. |
| 3 | SYRIA | *CAESARAEA PHILIPPI* was founded by Philip the Petrarch. |
| 3-A.D. 9 | CEYLON | *CHONAG* ruled for 12 years. Buddha Era 480.492. |
| 2 | PANDATARIA | *JULIA* the only child of Augustus Caesar, was banished by her father to the island of Pandataria, off the coast of Campania, due to her profligacy. |
| 2 | ROME | *PRAETORIAN GUARDS*, Roman bodyguard organised and instituted by Augustus Caesar. In course of time, they became so strong that they began to select emperors. In 312 A D. Emperor Constantine disbanded them. |
| 2 | ROME | *DEDICATION* the temple of Mars. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2 | SEGUSIA | *A ROMAN ARCH* was erected in honour of the emperor at Segusia (Susa). |
| 2-A.D. 4 | PARTHIA | *PHRAATES V* (Phraataces) d.d. 3-A.D. 3. |
| 1 | ARMENIA | *ARTVASDES* and Roman troops driven out of Armenia. |
| 1 A.D. 6 | CHINA | *A-I* Emperor of Han dynasty. |

२